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Dominion KX III Administrator Guide

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FCC Information

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a commercial installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential environment may cause harmful interference.

VCCI Information (Japan)

この装置は，クラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。 VCCI－A

Raritan is not responsible for damage to this product resulting from accident, disaster, misuse, abuse, non-Raritan modification of the product, or other events outside of Raritan's reasonable control or not arising under normal operating conditions.

If a power cable is included with this product, it must be used exclusively for this product.



Safety

- Operation temperature in a closed rack environment may be greater than room temperature. Do not exceed the rated maximum ambient temperature of the appliances. See Specifications in Administrators Guide.
- Ensure sufficient airflow through the rack environment.
- Mount equipment in the rack carefully to avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Connect equipment to the supply circuit carefully to avoid overloading circuits.
- Ground all equipment properly, especially supply connections, such as power strips (other than direct connections), to the branch circuit.

Welcome

What's New in KX III Release 3.10.0

- FIPS-140-3 support
- Supports Static Routes

Introduction

The Dominion KX III is an enterprise-class, secure, KVM-over-IP switch that provides multiple users with remote BIOS-level control of 8 to 64 servers.

KX III comes with standard features such as DVI/HDMI/DisplayPort digital and analog video, audio, virtual media, smart card/CAC, blade server support, and mobile access.

Deploy KX III individually, or with Raritan's CommandCenter Secure Gateway (CC-SG).

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Package Contents

Each KX III ships as a fully-configured stand-alone product in a standard 1U or 2U form with 19" rackmount chassis.

- 1 - KX III device
- 1 - Quick Setup Guide
- 1 - Rackmount kit
- 2 - AC power cords
- 1 - Set of 4 rubber feet (for desktop use)
- 1 - Application note

KX III Device Photos and Features

Hardware

- Integrated KVM-over-IP remote access
- 1U or 2U rack-mountable (brackets included)
- Dual power supplies with failover; autoswitching power supply with power failure warning
- Support for the following CIMs:
    - For virtual media and Absolute Mouse Synchronization, use one of the following CIMs:

    - D2CIM-VUSB
    - D2CIM-DVUSB
    - D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI
    - D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI
    - D2CIM-DVUSB-DP
    - D2CIM-VUSB-USBC
    - D2CIM-DVUSB-MDP
  - Required for PS2 connection:
    - DCIM-PS2
- DVI monitor support from the DVI local port
  - VGA support via a DVI to VGA converter
  - DVI support via a standard DVI cable
- Remote access and power management from an iPhone® or iPad®
- Support for tiering in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple other tiered devices
- Multiple user capacity (1/2/4/8 remote users; 1 local user)
- UTP (Cat5/5e/6) server cabling
- Dual Ethernet ports (10/100/1000 LAN) with failover or isolation mode support
- Field upgradeable
- Local USB User port for in-rack access
  - USB Keyboard/mouse ports, or connect to a cellular modem
  - One front and three back panel USB ports for supported USB devices
  - Fully concurrent local and remote user access
  - Local graphical user interface (GUI) for administration
- Serial port to connect to an external telephone modem
- Centralized access security
- Integrated power control
- LED indicators for dual power status, network activity, and remote user status
- Hardware Reset button

Supported Number of Ports and Remote Users per Model

Model	Ports	Remote users
<kx>-864	64	8
<kx>-832	32	8
<kx>-816	16	8
<kx>-808	8	8
<kx>-464	64	4
<kx>-432	32	4

Model	Ports	Remote users
<kx>-416	16	4
<kx>-232	32	2
<kx>-216	16	2
<kx>-132	32	1
<kx>-116	16	1
<kx>-108	8	1

Software

- Virtual media support in Windows®, Mac® and Linux® environments*
- Absolute Mouse Synchronization*

**Note: Virtual media and Absolute Mouse Synchronization require use of a D2CIM-VUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI, D2CIM-DVUSB-DP CIM or D2CIM-VUSB-USBC*

- Support for digital audio over USB
- Port scanning and thumbnail view of up to 32 targets within a configurable scan set
- Web-based access and management
- Intuitive graphical user interface (GUI)
- Support for dual port video output
- 256-bit encryption of complete KVM signal, including video and virtual media
- LDAP, Active Directory®, RADIUS, or internal authentication and authorization
- DHCP or fixed IP addressing
- Smart card/CAC authentication
- SNMP, SNMPv3, SMTP, and Syslog management
- IPv4 and IPv6 support
- Power control associated directly with servers to prevent mistakes
- Integration with Raritan's CommandCenter Secure Gateway (CC-SG) management unit
- CC Unmanage feature to remove device from CC-SG control
- Support of Raritan PDUs
- Support for remote IP access from the new Dominion KX III User Station
- Support for access to serial targets using the Dominion Serial Access Module (DSAM)

Photos

Front View



Remote/Local Console Interfaces and User Station

Use the Remote Console interface to configure and manage the KX III over a network connection.

Use the Local Console interface to access the KX III while at the rack.

See: KX III Remote Console Interface, KX III Local Console Interface respectively.

The Dominion User Station provides an alternative interface for IP access to the KX III's target servers.
See: Dominion User Station (on page 340).

KVM Client Applications

KX III works with -

- Active KVM Client (AKC) - Default client, Windows only. Microsoft .NET® 4.5 or above, Microsoft Edge WebView2 required to use KX III with the Microsoft Windows®-based Active KVM Client (AKC). See Active KVM Client (AKC) (on page 61)
- Virtual KVM Client (VKC) -Azul OpenJDK or OpenJRE Java-8 can be used for the Java-based . See Virtual KVM Client (VKC and VKCs) Help (on page 27)
- HTML KVM Client (HKC) - Runs on Linux, Mac, and Windows without .Net. Supports Edge, Firefox, Chrome and Safari browsers. See HTML KVM Client (HKC) (on page 64).

Online Help

KX III online help is considered your primary help resource.

KVM Client help is provided as part of KX III online help.

Online help is accompanied by the KX III Quick Setup Guide, which is included with your KX III and can be found on the Support page of Raritan's website.

The Support page also contains a PDF version of the end user help sections of online help, and a PDF containing the KX III administrator help sections.

See the KX III Release Notes for important information on the current release before you begin using the KX III.

To use online help, JavaScript must be enabled in your browser.

Virtual Media

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Overview

All KX III models support virtual media. Virtual media extends KVM capabilities by enabling target servers to remotely access media from a client PC and network file servers.

With this feature, media mounted on client PCs and network file servers are essentially "mounted virtually" by the target server. The target server can then read from and write to that media as if it were physically connected to the target server itself.

Each KX III comes equipped with virtual media to enable remote management tasks using the widest variety of media/images.

Virtual media sessions are secured using the strongest encryption offered by the browser, typically 256 bit AES. Older browsers may only support 128 bit AES.

HKC does not support all virtual media features. See HTML KVM Client (HKC) for details

Prerequisites for Using Virtual Media

KX III Virtual Media Prerequisites

- For users requiring access to virtual media, the KX III permissions must be set to allow access to the relevant port, as well as virtual media access (VM Access port permission) for the port. Port permissions are set at the group-level.
- If you want to use PC-Share, VM Share mode must also be enabled in the Security Settings (on page 257) page (Optional).
- A USB connection must exist between the CIM and the target server.
- You must choose the correct USB connection settings for the KVM target server you are connecting to.

Remote PC VM Prerequisites

- Certain virtual media options require administrative privileges on the PC (for example, drive redirection of complete drives).

Note: If you are using Windows, disable User Account Control or select Run as Administrator when starting Edge. To do this, click the Start Menu, locate Edge, right-click and select Run as Administrator.

Target Server VM Prerequisites

- KVM target servers must support USB connected drives.

CIMs Required for Virtual Media

You must use one of the following CIMs to use virtual media:

- D2CIM-VUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI
- D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI
- D2CIM-DVUSB-DP
- D2CIM-VUSB-USBC
- D2CIM-DVUSB-MDP

The black USB connector on the DVUSB CIMs are used for the keyboard and mouse. The gray connector is used for virtual media.

For CIMs with two USB plugs, keep both connected to the device.

The device may not operate properly if both plugs are not connected to the target server.

Supported Tasks Via Virtual Media

Virtual media provides the ability to perform tasks remotely, such as:

- Transferring files
- Running diagnostics
- Installing or patching applications
- Complete installation of the operating system

Important: Once you are connected to a virtual media drive, do not change mouse modes in the KVM client if you are performing file transfers, upgrades, installations or other similar actions. Doing so may cause errors on the virtual media drive or cause the virtual media drive to fail.

Supported Virtual Media Types

The following virtual media types are supported for Windows®, Mac® and Linux™ clients when using AKC and VKCS.

- External hard drives
- Internal and USB-mounted CD and DVD drives
- USB mass storage devices
- ISO images (disk images)
- IMG files
- DMG files
- ISO 9660 is the standard supported. However, other ISO standards can be used.

Note: Due to browser limitations, HKC supports a different set of virtual media types.

Conditions when Read/Write is Not Available

Virtual media Read/Write is not available in the following situations:

- For Linux® and Mac® clients
- When the drive is write-protected
- When the user does not have Read/Write permission:
  - Port Permission Access is set to None or View
  - Port Permission VM Access is set to Read-Only or Deny

Number of Supported Virtual Media Drives

With the virtual media feature, you can mount up to two drives (of different types) that are supported by the USB connection settings currently applied to the target. These drives are accessible for the duration of the KVM session.

For example, you can mount a specific CD-ROM, use it, and then disconnect it when you are done. The CD-ROM virtual media “channel” will remain open, however, so that you can virtually mount another CD-ROM. These virtual media “channels” remain open until the KVM session is closed as long as the USB settings support it.

To use virtual media, connect/attach the media to the client or network file server that you want to access from the target server.

This need not be the first step, but it must be done prior to attempting to access this media.

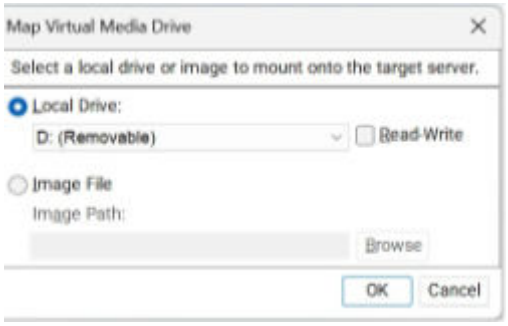
Virtual Media

Access a Virtual Media Drive on a Client Computer

Important: Once you are connected to a virtual media drive, do not change mouse modes in the KVM client if you are performing file transfers, upgrades, installations or other similar actions. Doing so may cause errors on the virtual media drive or cause the virtual media drive to fail.

► *To access a virtual media drive on the client computer:*

1. From the KVM client, choose Virtual Media > Connect Drive, or click the Connect Drive... button . The Map Virtual Media Drive dialog appears.



2. Choose the drive from the Local Drive drop-down list.
3. If you want Read and Write capabilities, select the Read-Write checkbox. This option is disabled for nonremovable drives. See: Conditions when Read/Write is Not Available (on page 20) for more information. When checked, you will be able to read or write to the connected USB disk.

WARNING: Enabling Read/Write access can be dangerous! Simultaneous access to the same drive from more than one entity can result in data corruption. If you do not require Write access, leave this option unselected.

4. Click OK. The media will be mounted on the target server virtually. You can access the media just like any other drive.

Access a Virtual Media Image File

Use the "Image File" option to access a disk image of a removable disk.

► *Image file guidelines:*

- Image files created using dd on Linux (dd if=/dev/sdb of=disk.img) or similar tools such as Win32DiskImager on Windows, or Mac Disk Utility are supported.
- Apple DMG files:

- DMG image files of a FAT32 USB drive are recognized on all OSs.
- DMG images files of a folder on a Mac Drive are recognized only on Mac OS targets.
- Image should be created via Mac Disk Utility using the following settings: Encryption: None; Image format: read/write.
- Not supported: Encrypted or compressed dmg images, MacOS install images, DMG files downloaded from the Apple support site.

► *To access a virtual media image file:*

1. From the KVM client, choose Virtual Media > Connect Drive, or click the Connect Drive... button . The Map Virtual Media Drive dialog appears.
2. Select the Image File option, then click Browse to find and select the .img or .dmg file.
3. Click OK. The media will be mounted on the target server virtually.

Mounting CD-ROM/DVD-ROM/ISO Images

This option mounts CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, and ISO images.

Note: ISO 9660 format is the standard supported. However, other CD-ROM extensions may also work.

► *To access a CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, or ISO image:*

1. From the KVM client, choose Virtual Media > Connect CD-ROM/ISO Image, or click the Connect CD ROM/ISO button  . The Map Virtual Media CD/ISO Image dialog appears.
2. For internal and external CD-ROM or DVD-ROM drives:
   a. Choose the Local CD/DVD Drive option.
   b. Choose the drive from the Local CD/DVD Drive drop-down list. All available internal and external CD and DVD drive names will be populated in the drop-down list.
   c. Click OK.
3. For ISO images:
   a. Choose the ISO Image option. Use this option when you want to access a disk image of a CD, DVD, or hard drive. ISO format is the only format supported.
   b. Click Browse.
   c. Navigate to the path containing the disk image you want to use and click Open. The path is populated in the Image Path field.
   d. Click OK.
4. For remote ISO images on a file server:

a. Choose the Remote Server ISO Image option.
b. Choose Hostname and Image from the drop-down list. The file servers and image paths available are those that you configured using the Virtual Media Shared Images page. Only items you configured using the Virtual Media Shared Images page will be in the drop-down list.
c. File Server Username - User name required for access to the file server. The name can include the domain name such as mydomain/username.
d. File Server Password - Password required for access to the file server (field is masked as you type).
e. Click OK.

The media will be mounted on the target server virtually. You can access the media just like any other drive.

Note: If you are working with files on a Linux® target, use the Linux Sync command after the files are copied using virtual media in order to view the copied files. Files may not appear until a sync is performed.

Disconnect from Virtual Media Drives

► *To disconnect the virtual media drives:*

- For local drives, choose Virtual Media > Disconnect Drive.
- For CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, and ISO images, choose Virtual Media > Disconnect CD-ROM/ISO Image.

Note: In addition to disconnecting the virtual media using the Disconnect command, simply closing the KVM connection closes the virtual media as well.

Virtual Media in a Linux Environment

Active System Partitions

You cannot mount active system partitions from a Linux client.

Linux Ext3/4 drive partitions need to be unmounted via umount /dev/<device label> prior to a making a virtual media connection.

Mapped Drives

Mapped drives from Linux clients are not locked when mounted onto connected targets.

Drive Partitions

The following drive partition limitations exist across operating systems:

- Windows® and Mac targets are not able to read Linux formatted partitions
- Windows and Linux cannot read Mac formatted partitions
- Only Windows Fat partitions are supported by Linux

Root User Permission Requirement

Your virtual media connection can be closed if you mount a CD ROM from a Linux client to a target and then unmount the CD ROM.

To avoid these issues, you must be a root user.

Connect Drive Permissions (Linux)

Linux users must have read-only permissions for the removable device they wish to connect to the target. For /dev/sdb1 run the following as root user:

```
root@administrator-desktop:~# chmod 664 /dev/sdb1

root@administrator-desktop:~# ls -l /dev/sdb1

brw-rw-r-- 1 root disk 8, 17 12-03-2010 12:02 /dev/sdb1
```

The drive is then available to connect to the target.

Virtual Media in a Mac Environment

Active System Partition

You cannot use virtual media to mount active system partitions for a Mac client.

Drive Partitions

The following drive partition limitations exist across operating systems:

- Windows® and Mac targets are not able to read Linux formatted partitions
- Windows cannot read Mac formatted partitions
- Windows FAT and NTFS are supported by Mac
- Mac users must unmount any devices that are already mounted in order to connect to a target server. Use >diskutil umount /dev/disk1s1 to unmount the device and diskutil mount /dev/disk1s1 to remount it.

Connect Drive Permissions (Mac)

For a device to be available to connect to a target from a Mac® client, you must have read-only permissions to the removable device, and also unmount the drive after doing so.

For /dev/sdb1, run the following commands as root user:

```
root@administrator-desktop:~# chmod 664 /dev/sdb1

root@administrator-desktop:~# ls -l /dev/sdb1

brw-rw-r-- 1 root disk 8, 17 12-03-2010 12:02 /dev/sdb1

root@admistrator-desktop:~# diskutil umount /dev/sdb1
```

Note: To connect VM drives from the latest Mac OS, JavaLauncher requires full disk access.

Virtual Media File Server Setup (File Server ISO Images Only)

This feature is only required when using virtual media to access file server ISO images. ISO 9660 format is the standard supported. However, other CD-ROM extensions may also work.

Note: SMB/CIFS support is required on the file server.

Use the Remote Console File Server Setup page to designate the files server(s) and image paths that you want to access using virtual media. File server ISO images specified here are available for selection in the Remote Server ISO Image Hostname and Image drop-down lists in the Map Virtual Media CD/ISO Image dialog. See Mounting CD-ROM/DVD-ROM/ISO Images (on page 22).

► *To designate file server ISO images for virtual media access:*

1. Choose Virtual Media from the Remote Console. The File Server Setup page opens.
2. Check the Selected checkbox for all media that you want accessible as virtual media.
3. Enter information about the file server ISO images that you want to access:
   - IP Address/Host Name - Host name or IP address of the file server.
   - Image Path - Full path name of the location of the ISO image. For example, /sharename0/path0/image0.iso, \sharename1\path1\image1.iso, and so on.

   Note: The host name cannot exceed 232 characters in length.
4. Click Save. All media specified here are now available for selection in the Map Virtual Media CD/ISO Image dialog.

KVM Clients

There are a variety of KVM clients to support your individual configuration.

- HKC is best for Linux and Mac users without Java.
- AKC is best for Windows Platforms, using Chrome or Edge browsers.
- VKC is best for Linux and Mac users with Java.

KVM Client	Name	Platforms	Features
HTML KVM Client	HKC	• Linux • Mac • Windows • HTML and Javascript	• Java-Free • Supports most features • See HTML KVM Client (HKC) (on page 64) for supported features
Active KVM Client	AKC	• Windows	• Full-featured KVM Client • Java-Free • Requires .Net
Virtual KVM Client	VKC	• Linux • Mac • Windows	• Full-featured KVM Client • Requires Java

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KVM Client Launching

KVM Client	Name	URL to Force Launch
HTML KVM Client - Java-Free	HKC	<KX III IP Address>/hkc OR <KX III IP Address>/
Active KVM Client - Requires .NET	AKC	<KX III IP Address>/akc
Virtual KVM Client - Requires Java	VKCs	<KX III IP Address>/vkcs

Virtual KVM Client (VKC and VKCs) Help

Overview

There is one Virtual KVM Client for each target server connected.

Virtual KVM Client windows can be minimized, maximized, and moved around your computer desktop.

IMPORTANT: Refreshing your browser closes the Virtual KVM Client connection.

Recommended Minimum Virtual KVM Client (VKC) Requirements

It is recommended that the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) machines meet the following minimum requirements.

- Client machine with either a -
  - 'modern' dual-core CPU for a single connections, or
  - 'modern' quad core CPU for two or more simultaneous connections
- 4GB of RAM
  - VKC requires 50MB of RAM per connection

Virtual KVM Client Java Requirements

A supported Java version is required. Check the release notes for latest supported version.

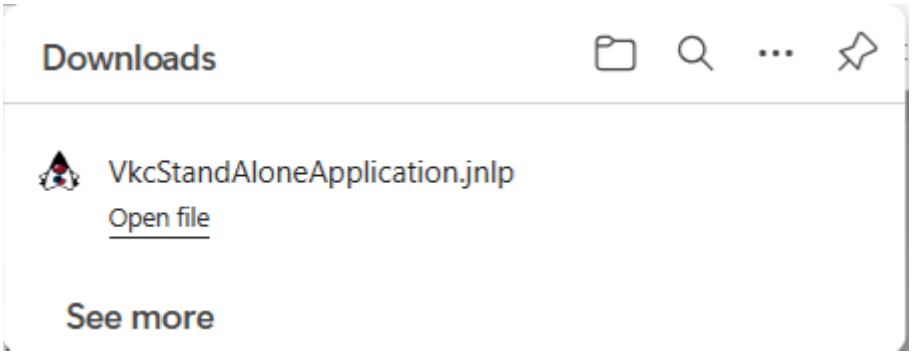
If Java is not installed, a prompt is displayed that the file cannot be opened, with an option to search for the program.

Note: VKC cannot be launched from Safari, Edge, Chrome 45 or later, Firefox 42 or later. VKCS is recommended for these browsers.

► *VKCS Launching:*

For all browsers, the VKCS standalone application needs to be downloaded every time you use it.

- Chrome: You can allow and open the file from the browser downloads in the top right corner.
- Edge: You can allow and open the file from the browser downloads in the top right corner.



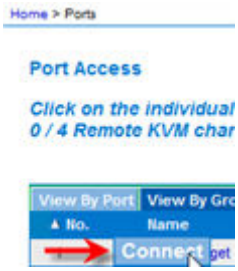
- On browsers launched from an Apple Mac: Save the jnlp file locally. File will be shown as blocked under System Settings/Privacy and Security - select option Open Anyway.
- Firefox: The current default setting in Firefox on Windows saves the file and runs from the download. You can launch from the browser with this setting: Tools>Options>Applications, then select "Jnlp File" in the Content Type column, and change the Action from "Always ask" to "Use Java Web Launcher".

Connect to a Target from Virtual KVM Client (VKC), Standalone VKC (VKCs), or Active KVM Client (AKC)

Once you have logged on to the KX III Remote Console, access target servers via the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), Standalone VKC (VKCs), or Active KVM Client (AKC).

► *To connect to an available server:*

1. On the Port Access page, click on the port name of the target server you want to connect to. The Port Action menu opens.
2. Click Connect.



See Port Action Menu (on page 111) for details on additional available menu options.

Configuring Connection Properties

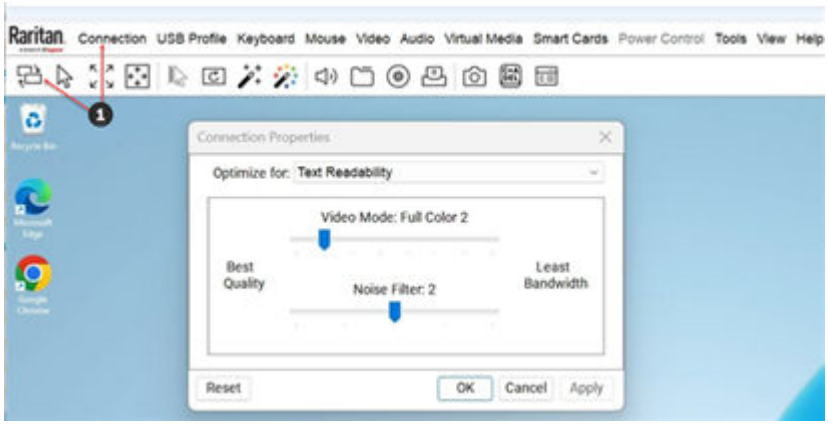
Connection properties manage streaming video performance over remote connections to target servers.

The properties are applied only to your connection - they do not impact the connection of other users accessing the same target servers.

If you make changes to connection properties, they are retained by the client.

Access Connection Properties

To access connection properties:	
1	Click Connection > Properties, or click the Connection... icon to open the Connection Properties dialog.



Default Connection Property Settings - Optimized for Best Performance

The KX III comes configured to provide optimal performance for the majority of video streaming conditions.

► *KX3 default connection settings:*

- Optimized for: Text Readability - video modes are designed to maximize text readability.

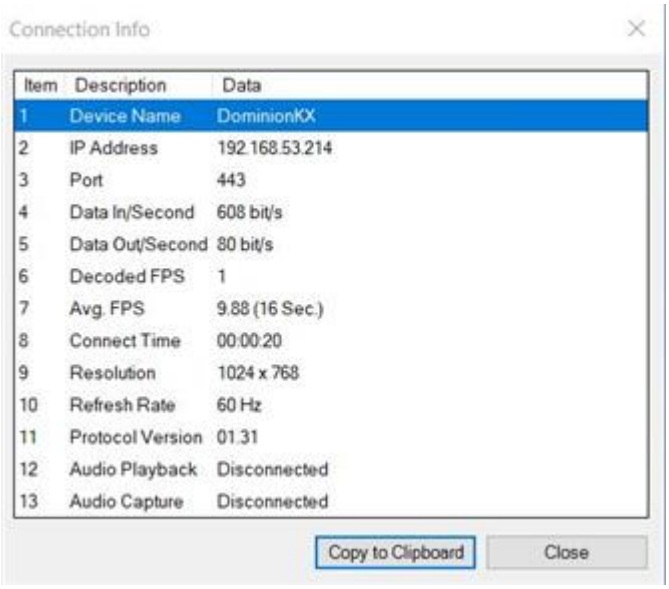
  This setting is ideal for general IT and computer applications, such as performing server administration.
- Video Mode - defaults to Full Color 2.

  Video frames transmit in high-quality, 24-bit color. This setting is suitable where a high-speed LAN is used.
- Noise Filter - defaults to 2.

  The noise filter setting does not often need to be changed.

Click Reset on the Connection Properties dialog at any time to return to the default settings.

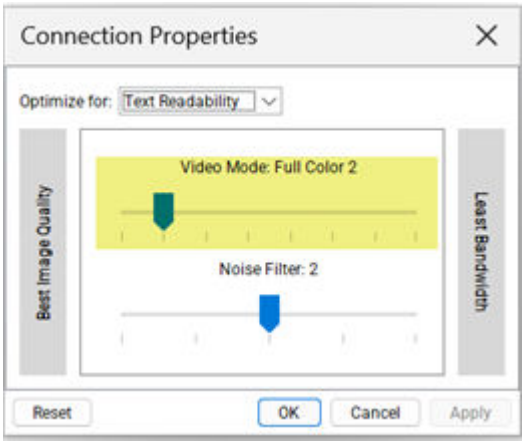
Tip: Use the Connection Information dialog to monitor the connection in real-time. See Access and Copy Connection Information



Optimize for: Selections

Video Mode

The Video Mode slider controls each video frame's encoding, affecting video quality, frame rate and bandwidth.



In general, moving the slider to the left results in higher quality at the cost of higher bandwidth and, in some cases, lower frame rate.

Moving the slider to the right enables stronger compression, reducing the bandwidth per frame, but video quality is reduced.

In situations where system bandwidth is a limiting factor, moving the video mode slider to the right can result in higher frame rates.

When Text Readability is selected as the Optimized setting, the four rightmost modes provide reduced color resolution or no color at all.

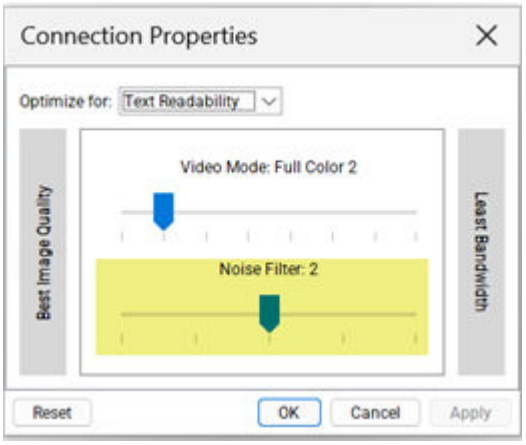
These modes are appropriate for administration work where text and GUI elements take priority, and bandwidth is at a premium.

Click Reset on the Connection Properties dialog at any time to return to the default settings.

Noise Filter

Unless there is a specific need to do so, do not change the noise filter setting. The default setting is designed to work well in most situations.

The Noise Filter controls how much interframe noise is absorbed by the KX III.



Moving the Noise Filter slider to the left lowers the filter threshold, resulting in higher dynamic video quality. However, more noise is likely to come through, resulting in higher bandwidth and lower frame rates.

Moving the slider to the right raises the threshold, allows less noise and less bandwidth is used. Video artifacts may be increased.

Moving the noise filter to the right may be useful when accessing a computer GUI over severely bandwidth-limited connections.

Click Reset on the Connection Properties dialog at any time to return to the default settings.

Connection Information

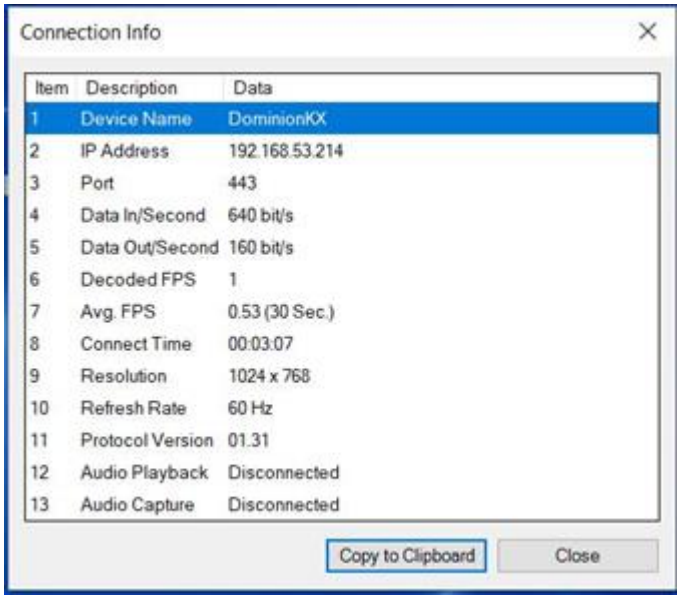
Open the Connection Information dialog for real-time connection information on your current connection, and copy the information from the dialog as needed.

See Configuring Connection Properties (on page 28)

► *To open connection info:*

1. Click Connection > Info.

Note: Clicking Copy to Clipboard copies the information for pasting.



► *Current connection information:*

- Name of the KX III
- IP address of the KX III
- Port - The KVM communication TCP/IP port used to access KX III.
- Data In/Second - Data rate received from the KX III
- Data Out/Second - Data rate sent to the KX III.
- Connect Time - The duration of the current connection.
- FPS - Video frames per second transmitted received from the KX III.
- Average FPS - Average video frames per second.
- Resolution - The target server horizontal and vertical resolution.
- Refresh Rate - Refresh rate of the target server.
- Protocol Version - The version of the protocol.
- Audio Playback - The status of audio playback.
- Audio Capture - The status of audio recording.

USB Profiles

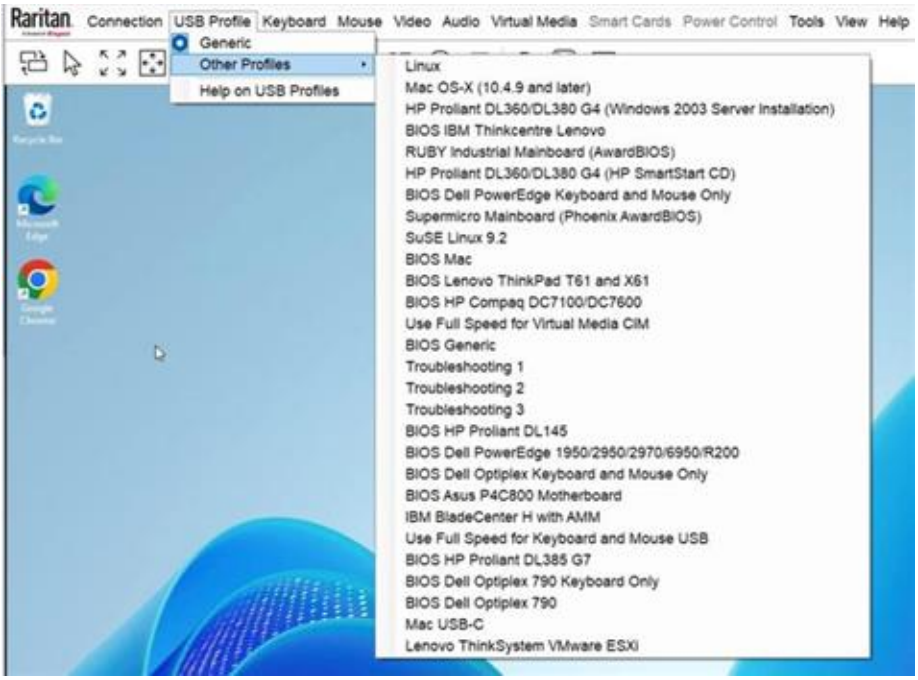
Select a USB profile that best applies to the KVM target server.

For example, if the server is running Windows® operating system, it would be best to use the Generic profile.

Or, to change settings in the BIOS menu or boot from a virtual media drive, depending on the target server model, a BIOS profile may be more appropriate.

► *To set a USB profile for a target server:*

- Choose USB Profile, then choose Generic, or choose Other Profiles to select from a menu.



► *To view details on USB profiles:*

- Choose USB Profile > Help on USB Profiles.

Keyboard

Send Ctrl+Alt+Del Macro

Due to its frequent use, a Ctrl+Alt+Delete macro is preprogrammed.

Selecting Keyboard > Send Ctrl+Alt+Del, or clicking on the Ctrl+Alt+Delete button 

in the toolbar sends this key sequence to the server or to the KVM switch to which you are currently connected.

In contrast, if you were to physically press the Ctrl+Alt+Del keys, the command would first be intercepted by your own PC due to the structure of the Windows operating system, instead of sending the key sequence to the target server as intended.

Keyboard Macros

Keyboard macros ensure that keystroke combinations intended for the target server are sent to and interpreted only by the target server. Otherwise, they might be interpreted by your client PC.

Macros are stored on the client PC and are PC-specific. If you use another PC, you cannot see your macros.

Send LeftAlt+Tab (Switch Between Open Windows on a Target Server)

Select Keyboard > Send LeftAlt + Tab to switch between open windows on the target server.

Setting CIM Keyboard/Mouse Options

► *To access the DCIM-USBG2 setup menu:*

1. Put the mouse focus on a window such as Note Pad (Windows® operating system) or an equivalent.
2. Select Set CIM Keyboard/Mouse options. This is the equivalent of sending the Left-Control and Num Lock to the target. The CIM setup menu options are then displayed.
3. Set the language and mouse settings.
4. Exit the menu to return to normal CIM functionality.

Send Text to Target

► *To use the Send Text to Target function for the macro:*

1. Click the Keyboard > Send Text to Target or click  in the toolbar.
2. Enter the text you want sent to the target.

Note: Non-English characters are not supported by the Send Text to Target function.

---

3. If the target uses a US/International keyboard layout, select the "Target system is set to the US/International keyboard layout" checkbox.
4. Click OK.

Build a New Macro

► *To build a macro:*

1. Click Keyboard > Keyboard Macros. The Keyboard Macros dialog appears.
2. Click Add. The Add Keyboard Macro dialog appears.
3. Type a name for the macro in the Keyboard Macro Name field. This name appears in the Keyboard menu after it is created.
4. From the Hot-Key Combination field, select a keyboard combination from the drop-down list. This allows you to execute the macro with a predefined keystroke. Optional

5. In the Keys to Press drop-down list, select each key you would like to use to emulate the keystrokes that is used to perform the command. Select the keys in the order by which they are to be pressed. After each selection, select Add Key. As each key is selected, it appears in the Macro Sequence field and a Release Key command is automatically added after each selection.

For example, create a macro to close a window by selecting Left Alt + F4. This appears in the Macro Sequence box as follows:

Press Left Alt

Press F4

Release F4

Release Left Alt

6. Review the Macro Sequence field to be sure the macro sequence is defined correctly.
   a. To remove a step in the sequence, select it and click Remove.
   b. To change the order of steps in the sequence, click the step and then click the up or down arrow buttons to reorder them as needed.
7. Click OK to save the macro. Click Clear to clear all fields and start over. When you click OK, the Keyboard Macros dialog appears and lists the new keyboard macro.
8. Click Close to close the Keyboard Macros dialog. The macro now appears on the Keyboard menu in the application.
9. Select the new macro on the menu to run it or use the keystrokes you assigned to the macro.

Construct Macro From Text

Construct Macro From Text will enable you to work more efficiently by producing frequently used phrases and paragraphs with a single command. Create a new macro and then assign text to it.

► *To add text to a macro:*

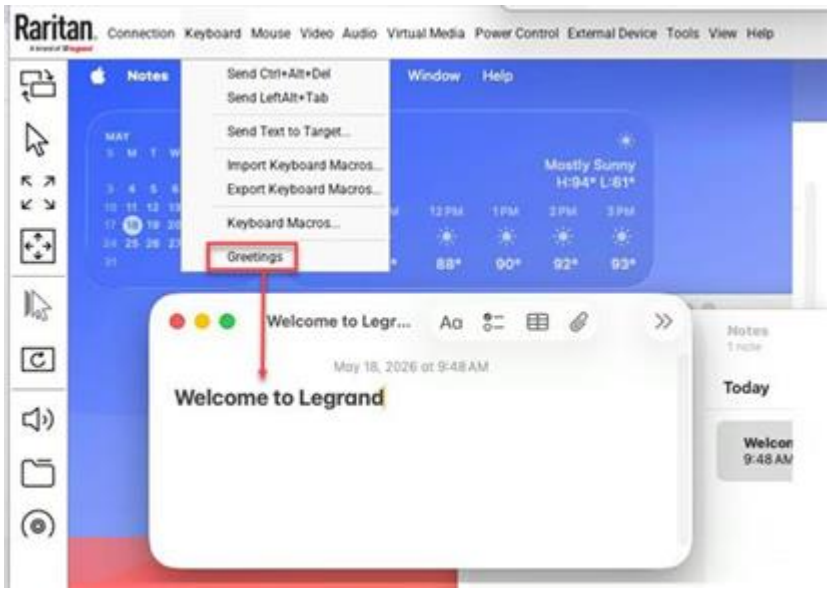
1. Choose Keboard > Keyboard Macros.



2. Click Add > Construct Macro From Text.
3. Enter text in the text box and then click OK to save.
4. Click OK again in the Add Keyboard Macro to save the macro and click Close.

► *To use macros with text:*

1. Connect to target you want to send macro to.
2. Choose Keyboard > select the macro you created.
3. Macro will be sent to the target.



Importing and Exporting Macros

Macros created in VKC cannot be used in AKC or vice versa. Macros created on HKC are only compatible with HKC, and cannot be used on AKC or VKC. Likewise, macros created on VKC or AKC cannot be used on HKC.

Import Macros

► *To import macros:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Import Keyboard Macros to open the Import Macros dialog. Browse to the folder location of the macro file.
2. Click on the macro file and click Open to import the macro.
   a. If too many macros are found in the file, an error message is displayed and the import terminates once OK is selected.
   b. If the import fails, an error dialog appears and a message regarding why the import failed is displayed. Select OK to continue the import without importing the macros that cannot be imported.
3. Select the macros to be imported by checking their corresponding checkbox or using the Select All or Deselect All options.
4. Click OK to begin the import.
   a. If a duplicate macro is found, the Import Macros dialog appears. Do one of the following:

- Click Yes to replace the existing macro with the imported version.
- Click Yes to All to replace the currently selected and any other duplicate macros that are found.
- Click No to keep the original macro and proceed to the next macro
- Click No to All keep the original macro and proceed to the next macro. Any other duplicates that are found are skipped as well.
- Click Cancel to stop the import.
- Alternatively, click Rename to rename the macro and import it. If Rename is selected, the Rename Macro dialog appears. Enter a new name for the macro in the field and click OK. The dialog closes and the process proceeds. If the name that is entered is a duplicate of a macro, an alert appears and you are required to enter another name for the macro.

b. If during the import process the number of allowed, imported macros is exceeded, a dialog appears. Click OK to attempt to continue importing macros or click Cancel to stop the import process.

The macros are then imported. If a macro is imported that contains a hotkey that already exists, the hotkey for the imported macro is discarded.

Export Macros

1. Choose Keyboard > Export Macros to open the Select Keyboard Macros to Export dialog.
2. Select the macros to be exported by checking their corresponding checkbox or using the Select All or Deselect All options.
3. Click OK. An "Export Keyboard Macros to" dialog is displayed. Locate and select the macro file. By default, the macro exists on your desktop.
4. Select the folder to save the macro file to, enter a name for the file and click Save. If the macro already exists, you receive an alert message.
5. Select Yes to overwrite the existing macro or No to close the alert without overwriting the macro.

Video Properties

Refreshing the Screen

The Refresh Screen command forces a refresh of the video screen. Video settings can be refreshed automatically in several ways:

- The Refresh Screen command forces a refresh of the video screen.
- The Auto-sense Video Settings command automatically detects the target server's video settings.
- The Calibrate Color command calibrates the video to enhance the colors being displayed.

In addition, you can manually adjust the settings using the Video Settings command.

► *To refresh the video settings, do one of the following:*

- Choose Video > Refresh Screen, or click the Refresh Screen button  in the toolbar.

Auto-Sense Video Settings

The Auto-sense Video Settings command forces a re-sensing of the video settings (resolution, refresh rate) and redraws the video screen.

► *To automatically detect the video settings:*

- Choose Video > Auto-sense Video Settings, or click the Auto-Sense Video Settings button  in the toolbar.

  A message stating that the auto adjustment is in progress appears.

Calibrating Color

Use the Calibrate Color command to optimize the color levels (hue, brightness, saturation) of the transmitted video images.

The color settings are on a target server-basis.

Note: When color is successfully calibrated, the values are cached and reused each time you switch to the target. Changes to the brightness and contrast in Video Settings are not cached. Changing resolution resets the video to the cached values again. You can clear the cached values in Video > Clear Video Settings Cache. See Clear Video Settings Cache (on page 40).

► *To calibrate the color:*

- Choose Video > Calibrate Color, or click the Calibrate Color button  in the toolbar.

  The target device screen updates its color calibration.

Adjusting Video Settings

Use the Video Settings command to manually adjust the video settings.

► *To change the video settings:*

1. Choose Video > Video Settings to open the Video Settings dialog.
2. Adjust the following settings as required. As you adjust the settings the effects are immediately visible:
   a. PLL Settings: Clock - Controls how quickly video pixels are displayed across the video screen. Changes made to clock settings cause the video image to stretch or shrink horizontally. Odd number settings are recommended. Under most circumstances, this setting should not be changed because the autodetect is usually quite accurate.

Phase - Phase values range from 0 to 31 and will wrap around. Stop at the phase value that produces the best video image for the active target server.

b. Brightness: Use this setting to adjust the brightness of the target server display.

   Brightness Red - Controls the brightness of the target server display for the red signal.

   Brightness Green - Controls the brightness of the green signal.

   Brightness Blue - Controls the brightness of the blue signal.

c. Contrast Red - Controls the red signal contrast.

   Contrast Green - Controls the green signal.

   Contrast Blue - Controls the blue signal.

   If the video image looks extremely blurry or unfocused, the settings for clock and phase can be adjusted until a better image appears on the active target server.

Warning: Exercise caution when changing the Clock and Phase settings. Doing so may result in lost or distorted video and you may not be able to return to the previous state. Contact Technical Support before making any changes.

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d. Horizontal Offset - Controls the horizontal positioning of the target server display on your monitor.

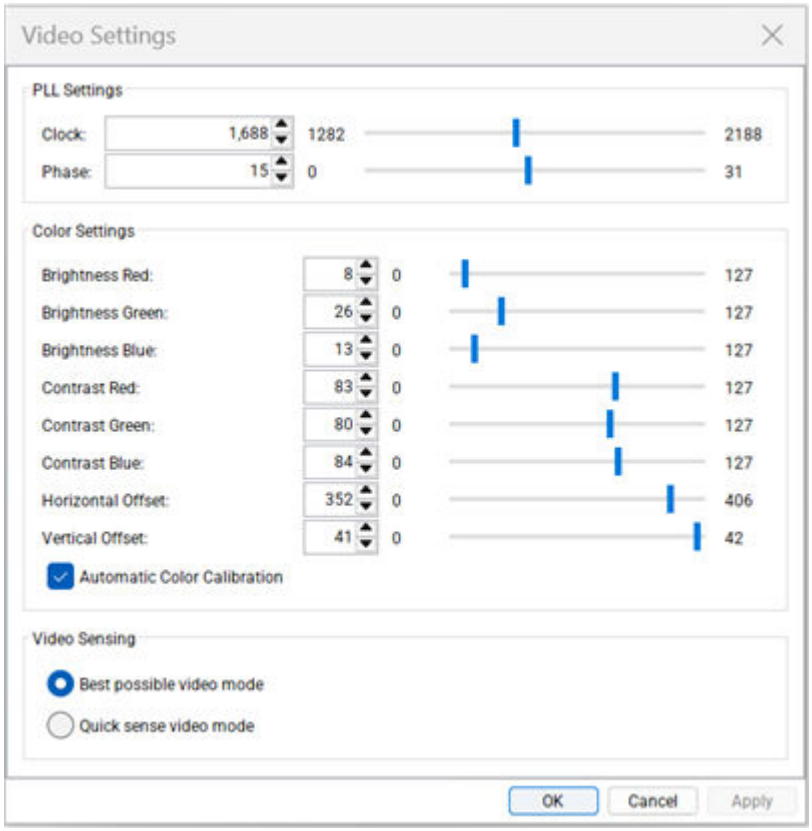
e. Vertical Offset - Controls the vertical positioning of the target server display on your monitor.

3. Select Automatic Color Calibration to enable this feature.
4. Select the video sensing mode.
   - Best possible video mode

     The device will perform the full Auto Sense process when switching targets or target resolutions. Selecting this option calibrates the video for the best image quality.
   - Quick sense video mode

     With this option, the device will use a quick video Auto Sense in order to show the target's video sooner. This option is especially useful for entering a target server's BIOS configuration right after a reboot.
5. Click OK to apply the settings and close the dialog. Click Apply to apply the settings without closing the dialog.

Note: Some Sun background screens, such as screens with very dark borders, may not center precisely on certain Sun servers. Use a different background or place a lighter colored icon in the upper left corner of the screen.



Clear Video Settings Cache

You can clear the video settings cache to delete old settings that do not apply anymore, such as when a target server is replaced. When you clear the video settings cache, the server automatically does a video auto-sense and color calibration. The new values are cached and reused when the target is accessed again.

► *To clear the video settings cache:*

- Choose Video > Clear Video Settings Cache in the toolbar.

Screenshot from Target Command (Target Screenshot)

Take a screenshot of a target server using the Screenshot from Target server command. If needed, save this screenshot to a file location of your choosing as a bitmap, JPEG or PNG file.

► *To take a screenshot of the target server:*

1. Select Video > Screenshot from Target, or click the Target Screenshot button  on the toolbar.
2. In the Save dialog, choose the location to save the file, name the file, and select a file format from the 'Files of type' drop-down.
3. Click Save to save the screenshot.

Mouse Options

You can operate in either single mouse mode or dual mouse mode.

When in a dual mouse mode, and provided the option is properly configured, the mouse cursors align.

When controlling a target server, the Remote Console displays two mouse cursors - one belonging to your KX III client workstation, and the other belonging to the target server.

When there are two mouse cursors, the device offers several mouse modes:

- Absolute (Mouse Synchronization)
- Intelligent (Mouse Mode)
- Standard (Mouse Mode)

When the mouse pointer lies within the KVM Client target server window, mouse movements and clicks are directly transmitted to the connected target server. While in motion, the client mouse pointer slightly leads the target mouse pointer due to mouse acceleration settings.

Intelligent mode requires that "Enhanced Pointer Precision" is unticked on the target (Control Panel/ Mouse/Pointer Options) and mouse speed is 50%.

Single mouse mode allows you to view only the target server's pointer. You can use Single mouse mode when Intelligent and Standard Modes don't work. You can toggle between these two modes (single mouse and dual mouse).

Dual Mouse Modes

Absolute Mouse Synchronization

In this mode, absolute coordinates are used to keep the client and target cursors in synch, even when the target mouse is set to a different acceleration or speed. This mode is supported on servers with USB ports and is the default mode for virtual media CIMs.

- Absolute Mouse Synchronization requires the use of a virtual media CIM - D2CIM-VUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI, D2CIM-DVUSB-DP, D2CIM-VUSB-USBC

► *To enter Absolute Mouse Synchronization:*

- Choose Mouse > Absolute from the KVM client.

The black USB connector on the DVUSB CIMs are used for the keyboard and mouse. The gray connector is used for virtual media.

For CIMs with two USB plugs, keep both connected to the device.

The device may not operate properly if both plugs are not connected to the target server.

Intelligent Mouse Mode

In Intelligent Mouse mode, the device can detect the target mouse settings and synchronize the mouse cursors accordingly, allowing mouse acceleration on the target. Intelligent mouse mode is the default for non-VM targets.

Enter Intelligent Mouse Mode

► *To enter intelligent mouse mode:*

- Choose Mouse > Intelligent.

Intelligent Mouse Synchronization Conditions

The Intelligent Mouse Synchronization command, available on the Mouse menu, automatically synchronizes mouse cursors during moments of inactivity. For this to work properly, however, the following conditions must be met:

- The active desktop should be disabled on the target.
- No windows should appear in the top left corner of the target page.
- There should not be an animated background in the top left corner of the target page.
- The target mouse cursor shape should be normal and not animated.
- For optimal mouse performance, set the target mouse speed to 50%. Avoid using extremely low or high mouse speed settings.
- The target advanced mouse properties such as “Enhanced pointer precision" or “Snap mouse to default button in dialogs” should be disabled.
- The edges of the target video should be clearly visible (that is, a black border should be visible between the target desktop and the remote KVM console window when you scroll to an edge of the target video image).
- When using the intelligent mouse synchronization function, having a file icon or folder icon located in the upper left corner of your desktop may cause the function not to work properly. To be sure to avoid any problems with this function, do not have file icons or folder icons in the upper left corner of your desktop.

After autosensing the target video, manually initiate mouse synchronization by clicking the Synchronize Mouse button on the toolbar. This also applies when the resolution of the target changes if the mouse cursors start to desync from each other.

If intelligent mouse synchronization fails, this mode will revert to standard mouse synchronization behavior.

Please note that mouse configurations will vary on different target operating systems. Consult your OS guidelines for further details. Also note that intelligent mouse synchronization does not work with UNIX targets.

Standard Mouse Mode

Standard Mouse mode uses a standard mouse synchronization algorithm. The algorithm determines relative mouse positions on the client and target server.

In order for the client and target mouse cursors to stay in synch, mouse acceleration must be disabled. Additionally, specific mouse parameters must be set correctly.

► *To enter Standard Mouse mode:*

- Choose Mouse > Standard.

Mouse Synchronization Tips

If you have an issue with mouse synchronization:

1. Verify that the selected video resolution and refresh rate are among those supported by the device. The KVM Client Connection Info dialog displays the actual values that the device is seeing.
2. Force an auto-sense by clicking the KVM Client auto-sense button.
3. If that does not improve the mouse synchronization (for Linux, UNIX, and Solaris KVM target servers):
   a. Open a terminal window.
   b. Enter the following command: `xset mouse 1 1`
   c. Close the terminal window.
4. Click the "KVM Client mouse synchronization" button 

Synchronize Your Mouse

In dual mouse mode, the Synchronize Mouse command forces realignment of the target server mouse cursor with the client mouse cursor.

► *To synchronize the mouse cursors, do one of the following:*

- Click the Synchronize Mouse button  in the KVM client toolbar, or select Mouse > Synchronize Mouse from the menu bar.

Note: This option is available only in Standard and Intelligent mouse modes.

Cursor Shape

In dual mouse modes, you can select a custom cursor shape for your session. To make the cursor selection permanent, see Client Launch Settings (on page 47).

► *To change the cursor shape:*

- Choose Mouse > Cursor Shape, then select from the list.

- Default which is an arrow
- Dot
- Crosshair
- Transparent



Single Mouse Mode

Single Mouse mode uses only the target server mouse cursor; the client mouse cursor no longer appears onscreen.

Note: Single mouse mode does not work on Windows or Linux targets when the client is running on a Virtual Machine.

► *To enter single mouse mode, do one the following:*

- Choose Mouse > Single Mouse Cursor.
- Click the Single/Double Mouse Cursor button  in the toolbar.

► *To exit single mouse mode:*

1. Press Ctrl+Alt+O on your keyboard to exit single mouse mode.

Tool Options

General Settings

1. Click Tools > Options. The Options dialog appears.
   - Select the Enable Logging checkbox only if directed to by Technical Support.
     This option creates a log file in your home directory.
   - Keyboard Type--not visible in AKC, because the keyboard type defaults to the local client:

- English (UK)
- English (US/Int'l)
- French (France)
- German (Germany)
- Japanese
- United Kingdom
- Korean (Korea)
- French (Belgium)
- Norwegian (Norway)
- Portuguese (Portugal)
- Danish (Denmark)
- Swedish (Sweden)
- German (Switzerland)
- Hungarian (Hungary)
- Spanish (Spain)
- Italian (Italy)
- Slovenian
- Translation: French - US
- Translation: French - US International

- Select Adjust Full Screen Window Size to Target Resolution Instead of Client Resolution if you prefer. Option not available for Linux clients. See Adjust Full Screen Window Size to Target Resolution (on page 47) for examples.
- Disable Menu in Full Screen: This option prevents the menu from popping back up when cursor approaches while in Full Screen mode.
- Configure hotkeys:
  - Toggle Full Screen Mode - Hotkey.

    When you enter Full Screen mode, the display of the target server becomes full screen and acquires the same resolution as the target server.

    This is the hotkey used for toggling in and out of this mode.
  - Toggle Single Cursor Mode - Hotkey.

    When you enter single cursor mode, only the target server mouse cursor is visible.

    This is the hotkey used to toggle in and out of single cursor mode, removing and bringing back the client mouse cursor.
  - Toggle Scaling Mode - Hotkey.

    When you enter scaling mode, the target server scales to fit your display.

    This is the hotkey used to toggle in and out of scaling mode.
  - Disconnect from Target - Hotkey.

    Enable this hotkey to allow users to quickly disconnect from the target.

  For hotkey combinations, the application does not allow you to assign the same hotkey combination to more than one function.

  For example, if Q is already applied to the Disconnect from Target function, it won't be available for the Toggle Full Screen Mode function.

Further, if a hotkey is added to the application due to an upgrade and the default value for the key is already in use, the next available value is applied to the function instead.

1. Click OK.

Keyboard Limitations

Turkish Keyboards

Turkish keyboards are only supported on Active KVM Client (AKC).

Slovenian Keyboards

The < key does not work on Slovenian keyboards due to a JRE limitation.

Language Configuration on Linux

On Linux, Azul's OpenJDK/JRE may encounter issues generating correct key events for foreign-language keyboards configured via System Preferences. Use the methods outlined in the following table to configure foreign keyboards.

Language	Configuration method
US Intl	Default
French	Keyboard Indicator
German	System Settings (Control Center)
Japanese	System Settings (Control Center)
UK	System Settings (Control Center)
Korean	System Settings (Control Center)
Belgian	Keyboard Indicator
Norwegian	Keyboard Indicator
Danish	Keyboard Indicator
Swedish	Keyboard Indicator
Hungarian	System Settings (Control Center)
Spanish	System Settings (Control Center)
Italian	System Settings (Control Center)
Slovenian	System Settings (Control Center)
Portuguese	System Settings (Control Center)

Note: The Keyboard Indicator should be used on Linux systems using Gnome as a desktop environment.

Adjust Full Screen Window Size to Target Resolution

When Adjust Full Screen Window Size to Target Resolution instead of Client Resolution is enabled, the client starts in full-screen in a window equal to the target's resolution, not the resolution of the client monitor. If you have a multi-monitor client, a full-screen window may cover more than one monitor. See General Settings for instructions on enabling the setting.

► *Example:*

The client has a multi-head environment with 8 monitors, 1920 x 1080 each with the following arrangement:

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8

A KVM session is launched on monitor 6 with a the target resolution of 3840 x 1080. The client window opens on monitor 6 and 7 in native resolution and covers both monitors by 100%.

Client Launch Settings

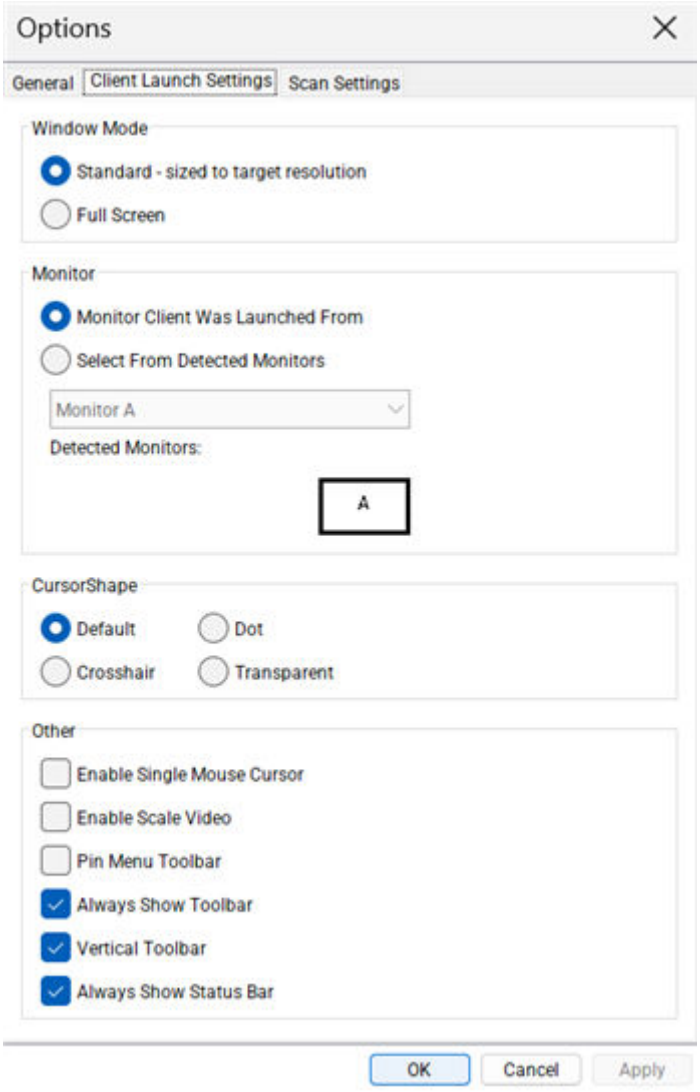
Configuring client launch settings allows you to define the screen settings for a KVM session.

► *To configure client launch settings:*

1. Click Tools > Options. The Options dialog appears.
2. Click on the Client Launch Settings tab.
   - To configure the target window settings:
     - Select 'Standard - sized to target Resolution' to open the window using the target's current resolution. If the target resolution is greater than the client resolution, the target window covers as much screen area as possible and scroll bars are added (if needed).
     - Select 'Full Screen' to open the target window in full screen mode.
   - To configure the monitor on which the target viewer is launched:
     - Select 'Monitor Client Was Launched From' if you want the target viewer to be launched using the same display as the application that is being used on the client (for example, a web browser or applet).
     - Use 'Select From Detected Monitors' to select from a list of monitors that are currently detected by the application. If a previously selected monitor is no longer detected, 'Currently Selected Monitor Not Detected' is displayed.
   - To configure cursor shape:
     - Select Default arrow, Dot, Crosshair, or Transparent to set the cursor shape for all sessions. Use the Mouse menu to change the cursor shape during a session.
   - To configure additional launch settings:

- Select 'Enable Single Cursor Mode' to enable single mouse mode as the default mouse mode when the server is accessed.
- Select 'Enable Scale Video' to automatically scale the display on the target server when it is accessed.
- Select 'Pin Menu Toolbar' if you want the toolbar to remain visible on the target when it is in Full Screen mode. By default, while the target is in Full Screen mode, the menu is only visible when you hover your mouse along the top of the screen.
- Always Show Tool Bar, Vertical Toolbar and Always Show Status Bar are per-user settings that are stored in the computer you are accessing the client from, so if you use a different computer, the setting may be different. Select to keep tool bar and status bar visible as default, deselect to keep tool bar and status bar hidden as default.

3. Click OK.



Configuring Port Scan Settings in VKC/VKCS and AKC

Configuring port scan options in VKC/VKCS and AKC applies to scanning from the Remote Console.

To configure port scan options for the Local Console, see Configure Local Console Scan Settings (on page 356)

Use the port scanning feature to search for selected targets, and display them in a slide show view, allowing you to monitor up to 32 targets at one time.

You can connect to targets or focus on a specific target as needed. Scans can include standard targets, blade servers, tiered devices, and KVM switch ports.

Configure scan settings from either the VKC/VKCS or AKC.

See Scanning Ports - Remote Console (on page 343)

Use the Scan Settings tab to customize the scan interval and default display options.

Configure Port Scan

► *To set scan settings:*

1. Click Tools > Options. The Options dialog appears.
2. Select the Scan Settings tab.
3. In the "Display Interval" field, specify the number of seconds you want the target that is in focus to display in the center of the Port Scan window.
4. In the "Interval Between Ports" field, specify the interval at which the device should pause between ports.
5. In the Display section, change the default display options for the thumbnail size and split orientation of the Port Scan window.
6. Click OK.

Collecting a Diagnostic Snapshot of the Target

Administrators are able to collect a "snapshot" of a target.

The "snapshot" function generate log files and image files from the target.

It then bundles these files in a zip file that can be sent to Technical Support to help diagnose technical problems you may be encountering.

The following files are included in the zip file:

- screenshot_image.png

  This is a screenshot of the target that captures a picture of the issue you are experiencing. This feature operates like the "Screenshot from Target" feature.
- raw_video_image.png:

A snapshot image created from raw video data. Please note that client's postprocessing is applied, just as if it were a "regular" screen update.

- raw_video_ycbcr420.bin:

  Binary file of the raw snapshot.

- raw_video_ycbcr420.txt:

  Text file containing data used to help diagnose issues.

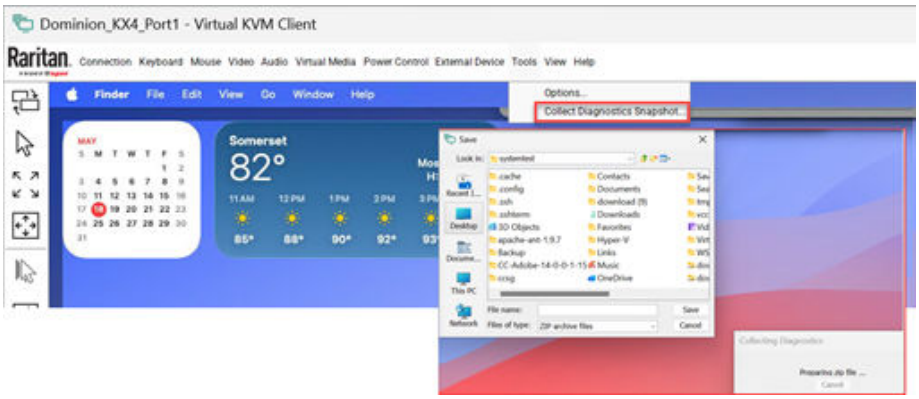
- Log.txt file:

  These are the client logs.

  Note that the logs are included even if you have not enabled information to be captured in them. VKC uses internal memory to capture the information in this case.

Collect a Diagnostic Snapshot

To capture a diagnostic snapshot:



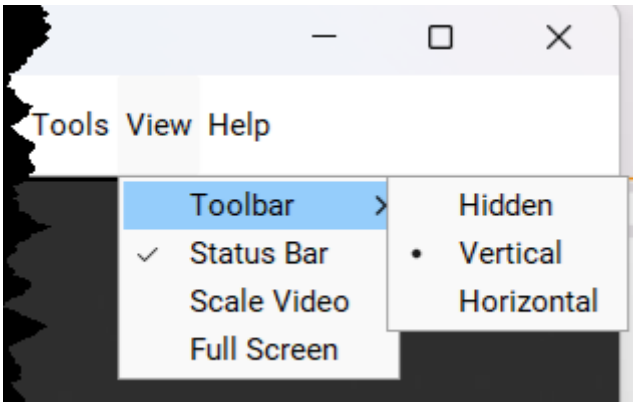
Steps	
1	Access a target, and then click Tools > Collect a Diagnostic Snapshot. Several messages are displayed as the information is collected.
2	You are prompted to save the zip file containing the diagnostic files.
3	The zip file containing the diagnostic files is saved.

View Options

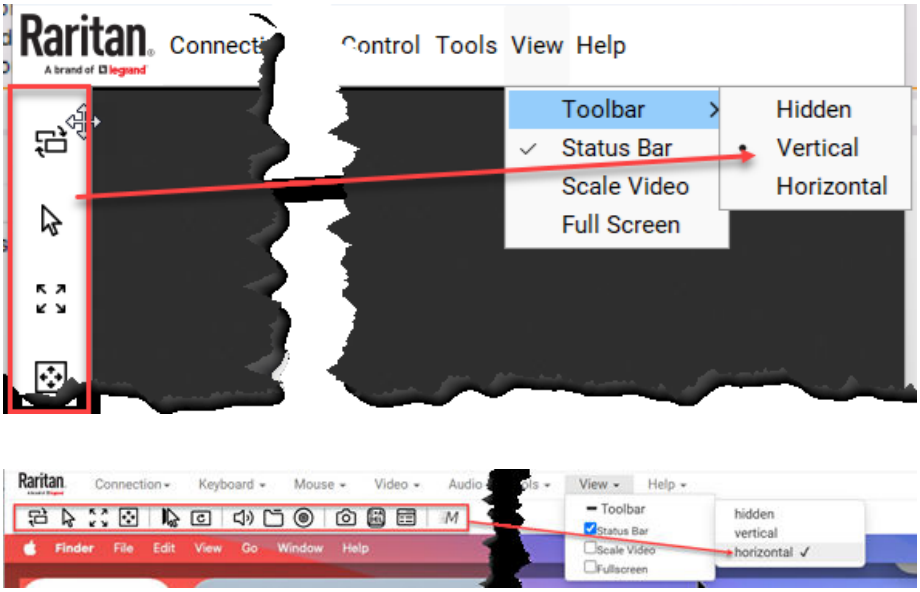
View Toolbar

You can change the Virtual KVM client's toolbar position (Vertical or Horizontal) or hide it from being displayed.

- Choose View > Toolbar.



- Select Hidden from the list, so the toolbar is no longer displayed.
- You can also select Vertical/Horizontal to display the toolbar vertically or horizontally.



View Status Bar

By default, the status bar is displayed at the bottom of the target window.

► *To hide the status bar:*

- Click View > Status Bar to deselect it.

► *To restore the status bar:*

- Click View > Status Bar to select it.

Scale Video

Scaling your target window allows you to view the entire contents of the target server window.

This feature increases or reduces the size of the target video to fit the Virtual KVM Client window size, and maintains the aspect ratio so that you see the entire target server desktop without using the scroll bar.

To toggle scaling (on and off):

► *To turn off scaling:*

- Click View > Scale Video to deselect it.

► *To turn on scaling:*

- Click View > Scale Video to select it.

Full Screen Mode

When you enter Full Screen mode, the target's full screen is displayed and acquires the same resolution as the target server.

The hotkey used for exiting this mode is specified in the Options dialog, see Tool Options (on page 44).

While in Full Screen mode, moving your mouse to the top of the screen displays the Full Screen mode menu bar. The behavior of the menu in full screen mode is affected by some options on the Tool Options menu. See Tool Options > General Settings > Full Screen options

If you want the menu bar to remain visible while in Full Screen mode, enable the Pin Menu Toolbar option from the Tool Options dialog. See Tool Options (on page 44).

► *To enter full screen mode:*

- Choose View > Full Screen, or click the Full Screen button  .

► *To exit full screen mode:*

- Press the hotkey configured in the Tool's Options dialog. The default is Ctrl+Alt+M.

If you want to access the target in full screen mode at all times, you can make Full Screen mode the default.

► *To set Full Screen mode as the default mode:*

1. Click Tools > Options to open the Options dialog.
2. Select Enable Launch in Full Screen Mode and click OK.

Connect to Virtual Media

See Virtual Media (on page 18)

Smart Cards

Using the KX III, you are able to mount a smart card reader onto a target server to support smart card authentication and related applications.

For a list of supported smart cards, smart card readers, and additional system requirements, see Smart Card Minimum System Requirements, CIMs and Supported/Unsupported Smart Card Readers (on page 53).

Note: The USB Smart Card token (eToken NG-OTP) is only supported from the remote client.

Smart card reader mounting is also supported from the Local Console.

See Local Console Smart Card Access (on page 356).

Smart Card Minimum System Requirements, CIMs and Supported/Unsupported Smart Card Readers

Before you begin using a smart card reader, review the following:

- Smart Card Minimum System Requirements (on page 388)
- Supported Computer Interface Module (CIMs) Specifications (on page 382)
- Supported Smart Card Readers (on page 389)

Authentication When Accessing a Smart Card Reader

When accessing a server remotely, you can select an attached smart card reader and mount it onto the server.

Smart card authentication is used with the target server, it is not used to log into the device. Therefore, changes to smart card PIN and credentials do not require updates to device accounts.

PC Share Mode and Privacy Settings when Using Smart Cards

When PC-Share mode is enabled on the device, multiple users can share access to a target server.

However, when a smart card reader is connected to a target, the device will enforce privacy regardless of the PC-Share mode setting.

In addition, if you join a shared session on a target server, the smart card reader mounting will be disabled until exclusive access to the target server becomes available.

Smart Card Reader Detected

After a KVM session is established with a target server, a Smart Card menu and button are available in VKC and AKC.

Once the Smart Card button is selected or Smart Card is selected from the menu, the smart card readers that are detected as attached to the remote client are displayed in a dialog.

From this dialog, you can attach additional smart card readers, refresh the list of smart card readers attached to the target, and detach smart card readers.

You are also able to remove or reinsert a smart card. This function can be used to provide notification to a target server OS that requires a removal/reinsertion in order to display the appropriate login dialog. Using this function allows the notification to be sent to a single target without affecting other active KVM sessions.

Mount a Smart Card Reader

When mounted onto the target server, the card reader and smart card will cause the server to behave as if they had been directly attached.

Removal of the smart card or smart card reader will cause the user session to be locked or you will be logged out depending on how the card removal policy has been setup on the target server OS.

When the KVM session is terminated, either because it has been closed or because you switch to a new target, the smart card reader will be automatically unmounted from the target server.

► *To mount a smart card reader from VKC or AKC:*

1. Click the Smart Card menu and then select Smart Card Reader. Alternatively, click the Smart Card button  in the toolbar.
2. Select the smart card reader from the Select Smart Card Reader dialog.
3. Click Mount.
4. A progress dialog will open. Check the 'Mount selected card reader automatically on connection to targets' checkbox to mount the smart card reader automatically the next time you connect to a target. Click OK to begin the mounting process.

Update a Smart Card Reader

▶ *To update the smart card in the Select Smart Card Reader dialog:*

- Click Refresh List if a new smart card reader has been attached to the client PC.

Send Smart Card Remove and Reinsert Notifications

▶ *To send smart card remove and reinsert notifications to the target:*

- Select the smart card reader that is currently mounted and click the Remove/Reinsert button.

Unmount (Remove) a Smart Card Reader

▶ *To unmount a smart card reader:*

- Select the smart card reader to be unmounted and click the Unmount button.

Digital Audio

The KX III supports end-to-end, bidirectional, digital audio connections for digital audio playback and capture devices from a remote client to a target server.

The audio devices are accessed over a USB connection.

- Current device firmware is required.

The audio devices are accessed over a USB connection.

- Current device firmware is required.
- One of the following CIMs must be used:
  - D2CIM-DVUSB
  - D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI
  - D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI
  - D2CIM-DVUSB-DP
  - D2CIM-DVUSB-MDP

Windows®, Linux® and Mac® operating systems are supported. VKC, VKCS, and AKC support connections to audio devices.

Note: Audio CDs are not supported by virtual media so they do not work with the audio feature.

- Before you begin using the audio feature, review the audio related information documented in the next sections.

Note: Audio formats are no longer selectable from all clients (HKC, AKC, VKCs). It is now set to Stereo 16 bit 44100Hz and cannot be changed.

Supported Audio Device Formats

The KX III supports one playback and capture device and one record device on a target at a time. The following audio device formats are supported:

- Stereo, 16 bit, 44.1K

Digital Audio VKC and AKC Icons

These icons are located in status bar at the bottom of the client window.

Icon Name	Audio Icons	Description
Speakers		Blinking waves indicate an audio playback session is currently streaming
		A black speaker icon is displayed when the audio playback session is connected, but not streaming audio.
		A cross in front of the speaker icon means the audio is disconnected.
Microphone		Blinking waves indicate an audio capture session is currently underway.
		A black Microphone icon is displayed without waves when connected, but not is use.
		A slash on the microphone icon indicates the microphone is disconnected.

Audio Playback and Capture Recommendations and Requirements

Audio Level

- Set the target audio level to a mid-range setting.

  For example, on a Windows® client, set the audio to 50 or lower.

This setting must be configured through the playback or capture audio device, not from the client audio device control.

Recommendations for Audio Connections when PC Share Mode is Enabled

If you are using the audio feature while running PC Share mode, audio playback and capture are interrupted if an additional audio device is connected to the target.

For example, User A connects a playback device to Target1 and runs an audio playback application then User B connects a capture device to the same target. User A's playback session is interrupted and the audio application may need to be restarted.

The interruption occurs because the USB device needs to be re-enumerated with the new device configuration.

It may take some time for the target to install a driver for the new device.

Audio applications may stop playback completely, go to the next track, or just continue playing.

The exact behavior is dependent on how the audio application is designed to handle a disconnect/reconnect event.

Bandwidth Requirements

The table below details the audio playback and capture bandwidth requirements to transport audio.

Audio format	Network bandwidth requirement
44.1 KHz, 16bit stereo	176 KB/s

In practice, the bandwidth used when an audio device connects to a target is higher due to the keyboard and video data consumed when opening and using an audio application on the target.

A general recommendation is to have at least a 1.5MB connection before running audio/video.

- However, high video-content, full-color connections using high-target screen resolutions consume much more bandwidth and impact the quality of the audio considerably.
- Set Smoothing to High. This will improve the appearance of the target video by reducing displayed video noise
- Under Video settings, set the Noise Filter to its highest setting of 7 (highest value) so less bandwidth is used for target screen changes

Saving Audio Settings

Audio device settings are applied on a per KX III device basis.

Once the audio devices settings are configured and saved on the KX III, the same settings are applied to it.

See: Connecting and Disconnecting from a Digital Audio Device (on page 58) for information on connecting to and configuring an audio device, and Adjusting Capture and Playback Buffer Size (Audio Settings) (on page 59) for information on audio device buffer settings.

If you are using the audio feature while running PC Share mode and VM Share mode so multiple users can access the same audio device on a target at once, the audio device settings of the user who initiates the session are applied to all users who join the session.

So, when a user joins an audio session, the target machine settings are used.

Connecting to Multiple Targets from a Single Remote Client

Connect to audio on up to four (4) target servers at the same time from a single, remote client.

See: Connecting and Disconnecting from a Digital Audio Device (on page 58) for information on connecting to audio devices.

A Speaker icon is displayed in the status bar at the bottom of the client window. It is grayed out when no audio is being used. When the Speaker icon and Microphone icon are displayed in the status bar, the session is being captured as it is streamed.

Note: When audio is connected, the idle user timeout setting is ignored.

Operating System Audio Playback Support

Review the table shown here to see which client works with audio playback/capture for each operating system:

Operating system	Audio playback and capture supported by:
Windows®	• Active KVM Client (AKC) • Virtual KVM Client (VKC)
Linux®	• Virtual KVM Client (VKC)
Mac®	• Virtual KVM Client (VKC)

Connecting and Disconnecting from a Digital Audio Device

Audio device settings are applied on a per KX III device basis.

Once the audio devices settings are configured and saved on the KX III, the same settings are applied to it.

See: Saving Audio Settings (on page 57) for more information.

Note: If you are using the audio feature while running PC Share mode and VM Share mode, see: Audio Playback and Capture Recommendations and Requirements (on page 56), Audio Playback and Capture Recommendations and Requirements (on page 390) for important information.

Connect to a Digital Audio Device

► *To connect to an audio device:*

1. Connect the audio device to the remote client PC prior to launching the browser connection to the KX III.
2. Connect to the target from the Port Access page.
3. Once connected, click the Audio button in the toolbar.

The Connect Audio Device dialog appears. A list of available audio devices connected to the remote client PC is displayed.

Note: If there are no available audio devices connected to the remote client PC, the Audio icon is grayed out. .

---

4. Check Connect Playback Device if you are connecting to a playback device.
5. Select the device that you wish to connect from the drop-down list.
6. Select the audio format for the playback device from the Format: drop-down.

Note: Select the format that you wish to use based on the available network bandwidth. Formats with lower sampling rates consume less bandwidth and may tolerate more network congestion.

---

7. Select the "Mount selected playback device automatically on connection to target" checkbox to automatically connect an audio playback device when you connect to an audio supporting target.
8. Check Connect Recording Device if you are connecting a recording device.

Note: The device names listed in the Connect Recording Device drop-down are truncated to a maximum of 30 characters for Java clients.

---

9. Select the device that you wish to connect from the drop-down list.
10. Select the audio format for the recording device from the Format: drop-down.
11. Click OK. If the audio connection is established, a confirmation message appears. Click OK.

If the connection was not established, an error message appears.

Once an audio connection is established, the Audio menu changes to Disconnect Audio. The settings for the audio device are saved and applied to subsequent connections to the audio device.

A Speaker icon is displayed in the status bar at the bottom of the client window. It is grayed out when no audio is being used. When the Speaker icon and Microphone icon are displayed in the status bar, the session is being captured as it is streamed.

Disconnect from an Audio Device

► *To disconnect from the audio device:*

- Click the Audio icon  in the toolbar and select OK when you are prompted to confirm the disconnect. A confirmation message appears. Click OK.

Adjusting Capture and Playback Buffer Size (Audio Settings)

Once an audio device is connected, the buffer size can be adjusted as needed.

This feature is useful for controlling the quality of the audio, which may be impacted by bandwidth limitations or network spikes.

Increasing the buffer size improves the audio quality but may impact the delivery speed.

The maximum available buffer size is 400 milliseconds since anything higher than that greatly impacts audio quality.

The buffer size can be adjusted whenever needed, including during an audio session.

Audio settings are configured in VKC or AKC.

Adjust Audio Settings

► *To adjust audio settings:*

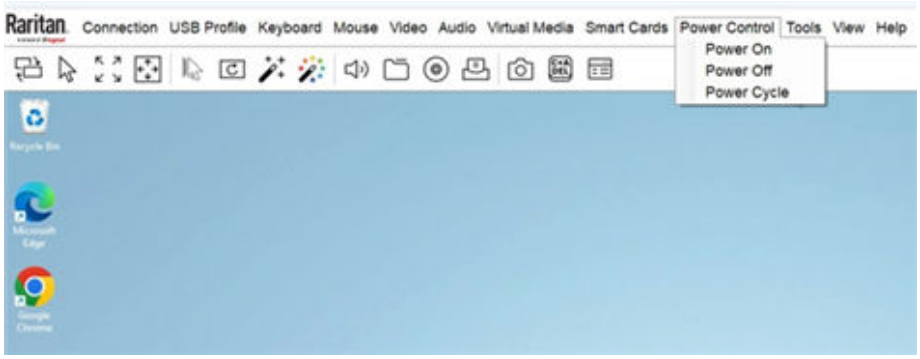
1. Select Audio Settings from the Audio menu. The Audio Settings dialog opens.
2. Adjust the capture and/or playback buffer size as needed. Click OK.



Power Control Using VKC, VKCS, and AKC

You can power on, power off, and power cycle a target through the outlet it is connected to.

Access the target, and then select a power control option from the Power Control menu.



The menu option is disabled if you do not have permission for power control, and when outlets are not associated with the port.

Note: The KVM client's Power Control can manage the outlets of the PDU connected to the KVM device.

Version Information

For version information about the client, in case you require assistance from Raritan Technical Support.

▶ *Virtual KVM Client:*

- Choose Help > About Raritan Virtual KVM Client.

▶ *Active KVM Client:*

- Choose Help > About Raritan Active KVM Client.

▶ *HTML KVM Client:*

- Choose Help > About Raritan HTML KVM Client.

Active KVM Client (AKC)

To launch AKC, enter https://<IP address>/akc in a browser.

The Active KVM Client (AKC) is based on Microsoft Windows .NET® technology.

This allows you to run the client in a Windows environments without Java..

For details on using the features, see Virtual KVM Client (VKC and VKCs) Help (on page 27).

Recommended Minimum Active KVM Client (AKC) Requirements

It is recommended that the Active KVM Client (AKC) machines meet the following minimum requirements.

- Client machine with either a -
  - 'modern' dual-core CPU for a single connections, or
  - 'modern' quad core CPU for two or more simultaneous connections
- 4GB of RAM

AKC Supported Microsoft .NET Framework

The Active KVM Client (AKC) requires Windows .NET®. See the Release Notes for supported versions.

AKC Supported Operating Systems

When launched from Edge®, the Active KVM Client (AKC) allows you to reach target servers via the KX III.

AKC is compatible with the following platforms:

- Windows 11 ® operating system (up to 64 bit)
  See the Release Notes for the latest supported versions.

AKC Supported Browsers

See the Release Notes for supported browser versions.

Prerequisites for Using AKC

Allow Cookies

Ensure the cookies from the IP address of the device that is being accessed are not currently being blocked.

Include KX III IP Address in 'Trusted Sites Zone'

Add the IP address of the device being accessed to the browser's Trusted Sites Zone.

Disable 'Protected Mode'

Make sure that Protected Mode is not on when accessing this device.

Device certificate requirement for AKC

To validate the AKC server certificate following steps must be performed

- Administrators must upload a valid certificate to the device or generate a self-signed certificate on the device. The certificate must have a valid host designation.
- Each user must add the CA certificate (or a copy of self-signed certificate) to the Trusted Root CA store in their browser.

Edge Chromium versions

The Edge Chromium browser has experimental ClickOnce support which must be enabled for AKC. The browser will not detect support for ClickOnce, so you will still need to download AKC manually.

- To enable ClickOnce in Edge: Type edge://flags in the browser, search for ClickOnce support, set to enabled and restart the browser.
- To download AKC manually: Go to the KX III URL, for example https://(KX-IP-Hostname)/akc then select "Please click here" on the message showing that ClickOnce support has not been detected.

Browser Tips for AKC

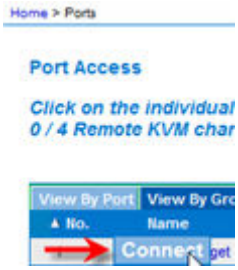
- If AKC fails to launch and displays an application error, you may need to delete the ClickOnce cache. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/troubleshoot/dotnet/framework/clickonce-application-fails-update

Connect to a Target from Virtual KVM Client (VKC), Standalone VKC (VKCs), or Active KVM Client (AKC)

Once you have logged on to the KX III Remote Console, access target servers via the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), Standalone VKC (VKCs), or Active KVM Client (AKC).

► *To connect to an available server:*

1. On the Port Access page, click on the port name of the target server you want to connect to. The Port Action menu opens.
2. Click Connect.



See Port Action Menu (on page 111) for details on additional available menu options.

HTML KVM Client (HKC)

The HTML KVM client (HKC) provides KVM over IP access that runs in the browser without the need for applets or browser plugins. HKC uses Javascript, NOT Java.

HKC runs on Linux and Mac clients, and on Windows clients in, Edge, Firefox, Chrome and Safari browsers.

A mobile version of HKC also runs on iOS v10 and higher. See KVM Client Launching (on page 26) for a full matrix of clients.

Many KVM features are supported. Future releases will provide more advanced KVM features.

► *Supported Features:*

- Connection Properties
- USB Profiles
- Video Settings
- Audio Playback
- Virtual Media
- Dual Video Targets
- Keyboard Macros
- Import and Export of Keyboard Macros
- Send Text to Target
- Keyboard and Mouse Settings
- Single Mouse Mode
- Power Control

► *Not supported:*

- Port Scanning
- Smartcard
- Limited Tools Menu options.
- Limited keyboard support: US-English, UK-English, French, German, Swiss-German, Swedish and Japanese are supported.
- Hotkeys for keyboard macros.
- Pre-populated keyboard macros for Sun targets.
- Can only create Macros from keys that exist on the client PC, no special function keys except for delay key.
- Virtual Media write not supported.
- USB drive connects.
- Audio capture.

► *Tips and Known Issues:*

- Ensure that the device certificate is installed and trusted. The certificate Common name should match the IP address/Hostname used to connect to the device. See SSL and TLS Certificates (on page 253) for information on creating and installing certificates
- When Single Mouse Mode in the Edge browser is selected for the first time, the user is prompted to turn off the local mouse pointer. Select the bottom part of the Yes button.
- Target connections from Chrome 61 running on Fedora requires HardWare Acceleration to be enabled.
- If erratic mouse response is seen in Single Mouse mode on Fedora clients using the default Gnome desktop, use the Gnome classic desktop.
- To enable scrollbars on Mac Browser target connections: On the OS menu bar, choose System Preferences > General > Show scroll bars: Always.
- For Mac/Safari IPv6 device connections, use device hostname.
- Client Keyboard input selection should be set for each device individually.
- If encountering issues on browsers that have previously connected to an older version, it may be necessary to clear the Cache Web Content from the browser.
- From Chrome running on Linux, to get ´ ` or ^, the key needs to be hit three times, or twice followed by a space.
- If HKC does not load, but rather displays a white screen, your browser memory may be full. Close all browser windows and try again.
- In Chrome, disable the background throttling to prevent background tabs from disconnecting after a certain amount of time. Go to chrome://flags, then search for "throttle". Set "Throttle Javascript timers in backgound" and "Calculate window occlusion on Windows" to "Disabled". Restart chrome to apply settings.

Connection Properties

Connection properties manage streaming video performance over remote connections to target servers.

The properties are applied only to your connection - they do not impact the connection of other users accessing the same target servers.

If you make changes to connection properties, they are retained by the client.

► *To view connection properties:*

- Choose File > Connection Properties.

Default Connection Properties

The KX III comes configured to provide optimal performance for the majority of video streaming conditions.

► *KX3 default connection settings:*

- Optimized for: Text Readability - video modes are designed to maximize text readability.

This setting is ideal for general IT and computer applications, such as performing server administration.

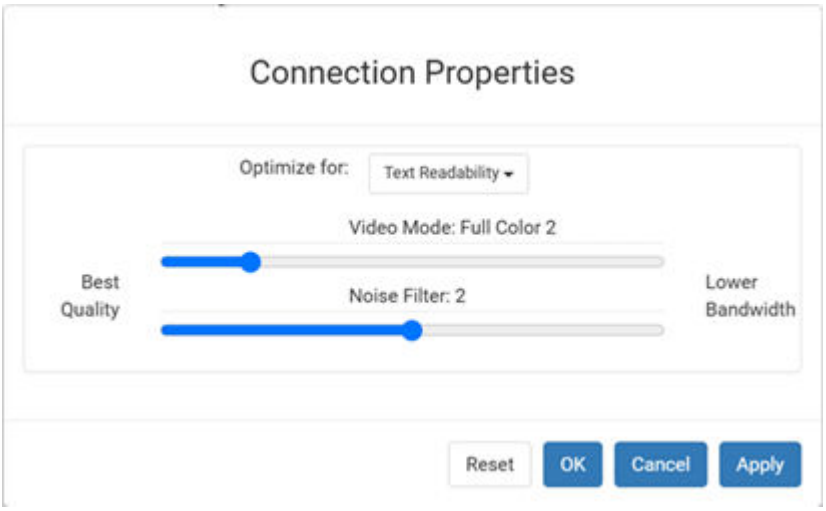
- Video Mode - defaults to Full Color 2.

  Video frames transmit in high-quality, 24-bit color. This setting is suitable where a high-speed LAN is used.

- Noise Filter - defaults to 2.

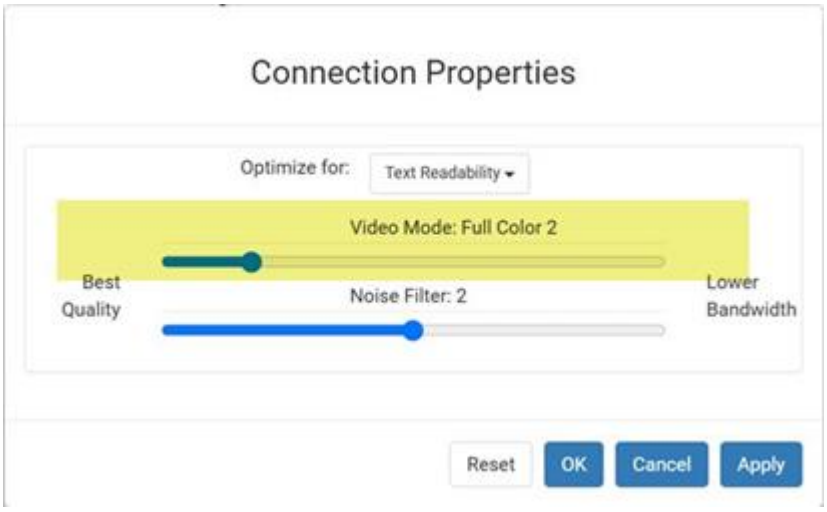
  The noise filter setting does not often need to be changed.

Click Reset to regain the default connection properties.



Video Mode

The Video Mode slider controls each video frame's encoding, affecting video quality, frame rate and bandwidth.



In general, moving the slider to the left results in higher quality at the cost of higher bandwidth and, in some cases, lower frame rate.

Moving the slider to the right enables stronger compression, reducing the bandwidth per frame, but video quality is reduced.

In situations where system bandwidth is a limiting factor, moving the video mode slider to the right can result in higher frame rates.

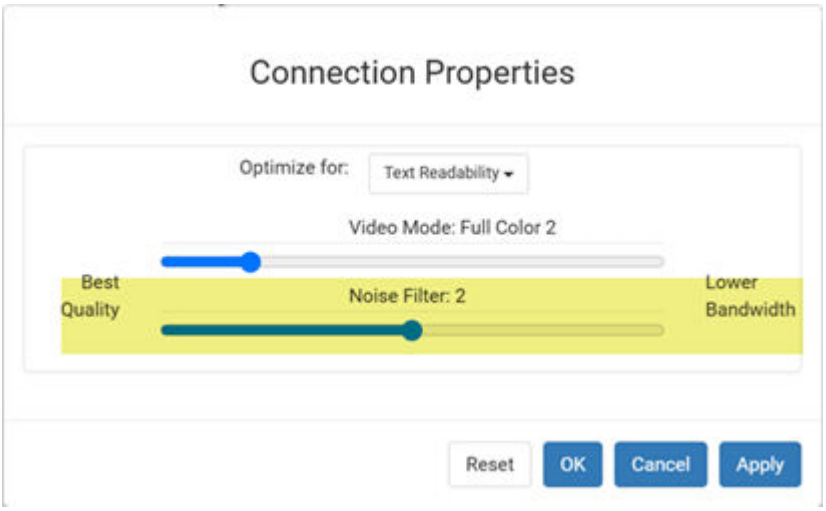
When Text Readability is selected as the Optimized setting, the four rightmost modes provide reduced color resolution or no color at all.

These modes are appropriate for administration work where text and GUI elements take priority, and bandwidth is at a premium.

Noise Filter

Unless there is a specific need to do so, do not change the noise filter setting. The default setting is designed to work well in most situations.

The Noise Filter controls how much interframe noise is absorbed by the KX III.



Moving the Noise Filter slider to the left lowers the filter threshold, resulting in higher dynamic video quality. However, more noise is likely to come through, resulting in higher bandwidth and lower frame rates.

Moving the slider to the right raises the threshold, allows less noise and less bandwidth is used. Video artifacts may be increased.

Moving the noise filter to the right may be useful when accessing a computer GUI over severely bandwidth-limited connections.

Connection Info

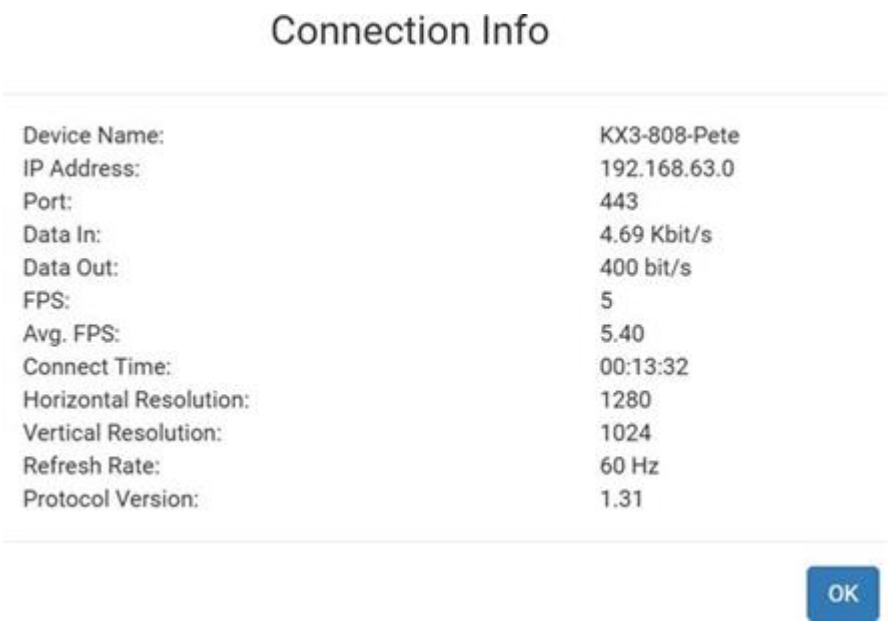
Open the Connection Information dialog for real-time connection information on your current connection, and copy the information from the dialog as needed.

See Default Connection Properties (on page 65) for help configuring the connection properties.

- Name of the device
- IP address of the device
- Port - The KVM communication TCP/IP port used to access the device
- Data In/Second - Data rate received from the device
- Data Out/Second - Data rate sent to the device
- FPS - Video frames per second from the device.
- Average FPS - Average number of video frames per second.
- Connect Time - The duration of the current connection.
- Resolution - The target server's horizontal and vertical resolution.
- Refresh Rate - Refresh rate of the target server.
- Protocol Version - communications protocol version.
- Subsampling - Adaptive color subsampling
- Audio Playback Sample Rate - Audio playback sample rate seen if audio is connected.

► *To view connection info:*

- Choose File > Connection Info.



USB Profile

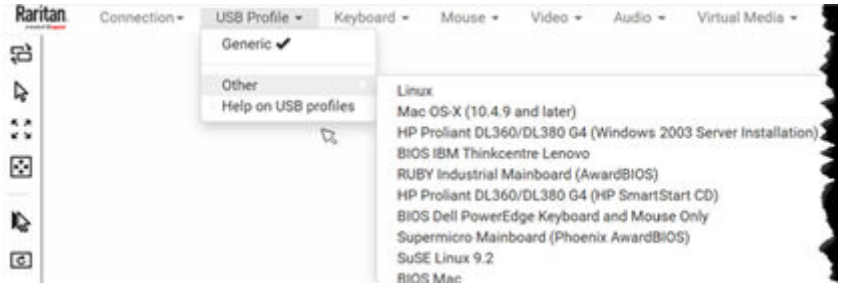
Select a USB profile that best applies to the KVM target server.

For example, if the server is running Windows® operating system, it would be best to use the Generic profile.

Or, to change settings in the BIOS menu or boot from a virtual media drive, depending on the target server model, a BIOS profile may be more appropriate.

► *To set a USB profile for a target server:*

- Choose USB Profile, then choose Generic, or choose Other Profiles to select from a menu.



Note: When using the D2CIM-VUSB-USBC on Mac targets, you must select the "Mac USB-C" profile.

► *To view details on USB profiles:*

Choose USB Profile > Help on USB Profiles.

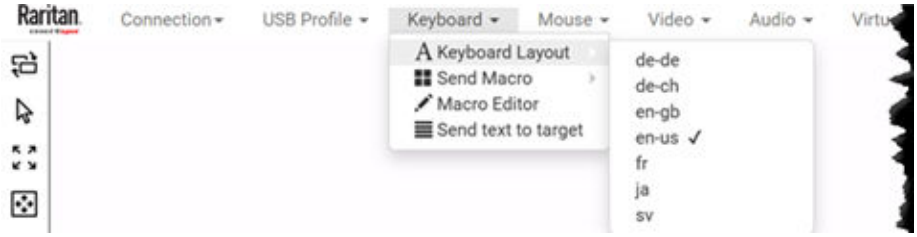
Keyboard and Mouse Menu

Keyboard Layout

► *To set your keyboard type.*

- Choose Input > Keyboard Layout, then select your keyboard type.
  - de-de
  - de-ch
  - en-gb
  - en-us

- fr
- ja
- sv

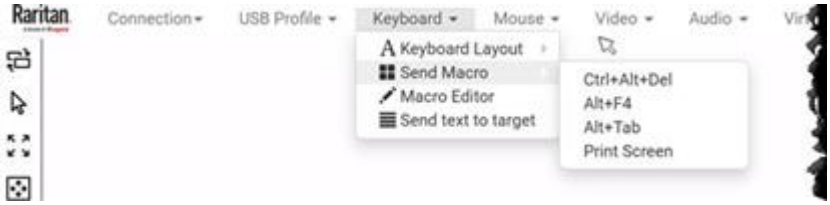


Send Macro

Due to frequent use, several keyboard macros are preprogrammed.

► *To send a preprogrammed macro:*

- Choose Input > Send Macro, then select the macro:
  - Ctrl+Alt+Del: Sends the key sequence to the target without affecting the client.
  - Alt+F4: Closes a window on a target server.
  - Alt+Tab: Switch between open windows on a target server.
  - Print Screen: Take a screenshot of the target server.



Macro Editor

Keyboard macros ensure that keystroke combinations intended for the target server are sent to and interpreted only by the target server. Otherwise, they might be interpreted by your client PC.

Macros are stored on the client PC and are PC-specific. If you use another PC, you cannot see your macros.

Macros created with HKC are only available with the current browser and KVM device. If you use HKC in more than one browser, or more than one KX III, your macros will only be available on the browser and KX III where they were created. To reuse your macros in another KX III device, you can import and export the macro files. See Import and Export Macros (on page 75).

► *To Access the Macro Editor:*

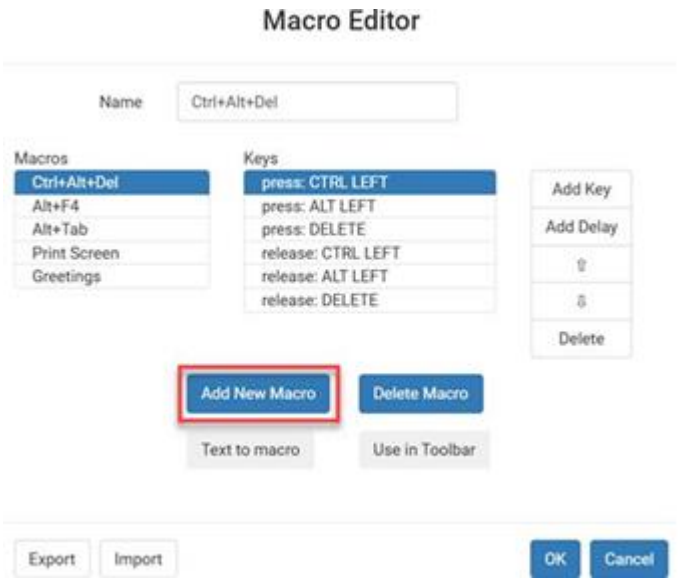
- Choose Keyboard > Macro Editor.
- Select a macro from the Macros list to view the key combination.



Add New Macro

► *To add a new macro:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Macro Editor.
2. Click Add New Macro.



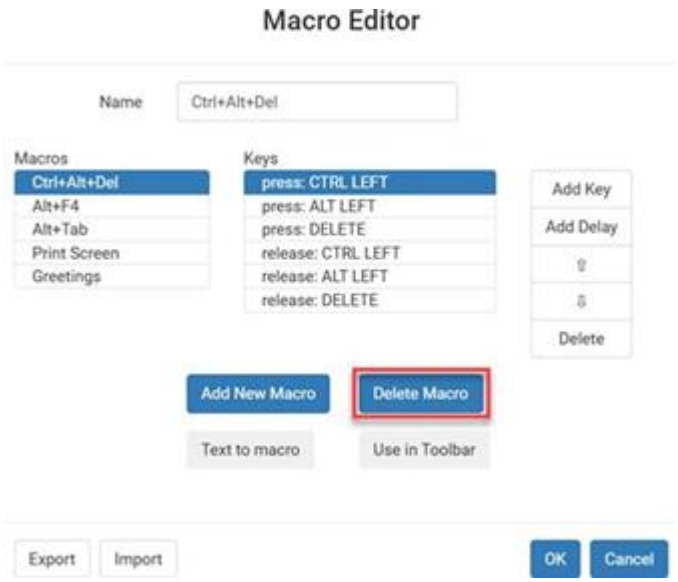
3. Enter a Name for the new macro. The name will appear in the Send Macro menu once the macro is saved.
4. Click Add Key, then press the key you want to add to the macro. The key press and key release appear in the Keys list.
   - To add more keys, click Add Key again, and press another key.
   - To remove a key, select it in the Keys list and click Delete.
5. To put the keys in the correct sequence, click to select a key in the Keys list, then click the up and down arrows.
6. To add a 500 ms delay to a key sequence, click Add Delay. A delay in the middle of a press-and-release key sequence indicates holding down a key. Add multiple delays to indicate a longer press-and-hold of a key. Click the up and down arrows to move the delays into the correct sequence.
7. Click OK to save. To use this macro from your toolbar, click Use in Toolbar. See Add a Macro to the Toolbar (on page 73) for more details.

This example shows a macro for a Mac bootup sequence that requires a 2-second delay.

Delete a Macro

► *To delete a macro:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Macro Editor.
2. Select the macro, then click Delete Macro.
3. Click OK.



Add a Macro to the Toolbar

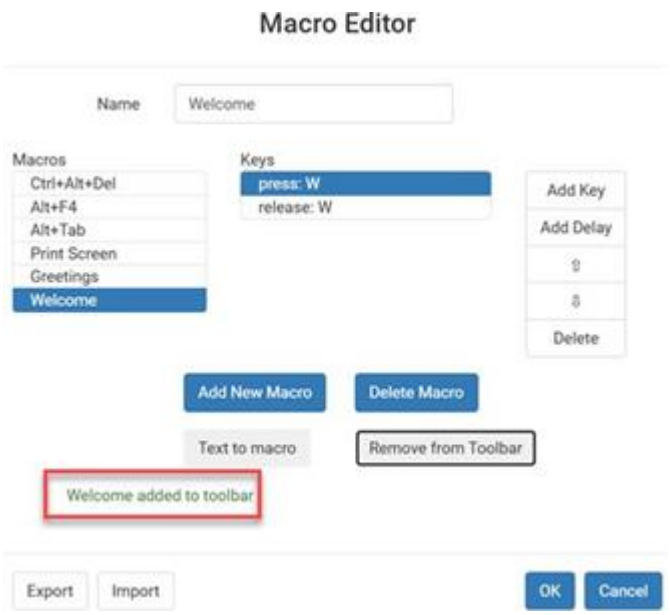
You can add a single macro to your HKC toolbar, so that you can use the macro by clicking an icon.

► *To add a macro to the toolbar:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Macro Editor.
2. Select a macro from the Macros list.
3. Click Use in Toolbar.



4. A message appears to confirm the macro is added to the toolbar.



5. To remove the macro from the toolbar, click Remove from Toolbar, or select a different macro and click Use in Toolbar.
6. Click OK and exit the Macro Editor. The macro icon is added to the toolbar when one has been set.



Import and Export Macros

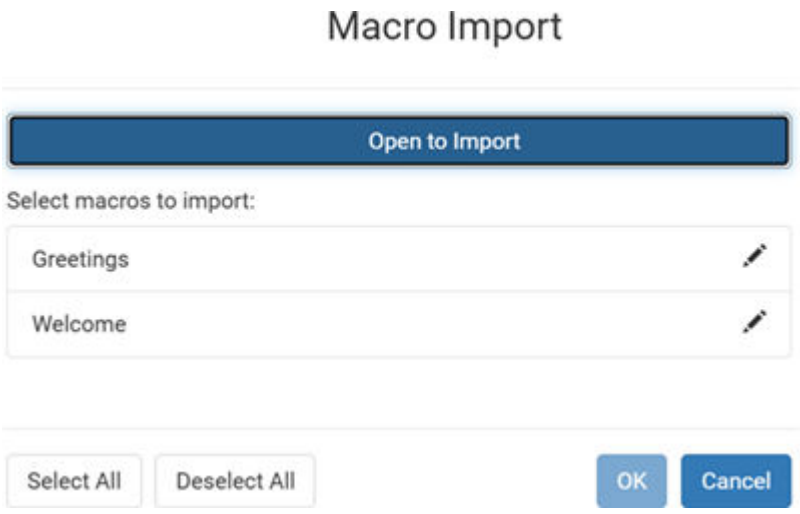
Macros created with HKC are only available with the current browser and KVM device. If you use HKC in more than one browser, or more than one KX III, your macros will only be available on the browser and KX III where they were created. To reuse your macros in another KX III device, you can import and export the macro files. Imported and exported macro files created on HKC are only compatible with HKC, and cannot be used on AKC or VKC. Likewise, macro files created on AKC or VKC cannot be imported for use on HKC.

Macros are exported to an xml file named "usermacros.xml". Files are saved in your browser's default download location. Default macros are not exported.

Note: When exporting macros from Edge browser, a Down arrow is briefly displayed at the bottom of the KVM window and a file named "unconfirmed.crdownload" is saved to the default download directory. To use this file as a macro input file, rename it with a .xml extension.

► *To export and import macros:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Macro Editor. The list of macros created for your browser and KX III displays in the Macro Editor dialog.
2. To export the list, click the Export button, then save the file.
3. Log in to the KX III where you want to import the macros.
4. Choose Input > Macro Editor.
5. Click Import, then click Open to Import and select the usermacros.xml file, and click OK.
6. The macros found in the file display in the list. Select the macros you want to import, then click OK.
   - Macro names must be unique. If a macro with the same name already exists, an error message appears. Click the Edit icon to rename the macro, then click the checkmark to save the name.



Text to macro

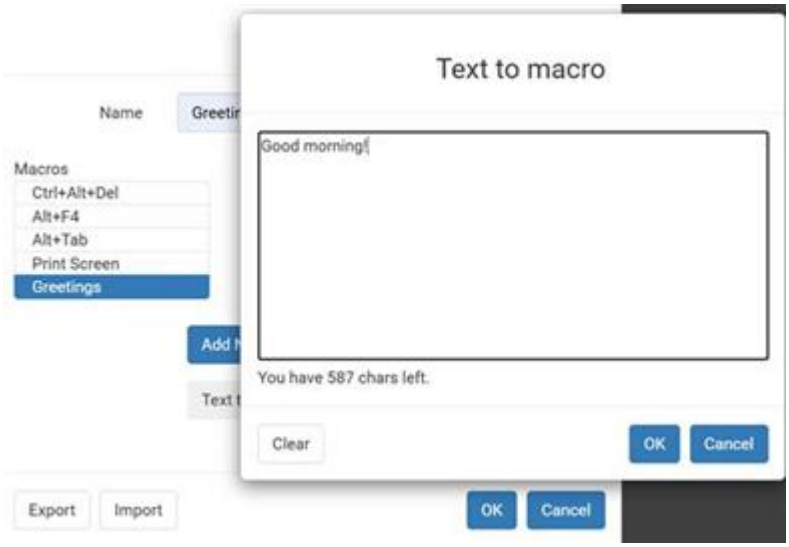
Text to macros will enable you to work more efficiently by producing frequently used phrases and paragraphs with a single command. Create a new macro and then assign text to it.

► *To add text to a macro:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Macro Editor.



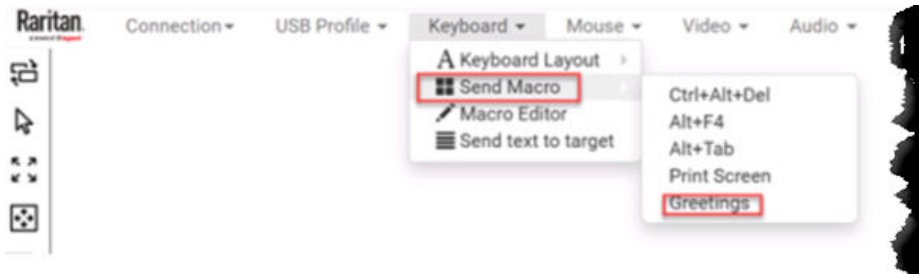
2. Select to add new macro and enter a macro name.
3. Click Text to macro.



4. Enter text in the text box and then click OK to save.
5. Click OK again in the Macro Editor to save the macro.

► *To use macros with text:*

1. Connect to target you want to send macro to
2. Choose Input > Send Macro and then select the macro you created.
3. Macro will be sent to the target.



Known Issues for Macros

- You cannot add the Command (Windows) key to a macro from Fedora browsers. The key is consumed by the OS.

Send Text to Target

Use the Send Text to Target function to send text directly to the target. If a text editor or command prompt is open and selected on the target, the text is pasted there.

► *To send text to target:*

1. Choose Keyboard > Send text to target or click  in the toolbar.
2. Enter the text you want sent to the target. Supported keyboard characters only.
3. Click OK.

Mouse Modes

You can operate in either single mouse mode or dual mouse mode.

When in a dual mouse mode, and provided the option is properly configured, the mouse cursors align.

When controlling a target server, the Remote Console displays two mouse cursors - one belonging to your KX III client workstation, and the other belonging to the target server.

When there are two mouse cursors, the device offers several mouse modes:

- Absolute (Mouse Synchronization)
- Intelligent (Mouse Mode)
- Standard (Mouse Mode)

When the mouse pointer lies within the KVM Client target server window, mouse movements and clicks are directly transmitted to the connected target server. While in motion, the client mouse pointer slightly leads the target mouse pointer due to mouse acceleration settings.

Intelligent mode requires that "Enhanced Pointer Precision" is unticked on the target (Control Panel/ Mouse/Pointer Options) and mouse speed is 50%.

Single mouse mode allows you to view only the target server's pointer. You can use Single mouse mode when Intelligent and Standard Modes don't work. You can toggle between these two modes (single mouse and dual mouse).

Absolute Mouse Synchronization

In this mode, absolute coordinates are used to keep the client and target cursors in synch, even when the target mouse is set to a different acceleration or speed. This mode is supported on servers with USB ports and is the default mode for virtual media CIMs.

- Absolute Mouse Synchronization requires the use of a virtual media CIM - D2CIM-VUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI, D2CIM-DVUSB-DP, D2CIM-VUSB-USBC

► *To enter Absolute Mouse Synchronization Mode:*

- Choose Input > Mouse Modes > Absolute.

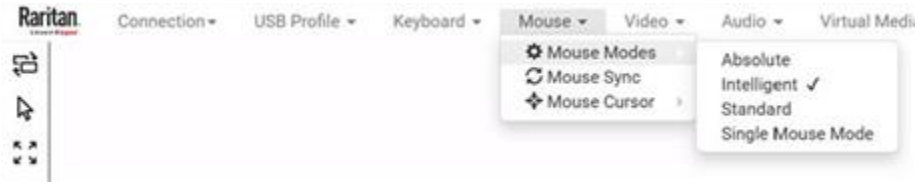


Intelligent

In Intelligent Mouse mode, the device can detect the target mouse settings and synchronize the mouse cursors accordingly, allowing mouse acceleration on the target.

► *To enter Intelligent mouse mode:*

- Choose Mouse > Mouse Mode > Intelligent. The mouse will sync. See Intelligent Mouse Synchronization Conditions (on page 42), Intelligent Mouse Synchronization Conditions (on page 80).



Standard

Standard Mouse mode uses a standard mouse synchronization algorithm. The algorithm determines relative mouse positions on the client and target server.

In order for the client and target mouse cursors to stay in synch, mouse acceleration must be disabled. Additionally, specific mouse parameters must be set correctly.

► *To enter Standard mouse mode:*

- Choose Mouse > Mouse Modes > Standard.



Single

Single Mouse mode uses only the target server mouse cursor; the client mouse cursor no longer appears onscreen.

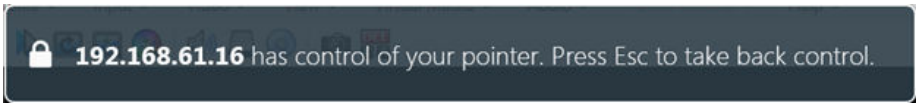
Note: Single mouse mode does not work on Windows or Linux targets when the client is running on a Virtual Machine. Single mouse mode is not available on Edge.

► *To enter Single mouse mode:*

- Choose Mouse > Mouse Modes > Single.



- A message appears at the top of the client window: Press Esc to show your cursor.



► *To exit Single mouse mode:*

- Press Esc.
- Mouse mode changes back to dual mode.

Mouse Sync

In dual mouse mode, the Synchronize Mouse command forces realignment of the target server mouse cursor with the client mouse cursor.

Note: This option is available only in Standard and Intelligent mouse modes.

► *To synchronize the mouse cursors:*

- Choose Inputs > Mouse Sync.

Intelligent Mouse Synchronization Conditions

The Intelligent Mouse Synchronization command, available on the Mouse menu, automatically synchronizes mouse cursors during moments of inactivity. For this to work properly, however, the following conditions must be met:

- The active desktop should be disabled on the target.
- No windows should appear in the top left corner of the target page.
- There should not be an animated background in the top left corner of the target page.
- The target mouse cursor shape should be normal and not animated.
- For optimal mouse performance, set the target mouse speed to 50%. Avoid using extremely low or high mouse speed settings.
- The target advanced mouse properties such as “Enhanced pointer precision" or “Snap mouse to default button in dialogs” should be disabled.
- The edges of the target video should be clearly visible (that is, a black border should be visible between the target desktop and the remote KVM console window when you scroll to an edge of the target video image).
- When using the intelligent mouse synchronization function, having a file icon or folder icon located in the upper left corner of your desktop may cause the function not to work properly. To be sure to avoid any problems with this function, do not have file icons or folder icons in the upper left corner of your desktop.

After autosensing the target video, manually initiate mouse synchronization by clicking the Synchronize Mouse button on the toolbar. This also applies when the resolution of the target changes if the mouse cursors start to desync from each other.

If intelligent mouse synchronization fails, this mode will revert to standard mouse synchronization behavior.

Please note that mouse configurations will vary on different target operating systems. Consult your OS guidelines for further details. Also note that intelligent mouse synchronization does not work with UNIX targets.

Mouse Cursor

In dual mouse modes, you can select a custom cursor shape for your session. To make the cursor selection permanent, see Client Launch Settings (on page 47).

To change the cursor shape see: Cursor Shape (on page 43)

Video Menu

Refresh Screen

The Refresh Screen command forces a refresh of the video screen. Video settings can be refreshed automatically in several ways:

- The Refresh Screen command forces a refresh of the video screen.
- The Auto-Sense command automatically detects the target server's video settings.
- The Color Calibration command calibrates the video to enhance the colors being displayed.
- In addition, you can manually adjust the settings using the Video Settings command.

► *To force a refresh of the video screen:*

- Choose Video > Refresh Video.
- 

Screenshot

Take a screenshot of a target server using the Screenshot command.

► *To take a screenshot of the target server:*

1. Choose Video > Screenshot.
2. The screenshot file appears as a download to view or save. Exact options depend on your client browser.



Auto Sense

The Auto Sense command forces a re-sensing of the video settings, such as resolution and refresh rate, and redraws the video screen.

► *To automatically re-sense the video settings:*

- Choose Video > Auto Sense .

A message stating that the auto adjustment is in progress appears.



Color Calibration

The Color Calibration command optimizes the color levels, such as hue, brightness, and saturation, of the transmitted video images.

The color settings are on a target server-basis.

Note: When color is successfully calibrated, the values are cached and reused each time you switch to the target. Changes to the brightness and contrast in Video Settings are not cached. Changing resolution resets the video to the cached values again. You can clear the cached values in Video > Clear Video Settings Cache. See Clear Video Settings Cache (on page 40).

► *To calibrate color:*

- Choose Video > Color Calibration.
  A message stating that the color calibration is in progress appears.



Video Settings

Use the Video Settings command to manually adjust the video settings.

► *To change the video settings:*

1. Choose Video > Video Settings to open the Video Settings dialog.
2. Adjust the following settings as required. As you adjust the settings the effects are immediately visible:
   a. PLL Settings: Clock - Controls how quickly video pixels are displayed across the video screen. Changes made to clock settings cause the video image to stretch or shrink horizontally. Odd number settings are recommended. Under most circumstances, this setting should not be changed because the autodetect is usually quite accurate.

Phase - Phase values range from 0 to 31 and will wrap around. Stop at the phase value that produces the best video image for the active target server.

b. Brightness: Use this setting to adjust the brightness of the target server display.

   Brightness Red - Controls the brightness of the target server display for the red signal.

   Brightness Green - Controls the brightness of the green signal.

   Brightness Blue - Controls the brightness of the blue signal.

c. Contrast Red - Controls the red signal contrast.

   Contrast Green - Controls the green signal.

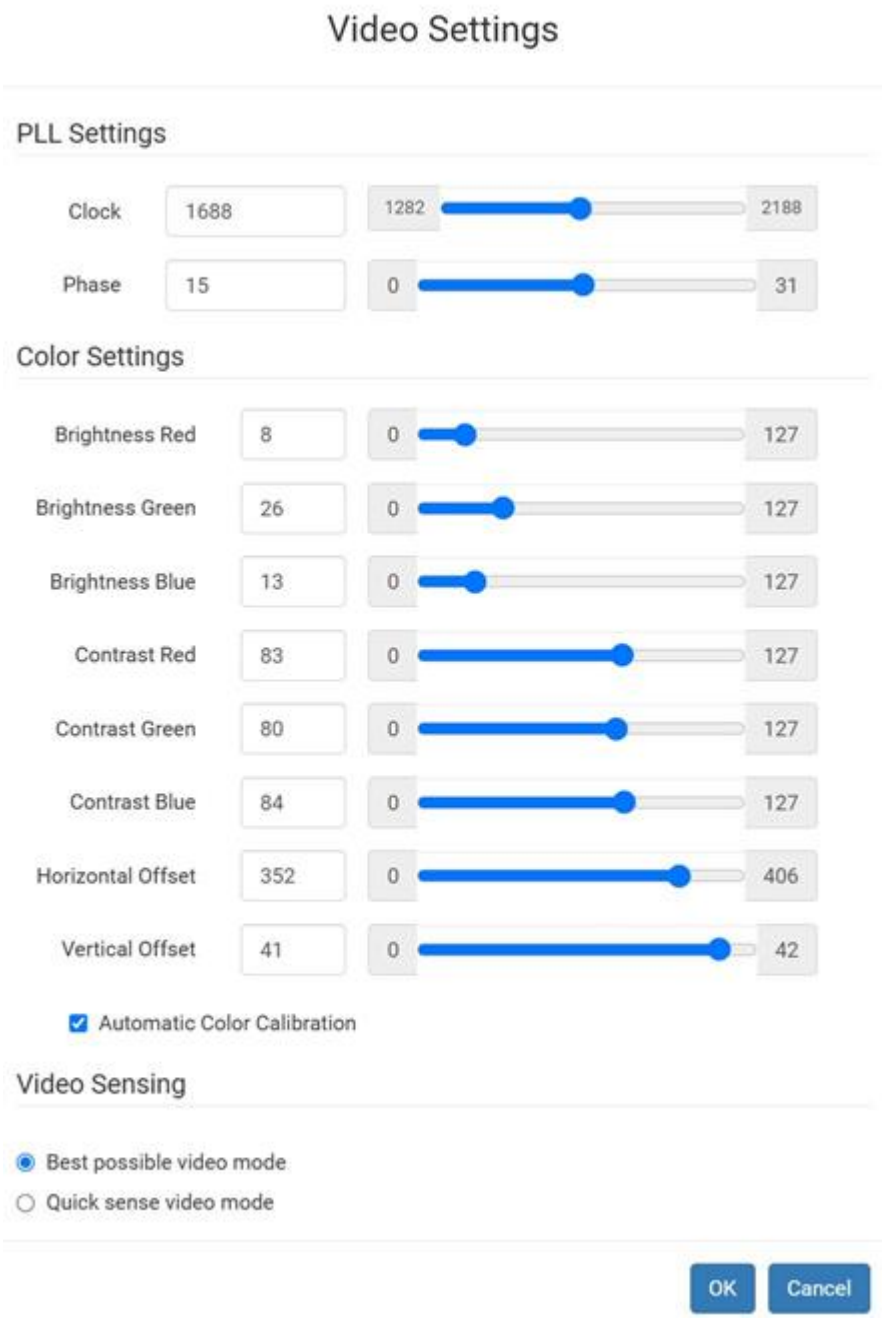
   Contrast Blue - Controls the blue signal.

   If the video image looks extremely blurry or unfocused, the settings for clock and phase can be adjusted until a better image appears on the active target server.

Warning: Exercise caution when changing the Clock and Phase settings. Doing so may result in lost or distorted video and you may not be able to return to the previous state. Contact Technical Support before making any changes.

d. Horizontal Offset - Controls the horizontal positioning of the target server display on your monitor.

e. Vertical Offset - Controls the vertical positioning of the target server display on your monitor.



Clear Video Settings Cache

You can clear the video settings cache to delete old settings that do not apply anymore, such as when a target server is replaced. When you clear the video settings cache, the server automatically does a video auto-sense and color calibration. The new values are cached and reused when the target is accessed again.

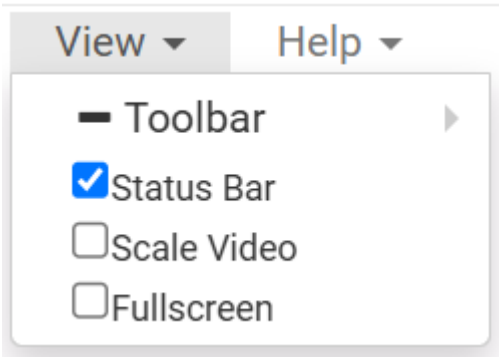
► *To clear the video settings cache:*

- Choose Video > Clear Video Settings Cache in the toolbar.



View Menu

The View Menu contains options to customize your HKC display.



► *Toolbar:*

The Toolbar selection allows a user to set it to Hidden, Vertical or Horizontal view. By default, the toolbar is displayed vertically, but you can reposition it horizontally or hide it entirely.

► *Status Bar:*

The Status Bar displays screen resolution at the bottom of the client window.

► *Scale Video:*

Scale Video scales your video to view the entire contents of the target server window in your HKC window. The scaling maintains the aspect ratio so that you see the entire target server desktop without using the scroll bar.

► *Fullscreen:*

Fullscreen sets the target window to the size of your full screen, removing your client from the view.

- Press Esc to exit fullscreen.

Virtual Media Menu

Due to browser limitations, HKC supports a different set of virtual media functions than the other KVM Clients.

Due to browser resources, virtual media file transfer is slower on HKC than the other KVM clients.

Connect Files and Folders

The Connect Files and Folders command provides an area to drag and drop files or folders that you want to connect by means of virtual media.

Supported browsers: Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge.

File size limit: 4GB per file

► *To connect files and folders:*

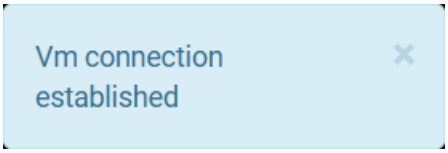
1. Choose Virtual Media > Connect Files and Folders. Or, click the matching icon in toolbar.



2. Drag files or folders onto the Map Virtual Media Files and Folders dialog. Click OK.

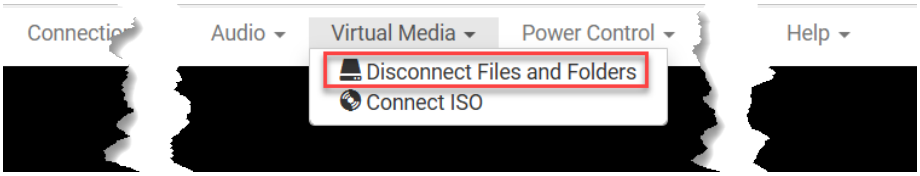


3. A message appears to show virtual media is connected. After a short time, a VM drive containing the selected files or folders will be mapped to the target server.



► *To disconnect files and folders:*

- Choose Virtual Media > Disconnect Files and Folders. Or, click the matching icon in the toolbar.



Connect ISO

The Connect ISO command maps a virtual media image file to the target. You can connect ISO, DMG or IMG files from your client PC or ISO files from a remote server.

Note: If connection to your SAMBA server is lost while transferring files from your image file to the target, keyboard and mouse control will be lost for several minutes, but will recover.

► *To map virtual media image files:*

1. Choose Virtual Media > Connect ISO. Or, click the matching icon in the toolbar.

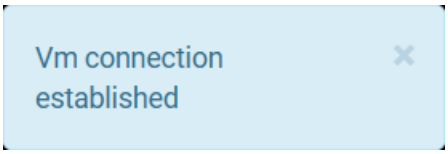


2. Select the option for your file's location:



- Select ISO Image if the image file is directly accessible on your client. Click Browse, select the ISO, DMG or IMG file, and click OK. The filename appears next to the Choose File button.
- Select Remote Server ISO Image for ISO files on a remote server. Remote ISO files must be pre-configured by an administrator for the mapping to appear here. See Virtual Media File Server Setup (File Server ISO Images Only) (on page 25). Select the Hostname, then select the image file from the Image list. Enter the file server's username and password.

3. Click OK to map the selected file to the target. A message appears to show virtual media is connected.



► *To disconnect ISO:*

- Choose Virtual Media > Disconnect ISO. Or, click the matching icon in the toolbar.

Audio Menu

The Audio menu contains audio connection and settings.

Audio quality deteriorates if multiple target connections are open. To preserve quality, limit to four target connections open on HKC when an audio session is running.

Connect Audio

The Connect Audio command connects your playback device, selects audio format and gives an option to mount the selected playback device automatically when you connect to the target.

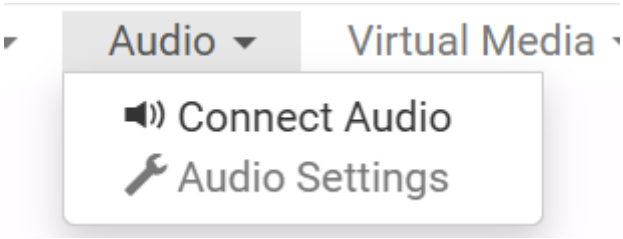
HKC connects the client PC's default audio playback device. To use a different device, it must be set as default in the client OS.

Only 44.1 kHz is available on Microsoft Edge for Windows, Google Chrome for Mac, Windows, and Linux, Firefox for Mac, Windows, and Linux, Safari for Mac, and iOS devices.

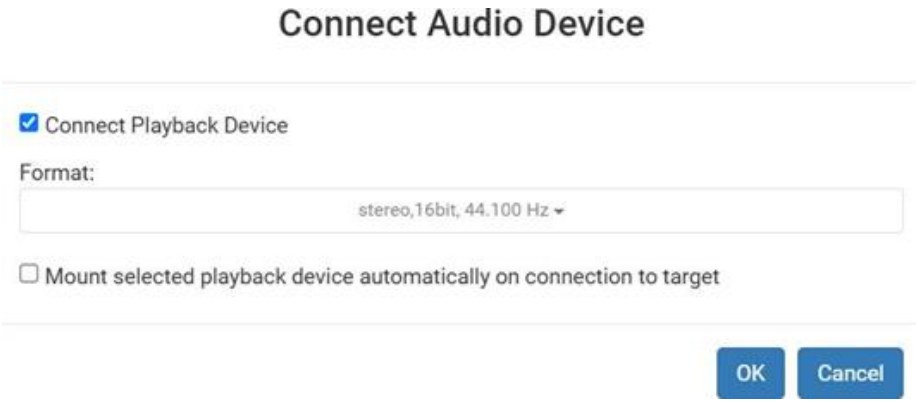
Note: For best quality, limit the number of audio sessions to a maximum of four KVM sessions.

► *To connect audio:*

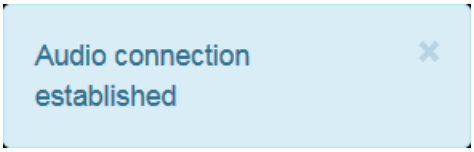
1. Choose Audio > Connect Audio, or click the matching icon in the toolbar.



2. In the Connect Audio Device dialog, select the Connect Playback Device checkbox.



3. Select the "Mount selected playback device automatically on connection to target" checkbox to enable the option. This setting will connect audio automatically the next time you connect to the target.
4. Click OK. A success message appears.



► *To disconnect audio:*

1. Choose Audio > Disconnect Audio, or click the matching icon in the toolbar.

Audio Settings

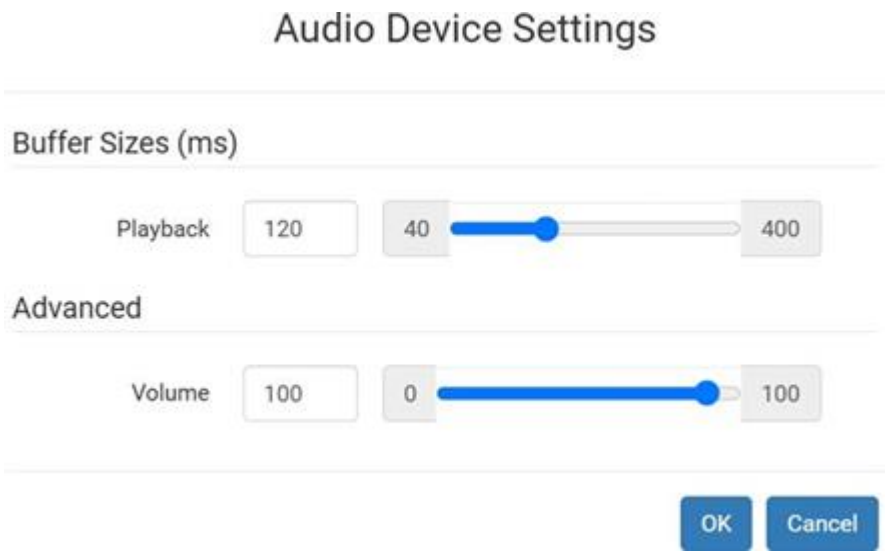
The Audio Settings option is enabled when audio is connected. Use the Audio Settings to set the buffer and volume.

Increasing the buffer size improves the audio quality but may impact the delivery speed.

The maximum available buffer size is 400 milliseconds since anything higher than that greatly impacts audio quality.

► *To configure audio settings:*

1. Choose Audio > Audio Settings while Audio is connected.
2. Set the Buffer and Volume using the arrows or sliders.



3. Click OK.

Power Control Menu

See: Power Control

Using HKC on Apple iOS Devices

KX III supports remote access to targets from Apple mobile devices with iOS 10.0 or higher, using a mobile version of HKC. Due to Apple iOS limitations, you may notice some differences in operation. See: Limitations on Apple iOS Devices (on page 98).

Install Certificate on Apple iOS Device

You must install a CA-signed certificate on your Apple iOS device before you can connect to KX III. Access is prevented if only the default certificate is present. Depending on your browser, you may see an error such as "This Connection is Not Private".

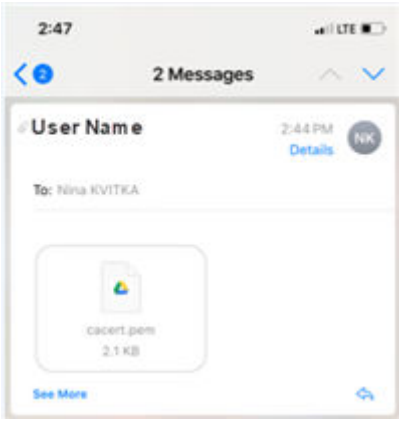
When creating certificates, the certificate Common name should match the IP address/Hostname used to connect to the device.

Install both the KX III certificate and the CA certificate used to sign the KX III certificate.

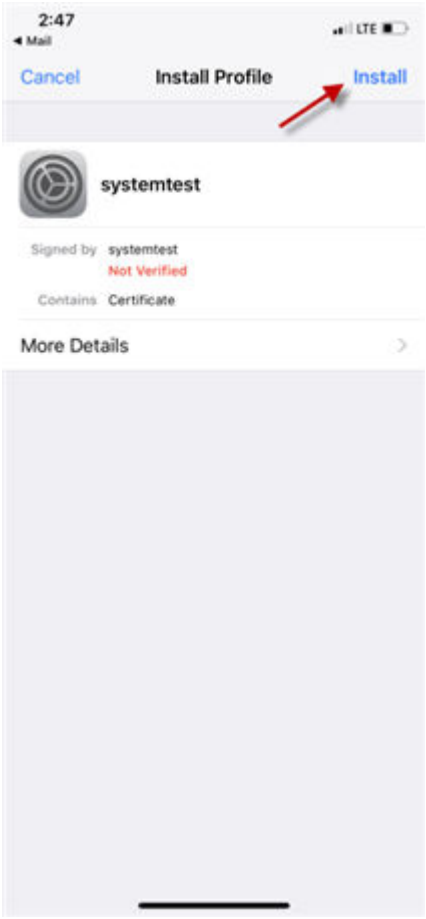
Note: If you have issues launching connections from IOS devices, check that the certificate meets Apple requirements: https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT210176

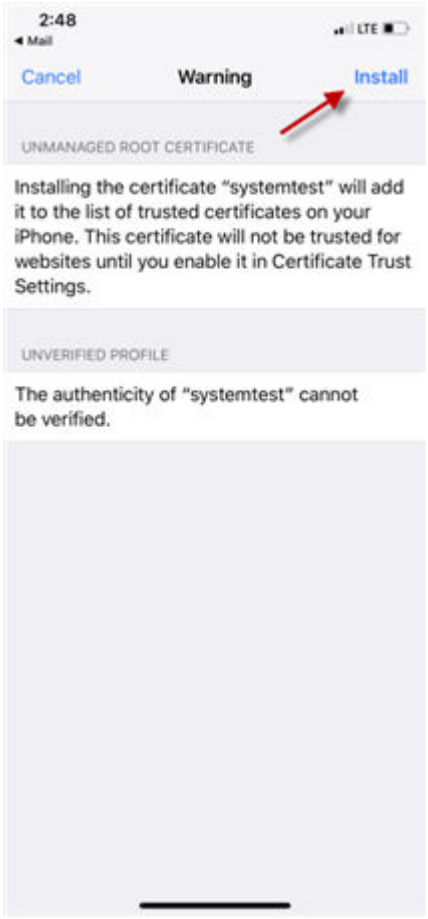
► *To install the certificate on an IOS device:*

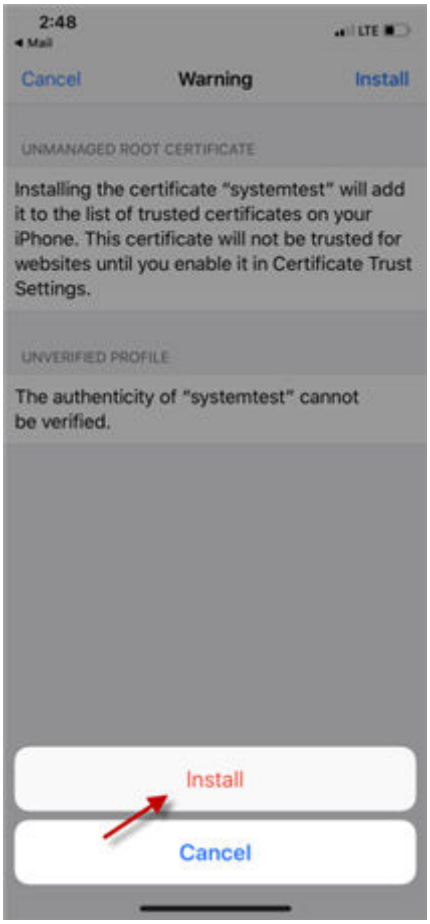
1. Email the certificate file to an email account that can be opened on the iOS device. Open the email and tap the attachment.



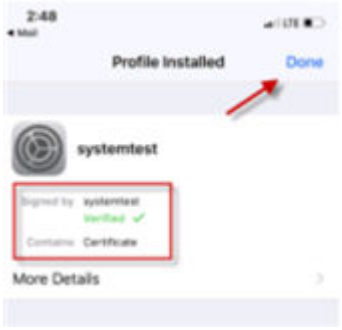
2. The certificate downloads as a "profile" that you have to install. You can have only one profile ready to install at a time. For example, if you download a profile and don't install it, and then download a second profile, only the second profile is available to be installed. If a profile is not installed within 8 minutes of downloading it, it is automatically deleted.
3. To install the profile, go to Settings, then tap Profile Downloaded.
4. Tap install, then follow prompts as presented to verify and Install.







5. When complete the certificate is marked Verified. Tap Done.



Touch Mouse Functions

Use the touchscreen equivalent for each mouse function. Some touch settings are configurable. See: Tools Menu (on page 96).

Single Finger Touch	Mouse Equivalent
touch down - move - release	move mouse pointer

short tap	left click
double short tap	left double-click
short tap - touch down - hold for 250ms	mouse equivalent of Right Click"
short tap - touch down - move - release	hold down left mouse button and move, as in drag and drop or select
Two Finger Touch	**Mouse Equivalent**
touch down - move - release	move screen

Keyboard Access on Mobile

Keyboard access to the target is through a virtual keyboard, available on the toolbar. For all other actions requiring keyboard input, the IOS popup keyboard displays automatically.

Manage HKC iOS Client Keyboard Macros

The HKC iOS client includes a list of default macros. You can create additional macros using the HKC Macro Editor or import macros from a file. See Macro Editor (on page 70) and Import and Export Macros (on page 75).

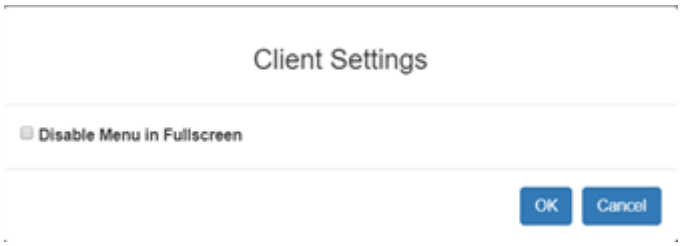
Note: To import macros when using an Apple iOS device, first export the file from HKC using a PC client. Add the file to a Cloud location to access from the IOS device for import.

Tools Menu

The Tools menu contains options for HKC target connection settings.

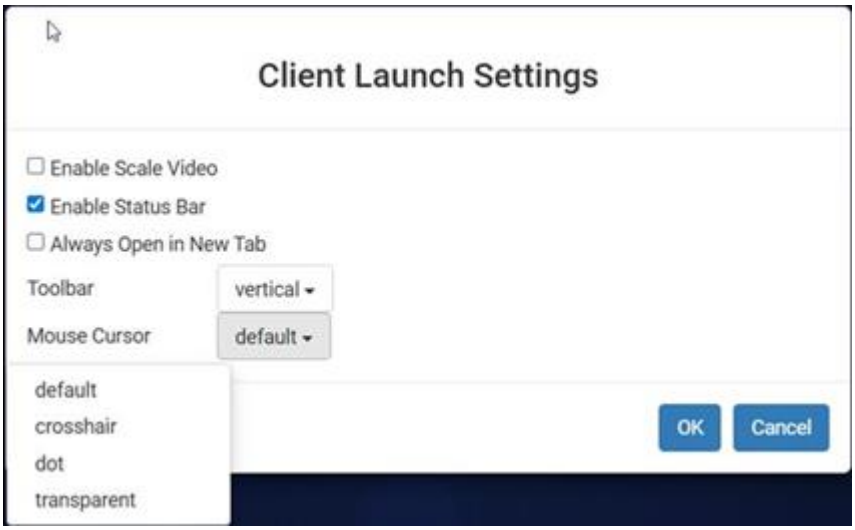
► *Client Settings:*

- Choose Tools > Client Settings to access the Disable Menu in Fullscreen option.
- When selected, the menu bar will not be available in fullscreen mode. This setting is specific to the client, so it must be set for each client device and each browser used for access.



► *Launch Settings:*

- Choose Tools > Launch settings to access Client Launch Settings options.
- This menus allows selection of Enable Scale Video, Toolbar options Vertical, Horizontal or Hidden, Enable Status Bar, Always Open in New Tab, and Mouse Cursor at target launch.



Note: "Always Open in New Tab" only applies to KVM target connections, serial connections are still opened in a new browser window and does not apply to HKC targets launched from CC-SG browser.

► *Touch Settings - enabled for iOS clients:*

- Tap Tools > Touch Settings to access the Client Touch Settings. Customize the Touch Input and Gesture Scrolling settings for your mobile device.

- Double Click Time: Time between two touch taps for the equivalent of a mouse double click.
- Mouse Click Hold Time: Time to hold after touch down for the equivalent of a mouse right click.
- Use Left Hand Mouse: Enable if the target OS's primary mouse button is set to Right.
- Enable Inverted Scroll x-Axis: If selected, two-finger movement to the right moves the screen to the left instead of the default right.
- Enable Inverted Scroll y-Axis: If selected, two-finger movement up moves the screen down instead of the default up.

Limitations on Apple iOS Devices

Mobile access with iOS devices is supported for several Raritan products. Not all limitations apply to all products. Differences are noted.

- Target connections are closed after about one minute if the browser is in background, or if your iOS device enters Auto Lock mode
- Unable to create Macros for some special characters: F1-F24, ESC, Control, Alt, OS Meta keys and others. A selection of commonly used keys are available in the default Macro list. These keys can be edited. Additional keys such as F1-24 and arrows can be added using a Macro Import.
- In Safari on iOS, must refresh the connection to device after a KVM or Serial target launch in order to access menu options or serial targets. Not needed in Chrome on iOS.
- iOS does not support auto connect audio device to targets.
- On Ubuntu 14.04 target, no response to mouse click and hold on target items to simulate right clicking.
- Dual Target connection issues: Both target windows have to be closed separately. Only 1 port of a Dual target opened from Safari on iOS 11.x devices.
- Options "FullScreen" and "Resize window to fit screen" are not enabled/available on iOS.
- KB locale from the Client Virtual Keyboard must match input locale of device and OS locale of the target.
- iOS client target window does not have scrollbars. Unscaled video can be scrolled horizontally/ vertically by sliding two fingers left/right or up/down. See: Touch Mouse Functions (on page 95).
- On Safari, users are prompted to save passwords when switching from a target with a server VM connection to another target. These prompts can be turned off by unchecking the box "Usernames and passwords" in Safari > Preferences > AutoFill.
- On Safari, the onscreen keyboard includes word forecast. Selecting a forecast word adds a space at the end. For example, at login screen, selecting "admin" enters "admin ". Similar behavior occurs for VM File server Username and other areas.
- Cannot move menu option panels such as Connection Info.
- iOS On-Screen keyboard is displayed from all mouse clicks on the HTML admin page if keyboard "Go" is tapped to save setting changes instead of tapping the Save button.
- For DSAM targets opened from iOS clients, every time a menu item is selected and closed the on-screen keyboard is displayed.
- The VM Files and Folders Option from the Virtual Media menu is disabled as not possible to drag and drop files to panel.
- Not all Accented letters are processed from iOS client.
- Macro files exported from iOS devices using Safari are automatically given the name "unknown" and need to be renamed with an xml extension to be imported to another client.

- Macro file export from Chrome on iOS devices is not possible due to issues with downloading data.
- Only characters supported by target will be processed. There is no response from iOS characters such as ¥, § and … that are found on iPad keyboards.
- With the onscreen keyboard, selecting ' character or "Return" key, brings keyboard display back to first in list.
- On default IOS client settings, characters ' and " are not processed from macro or send text to target options. The work around is to turn smart punctuation off

Get Started Using KX III

This section walks you through high-level tasks to start using KX III.

In This Chapter

Install and Configure KX III. 100
Default Login - Change the Password. 100
Allow Pop-Ups. 100
Security Warnings and Validation Messages. 100
Installing a Certificate. 103
Converting a Binary Certificate to a Base64-Encoded DER Certificate (Optional) 105
Logging In to KX III. 107

Install and Configure KX III

If you have not already done so, install and configure KX III.

See the KX III Quick Setup Guide that came with the KX III device or download it from the Raritan Support website.

Default Login - Change the Password

The KX III device is shipped with the following default settings. You are forced to change the password at first login to a strong password.

- Username = `admin`
- Password = `raritan`
- IP address = `192.168.0.192`

Important: For backup and business continuity purposes, it is strongly recommended you create a backup administrator username and password, and keep that information in a secure location.

Allow Pop-Ups

Regardless of the browser you are using, you must allow pop-ups in order to launch the KX III Remote Console.

Security Warnings and Validation Messages

When logging in to KX III, security warnings and application validation messages may appear.

These include -

- Additional security warnings based on your browser and security settings

See Additional Security Warnings (on page 102)

- If you choose to use the Virtual KVM Client (VKC/VKCS), you may see Java™ security warnings and requests to validate KX III.
  See Java Validation and Access Warning (on page 101) and Installing a Certificate (on page 103).

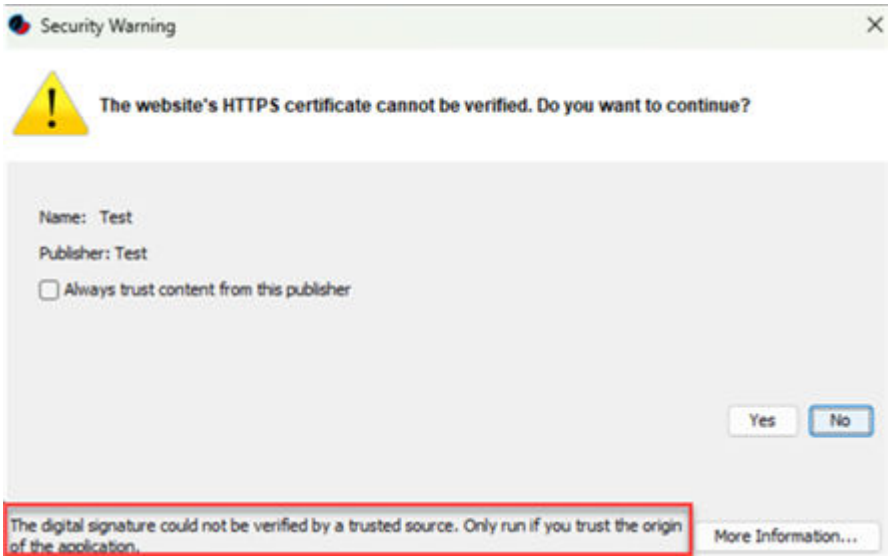
Note! Use the HTML KVM Client (HKC) instead to avoid Java. The HKC is Java-Free. See KVM Client Launching (on page 26).

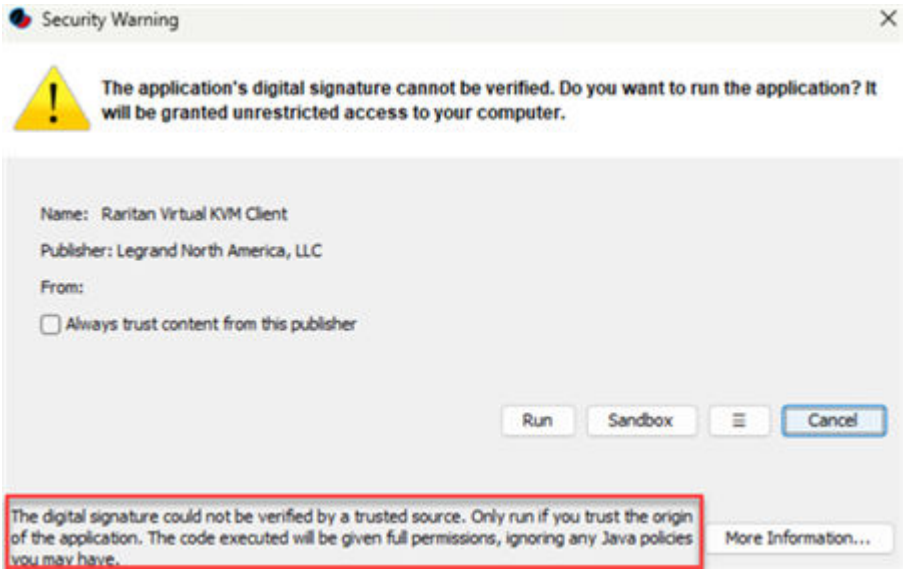
Java Validation and Access Warning

When logging in to KX III using the Java-based client, Java prompts you to validate KX III, and to allow access to the application.

Installing an SSL certificate in each KX III device is recommended to reduce Java warnings, and enhance security.

See SSL and TLS Certificates (on page 253)





Additional Security Warnings

Even after an SSL certificate is installed in the KX III, depending on your browser and security settings, additional security warnings may be displayed when you log in to KX III.

It is necessary to accept these warnings to launch the KX III Remote Console.

Reduce the number of warning messages during subsequent log ins by checking the following options on the security and certificate warning messages:

- In the future, do not show this warning
- Always trust content from this publisher

Installing a Certificate

You may be prompted by the browser to accept and validate the KX III's SSL certificate.

Depending on your browser and security settings, additional security warnings may be displayed when you log in to KX III.

It is necessary to accept these warnings to launch the KX III Remote Console. For more information, see Security Warnings and Validation Messages (on page 100).

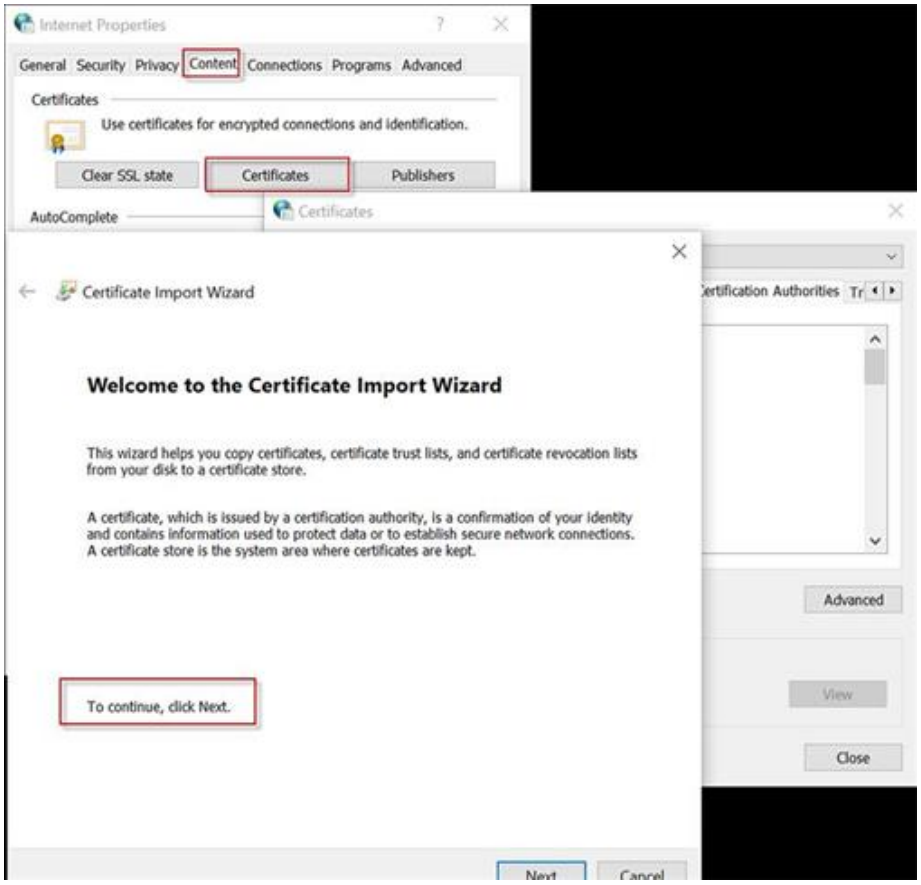
Two sample methods on how to install an SSL Certificate in the browser are provided here. Specific methods and steps depend on your browser and operating system. See your browser and operating system help for details.

Example 1: Import the Certificate into the Browser

In this example, you import the Certificate into the browser.

1. Open a browser, then log in to KX III.
2. Click More Information on the first warning.
3. Click View Certificate Details on the More Information dialog. You are prompted to install the certificate. Follow the wizard steps.

Note: If you are not prompted by the browser, manually select the Settings or more tools for your browser, and import the certificate. The following example shows the Edge > more Tools > Internet Options method.



1. Click the Content tab.
2. Click Certificates.

The Certificate Import Wizard opens and walks you through each step.

- File to Import - Browse to locate the Certificate
- Certificate Store - Select the location to store the Certificate

3. Click Finish on the last step of the Wizard.

The Certificate is imported. Close the success message.

4. Click OK on the Internet Options dialog to apply the changes, then close and reopen the browser.

Example 2: Add the KX III to Trusted Sites and Import the Certificate

In this example, the KX III's URL is added as a Trusted Site, and the Self Signed Certificate is added as part of the process.

1. Open an Edge browser, then select Settings >Launch the Internet Options settings by entering "Internet Options" in the search bar for Windows.
2. Click the Security tab.
3. Click on Trusted Sites.
4. Disable Protected Mode, and accept any warnings.
5. Click Sites to open the Trusted Sites dialog.

6. Enter the KX III URL, then click Add.
7. Deselect server verification for the zone (if applicable).
8. Click Close.
9. Click OK on the Internet Options dialog to apply the changes, then close and reopen the browser.

Next, import the Certificate.

1. Open an Edge browser, then log in to KX III.
2. Click More Information on the first Java™ security warning.
3. Click View Certificate Details on the More Information dialog. You are prompted to install the certificate. Follow the wizard steps.

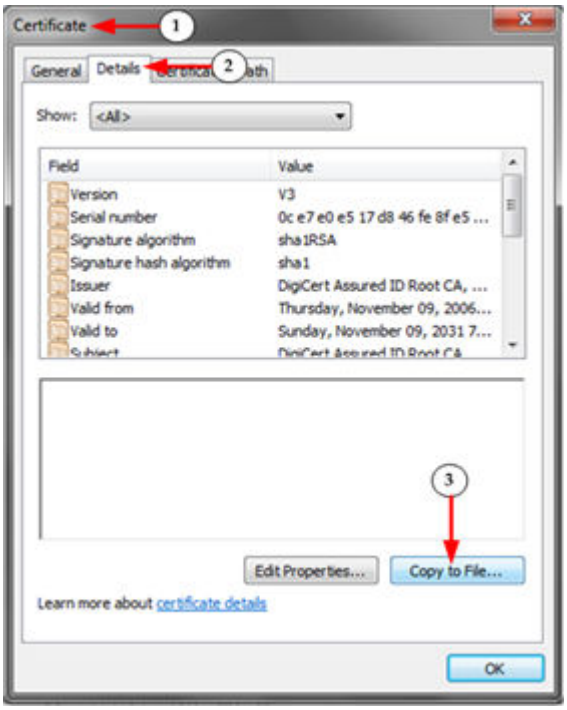
For details see, Example 1: Import the Certificate into the Browser (on page 103).

Converting a Binary Certificate to a Base64-Encoded DER Certificate (Optional)

KX III requires an SSL certificate in either Base64-Encoded DER format or PEM format.

If you are using an SSL certificate in binary format, you cannot install it.

However, you can convert your binary SSL certificate.



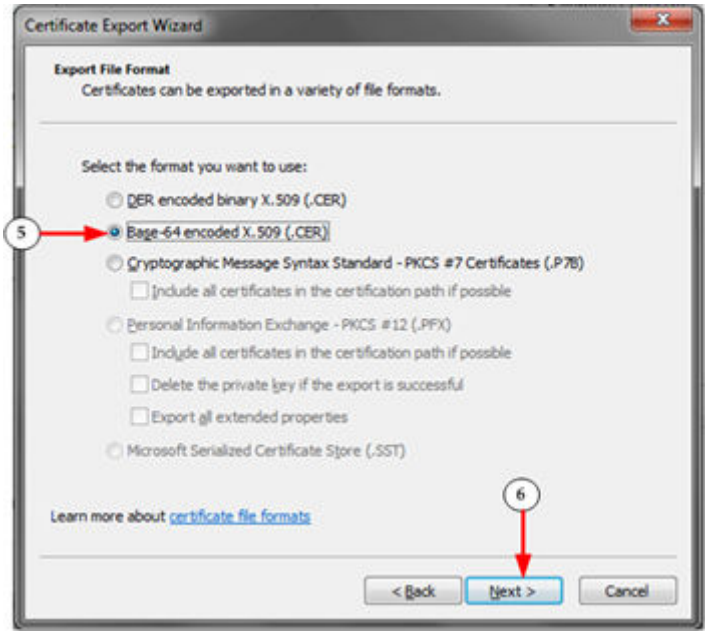
1. Locate the DEGHKVM0001.cer binary file on your Windows machine.

Double-click on the DEGHKVM0001.cer file to open its Certificate dialog.

2. Click the Detail tab.
3. Click "Copy to File...".



4. The Certificate Export Wizard opens. Click Next to start the Wizard.



5. Select "Base-64 encoded X.509" in the second Wizard dialog.
6. Click Next to save the file as a Base-64 encoded X.509.

You can now install the certificate on your KX III.

Logging In to KX III

Log in to your KX III Remote Console from any workstation with network connectivity. See the Release Notes for supported browser versions.

Logging in and using KX III requires you to allow pop-ups.

For information on security warnings and validation messages, and steps to reduce or eliminate them, see Security Warnings and Validation Messages (on page 100).

► *To log in via Remote Console:*

1. Launch a supported web browser, and enter the IP address assigned to the KX III.
2. A default client is launched based on your PC and browser settings. See KVM Clients (on page 26). You can also choose a client by entering the URL directly. See KVM Client Launching (on page 26).
3. Enter your username and password, then click Login.
4. Accept the user agreement (if applicable). If security warnings appear, click to accept.

KX III Interface and Navigation

The KX III Remote Console and the KX III Local Console are web-based graphical user interfaces.

Use the Remote Console interface to configure and manage the KX III over a network connection.

Use the Local Console interface to access the KX III while at the rack.

Access targets from either the Remote or Local console from one of the supported KVM clients.

If you have the Dominion User Station, you can also use it to access targets. See Dominion User Station (on page 340).

In This Chapter

KX III Remote Console Interface. 108
KX III Local Console Interface. 115

KX III Remote Console Interface

The KX III Remote Console is a browser-based graphical user interface that allows you to log in to targets connected to the KX III and to remotely administer the KX III.

The KX III Remote Console provides a network connection to your connected KVM target servers. When you log into a KVM target server using the KX III Remote Console, a KVM Client window opens.

There are many similarities among the KX III Local Console and the KX III Remote Console graphical user interfaces, and where there are differences, they are noted in the user manual. The following options are available in the KX III Remote Console but not the KX III Local Console:

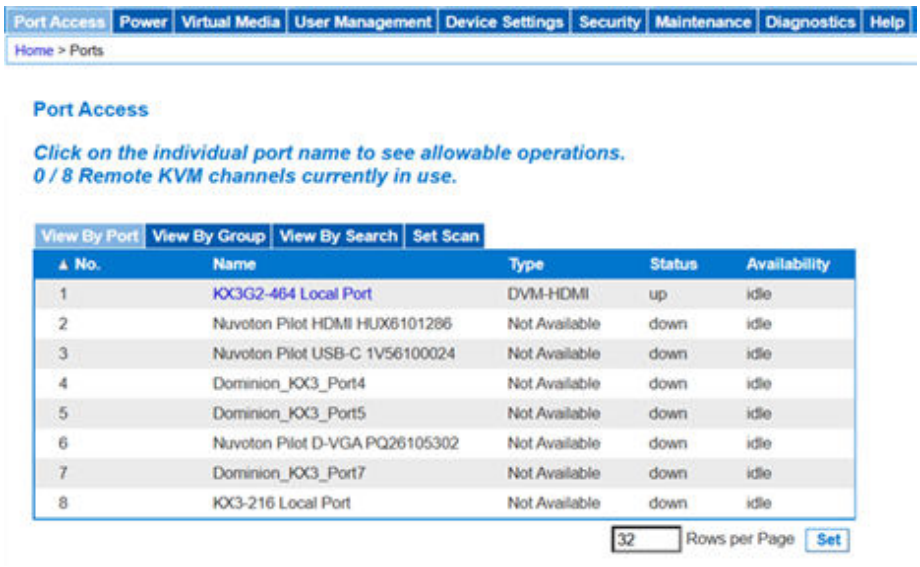
- Virtual Media
- Favorites
- Backup/Restore
- Firmware Upgrade
- SSL Certificates
- Audio

Port Access Page (Remote Console Display)

After a successful login, the Port Access page opens listing all ports along with their status and availability.

Ports connected to KVM target servers (blades and standard servers) are displayed in blue. Right-click on any of these ports to open the Port Action menu. For more information, see Port Action Menu (on page 111).

If a KX III port has no CIM connected or is connected to a CIM with no name, a default port name of Dominion_Model Name_PortNumber is assigned to the port. PortNumber is the number of the KX III physical port.



Four tabs are provided on the page allowing you to view by port, view by group, view by search and scan ports. A fifth tab, View by Serial, is available when an optional DSAM is connected.

You can sort by Port Number, Port Name, Status (Up and Down), and Availability (Idle, Connected, Busy, Unavailable, and Connecting) by clicking on the column heading.

Use the Set Scan tab to scan for up to 32 targets that are connected to the KX III. See Scanning Ports - Remote Console (on page 343)

Tiered Devices - Port Access Page

If you are using a tiered configuration in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple other tiered devices, the tiered devices are viewed on the Port Access page by clicking on the Expand Arrow icon ▶ to the left of the tier device name.

Blade Chassis - Port Access Page

The blade chassis is displayed in an expandable, hierarchical list on the Port Access page, with the blade chassis at the root of the hierarchy and the individual blades labeled and displayed below the root. Use the Expand Arrow icon ▶ next to the root chassis to display the individual blades.

Note: To view the blade chassis in a hierarchal order, blade-chassis subtypes must be configured for the blade server chassis.

Dual Port Video Groups - Port Access Page

Dual video port groups appear on the Port Access page as Dual Port types.

The primary and secondary ports that are a part of the port group appear on the Port Access page as Dual Port(P) and Dual Port(S), respectively.

When you access a dual port video group from the remote client, you connect to the primary port, which opens a KVM connection window to both the primary and secondary port of the dual port group.

Note: The dual video primary port is defined when the port group is created.

Note: You cannot remotely connect to the dual video port group by clicking on its primary port.

Note: Two KVM channels are required and if not available the Connect link is not displayed.

Note: The Action menu is not displayed when you click on a secondary port in a dual video port group.

Note: You cannot connect to the primary port and secondary port at the same time from the Local Port.

View by Group Tab

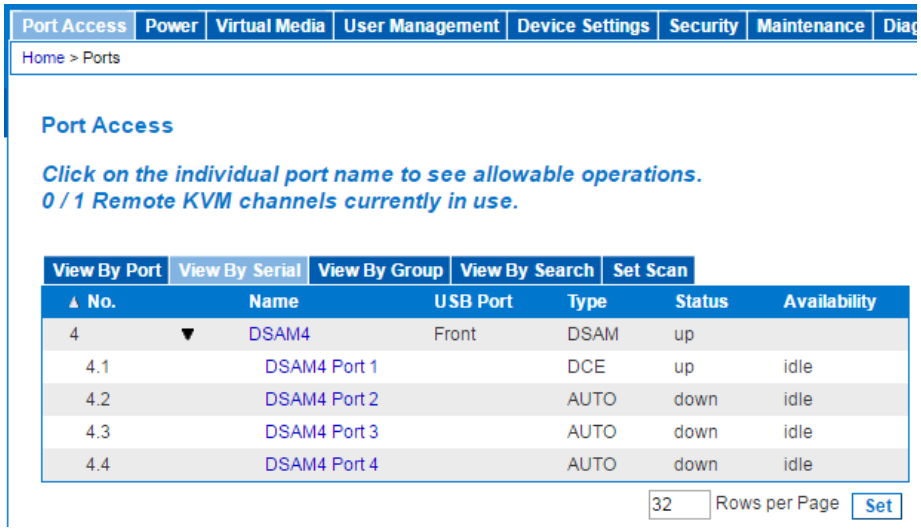
The View by Group tab displays blade chassis, 'standard' port groups, and dual video port groups. Click the Expand Arrow icon ▶ next to a group to view the ports assigned to the port group.

View by Search Tab

The View by Search tab allows you to search by port name. The search feature supports the use of an asterisk (*) as a wildcard, and full and partial names.

View by Serial Tab

The View By Serial tab is visible when a Dominion Serial Access Module (DSAM) is connected by USB. Up to 4 serial targets can be connected to the DSAM by USB.



Set Scan Tab

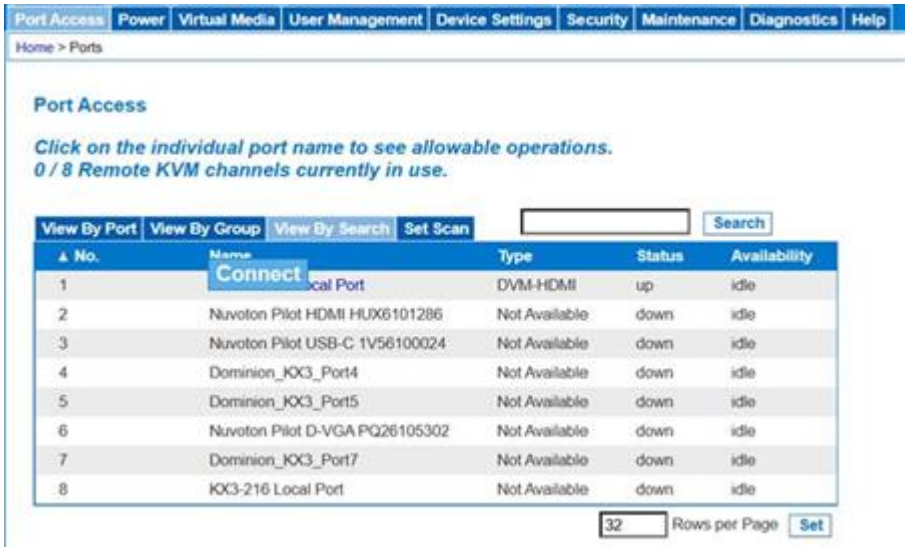
The port scanning feature is accessed from the Set Scan tab on the Port Access page. The feature allows you to define a set of KVM targets to be scanned. Thumbnail views of the scanned targets are also available. Select a thumbnail to open that target in its Virtual KVM Client window.

See Scanning Ports - Remote Console (on page 343) for more information.

Port Action Menu

When you click a Port Name in the Port Access list, the Port Action menu appears.

Choose the desired menu option for that port to execute it. Note that only currently available options, depending on the port's status and availability, are listed in the Port Action menu.



Connect

- Connect - Creates a new connection to the target server

  For the KX III Remote Console, a new KVM Client page appears.

  For the KX III Local Console, the display switches to the target server, and switches away from the local user interface.

  On the local port, the KX III Local Console interface must be visible in order to perform the switch.

  Hot key switching is also available from the local port.

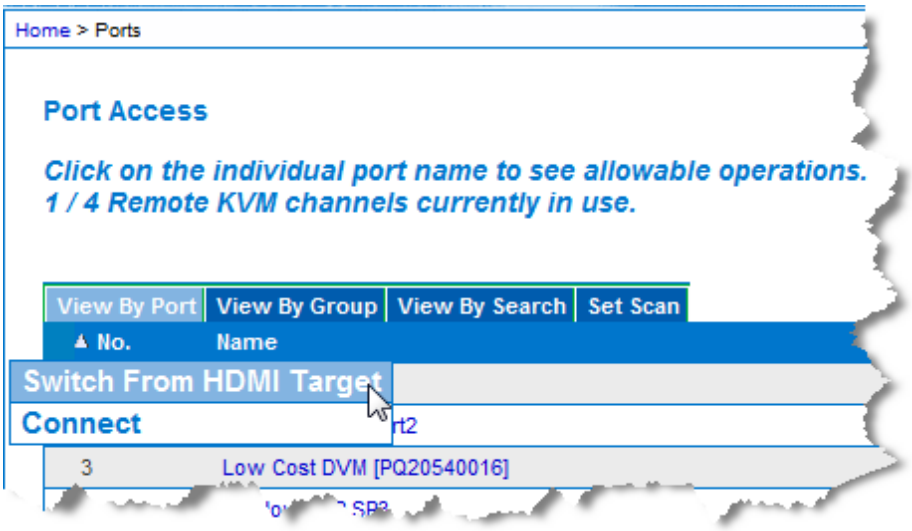
Note: This option is not available from the KX III Remote Console for an available port if all connections are busy.

Switch From

- Switch From - Switches from an existing connection to the selected port (KVM target server)

  This menu item is available only for KVM targets, and only when a KVM Client is opened.

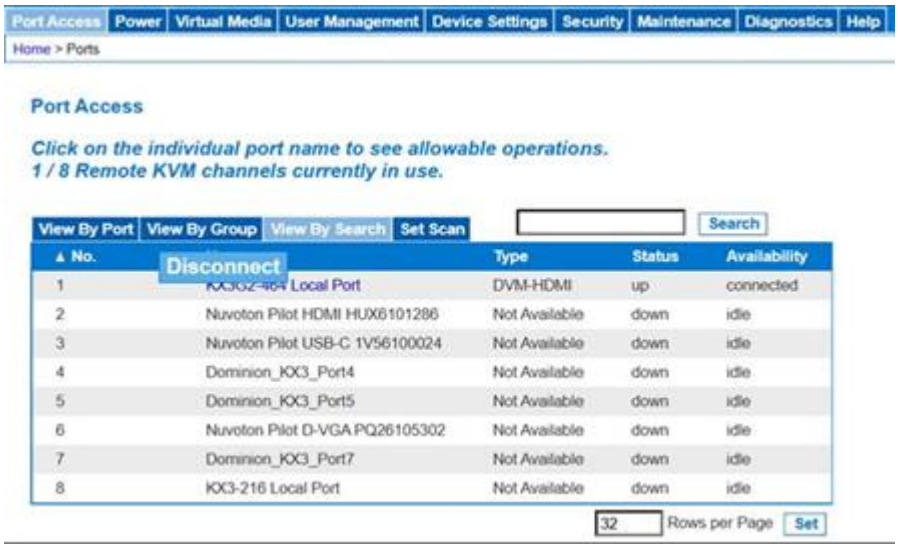
Note: This menu item is not available on the KX III Local Console.



Disconnect

- Disconnect - Disconnects this port and closes the KVM Client page for this target server
  This menu item is available only when the port status is up and connected, or up and busy.

Note: This menu item is not available on the KX III Local Console. The only way to disconnect from the switched target in the Local Console is to use the hot key.



Power On

- Power On - Powers on the target server through the associated outlet

This option is visible only when there are one or more power associations to the target, and when the user has permission to operate this service.

Provided you have privileges to do so, you can manage power from the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) and Active KVM Client (AKC) as well. See: Power Control

Power Off

- Power Off - Powers off the target server through the associated outlets

  This option is visible only when there are one or more power associations to the target, when the target power is on (port status is up), and when user has permission to operate this service.

  Provided you have privileges to do so, you can manage power from the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) and Active KVM Client (AKC) as well. See: Power Control

Power Cycle

- Power Cycle - Power cycles the target server through the associated outlets

  This option is visible only when there are one or more power associations to the target, and when the user has permission to operate this service.

  Provided you have privileges to do so, you can manage power from the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) and Active KVM Client (AKC) as well. See: Power Control

DKX3-808 Fast Switching

DKX3-808 maintains the video connections to the servers, enabling faster connections to servers and faster switching between channels.

Some Video Settings do not apply to DKX3-808 targets:

- Automatic Color Calibration
- Video Sensing: Best possible video mode/Quick sense video mode

Left Panel

The left panel of the KX III interface contains the following information.

Note that some information is conditional - meaning it is displayed based on your role, features being used and so on. Conditional information is noted here.

Information	Description	When displayed?
Time & Session	The date and time the current session started	Always
User	Username	Always
State	The current state of the application, either idle or active. If idle, the application tracks and displays the time the session has been idle.	Always

Information	Description	When displayed?
Your IP	The IP address used to access the KX III	Always
Last Login	The last login date and time	Always
Under CC-SG Management	The IP address of the CC-SG device managing the KX III	When the KX III is being managed by CC-SG
Device Information	Information specific to the KX III you are using	Always
Device Name	Name assigned to the device	Always
IP Address	The IP address of the KX III	Always
Firmware	Current version of firmware	Always
Device Model	Model of the KX III	Always
Network	The name assigned to the current network	Always
PowerIn1	Status of the power 1 outlet connection. Either on or off, or Auto-detect off	Always
PowerIn2	Status of the power 2 outlet connection. Either on or off, or Auto-detect off	Always
Configured As Base or Configured As Tiered	If you are using a tiering configuration, this indicates if the KX III you are accessing is the base device or a tiered device.	When the KX III is part of a tiered configuration
Port States	The statuses of the ports being used by the KX III	Always

Information	Description	When displayed?
Serial Port States	The statuses of the DSAM serial ports connected to the KX III	When a DSAM is connected to the KX III
Connected Users	The users, identified by their username and IP address, who are currently connected to the KX III	Always
Online Help	Links to online help	Always
Favorite Devices	See Managing Favorites (on page 347)	When enabled
FIPS Mode	FIPS Mode: EnabledSSL Certificate: FIPS Mode Compliant	When FIPS is enabled

KX III Local Console Interface

There are many similarities among the KX III Local Console and the KX III Remote Console graphical user interfaces. Where there are differences, they are noted in the help.

For details on using the Local Console see KX III Local Console (on page 351).

KX III Administrator Help

Administrator Help contains information specific to KX III functions typically performed by KX III application administrators, such as installing and configuring KX III, managing user groups and users, managing security, and so on.

Administrator functions are typically performed in the KX III Remote Console and/or from the Local Console.

Functions typically performed by end users rather than administrators, and some functions performed from the Remote Console or Local Console are described in their own sections of help.

These functions include using virtual media, configuring mouse settings, using the scan port feature, configuring video options and so on.

In This Chapter

Installation and Configuration. 116
Rack PDU (Power Strip) Outlet Control. 135
USB Profiles. 137
User Management. 143
Device Settings. 163
Security Management. 252
Maintenance. 282
Diagnostics. 292
KX III Local Console - Administration Functions. 298
Dual Video Port Groups. 302

Installation and Configuration

See the Quick Setup Guide that came with your device.

Additional information and optional steps included here but not in the QSG include:

- Additional Supported Mouse Settings (on page 118)
- LED Statuses During Boot Up (on page 121)
- Connect to a VGA Monitor (Optional) (on page 122)
- Step 6: Configuring the Keyboard Language (Optional) (on page 134)

Rack Mounting

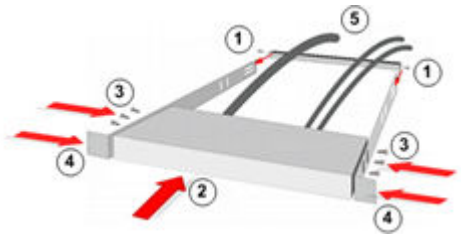
The KX III can be mounted in 1U (1.75", 4.4 cm) of vertical space in a standard 19" rack.

Note: Diagram may not depict your exact device. The mounting instructions are specific to your device.

Forward Mount

The steps correspond to the numbers shown in the front rackmount diagrams.

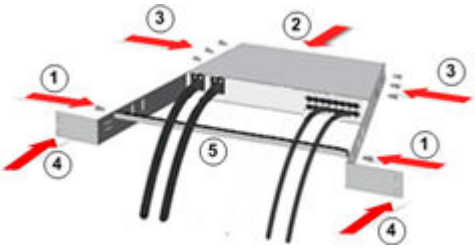
1. Secure the cable-support bar to the back end of the side brackets using two of the included screws.
2. Slide the KX III between the side brackets, with its rear panel facing the cable-support bar, until its front panel is flush with the “ears” of the side brackets.
3. Secure the KX III to the side brackets using the remaining included screws (three on each side).
4. Mount the entire assembly in your rack, and secure the side brackets' ears to the rack's front rails with your own screws, bolts, cage nuts, and so on.
5. When connecting cables to the rear panel, drape them over the cable-support bar.



Rear Mount

The steps correspond to the numbers shown in the rear rackmount diagrams.

1. Secure the cable-support bar to the front end of the side brackets, near the side brackets' “ears,” using two of the included screws.
2. Slide the KX III between the side brackets, with its rear panel facing the cable-support bar, until its front panel is flush with the back edges of the side brackets.
3. Secure the KX III to the side brackets using the remaining included screws (three on each side).
4. Mount the entire assembly in your rack and secure the side brackets' ears to the rack's front rails with your own screws, bolts, cage nuts, and so on.
5. When connecting cables to the rear panel, drape them over the cable-support bar.



Default Login - Change the Password

The KX III device is shipped with the following default settings. You are forced to change the password at first login to a strong password.

- Username = `admin`
- Password = `raritan`
- IP address = `192.168.0.192`

Important: For backup and business continuity purposes, it is strongly recommended you create a backup administrator username and password, and keep that information in a secure location.

Step 1: Configuring Network Firewall Settings

- TCP Port 5000: Allow network and firewall communication to enable remote access.
- TCP Port 443: Allow access to the standard HTTPS port to enable access via web browser.
- TCP Port 80: Allow access to the standard HTTP port to enable redirection of HTTP requests.

TCP Port 5000

Enable remote access to KX III by allowing network and firewall communication on TCP Port 5000.

TCP Port 443

Allow access to TCP Port 443 (Standard HTTPS) so you can access KX III via a web browser.

TCP Port 80

Allow access to TCP Port 80 (Standard HTTP) to enable automatic redirection of HTTP requests to HTTPS.

Step 2: Configuring KVM Target Servers

Target Server Video Resolutions

See Supported Target Server Video Resolutions (on page 379) in Online Help.

Mouse Settings

Absolute Mouse Synchronization is recommended to minimize mouse settings on target servers. Additional Supported Mouse Settings (on page 118).

In this mode, absolute coordinates are used to keep the client and target cursors in synch, even when the target mouse is set to a different acceleration or speed. This mode is supported on servers with USB ports and is the default mode for virtual media CIMs.

- Absolute Mouse Synchronization requires the use of a virtual media CIM - D2CIM-VUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI, D2CIM-DVUSB-DP, D2CIM-VUSB-USBC

Additional Supported Mouse Settings

These settings are configured on your target operating system unless otherwise indicated.

Windows 7 and Windows Vista Mouse Settings

► *Configure these mouse settings in Windows® :*

Configure the motion settings:

- Set the mouse motion speed setting to exactly the middle speed
- Disable the "Enhanced pointer precision" option

Disable animation and fade effects:

- Animate controls and elements inside windows
- Animate windows when minimizing and maximizing
- Fade or slide menus into view
- Fade or slide ToolTips into view
- Fade out menu items after clicking

Apple Mac Mouse Settings

► *Configure these Apple Mac® mouse settings:*

Absolute Mouse Synchronization is required for proper mouse synchronization on KVM target servers running a Mac® operating system.

In order for Absolute Mouse Synchronization to work, a virtual media CIM is required. For a list of supported CIMs, see Supported Computer Interface Module (CIMs) Specifications (on page 382).

Once you have completed your installation, set the Mac USB profile. If you do not set this profile, the mouse may not synch in OS X.

To do this, do one of the following:

1. Connect to the Mac target from the KVM Client.
2. Select USB Profile > Other Profiles > Mac OS-X (10.4.9 and later).

Or

3. In KX III, select Device Settings > Port Configuration, then click on the target name to open the Port page.
4. Expand 'Select USB Profiles for Port' section.

5. Select 'Mac OS-X (10.4.9) and later' from the Available box, then click Add to add it to the Selected box.
6. Click on 'Mac OS-X (10.4.9) and later' in the Selected box. This automatically adds it to the Preferred Profile drop-down.
7. Select 'Mac OS-X (10.4.9) and later' from the Preferred Profile drop-down, then check the checkbox under 'Set Active Profile As Preferred Profile'.

- Click OK to apply.

Linux Mouse Settings

► *Configure these Linux® mouse settings:*

- (Standard Mouse Mode only) Set the mouse acceleration to exactly 1 and set the threshold to exactly 1. Enter the following command: `xset mouse 1 1`. This should be set for execution upon login.

Sun Solaris Mouse Settings

► *Configure these Sun® Solaris™ mouse settings:*

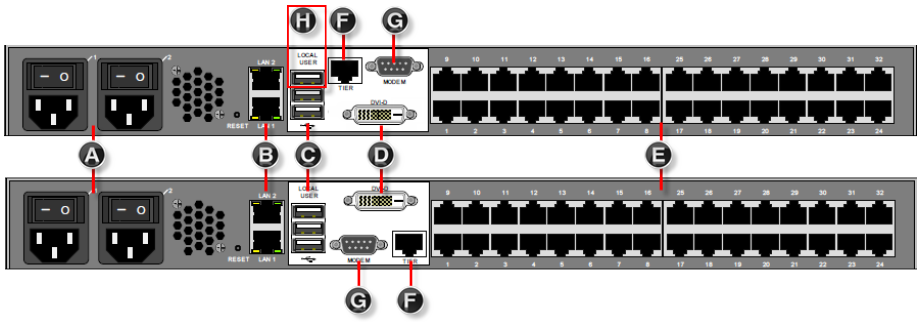
- Set the mouse acceleration value to exactly 1 and the threshold to exactly 1
- Ensure that your video card is set to a supported resolution and that its output is VGA, not composite sync

IBM AIX Mouse Settings

► *Configure these IBM AIX® mouse settings:*

- Go to the Style Manager, click on Mouse Settings and set Mouse Acceleration to 1.0 and Threshold to 3.0

Step 3: Connecting the Equipment



A: AC Power

1. Use the power cords that came with KX III. Use both cords with AC power outlets for dual-power failover protection.

LED Statuses During Boot Up

When you boot up, the LED lights behave as follows:

- When first powered up:
  - All Channel LEDs are on
  - The Power LED is off
- At the boot phase:
  - All Channel LEDs are off
  - If both power supplies are on, the Power LED is Blue
  - If one power supply is on, the Power LED is Red

B. Network Ports

Two network ports are provided to allow for both failover and isolation modes.

Connect a standard Ethernet cable from the LAN1 network port on the KX III to an Ethernet switch, hub, or router.

If you will use failover or isolation modes, connect a standard Ethernet cable from the LAN2 network port on the KX III to an Ethernet switch, hub, or router.

See Choose Failover or Isolation Mode (on page 163) for more details.

C: USB Ports (Local User Port)

► *To connect the keyboard and mouse:*

- Connect a USB keyboard and mouse to the respective Local User port on the back of KX III.

Use the KX III Local User port for administrative and target device access at the rack. The Local User port is required for installation and setup, but is optional for subsequent use.

If you're also using Dominion Serial Access Modules (DSAM), reserve the top USB port on the rear of the unit for connecting DSAM.

D. Local DVI-D Port

A single link DVI cable is used to connect to a local DVI monitor or keyboard tray (not included with the KX III).

Connect to the DVI port on Raritan's T1700-LED or T1900-LED keyboard tray.

Use a required DVI-D to VGA converter to connect to VGA monitors.

Connect to a DVI Monitor

The local monitor must support a minimum 1024x768 resolution.

1. Connect a USB keyboard and mouse to the respective Local User ports on the back of KX III.
2. Connect a DVI cable from the DVI-D port on the back of KX III to the DVI monitor.

Connect to a VGA Monitor (Optional)

► *To connect to a VGA monitor:*

1. Connect a USB keyboard and mouse to the respective Local User ports on the back of the KX III.
2. Plug the DVI-D to VGA converter in to the DVI-D port on the back of the KX III, and secure it by turning the screws on each side clockwise.
3. Connect a VGA cable to the DVI-D to VGA converter, connect the other end to your VGA monitor and secure it by tightening the screws.

Note: The DVI-D to VGA converter is not included. Some converters require a power supply. Contact Sales for information.

E. Connect Target Servers to KX III

1. Connect the keyboard, mouse and video plugs on the CIM to the corresponding ports on the target server.
2. Connect the CIM to an available target server port on the back of the KX III via a Cat5/5e/6 cable.

F. Tiering (Optional)

See Configuring and Enabling Tiering (on page 218).

G. Connect the Modem (Optional)

See Configuring Modem Settings (on page 229).

H: Dominion Serial Access Module (Optional)

Connecting a KX III and a Dominion Serial Access Module (DSAM) provides access to devices such as LAN switches and routers that have a RS-232 serial port.

1. Connect the DSAM unit's USB cable to the top USB port on the rear of the KX III device. Connect additional DSAM units to any other USB port.
2. Connect the serial devices to the serial ports on the DSAM unit.

Step 4: Configuring the KX III

For the following steps, you must change the default password and assign the KX III its IP address at the Local Console. All other steps can be performed either from the Local Console, or the KX III Remote Console in a web browser using the KX III's IP address.

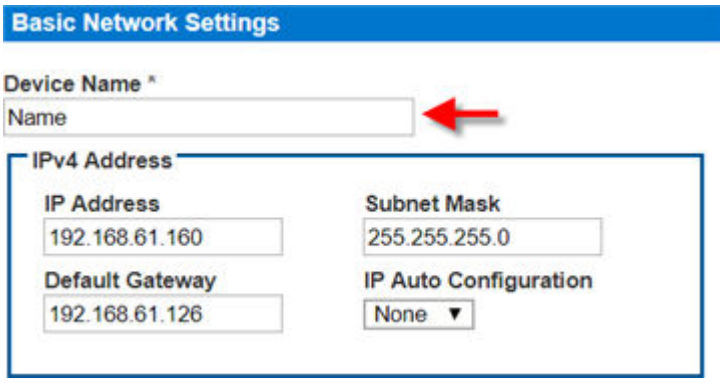
Change the Default Password

The first time you start the KX III device, you are required to change the default password.

1. Once the unit has booted, login with the default username and password.
2. You are forced to change to a new strong password.
3. Click Apply, then click OK on the Confirmation page.

Assign the KX III a Device Name

Choose Device Settings > Network to go to the Basic Network Settings page in the KX III Remote client.



- Specify a meaningful Device Name for your KX III device.
  - Up to 32 alphanumeric and valid special characters, no spaces between characters.

  Next, configure the IP address and DNS settings.

Choose Failover or Isolation Mode

Configure KX III for Dual LAN Failover Mode (on page 163): In failover mode, LAN status is used to determine which LAN port is used in failover. LAN port #1 is switched as default. If the switched LAN port status is down, then the other LAN port will be switched to until a LAN port whose status is on is found.

Configure KX III for Dual LAN Isolation Mode (on page 165)

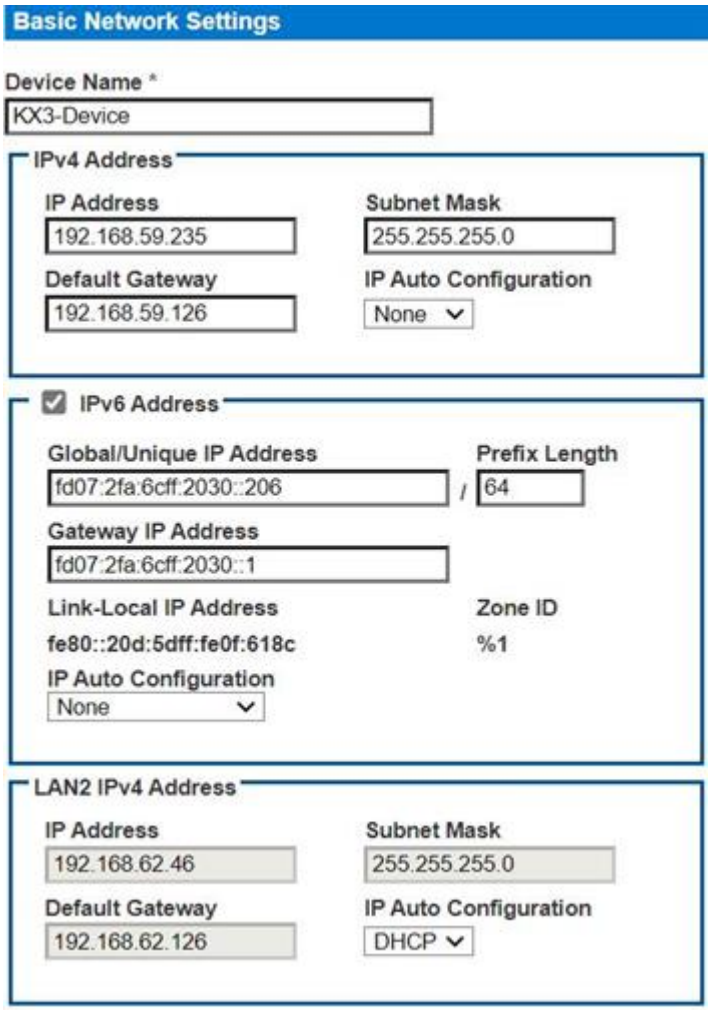
Configure KX III for Dual LAN Failover Mode

LAN1 and LAN2 share the same IP address to support automatic failover.

LAN1 is the primary port. If LAN1 fails, LAN2 is used to access KX III.

1. Select Device Settings > Network to open the Device Network Settings page.
2. Set the IP Auto Configuration to *None* in the IPv4 section.
3. Select the "Enable Automatic Failover" checkbox under LAN Interface Settings to enable failover.
4. Manually specify the network parameters by entering the Default Gateway.

5. Enter the IPv4 IP Address, if needed. The default IP address is 192.168.0.192.
6. Enter the IPv4 Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
7. The LAN1 settings are applied to LAN2 if failover occurs.



1. Complete the IPv6 sections, if applicable.
2. Select the IP Auto Configuration.

If *None* is selected, you must manually specify -

- Global/Unique IP Address - this is the IP address assigned to KX III.
- Prefix Length - this is the number of bits used in the IPv6 address.
- Gateway IP Address.

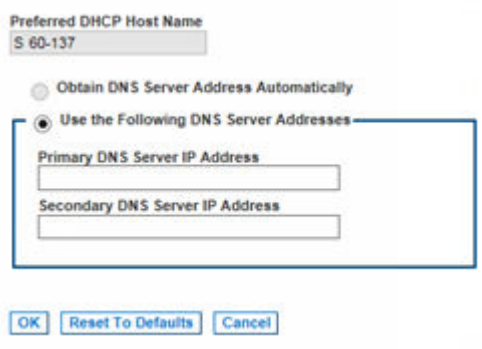
Select *Router Discovery* to locate a Global or Unique IPv6 address instead of a Link-Local subnet. Once located, the address is automatically applied.

Note that the following additional, read-only information appears in this section -

- Link-Local IP Address - this address is automatically assigned to the device. It is used for neighbor discovery or when no routers are present.
- Zone ID - Identifies the device the address is associated with. Read-Only

3. Next, select "Use the Following DNS Server Addresses" and enter the Primary DNS Server IP Address and Secondary DNS Server IP Address. The secondary address is used if the primary DNS server connection is lost due to an outage.

Note: "Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically" and "Preferred DHCP Host Name" are only enabled when KX III is configured in DHCP mode.



---

4. Set the LAN 1/LAN 2 Interface Speed and Duplex, and the LAN 1/LAN 2 MTU.
   - Valid range for MTU is 576 - 1500.
5. Set ARP Accept (default 0), ARP Announce (default 2) and ARP Ignore (default 1) options for Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) if needed to change the default system ARP behavior.
6. When finished, click OK. Your KX III device is now network accessible.

Configure KX III for Dual LAN Isolation Mode

Isolation mode allows you to access each LAN port independently using different IP addresses.

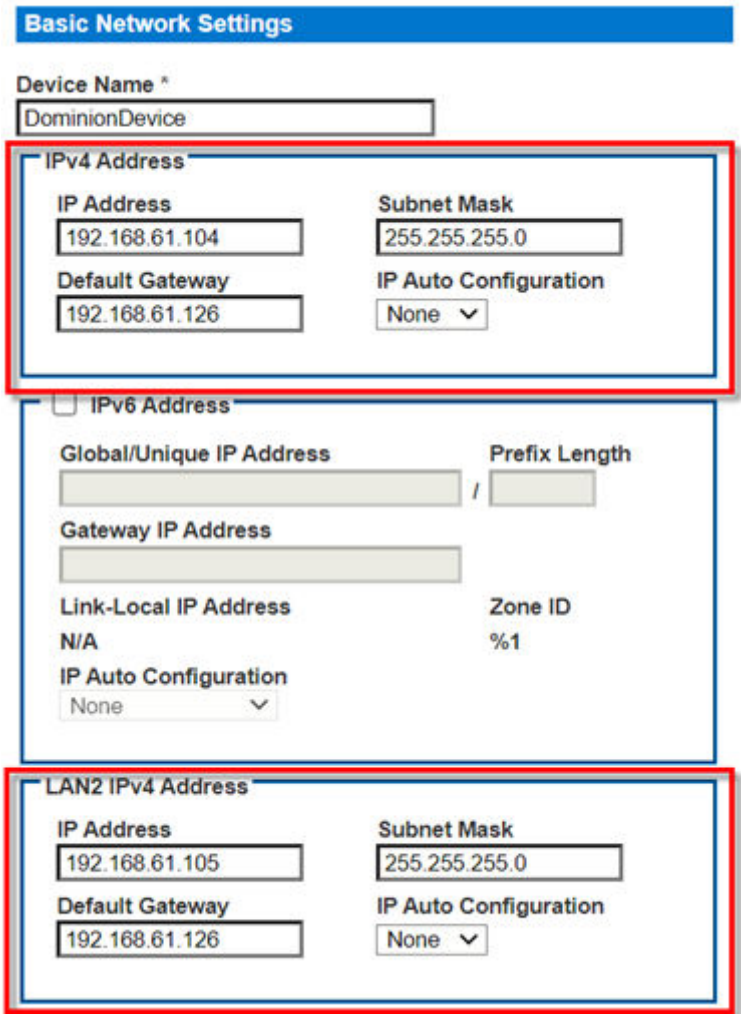
Failover is not supported in this mode.

1. Select Device Settings > Network to open the Device Network Settings page.
2. Set the IP Auto Configuration to *None* in the IPv4 section.



3. Ensure the "Enable Automatic Failover" checkbox is not selected.
4. Set ARP Accept (default 0), ARP Announce (default 2) and ARP Ignore (default 1) are options for Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) if needed to change the default system ARP behavior.
5. If needed, manually specify the network parameters by entering the Default Gateway and then complete the steps that follow.
6. Enter the IP address you want to use to connect to the KX III LAN1. The default IP address is 192.168.0.192.
7. Enter the IPv4 Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
8. In the LAN2 IPv4 section, set the IP Auto Configuration to *None*.
9. Enter the IP address you want to use to connect to the KX III LAN2.

10. Enter the LAN2 IPv4 Default Gateway and Subnet Mask.



11. Complete the IPv6 sections, if applicable.
12. Select the IP Auto Configuration.

If *None* is selected, you must manually specify -

- Global/Unique IP Address - this is the IP address assigned to KX III.
- Prefix Length - this is the number of bits used in the IPv6 address.
- Gateway IP Address.

Select *Router Discovery* to locate a Global or Unique IPv6 address instead of a Link-Local subnet. Once located, the address is automatically applied.

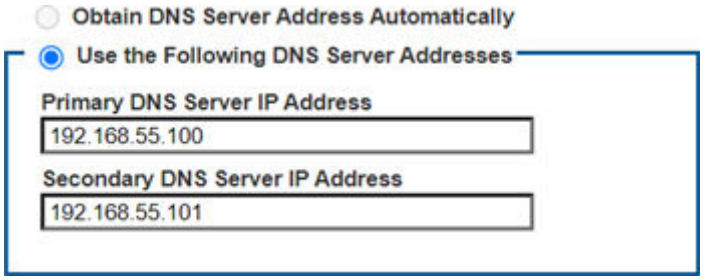
Note that the following additional, read-only information appears in this section -

- Link-Local IP Address - this address is automatically assigned to the device. It is used for neighbor discovery or when no routers are present.
- Zone ID - Identifies the device the address is associated with. Read-Only

13. Select "Use the Following DNS Server Addresses" and enter the Primary DNS Server IP Address and Secondary DNS Server IP Address. The secondary address is used if the primary DNS server connection is lost due to an outage.

Note: "Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically" and "Preferred DHCP Host Name" are only enabled when KX III is configured in DHCP mode

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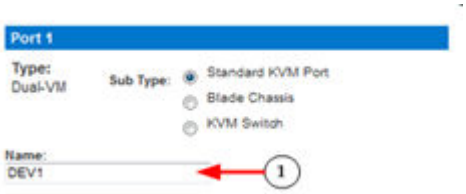
14. Set the LAN 1/LAN 2 Interface Speed and Duplex, and the LAN 1/LAN 2 MTU.
    - Valid range for MTU is 576 - 1500.
15. When finished, click OK.

Your KX III device is now accessible via the LAN1 IP address and the LAN2 IP address.

Name Your Target Servers

Connect all of the target servers if you have not already done so.

Select Device Settings > Port Configuration, then click the Port Name of the target server you want to name.



1. Enter a name for the server up to 32 alphanumeric and special characters. Click OK.

Specify Power Supply Autodetection

KX III provides dual power supplies.

When both power supplies are used, KX III automatically detects them and notifies you of their status. Additionally, both the Powerln1 and Powerln2 Auto Detect checkboxes are automatically selected on the Power Supply Setup page.

If you are using only one power supply, you can enable automatic detection for only the power supply in use.

When only one power input is connected, the Power LED on the front of the KX III device is Red when the checkbox is selected for an unconnected power supply, and Blue when the checkbox is not selected for an unconnected power supply.

► *To enable automatic detection for the power supply in use:*

1. Select Device Settings > Power Supply Setup.
   - Select the PowerIn1 Auto Detect option if you are plugging power input into power supply number one.

     (The left-most power supply at the back of the device when you are facing rear of the device.)

Or

   - Select the PowerIn2 Auto Detect option if you are plugging power input into power supply number two.

     (The right-most power supply at the back of the device when you are facing rear of the device.)

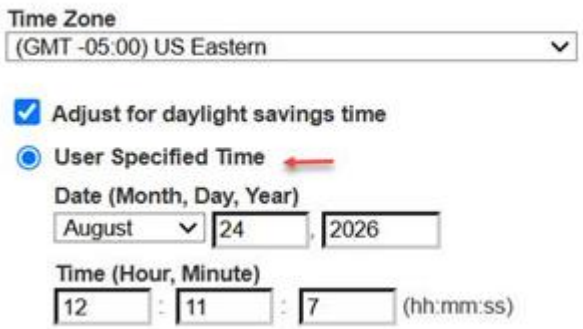
     Click OK.

Configure Date/Time Settings

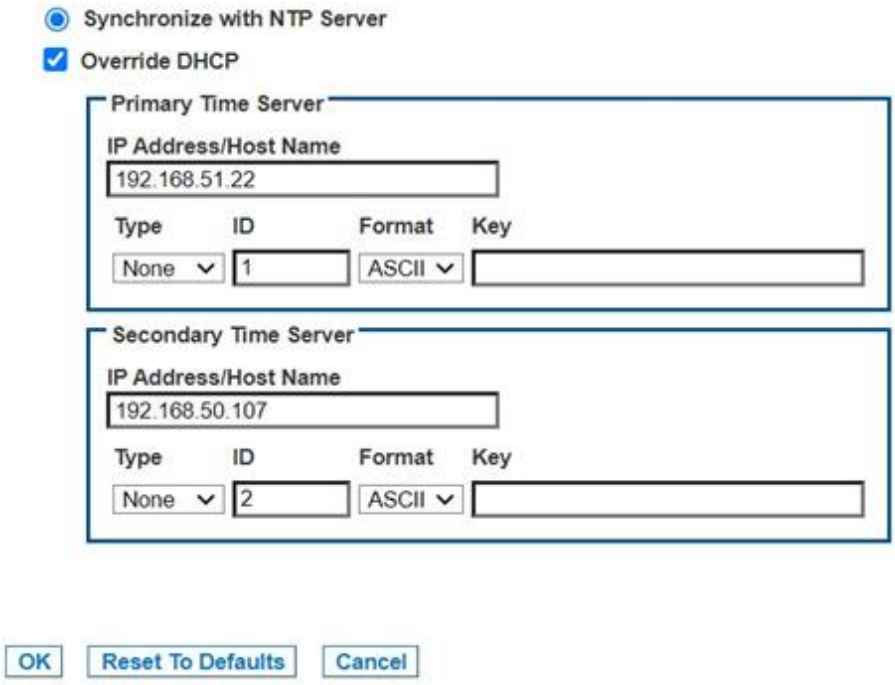
The date and time settings impact SSL certificate validation if LDAPS is enabled. Configuring the date and time also ensures your audit logs will be timestamped correctly.

There are two ways to do this:

- Manually set the date and time.



- Synchronize the date and time with a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.



Note: NTP security is added to the KX III, which allows it to request the date and time with or without authentication. If the NTP server is configured to use authentication, it will accept the request along with the authentication key, and send back the date and time along with digital information of the authentication key. The KX III will verify the digital information and will use the date and time if the key matches; otherwise discard the received information.

► *To configure date/time settings:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Date/Time to open the Date/Time Settings page.
2. Choose your time zone from the Time Zone drop-down list.
3. Adjust for daylight savings time by checking the "Adjust for daylight savings time" checkbox.
4. Choose the method to use to set the date and time:
   - User Specified Time - use this option to input the date and time manually. For the User Specified Time option, enter the date and time. For the time, use the hh:mm format (using a 24-hour clock).
   - Synchronize with NTP Server - use this option to synchronize the date and time with the Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server.
5. For the Synchronize with NTP Server option:
   - Enter the IP address of the Primary Time server, Authentication Type, ID, key Format and key value.
   - Enter the IP address of the Secondary Time server, Authentication Type, ID, key Format and key value Optional

   ---

   Note: If DHCP is selected for the Network Settings on the Network page, the NTP server IP address is automatically retrieved from the DHCP server by default. Manually enter the NTP server IP address by selecting the Override DHCP checkbox.

   ---

6. Click OK.

Create User Groups and Users

Note to CC-SG Users

When the KX III is controlled by CommandCenter Secure Gateway, CC-SG authenticates users and groups, except for local users requiring Local port access.

When CC-SG is controlling the KX III, local port users will be authenticated against the local user database or the remote authentication server (LDAP/LDAPS or RADIUS) configured on the KX III. They will not be authenticated against the CC-SG user database.

HKC and VKCs target launches from CC-SG clients will be prompted for certificate login if the client PC has a valid certificate loaded and the KX III managed by CC-SG has Client Certificate Authentication enabled.

For additional information about CC-SG authentication, see the CommandCenter Secure Gateway User Guide, Administrator Guide, or Deployment Guide, which can be downloaded from the Support section of the Raritan website.

Supported Protocols

To simplify management of usernames and passwords, the KX III provides the ability to forward authentication requests to an external authentication server. Two external authentication protocols are supported: LDAP/LDAPS and RADIUS.

Note on Microsoft Active Directory

Microsoft® Active Directory® uses the LDAP/LDAPS protocol natively, and can function as an LDAP/LDAPS server and authentication source for the KX III. If it has the IAS (Internet Authorization Server) component, a Microsoft Active Directory server can also serve as a RADIUS authentication source.

Step 5: Launching the KX III Remote Console

1. Launch a supported web browser, and enter the IP address assigned to the KX III.
2. A default client is launched based on your pc and browser settings. See KVM Clients (on page 26). You can also choose a client by entering the URL directly. See KVM Client Launching (on page 26).
3. Enter your username and password, then click Login.
4. Accept the user agreement (if applicable).
5. If security warnings appear, click to accept.

Tip: If you have a Dominion KX III User Station, you can use it to remotely access the KX III target servers. See Dominion User Station (on page 340).

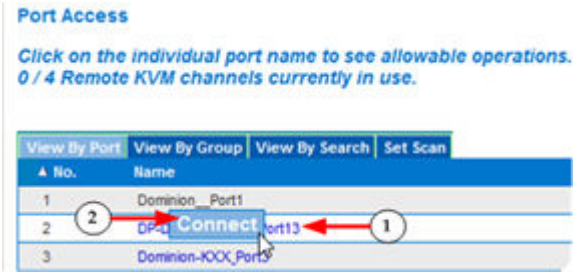
Access and Control Target Servers Remotely

The KX III Port Access page provides a list of all KX III ports.

The page also lists all of the target servers connected to the KX III along with their status and availability.

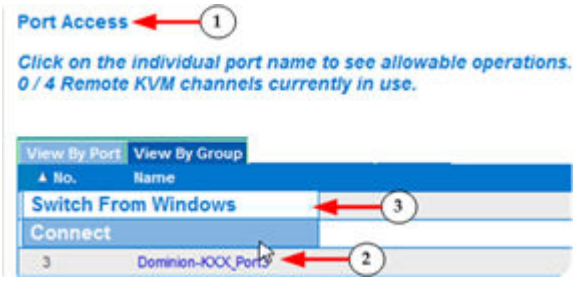
Access a Target Server from the KX III

► *To access a target server:*



1. On the KX III Port Access page, click the Port Name of the target you want to access. The Port Action Menu is displayed.
2. Choose Connect from the Port Action menu. A KVM window opens with a connection to the target.

Switch between Target Servers



1 While already using a target server, access the KX III Port Access page.

2 Click the port name of the target you want to access. The Port Action menu appears.

3 Choose Switch From. The new target server you selected is displayed.

DKX3-808 Fast Switching

DKX3-808 maintains the video connections to the servers, enabling faster connections to servers and faster switching between channels.

Some Video Settings do not apply to DKX3-808 targets:

- Automatic Color Calibration
- Video Sensing: Best possible video mode/Quick sense video mode

Disconnect from a Target Server

► *To disconnect a target:*

- On the Port Access page, click the port name of the target you want to disconnect from, then click Disconnect on the Port Action menu when it appears.

  Or
- Close the KVM client window.

Step 6: Configuring the Keyboard Language (Optional)

If you are using a non-US language, the keyboard must be configured for the appropriate language. Also, the keyboard language for the client machine and the KVM target servers must match. Consult your operating system documentation for information about changing the keyboard layout.

Change the Keyboard Layout Code (Sun Targets)

Use this procedure if you are using a DCIM-SUSB and want to change the keyboard layout to another language.

► *To change the keyboard layout code (DCIM-SUSB only):*

	***Open a Text Editor window on the Sun™ workstation.***
	***Check that the Num Lock key is active. then press the left Ctrl key and the Del key on your keyboard, or select the option "set CIM keyboard/Mouse options" from the keyboard menu.*** ***The Caps Lock light starts to blink, indicating that the CIM is in Layout Code Change mode.*** ***The text window displays:*** `Raritan Computer, Inc. Current keyboard layout code = 22h (US5 UNIX).`
	***Type the layout code desired (for example, 31 for the Japanese keyboard). Press Enter.***
	***Shut down the device and power on once again. The DCIM-SUSB performs a reset (power cycle).***

5	***Verify that the characters are correct.***

Step 7: Create and Install an SSL Certificate

It is strongly recommended to install your own SSL Certificate in each KX III device. This security best practice reduces the number of browser and Java™ warning messages, and avoids man-in-the-middle attacks. It also prevents future Java versions and browser versions from blocking access to your KX III device.

For information on creating and installing SSL certificates, see SSL and TLS Certificates (on page 253).

Check Apple support for guidance on certificates required for Apple devices: https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT210176

Rack PDU (Power Strip) Outlet Control

Overview

You can control Raritan PX and RPC series rack PDU (power strip) outlets connected to the KX III through a D2CIM-PWR.

Once connected to the KX III, the rack PDU and its outlets are controlled from the Powerstrip page, which is accessed by clicking on the Power menu at the top of the page.

Note: If no powerstrips are connected to KX III, a message stating "No powerstrips found" is displayed in the Powerstrip Device section of page.

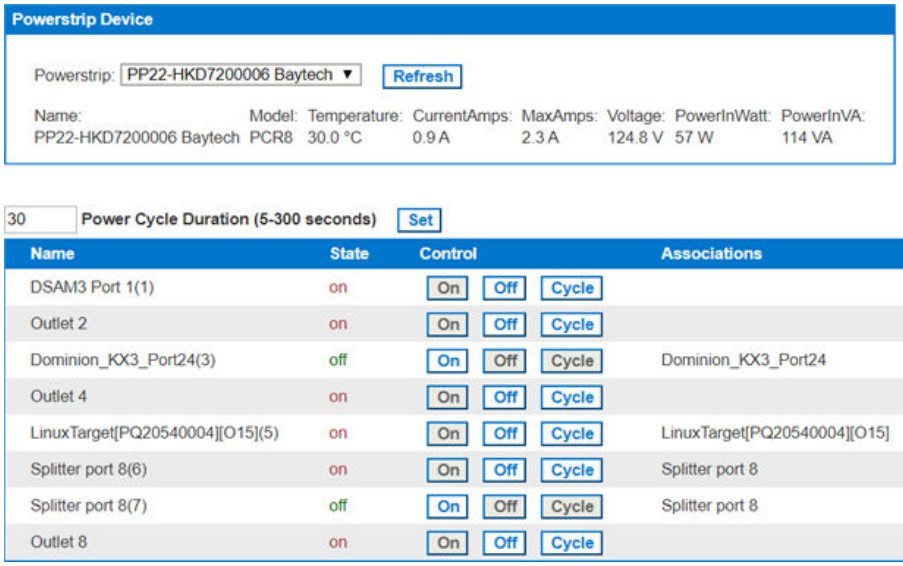
All of the powerstrips you have permissions to access and which are connected to KX III are listed in the Powerstrip drop-down.

Information about the currently selected powerstrip is displayed under the Powerstrip drop-down.

- Name
- Model
- Temperature
- Current Amps
- Maximum Amps
- Voltage
- Power in Watts
- Power in Volts Ampere
- Outlet Display Information:
- Name - Named assigned to the outlet when it was configured.
- State - On or Off status of the outlet
- Control - Turn outlets on or off, or cycle their power
- Association - The target ports associated with the outlet

In the case of tiered configurations, the Powerstrip page will display both rack PDUs attached to the base and tiered KX IIIs, for which the user has been granted appropriate port access permissions.

- Outlet Display Information:
- Name - Named assigned to the outlet when it was configured.
- State - On or Off status of the outlet
- Control - Turn outlets on or off, or cycle their power
- Association - The ports associated with the outlet



Turning Outlets On/Off and Cycling Power

► *To turn an outlet on:*

1. Click the Power menu to access the Powerstrip page.
2. From the Powerstrip drop-down, select the PX rack PDU (power strip) you want to turn on.
3. Click Refresh to view the power controls.
4. Click On next to the outlet you want to power on.
5. Click OK to close the Power On confirmation dialog. The outlet will be turned on and its state will be displayed as 'on'.

► *To turn an outlet off:*

1. Click Off next to the outlet you want to power off.
2. Click OK on the Power Off dialog.
3. Click OK on the Power Off confirmation dialog. The outlet will be turned off and its state will be displayed as 'off'.

► *To cycle the power of an outlet:*

1. Click Cycle next to the outlet you want to cycle. The Power Cycle Port dialog opens.
2. Click OK. The outlet will then cycle (note that this may take a few seconds).
3. Once the cycling is complete the dialog will open. Click OK to close the dialog.

USB Profiles

Overview

To broaden the KX III's compatibility with different KVM target servers, Raritan provides a standard selection of USB configuration profiles for a wide range of operating system and BIOS-level server implementations.

The Generic (default) USB profile meets the needs of the vast majority of deployed KVM target server configurations.

Additional profiles are provided to meet the specific needs of other commonly deployed server configurations (for example, Linux® and Mac OS X®).

There are also a number of profiles (designated by platform name and BIOS revision) to enhance virtual media function compatibility with the target server, for example, when operating at the BIOS level.

USB profiles are configured on the Device Settings > Port Configuration > Port page of the KX III Remote and Local Consoles.

Administrators configure the port with the USB profiles that best meet the needs of the user, and the target server configuration.

A user connecting to a KVM target server chooses among these preselected profiles in the KVM Client, depending on the operational state of the KVM target server.

For example, if the server is running Windows® operating system, it would be best to use the Generic profile.

To change settings in the BIOS menu or boot from a virtual media drive, depending on the target server model, a BIOS profile may be more appropriate.

CIM Compatibility

In order to make use of USB profiles, you must use a virtual media CIM with updated firmware. For a list of virtual media CIMs, see Supported Computer Interface Module (CIMs) Specifications (on page 382).

Available USB Profiles

The current release of the KX III comes with the selection of USB profiles described in the following table. New profiles may be included with each firmware upgrade provided by Raritan.

USB profile	Description
BIOS Dell® PowerEdge® 1950/2950/2970/6950/R200	Dell PowerEdge 1950/2950/2970/6950/R200 BIOS Use either this profile or 'Generic' profile for Dell PowerEdge 1950/2950/2970/6950/R200 BIOS. Restrictions: • None
BIOS Dell OptiPlex ™ Keyboard and Mouse Only	Dell OptiPlex BIOS Access (Keyboard and Mouse Only) Use this profile to have keyboard functionality for the Dell OptiPlex BIOS when using D2CIM-VUSB. When using the new D2CIM-DVUSB, use 'Generic' profile. Notice: • Optiplex 210L/280/745/GX620 requires D2CIM-DVUSB with 'Generic' profile to support virtual media Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • No virtual media support
BIOS Dell Optiplex 790	Use this profile for Dell Optiplex 790 during BIOS operations. Warning: • USB enumeration will trigger whenever Virtual Media is connected or disconnected Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Absolute mouse synchronization not supported • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
BIOS Dell Optiplex 790 Keyboard Only	Use this profile for Dell Optiplex 790 when using Keyboard Macros during BIOS operations. Only keyboard is enabled with this profile. Restrictions: • Mouse is disabled. • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives are disabled.
BIOS DellPowerEdge Keyboard and Mouse Only	Dell PowerEdge BIOS Access (Keyboard and Mouse Only) Use this profile to have keyboard functionality for the Dell PowerEdge BIOS when using D2CIM-VUSB. When using the new D2CIM-DVUSB, use 'Generic' profile. Notice: • PowerEdge 650/1650/1750/2600/2650 BIOS do not support USB CD-ROM and disk drives as a bootable device • PowerEdge 750/850/860/1850/2850/SC1425 BIOS requires D2CIM-DVUSB with 'Generic' profile to support virtual media • Use 'BIOS Dell PowerEdge 1950/2950/2970/6950/R200' or 'Generic' profile for PowerEdge 1950/2950/2970/6950/R200 when operating in the BIOS Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Absolute mouse synchronization™ not supported • No virtual media support

USB profile	Description
BIOS ASUS P4C800 Motherboard	Use this profile to access BIOS and boot from Virtual Media on Asus P4C800-based systems. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
BIOS Generic	BIOS Generic Use this profile when Generic OS profile does not work on the BIOS. WARNING: USB enumeration will trigger whenever virtual media is connected or disconnected. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Absolute mouse synchronization™ not supported • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
BIOS HP® Proliant™ DL145	HP Proliant DL145 PhoenixBIOS Use this profile for HP Proliant DL145 PhoenixBIOS during OS installation. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s)
BIOS HP Compaq® DC7100/DC7600	BIOS HP Compaq DC7100/DC7600 Use this profile to boot the HP Compaq DC7100/DC7600 series desktops from virtual media. Restrictions: • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
BIOS IBM ThinkCentre Lenovo	IBM Thinkcentre Lenovo BIOS Use this profile for the IBM® Thinkcentre Lenovo system board (model 828841U) during BIOS operations. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
IBM BladeCenter H with Advanced Management Module	Use this profile to enable virtual media functionality when D2CIM-VUSB or D2CIM-DVUSB is connected to the Advanced Management Module. Restrictions: • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
BIOS Lenovo ThinkPad T61 & X61	BIOS Lenovo ThinkPad T61 and X61 (boot from virtual media) Use this profile to boot the T61 and X61 series laptops from virtual media. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s)

USB profile	Description
Generic	The generic USB profile can be used for Windows 2000® operating system, Windows XP® operating system, Windows Vista® operating system and later. Note: Microsoft no longer supports some legacy Windows OS, and using them may be a security risk. Restrictions: • None
HP Proliant DL360/ DL380 G4 (HP SmartStart CD)	HP Proliant DL360/DL380 G4 (HP SmartStart CD) Use this profile for the HP Proliant DL360/DL380 G4 series server when installing OS using HP SmartStart CD. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Absolute mouse synchronization™ not supported
HP Proliant DL360/ DL380 G4 (Windows 2003® Server Installation)	HP Proliant DL360/DL380 G4 (Windows 2003 Server Installation) Use this profile for the HP Proliant DL360/DL380 G4 series server when installing Windows 2003 Server without the help of HP SmartStart CD. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s)
Linux®	Generic Linux profile This is the generic Linux profile; use it for Redhat Enterprise Linux, SuSE Linux Enterprise Desktop and similar distributions. Restrictions: • Absolute mouse synchronization™ not supported
BIOS Mac®	BIOS Mac Use this profile for Mac BIOS. Restrictions: • Absolute mouse synchronization™ is not supported • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously If you use this USB profile, see Mouse Modes when Using the Mac Boot Menu (on page 142) for information mouse modes when using the Mac Boot Menu
MAC OS X® 10.4.9 (and later)	Mac OS X version 10.4.9 (and later) This profile compensates the scaling of mouse coordinates introduced in recent versions of Mac OS X. Select this if the remote and local mouse positions get out of sync near the desktop borders. Restrictions: • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
RUBY Industrial Mainboard (AwardBIOS)	RUBY Industrial Mainboard (AwardBIOS) Use this profile for the RUBY-9715VG2A series industrial mainboards with Phoenix/ AwardBIOS v6.00PG.

USB profile	Description
	Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
Supermicro Mainboard Phoenix (AwardBIOS)	Supermicro Mainboard Phoenix AwardBIOS Use this profile for the Supermicro series mainboards with Phoenix AwardBIOS. Restrictions: • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously
Suse 9.2	SuSE Linux 9.2 Use this for SuSE Linux 9.2 distribution. Restrictions: • Absolute mouse synchronization™ not supported • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s)
Troubleshooting 1	Troubleshooting Profile 1 • Mass Storage first • Keyboard and Mouse (Type 1) • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously WARNING: USB enumeration will trigger whenever virtual media is connected or disconnected.
Troubleshooting 2	Troubleshooting Profile 2 • Keyboard and Mouse (Type 2) first • Mass Storage • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously WARNING: USB enumeration will trigger whenever virtual media is connected or disconnected.
Troubleshooting 3	Troubleshooting Profile 3 • Mass Storage first • Keyboard and Mouse (Type 2) • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s) • Virtual CD-ROM and disk drives cannot be used simultaneously WARNING: USB enumeration will trigger whenever virtual media is connected or disconnected.

USB profile	Description
Use Full Speed for Virtual Media CIM	Use Full Speed for virtual media CIM This profile can be useful for BIOS that cannot handle High Speed USB devices. Restrictions: • USB bus speed limited to full-speed (12 MBit/s)
Use Full Speed for Keyboard and Mouse USB	This profile will set the Keyboard and Mouse USB interface on the Dual-VM CIM to Full Speed. Useful for devices that cannot operate properly with the Low Speed USB settings. Restrictions: • USB bus speed set to full-speed (12 MBit/s) on Keyboard and Mouse USB interface
Mac USB-C	Use this profile with the D2CIM-VUSB-USBC CIM on Mac targets. • Make sure the resolution on Mac Notebook targets is set to "Best for CIM" instead of "Scaled CIM". 

Mouse Modes when Using the Mac Boot Menu

When working with the "BIOS Mac" USB profile, to use the mouse in the Mac Boot Menu, you must use Single Mouse mode since Absolute Mouse Mode is not supported in the BIOS.

► *To configure the mouse to work at the Boot menu:*

1. Reboot the Mac and press the Option key during the reboot to open the Boot menu. The mouse will not respond at this point.
2. Select Single Mouse mode. The mouse now responds.

Note: Mouse speed may be slow while in Single Mouse mode.

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3. Once you are out of the Boot menu and back to the OS X, exit Single Mouse mode and switch back to Absolute Mouse mode.

Selecting Profiles for a KVM Port

The KX III comes with a set of USB profiles that you can assign to a KVM port based on the characteristics of the KVM target server it connects to. You assign USB profiles to a KVM port in the Device Settings > Port Configuration > Port page in either the Remote or Local Console.

Administrators designate the profiles that are most likely to be needed for a specific target. These profiles are then available for selection. If a profile has not been made available, you can access any of the available profiles by selecting USB Profile > Other Profiles.

Assigning USB profiles to a KVM port makes those profiles available to a user when connected to a KVM target server. If required, the user can select a USB profile from the USB Profile menu.

For information about assigning USB profiles to a KVM port, see Configuring USB Profiles (Port Page) (on page 211).

User Management

User Groups

The KX III stores an internal list of all user profiles and user groups to determine access authorization and permissions. This information is stored internally in an encrypted format.

All users must be authenticated to access KX III.

KX III can be configured to authenticate users locally and/or remotely using LDAP/LDAPS or RADIUS. Remote user authentication is processed before local authentication if remote authentication is enabled.

Every KX III is delivered with three default user groups. These groups cannot be deleted:

User	Description
Admin	Users that are members of this group have full administrative privileges. The original, factory-default user is a member of this group and has the complete set of system privileges. In addition, the Admin user must be a member of the Admin group.
Unknown	This is the default group for users who are authenticated externally using LDAP/LDAPS or RADIUS or who are unknown to the system. If the external LDAP/LDAPS or RADIUS server does not identify a valid user group, the Unknown group is used. In addition, any newly created user is automatically put in this group until assigned to another group.
Individual Group	An individual group is essentially a “group” of one. That is, the specific user is in its own group, not affiliated with other real groups. Individual groups can be identified by the “@” in the Group Name. The individual group allows a user account to have the same rights as a group.

Up to 254 user groups can be created in the KX III.

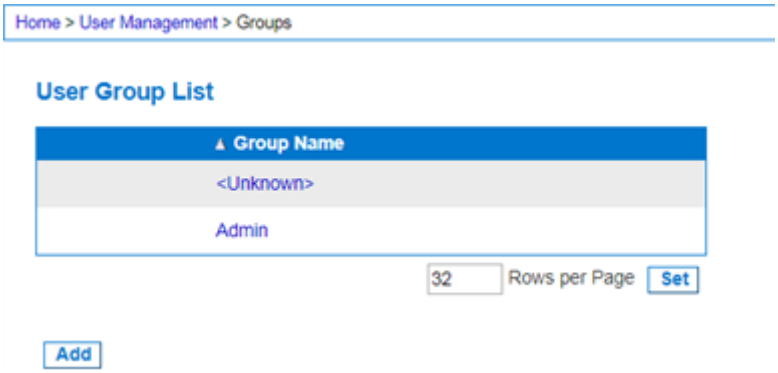
User Group List

User groups are used with local and remote authentication (via RADIUS or LDAP/LDAPS). It is a good idea to define user groups before creating individual users since, when you add a user, you must assign that user to an existing user group.

The User Group List page displays a list of all user groups, which can be sorted in ascending or descending order by clicking on the Group Name column heading. From the User Group List page, you can also add, modify, or delete user groups.

► *To list the user groups:*

- Choose User Management > User Group List. The User Group List page opens.



Relationship Between Users and Groups

Users belong to a group and groups have privileges. Organizing the various users of your KX III into groups saves time by allowing you to manage permissions for all users in a group at once, instead of managing permissions on a user-by-user basis.

You may also choose not to associate specific users with groups. In this case, you can classify the user as “Individual.”

Upon successful authentication, the appliance uses group information to determine the user's permissions, such as which server ports are accessible, whether rebooting the appliance is allowed, and other features.

Adding a New User Group

► *To add a new user group:*

1. Select User Management > Add New User Group or click Add on the User Group List page.
2. Type a descriptive name for the new user group into the Group Name field (up to 64 characters).
3. Select the checkboxes next to the permissions you want to assign to all of the users belonging to this group. See Setting Permissions (on page 145)

4. Specify the server ports and the type of access for each user belonging to this group. See Setting Port Permissions (on page 146)
5. Set the IP ACL. This feature limits access to the KX III device by specifying IP addresses. It applies only to users belonging to a specific group, unlike the IP Access Control list feature that applies to all access attempts to the device (and takes priority). See Group-Based IP ACL (Access Control List) (on page 147) Optional
6. Click OK.

Setting Permissions

Important: Selecting the User Management checkbox allows the members of the group to change the permissions of all users, including their own. Carefully consider granting these permissions.

Permission	Description
Device Access While Under CC-SG Management	Allows users and user groups with this permission to directly access the KX III. The KX III is accessed using an IP address when Local Access is enabled for the device in CC-SG. The device can be accessed from HKC, VKC/VKCs, AKC and CLI. When a device is accessed directly while it is under CC-SG management, access and connection activity is logged on the KX III. User authentication is performed based on KX III authentication settings. • Note: The Admin user group has all permissions by default.
Device Settings	Network settings, date/time settings, port configuration (channel names, power associations), event management (SNMP, Syslog), virtual media file server setups, host allowlist*. *Host allowlist requires user to have both Security and Device Settings permissions.
Diagnostics	Network interface status, network statistics, ping host, trace route to host, KX III diagnostics.
Hide Client Toolbar and Menu Bar	Removes toolbars and menu bars from AKC, VKC, and HKC so that users can only use the Scale Video and Exit functions.
Maintenance	Backup and restore database, firmware upgrade, reboot. Factory reset is available from the local console only.
Modem Access	Permission to use the modem to connect to the KX III device.
PC-Share	Simultaneous access to the same target by multiple users. If you are using a tiered configuration in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple, additional tiered devices, all devices must share the same PC-Share setting.
Port Management	Permission to manage and modify KVM port and serial port settings.

Permission	Description
Security	SSL certificate, security settings (VM Share, PC-Share), IP ACL, host allowlist*. *Host allowlist requires user to have both Security and Device Settings permissions.
User Management	User and group management, remote, authentication (LDAP/ LDAPS/RADIUS), login settings. If you are using a tiered configuration in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple other tiered devices, user, user group and remote authentication settings must be consistent across all devices.

Setting Port Permissions

For each server port, you can specify the access type the group has, as well as the type of port access to the virtual media and the power control. The default setting for all permissions is Deny.

Port access	
Option	**Description**
Deny	Denied access completely
View	View the video (but not interact with) the connected target server.
Control	Control the connected target server. Control must be assigned to the group if VM and power control access will also be granted. In order for all users in a user group to see KVM switches that are added, each user must be granted Control access. If they don't have this permission and a KVM switch is added at a later time, they will not be able to see the switches. Control access must be granted for audio or smart card related controls to be active.
VM access	
option	**Description**
Deny	Virtual media permission is denied altogether for the port.
Read-Only	Virtual media access is limited to read access only.
Read-Write	Complete access (read, write) to virtual media.
Power control access	
option	**Description**
Deny	Deny power control to the target server
Access	Full permission to power control on a target server

For blade chassis, the port access permission will control access to the URLs that have been configured for that blade chassis. The options are Deny or Control. In addition, each blade housed within the chassis has its own independent Port Permissions setting.

If you are using a tiered configuration in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple other tiered devices, the tiered device enforces individual port control levels. See Configuring and Enabling Tiering (on page 218) for more information on tiering.

Setting Permissions for an Individual Group

► *To set permissions for an individual user group:*

1. Locate the group from among the groups listed. Individual groups can be identified by the @ in the Group Name.
2. Click the Group Name. The Group page opens.
3. Select the appropriate permissions.
4. Click OK.

Group-Based IP ACL (Access Control List)

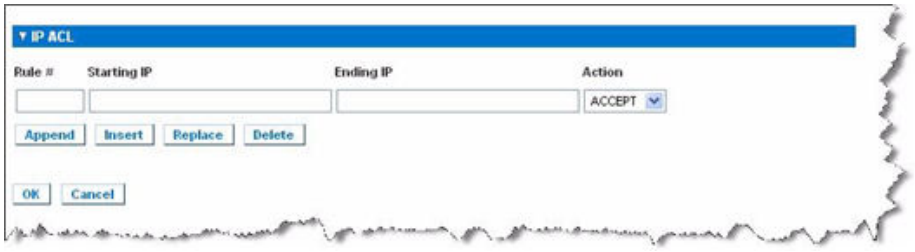
Important: Exercise caution when using group-based IP access control. It is possible to be locked out of your KX III if your IP address is within a range that has been denied access.

This feature limits a user's access to the KX III by allowing you to assign them to a group that can only access the device through specific IP addresses.

This feature applies only to users belonging to the specific group. This is unlike the IP Access Control List feature that applies to all access attempts to the device. IP access control takes priority over group-based IP ACL and is processed first.

Important: The IP address 127.0.0.1 is used by the KX III Local Port and cannot be blocked.

Use the IP ACL section of the Group page to add, insert, replace, and delete IP access control rules on a group-level basis.



► *To add (append) rules:*

1. Type the starting IP address in the Starting IP field.
2. Type the ending IP address in the Ending IP field.
3. Choose the action from the available options:
   - Accept - IP addresses set to Accept are allowed access to the KX III device.
   - Drop - IP addresses set to Drop are denied access to the KX III device.
4. Click Append. The rule is added to the bottom of the rules list. Repeat steps 1 through 4 for each rule you want to enter.

► *To insert a rule:*

1. Enter a rule number (#). A rule number is required when using the Insert command.
2. Enter the Starting IP and Ending IP fields.
3. Choose the action from the Action drop-down list.
4. Click Insert. If the rule number you just typed equals an existing rule number, the new rule is placed ahead of the exiting rule and all rules are moved down in the list.

► *To replace a rule:*

1. Specify the rule number you want to replace.
2. Type the Starting IP and Ending IP fields.
3. Choose the Action from the drop-down list.
4. Click Replace. Your new rule replaces the original rule with the same rule number.

► *To delete a rule:*

1. Specify the rule number you want to delete.
2. Click Delete.
3. When prompted to confirm the deletion, click OK.

Important: ACL rules are evaluated in the order in which they are listed. For instance, in the example shown here, if the two ACL rules were reversed, no communication would be accepted at all.

```
Rule 1, Starting IP = 192.168.50.1, Ending IP = 192.168.55.255, Action = ACCEPT

Rule 2, Starting IP = 0.0.0.0, Ending IP = 255.255.255.255, Action = DROP
```

Tip: The rule numbers allow you to have more control over the order in which the rules are created.

Modifying an Existing User Group

Note: All permissions are enabled for the Admin group and cannot be changed.

► *To modify an existing user group:*

1. From the Group page, change the appropriate fields and set the appropriate permissions.
2. Set the Permissions for the group. Select the checkboxes before the permissions you want to assign to all of the users belonging to this group. See Setting Permissions (on page 145).
3. Set the Port Permissions. Specify the server ports that can be accessed by users belonging to this group (and the type of access). See Setting Port Permissions (on page 146).
4. Set the IP ACL (optional). This feature limits access to the KX III device by specifying IP addresses. See Group-Based IP ACL (Access Control List) (on page 147).
5. Click OK.

► *To delete a user group:*

Important: If you delete a group with users in it, the users are automatically assigned to the <unknown> user group.

Tip: To determine the users belonging to a particular group, sort the User List by User Group.

1. Choose a group from among those listed by checking the checkbox to the left of the Group Name.
2. Click Delete, then click OK to confirm.

Users

Users must be granted user names and passwords to gain access to the KX III. This information is used to authenticate users attempting to access your KX III.

Up to 254 users can be created for each user group.

If you are using a tiered configuration in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple other tiered devices, users will need permission to access the base device and permissions to access each individual tiered device (as needed).

When users log on to the base device, each tiered device is queried and the user's access to the tiered device's ports is controlled by the user groups and permissions set on the tiered device. See Configuring and Enabling Tiering (on page 218)for more information on tiering. See User Permissions in Tiered Configurations (on page 219) for examples.

Adding a New User

Note: Since you must assign a user to an existing user group when you add them, it is a good idea to define user groups before creating KX III users. See Adding a New User Group (on page 144).

From the User page, you can add new users, modify user information, and reactivate users that have been deactivated*.

*Note: A user can be deactivated when the number of failed login attempts has exceeded the maximum login attempts set in the Security Settings page. See Security Settings (on page 257).

► *To add a new user:*

1. Select User Management > Add New User or click Add on the User List page.
2. Type a unique name in the Username field, up to 64 characters.
3. Type the person's full name in the Full Name field, up to 64 characters.
4. Type a password in the Password field and retype the password in the Confirm Password field, up to 64 characters.
5. Choose the group from the User Group drop-down list.
6. To activate the new user, leave the Active checkbox selected. Click OK.

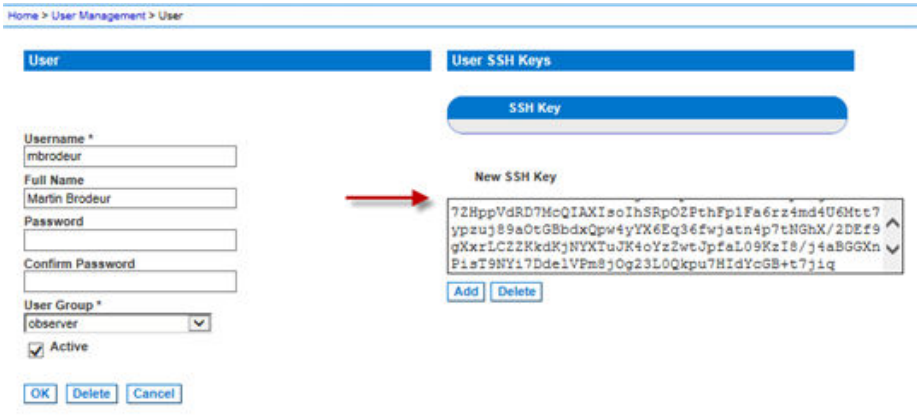
The force password change on next login setting is selected by default when creating a new user.

If you do not want to associate this user with an existing User Group, select Individual Group from the drop-down list. For more information about permissions for an Individual Group, see Setting Permissions for an Individual Group (on page 147).

Add SSH Client Certificates for Users

If needed, SSH (Secure Shell) Client Authentication keys can be added to a user. The user must first be created before the client certificate can be added. You can add more than one key if needed.

1. Select User Management > User List, then click on the name of the user you want to add a SSH client certificate to. The User's page opens.



2. Enter the SSH key data in the SSH Key Data box. This data is the rsa_id.pub key generated for your client.

Linux users should delete "name@local host" that appears at the end of the generated key when adding public keys.

3. Click Add.

The SSH key data is validated in several ways:

a. Specified keytype is validated: [ssh-rsa|ssh-dsa|ecdsa-sha2-nistp256| ecdsa-sha2-nitsp384| ecsda-sha2-nitsp512]
b. Keytype is followed by whitespace, followed by the base64 data.
c. Base64 data is validated.
d. Whitespace and any characters after the base64 are dropped from the key data.

4. The key data should be used for authentication and you should not have to enter a password.

► *To delete an SSH key:*

1. Click the checkbox next to the key you want to delete.
2. Click Delete.
3. Click OK when prompted to confirm.

View the KX III Users List

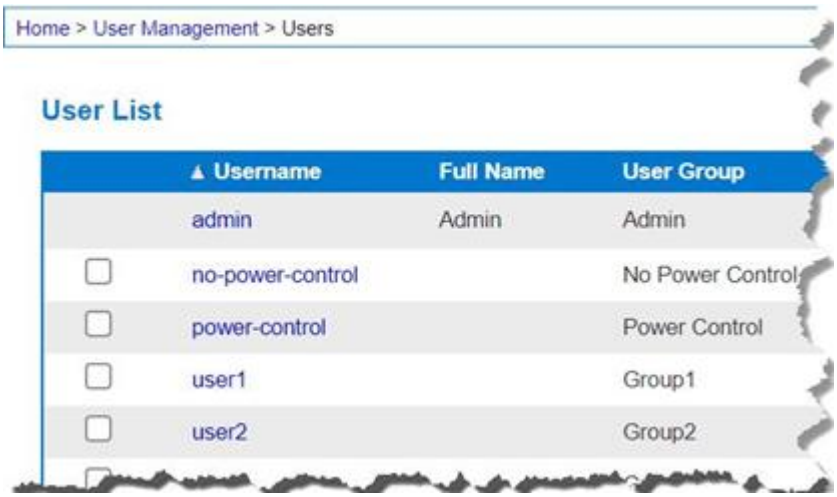
The User List page displays a list of all users including their user name, full name, and user group. The list can be sorted on any of the columns by clicking on the column name. From the User List page, you can add, modify, or delete users.

KX III users with User Management privileges can disconnect users from ports or log them off (force log off) as needed. See Disconnecting Users from Ports (on page 153) and Logging Users Off the KX III (Force Logoff) (on page 153) respectively.

To view the target ports each user is connected to, see View Users by Port (on page 152).

► *To view the list of users:*

- Choose User Management > User List. The User List page opens.



View Users by Port

The User By Ports page lists all authenticated local and remote users and ports they are being connected to. Only permanent connections to ports are listed. Ports being accessed when scanning for ports are not listed.

If the same user is logged on from more than one client, their username appears on the page for each connection they have made. For example, if a user has logged on from two (2) different clients, their name is listed twice.

This page contains the following user and port information:

- Port Number - port number assigned to the port the user is connected to
- Port Name - port name assigned to the port the user is connected to

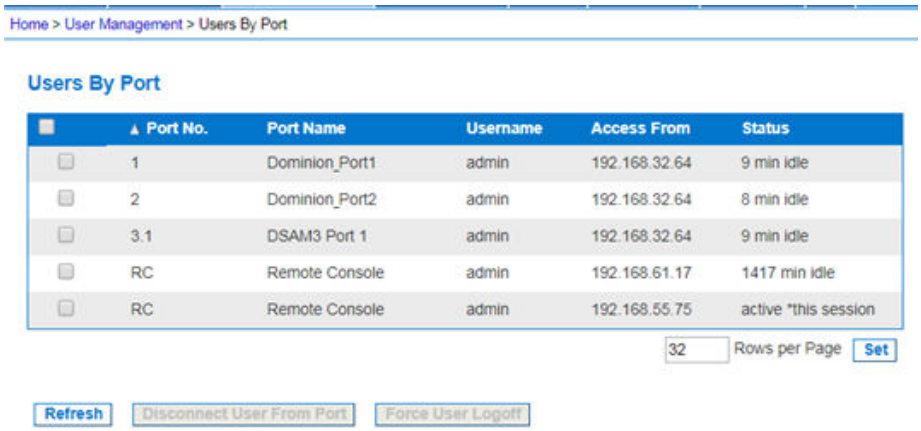
---

Note: If user is not connected to a target, 'Local Console' or 'Remote Console' is displayed under the Port Name.

- Username - username for user logins and target connections
- Access From - IP address of client PC accessing the KX III
- Status - current Active or Inactive status of the connection

► *To view users by port:*

- Choose User Management > User by Port. The Users by Port page opens.



Disconnecting Users from Ports

Disconnecting users disconnects them from the target port *without* logging them off of KX III.

This is unlike the force user logoff KX III function that disconnects users from the target port and logs them off of KX III. See Logging Users Off the KX III (Force Logoff) (on page 153) for information.

If the "Disconnect User from Port" is disabled, the user is not logged on to the port at the current time.

1. Choose User Management > Users by Port. The Users by Port page opens.
2. Select the checkbox next to the username of the person you want to disconnect from the target.
3. Click "Disconnect User from Port".
4. Click OK on the confirmation message to disconnect the user.
5. A confirmation message is displayed to indicate that the user was disconnected.

Logging Users Off the KX III (Force Logoff)

If you are an administrator, you are able to log off any authenticated user who is logged on to the KX III. Users can also be disconnected at the port level. See Disconnecting Users from Ports (on page 153).

► *To log a user off the KX III:*

1. Choose User Management > Users by Port. The Users by Port page opens.
2. Select the checkbox next to the username of the person you want to disconnect from the target.
3. Click Force User Logoff.
4. Click OK on the Logoff User confirmation message.

Modifying an Existing User

► *To modify an existing user:*

1. Open the User List page by choosing User Management > User List.
2. Locate the user from among those listed on the User List page.
3. Click the user name. The User page opens.
4. On the User page, change the appropriate fields. See Adding a New User (on page 149) for information about how to get access the User page.
5. To delete a user, click Delete. You are prompted to confirm the deletion.
6. Click OK.

Authentication Settings

Authentication is the process of verifying that a user is who he says he is. Once a user is authenticated, the user's group is used to determine his system and port permissions. The user's assigned privileges determine what type of access is allowed. This is called authorization.

When the KX III is configured for remote authentication, the external authentication server is used primarily for the purposes of authentication, not authorization.

If you are using a tiered configuration in which a base KX III device is used to access multiple other tiered devices, the base device and the tiered devices must use the same authentication settings.

From the Authentication Settings page you can configure the type of authentication used for access to your KX III.

Note: When remote authentication (LDAP/LDAPS or RADIUS) is selected, if the user is not found, the local authentication database will also be checked.

► *To configure authentication:*

1. Choose User Management > Authentication Settings. The Authentication Settings page opens.
2. Choose the option for the authentication protocol you want to use (Local Authentication, LDAP/LDAPS, or RADIUS). Choosing the LDAP option enables the remaining LDAP fields; selecting the RADIUS option enables the remaining RADIUS fields.
3. If you choose Local Authentication, proceed to step 6.
4. If you choose LDAP/LDAPS, read the section entitled Implementing LDAP Remote Authentication for information about completing the fields in the LDAP section of the Authentication Settings page.
5. If you choose RADIUS, read the section entitled Implementing RADIUS Remote Authentication for information about completing the fields in the RADIUS section of the Authentication Settings page.
6. Click OK to save.

► *To return to factory defaults:*

- Click Reset to Defaults.

Implementing LDAP/LDAPS Remote Authentication

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP/LDAPS) is a networking protocol for querying and modifying directory services running over TCP/IP. A client starts an LDAP session by connecting to an LDAP/LDAPS server (the default TCP port is 389). The client then sends operation requests to the server, and the server sends responses in turn.

Reminder: Microsoft Active Directory functions natively as an LDAP/LDAPS authentication server.

► *To use the LDAP authentication protocol:*

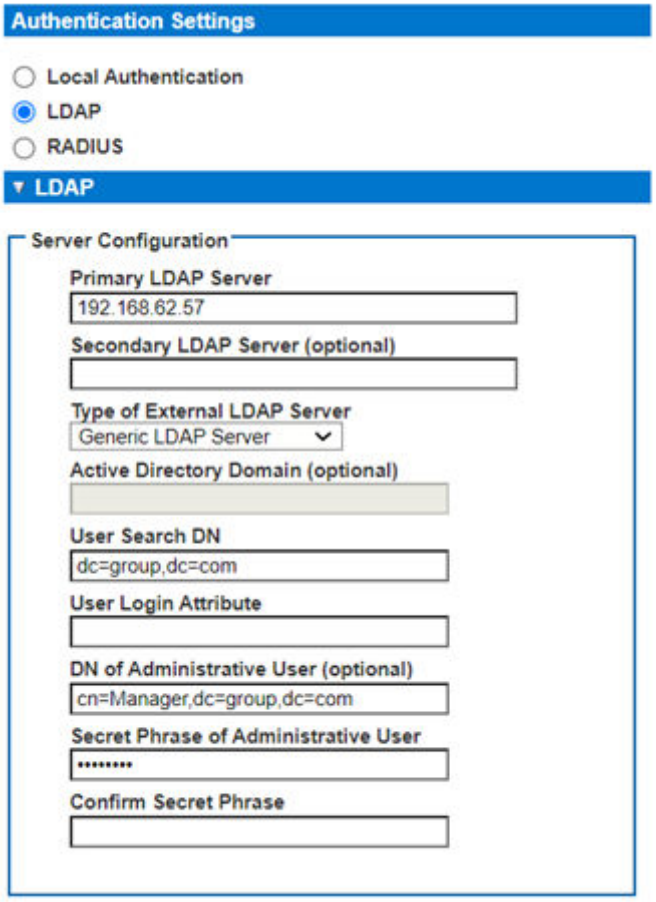
1. Click User Management > Authentication Settings to open the Authentication Settings page.
2. Select the LDAP radio button to enable the LDAP section of the page.
3. Click the 

icon to expand the LDAP section of the page.

Server Configuration

4. In the Primary LDAP Server field, type the IP address or DNS name of your LDAP/LDAPS remote authentication server (up to 256 characters). When the Enable Secure LDAP option is selected and the Enable LDAPS Server Certificate Validation option is selected, the DNS name must be used to match the CN of LDAP server certificate.
5. In the Secondary LDAP Server field, type the IP address or DNS name of your backup LDAP/LDAPS server (up to 256 characters). When the Enable Secure LDAP option is selected, the DNS name must be used. Note that the remaining fields share the same settings with the Primary LDAP Server field. Optional
6. Type of External LDAP Server: Select the external LDAP/LDAPS server. Choose from among the options available:
   - Generic LDAP Server.
   - Microsoft Active Directory. Active Directory is an implementation of LDAP/LDAPS directory services by Microsoft for use in Windows environments.
7. Type the name of the Active Directory Domain if you selected Microsoft Active Directory. For example, *acme.com*. Consult your Active Directive Administrator for a specific domain name.
8. In the User Search DN field, enter the Distinguished Name of where in the LDAP database you want to begin searching for user information. Up to 64 characters can be used. An example base search value might be: `cn=Users,dc=company,dc=com`. Consult your authentication server administrator for the appropriate values to enter into these fields.
9. User Login Attribute: If required, enter the name used for the bind to the LDAP database.
10. Enter the Distinguished Name of the Administrative User in the DN of Administrative User field (up to 64 characters). Complete this field if your LDAP server only allows administrators to search user information using the Administrative User role. Consult your authentication server administrator for the appropriate values to type into this field. An example DN of Administrative User value might be: `cn=Administrator,cn=Users,dc=testradius,dc=com`. Optional

11. If you entered a Distinguished Name for the Administrative User, you must enter the password that will be used to authenticate the Administrative User's DN against the remote authentication server. Enter the password in the Secret Phrase field and again in the Confirm Secret Phrase field (up to 128 characters).



LDAP/Secure LDAP

12. For an encrypted connection, select the Enable Secure LDAP checkbox to use SSL, or select the Enable StartTLS checkbox to use StartTLS. Both options enable the Enable LDAPS Server Certificate Validation checkbox.
    - For an unsecured connection, do not enable Secure LDAP or StartTLS. The default port for unsecured connections is 389. Use the standard LDAP TCP port or specify another port.
    - SSL is a cryptographic protocol that allows KX III to communicate securely with the LDAP/LDAPS server. The default Secure LDAP port is 636, or you may specify another port. This field is used only when Enable Secure LDAP is selected.
    - StartTLS is a command that upgrades an unsecured connection to a secure connection using SSL/TLS. StartTLS does not require a specific port. The standard LDAP port 389 is default.

13. Select the Enable LDAPS Server Certificate Validation checkbox to use the previously uploaded root CA certificate file to validate the certificate provided by the server. If you do not want to use the previously uploaded root CA certificate file, leave this checkbox deselected. Disabling this function is the equivalent of accepting a certificate that has been signed by an unknown certifying authority. This checkbox is only available when the Enable Secure LDAP checkbox has been enabled.

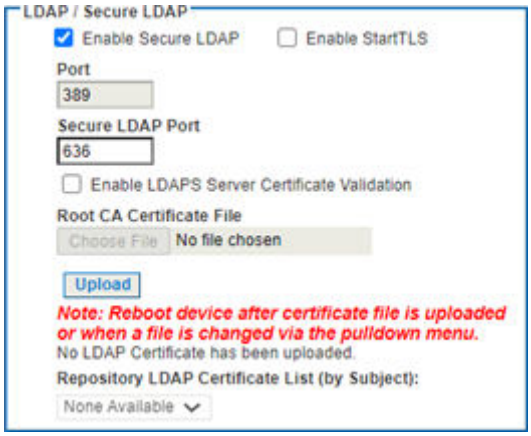
Note: When the Enable LDAPS Server Certificate Validation option is selected, in addition to using the Root CA certificate for validation, the server hostname must match the common name provided in the server certificate.

---

14. If needed, upload the Root CA Certificate File. This field is enabled for secured connections only. Consult your authentication server administrator to get the CA certificate file in Base64 encoded X-509 format for the LDAP/LDAPS server. Use Browse to navigate to the certificate file. If you are replacing a certificate for the LDAP/LDAPS server with a new certificate, you must reboot the KX III in order for the new certificate to take effect.

If the certificate has been uploaded to the Certificate Repository, select it in the Repository LDAP Certificate List (by Subject) list. See Certificate Repository (on page 272) for details.

Note: You must reboot the device after the certificate file is uploaded or when a different file is chosen from the repository.



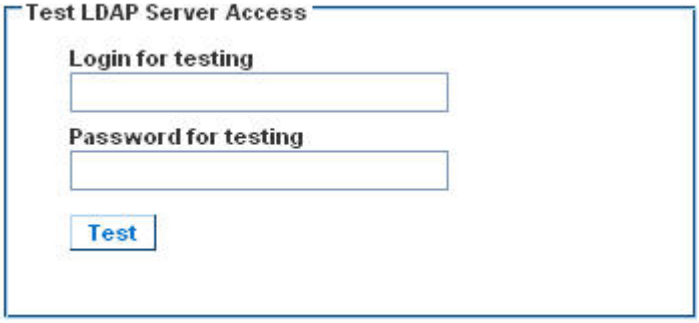
Test LDAP Server Access

15. To test the LDAP configuration, enter the login name and password in the "Login for testing" and "Password for testing" fields. Click Test.

The test login name and password should be the pair you entered to access the KX III. It is also username and password the LDAP server uses to authenticate you.

The KX III then tests the LDAP configuration from the Authentication Settings page. This is helpful due to the complexity sometimes encountered when configuring the LDAP server and KX III for remote authentication.

Once the test is completed, you will see a success message or a detailed error message. In a successful test, group information retrieved from the remote LDAP server is also displayed.



Returning User Group Information from Active Directory Server

The KX III supports user authentication to Active Directory® (AD) without requiring that users be defined locally on the KX III. This allows Active Directory user accounts and passwords to be maintained exclusively on the AD server. Authorization and AD user privileges are controlled and administered through the standard KX III policies and user group privileges that are applied locally to AD user groups.

IMPORTANT: If you are an existing user, and have already configured the Active Directory server by changing the AD schema, the KX III still supports this configuration and you do not need to perform the following operations. See Updating the LDAP Schema for information about updating the AD LDAP/LDAPS schema.

► *To enable your AD server on the KX III:*

1. Using the KX III, create special groups and assign proper permissions and privileges to these groups. For example, create groups such as KVM_Admin and KVM_Operator.
2. On your Active Directory server, create new groups with the same group names as in the previous step.
3. On your AD server, assign the KX III users to the groups created in step 2.
4. From the KX III, enable and configure your AD server properly. See Implementing LDAP/LDAPS Remote Authentication.

Important Notes

- Group Name is case sensitive.
- The KX III provides the following default groups that cannot be changed or deleted: Admin and <Unknown>. Verify that your Active Directory server does not use the same group names.
- If the group information returned from the Active Directory server does not match the KX III group configuration, the KX III automatically assigns the group of <Unknown> to users who authenticate successfully.
- If you use a dialback number, you must enter the following case-sensitive string: *msRADIUSCallbackNumber. Callback is not supported on KX4-101.*
- Based on recommendations from Microsoft, Global Groups with user accounts should be used, not Domain Local Groups.

Implementing RADIUS Remote Authentication

Remote Authentication Dial-in User Service (RADIUS) is an AAA (authentication, authorization, and accounting) protocol for network access applications.

► *To use the RADIUS authentication protocol:*

1. Click User Management > Authentication Settings to open the Authentication Settings page.
2. Click the RADIUS radio button to enable the RADIUS section of the page.
3. Click the 

icon to expand the RADIUS section of the page.
4. In the Primary Radius Server and Secondary Radius Server fields, type the IP address of your primary and optional secondary remote authentication servers, respectively (up to 256 characters).
5. In the Shared Secret fields, type the server secret used for authentication (up to 128 characters).

The shared secret is a character string that must be known by both the KX III and the RADIUS server to allow them to communicate securely. It is essentially a password.

6. The Authentication Port default is port is 1812 but can be changed as required. Port range is 1-65535.
7. The Accounting Port default port is 1813 but can be changed as required. Port range is 1-65535.
8. The Timeout is recorded in seconds and default timeout is 1 second, but can be changed as required.

The timeout is the length of time the KX III waits for a response from the RADIUS server before sending another authentication request.

9. The default number of retries is 3 Retries.

This is the number of times the KX III will send an authentication request to the RADIUS server.

10. Choose the Global Authentication Type in the drop-down list:



- PAP - With PAP, passwords are sent as plain text. PAP is not interactive. The user name and password are sent as one data package once a connection is established, rather than the server sending a login prompt and waiting for a response.
- CHAP - With CHAP, authentication can be requested by the server at any time. CHAP provides more security than PAP.
- MSCHAPv2 - Provides mutual authentication of server and client. Both client and server issue challenges and verify the responses. Considered to be more secure than PAP or CHAP.

11. Click OK to save.

► *Test Connection:*



1. Enter the login name and password in the "Login for testing" and "Password for testing" fields.
   - The test login name and password should be the pair you entered to access the KX III that the RADIUS server uses to authenticate you.
   - The KX III then tests the configuration from the Authentication Settings page. This is helpful due to the complexity sometimes encountered when configuring the RADIUS server and KX III for remote authentication.
2. Once the test is completed, you will see a success message or a detailed error message. In a successful test, group information retrieved from the remote RADIUS server is also displayed.

Returning User Group Information via RADIUS

`Raritan:G{GROUP_NAME}`

When a RADIUS authentication attempt succeeds, the KX III determines the permissions for a given user based on the permissions of the user's group.

Your remote RADIUS server can provide these user group names by returning an attribute, implemented as a RADIUS FILTER-ID. The FILTER-ID should be formatted as follows: Raritan:G{*GROUP_NAME*} where *GROUP_NAME* is a string denoting the name of the group to which the user belongs.

RADIUS Communication Exchange Specifications

The KX III sends the following RADIUS attributes to your RADIUS server:

Attribute	**Data**
Log in	
Access-Request (1)	

Attribute	Data
NAS-Port-Type (61)	VIRTUAL (5) for network connections.
NAS-IP-Address (4)	The IP address for the KX III.
User-Name (1)	The user name entered at the login screen.
Acct-Session-ID (44)	Session ID for accounting.
User-Password(2)	The encrypted password.
Accounting-Request(4)	
Acct-Status (40)	Start(1) - Starts the accounting.
NAS-Port-Type (61)	VIRTUAL (5) for network connections.
NAS-Port (5)	Always 0.
NAS-IP-Address (4)	The IP address for the KX III.
User-Name (1)	The user name entered at the login screen.
Acct-Session-ID (44)	Session ID for accounting.
Log out	
Accounting-Request(4)	
Acct-Status (40)	Stop(2) - Stops the accounting
NAS-Port-Type (61)	VIRTUAL (5) for network connections.
NAS-Port (5)	Always 0.
NAS-IP-Address (4)	The IP address for the KX III.
User-Name (1)	The user name entered at the login screen.
Acct-Session-ID (44)	Session ID for accounting.

RADIUS Using RSA SecurID Hardware Tokens

KX III supports RSA SecurID Hardware Tokens used with a RADIUS server for two factor authentication

Users will specify their RADIUS password followed by the token ID without a delimiter between.

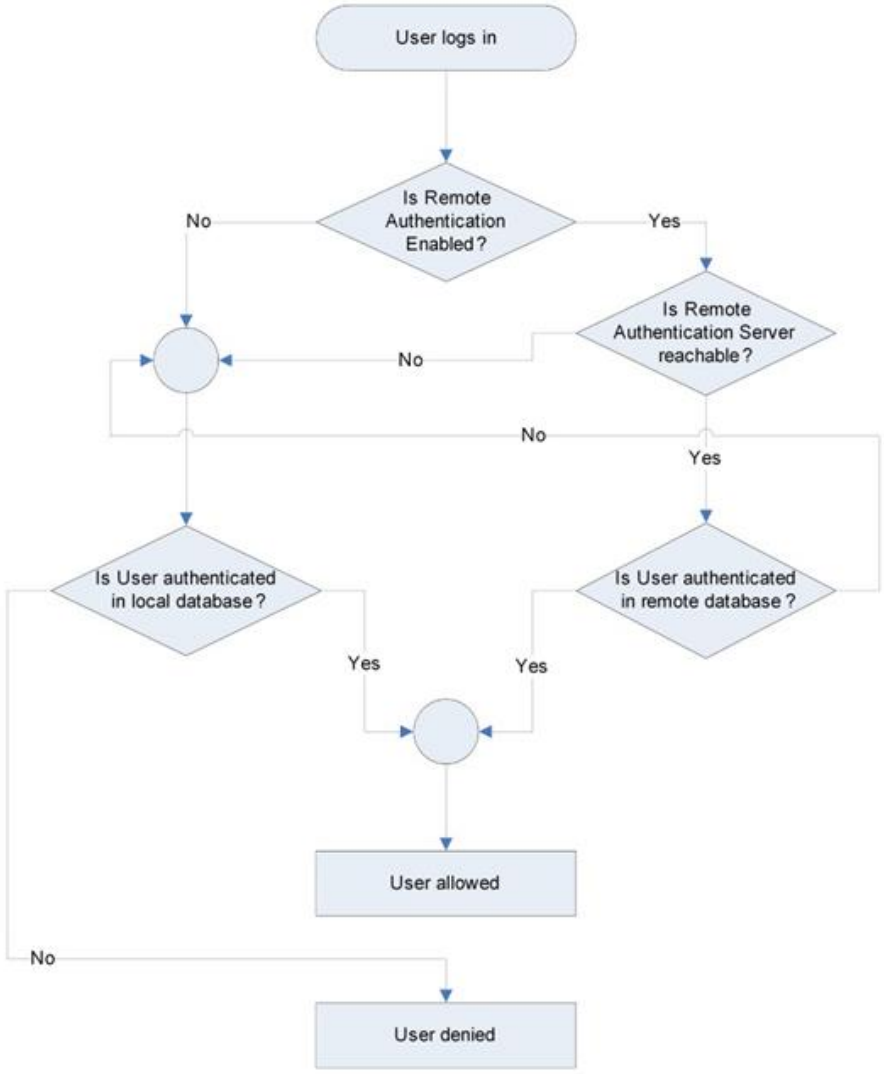
► *For example:*

- password = apple
- token = 1234
- User enters: apple1234

Or, configure the RADIUS server to use only hardware token and no passwords. Users will specify the token ID only.

User Authentication Process

Remote authentication follows the process specified in the flowchart below:

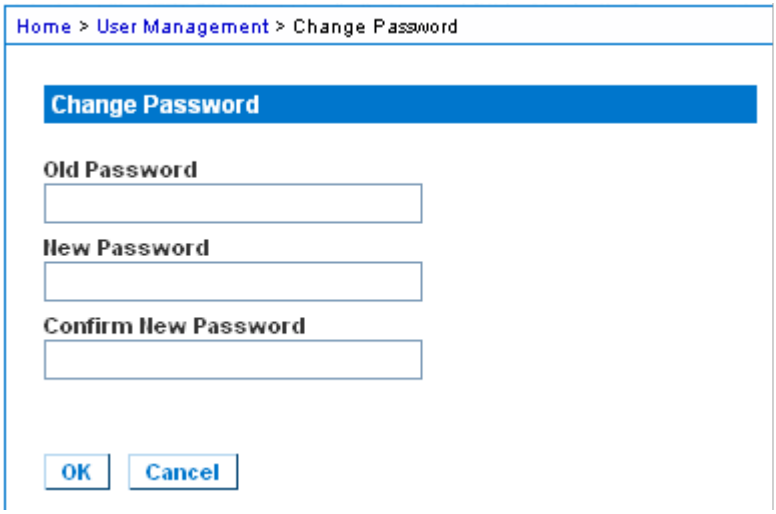


Changing a Password

► *To change your KX III password:*

1. Choose User Management > Change Password. The Change Password page opens.
2. Type your current password in the Old Password field.
3. Type a new password in the New Password field. Retype the new password in the Confirm New Password field. Passwords can be up to 64 characters in length and can consist of English alphanumeric characters and special characters.
4. Click OK.
5. You will receive confirmation that the password was successfully changed. Click OK.

Note: If strong passwords are in use, this page displays information about the format required for the passwords. For more information about passwords and strong passwords, see Strong Passwords (on page 258).



Device Settings

Network Settings

Choose Failover or Isolation Mode

Configure KX III for Dual LAN Failover Mode (on page 163): In failover mode, LAN status is used to determine which LAN port is used in failover. LAN port #1 is switched as default. If the switched LAN port status is down, then the other LAN port will be switched to until a LAN port whose status is on is found.

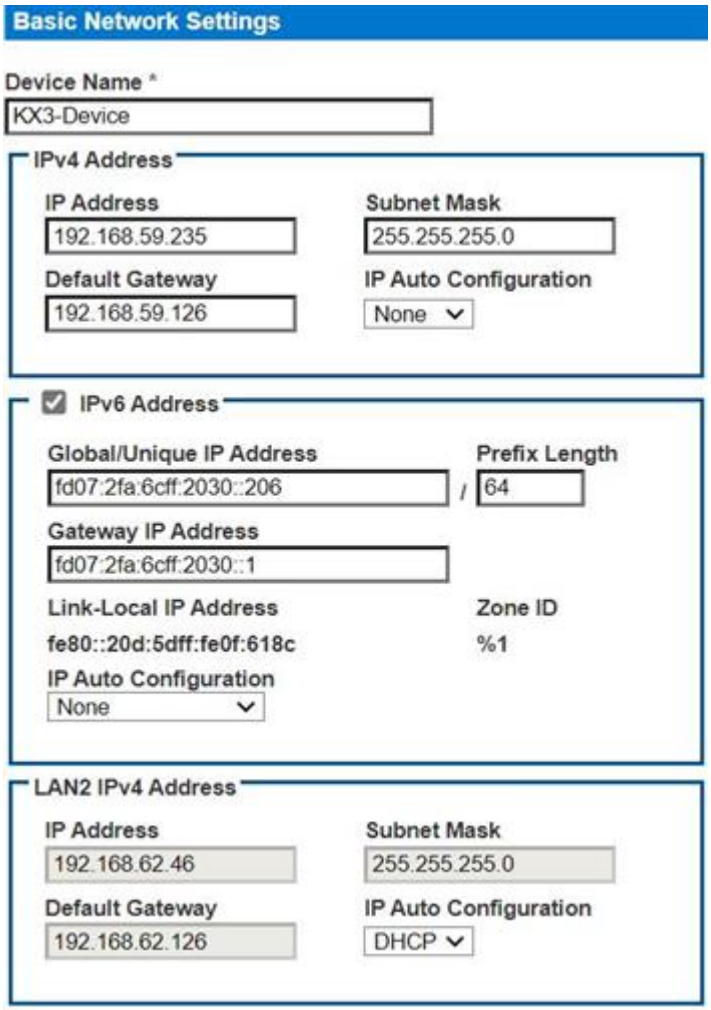
Configure KX III for Dual LAN Isolation Mode (on page 165)

Configure KX III for Dual LAN Failover Mode

LAN1 and LAN2 share the same IP address to support automatic failover.

LAN1 is the primary port. If LAN1 fails, LAN2 is used to access KX III.

1. Select Device Settings > Network to open the Device Network Settings page.
2. Set the IP Auto Configuration to *None* in the IPv4 section.
3. Select the "Enable Automatic Failover" checkbox under LAN Interface Settings to enable failover.
4. Manually specify the network parameters by entering the Default Gateway.
5. Enter the IPv4 IP Address, if needed. The default IP address is 192.168.0.192.
6. Enter the IPv4 Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
7. The LAN1 settings are applied to LAN2 if failover occurs.



8. Complete the IPv6 sections, if applicable.
9. Select the IP Auto Configuration.

If *None* is selected, you must manually specify -

- Global/Unique IP Address - this is the IP address assigned to KX III.
- Prefix Length - this is the number of bits used in the IPv6 address.
- Gateway IP Address.

Select *Router Discovery* to locate a Global or Unique IPv6 address instead of a Link-Local subnet. Once located, the address is automatically applied.

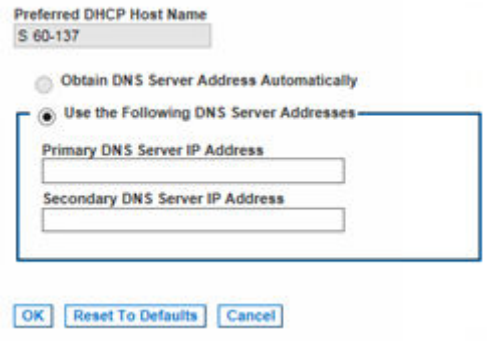
Note that the following additional, read-only information appears in this section -

- Link-Local IP Address - this address is automatically assigned to the device. It is used for neighbor discovery or when no routers are present.
- Zone ID - Identifies the device the address is associated with. Read-Only

10. Next, select "Use the Following DNS Server Addresses" and enter the Primary DNS Server IP Address and Secondary DNS Server IP Address. The secondary address is used if the primary DNS server connection is lost due to an outage.

Note: "Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically" and "Preferred DHCP Host Name" are only enabled when KX III is configured in DHCP mode

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11. Set the LAN 1/LAN 2 Interface Speed and Duplex, and the LAN 1/LAN 2 MTU.
    - Valid range for MTU is 576 - 1500.
12. Set ARP Accept (default 0), ARP Announce (default 2) and ARP Ignore (default 1) options for Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) if needed to change the default system ARP behavior.
13. When finished, click OK. Your KX III device is now network accessible.

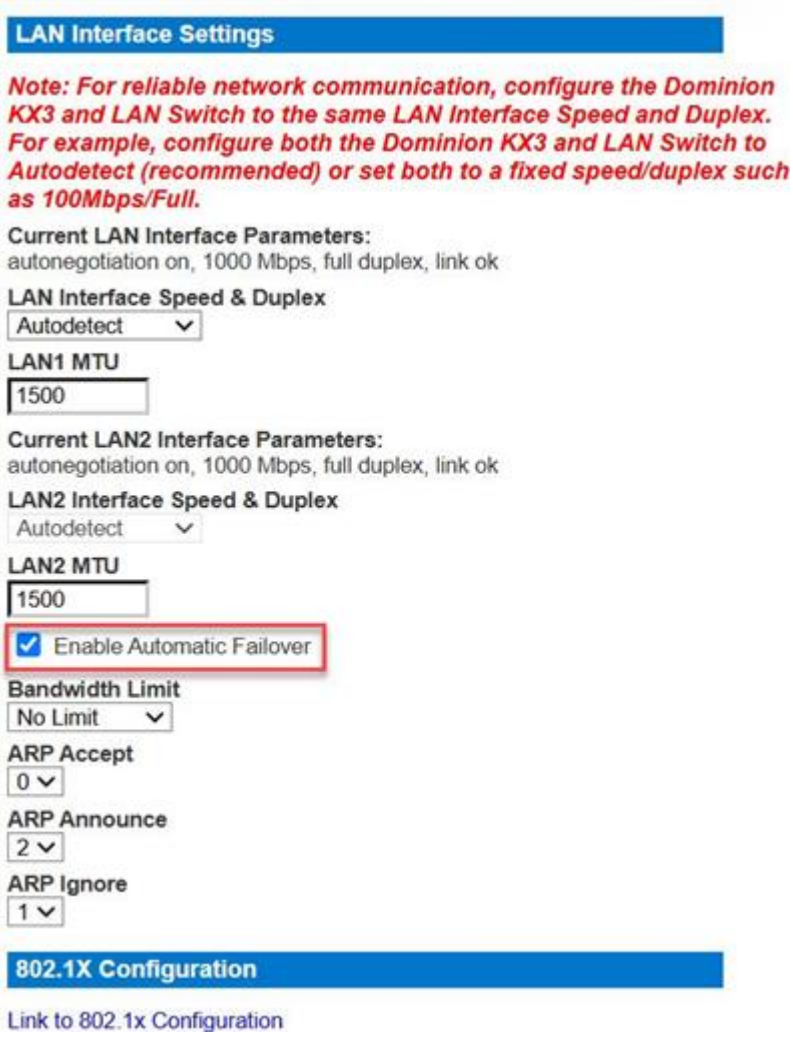
Configure KX III for Dual LAN Isolation Mode

Isolation mode allows you to access each LAN port independently using different IP addresses.

Failover is not supported in this mode.

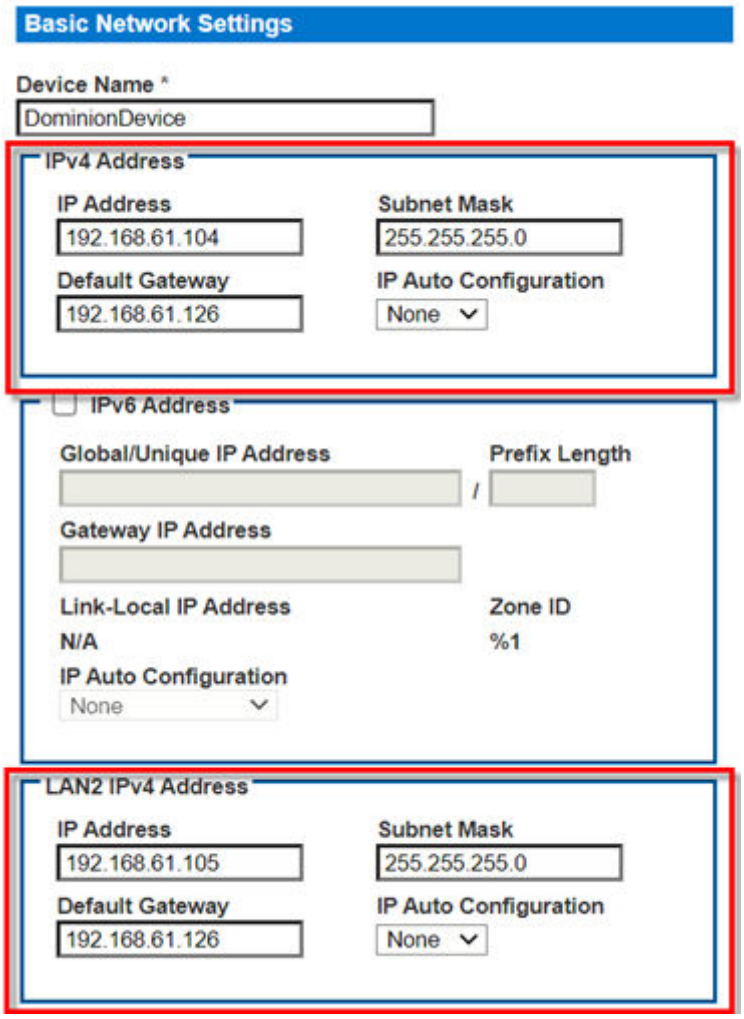
1. Select Device Settings > Network to open the Device Network Settings page.
2. Set the IP Auto Configuration to *None* in the IPv4 section.
3. Ensure the "Enable Automatic Failover" checkbox is not selected.

4. Set ARP Accept (default 0), ARP Announce (default 2) and ARP Ignore (default 1) are options for Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) if needed to change the default system ARP behavior.



5. If needed, manually specify the network parameters by entering the Default Gateway and then complete the steps that follow.
6. Enter the IP address you want to use to connect to the KX III LAN1. The default IP address is 192.168.0.192.
7. Enter the IPv4 Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
8. In the LAN2 IPv4 section, set the IP Auto Configuration to *None*.
9. Enter the IP address you want to use to connect to the KX III LAN2.

10. Enter the LAN2 IPv4 Default Gateway and Subnet Mask.



11. Complete the IPv6 sections, if applicable.
12. Select the IP Auto Configuration.

If *None* is selected, you must manually specify -

- Global/Unique IP Address - this is the IP address assigned to KX III.
- Prefix Length - this is the number of bits used in the IPv6 address.
- Gateway IP Address.

Select *Router Discovery* to locate a Global or Unique IPv6 address instead of a Link-Local subnet. Once located, the address is automatically applied.

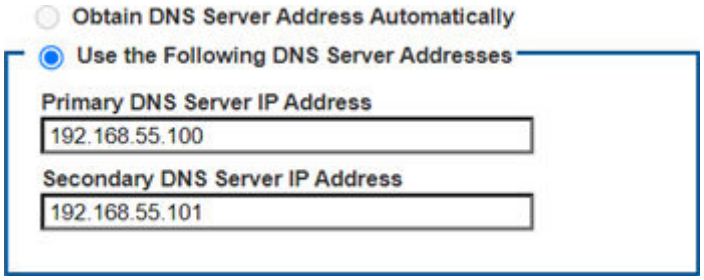
Note that the following additional, read-only information appears in this section -

- Link-Local IP Address - this address is automatically assigned to the device. It is used for neighbor discovery or when no routers are present.
- Zone ID - Identifies the device the address is associated with. Read-Only

13. Select "Use the Following DNS Server Addresses" and enter the Primary DNS Server IP Address and Secondary DNS Server IP Address. The secondary address is used if the primary DNS server connection is lost due to an outage.

Note: "Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically" and "Preferred DHCP Host Name" are only enabled when KX III is configured in DHCP mode

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14. Set the LAN 1/LAN 2 Interface Speed and Duplex, and the LAN 1/LAN 2 MTU.
    - Valid range for MTU is 576 - 1500.
15. When finished, click OK.

Your KX III device is now accessible via the LAN1 IP address and the LAN2 IP address.

Configure the DNS Settings

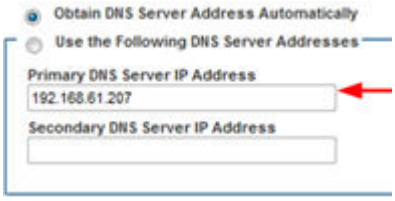
It is recommended to set a static IP address. See Basic Network Settings - Static IP Address.

If you must use DHCP, enable it in the Basic Network Settings, then configure the DNS settings.

► *To configure the DNS settings:*

1. Select Device Settings > Network to open the Device Network Settings page. Select DHCP in the IP Auto Configuration field.
2. Do one of the following to configure DNS -
   - "Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically"
   - "Use the Following DNS Server Addresses"





a. Select "Obtain DNS Server Address Automatically" if DHCP is selected.

   The DNS information is then provided by the DHCP server that is used.

   When finished, click OK. Your KX III device is now network accessible.



b. Enter the following information if the "Use the Following DNS Server Addresses" is selected -
   - Primary DNS Server IP Address
   - Secondary DNS Server IP Address

   These secondary DNS address is used if the primary DNS server connection is lost due to an outage.

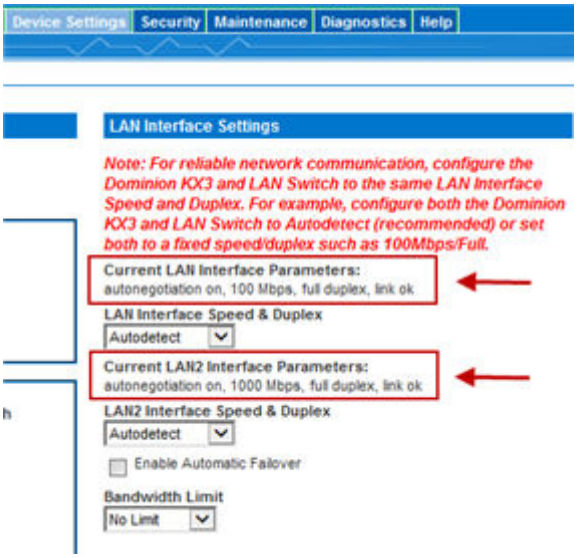
   Even if DHCP is selected in the IPv4 section, enter the primary and secondary addresses since these addresses are used to connect to the DNS server.

When finished, click OK.

View and Edit LAN Interface Settings

Choose Device Settings > Network to open the Network Settings page. The LAN Interface Settings are in the right column.

The current LAN and LAN2 parameter settings are identified.



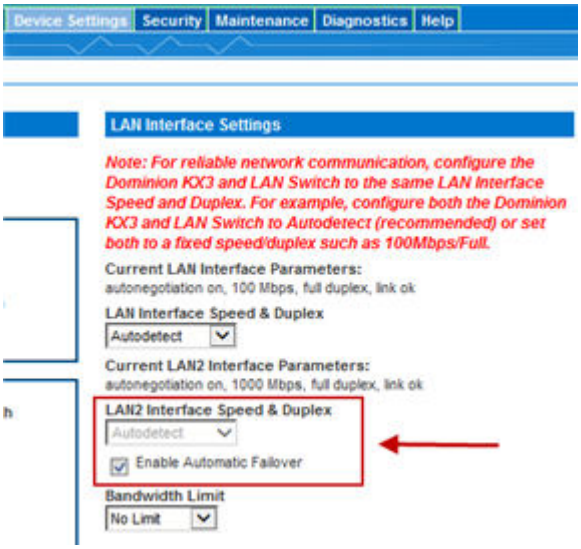
1 For each LAN, choose the LAN Interface Speed & Duplex from the following options:

- Autodetect (default option)
- 10 Mbps/Half - Both KX III device LEDs blink
- 10 Mbps/Full - Both KX III device LEDs blink
- 100 Mbps/Half - Yellow KX III device LED blinks
- 100 Mbps/Full - Yellow KX III device LED blinks
- 1000 Mbps/Full (gigabit) - Green KX III device LED blinks
- Half-duplex provides for communication in both directions, but only one direction at a time (not simultaneously).
- Full-duplex allows communication in both directions simultaneously.

Note: Occasionally there are problems running at 10 Mbps in either half or full duplex. If you are experiencing problems, try another speed and duplex setting.

See Network Speed Settings (on page 387) for more information.

Click OK to apply the setting.



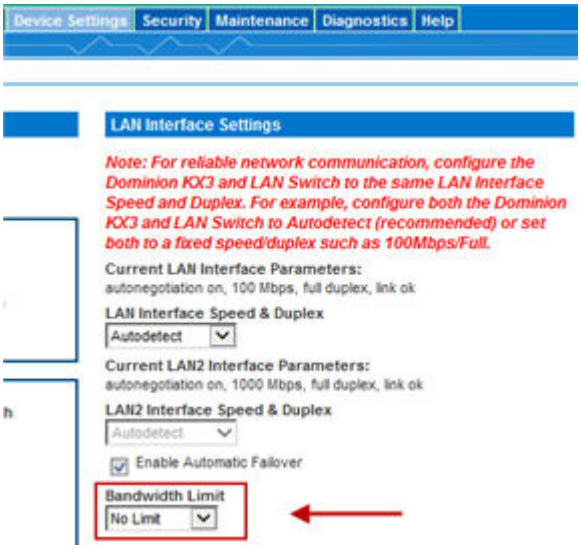
2 Selecting the Enable Automatic Failover checkbox allows the KX III to automatically recover its network connection.

To do this, it uses the second network port if the active network port fails.

See Configure KX III for Dual LAN Failover Mode (on page 163).

Note: Because a failover port is not activated until after a failover has actually occurred, Raritan recommends that you do not monitor the port or only monitor the port after a failover occurs.

Click OK to apply the setting.



3 Change the Bandwidth Limit, if needed. The default is No Limit.

This sets the maximum amount of bandwidth that can be consumed by the KX III device (for all sessions).

Note: Lower bandwidth may result in slower performance.

Click OK to apply the setting.

Reset Network Settings to Factory Defaults

1. Select Device Management > Network to open the Network Settings page.
2. Click "Reset to Defaults" at the bottom of the page.

802.1X Security

IEEE 802.1X authentication can be configured independently on each LAN port to give the KX III secure access to your wired LAN.

Supported authentication methods include:

- EAP_TLS
- EAP_TTLS
- EAP_PEAP

If your network switch does not allow access to the network without 802.1X in effect, you will not be able to configure KX III remotely using a web browser. You can use the Local Port of the KX III or a crossover cable to the switch itself.

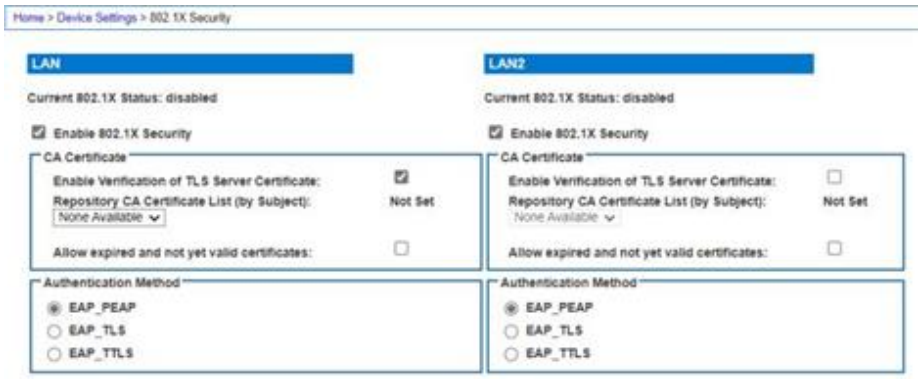
Configure 802.1X Security

Before proceeding, upload your certificate in the Certificate Repository so that it can be accessed from the 802.1X configuration page. See Certificate Repository (on page 272).

Important: Do not delete certificates that are in use from the Certificate Repository.

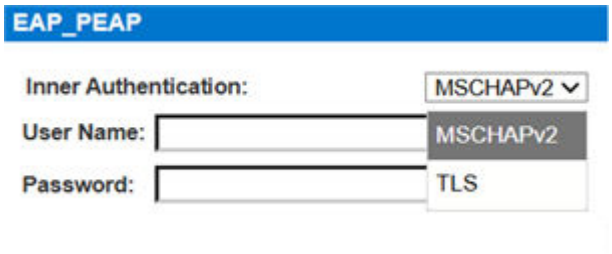
► *To configure 802.1X security:*

1. Choose Device Settings > 802.1X Security. The settings page opens. Note that LAN and LAN2 settings are separate.

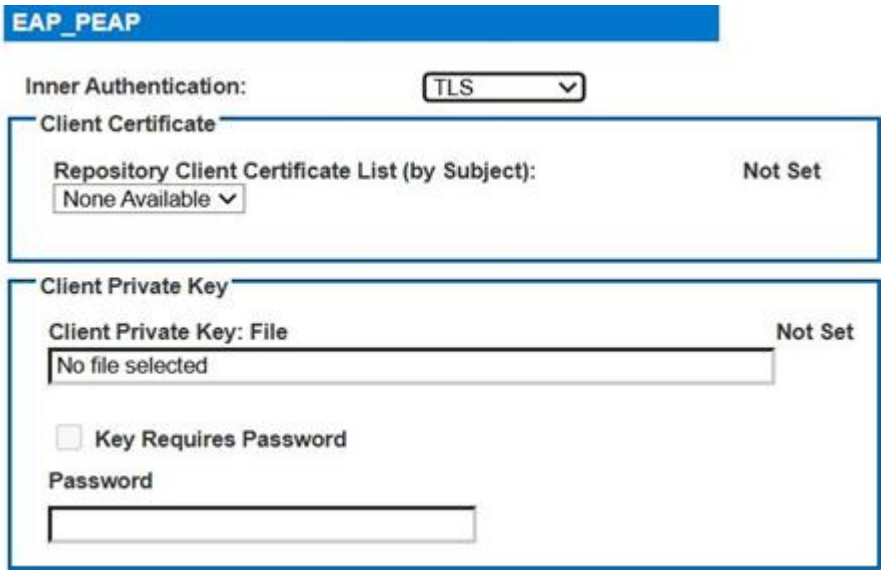


2. In the LAN or LAN2 sections, select the Enable 802.1X Security checkbox to begin.
3. In the CA Certificate section, select Enable Verification of TLS Server Certificate if your configuration requires a certificate.
   - If your certificate has been uploaded, select it in the Repository CA Certificate List (by Subject) field.
   - If your certificate doesn't appear, you must add it to the Certificate Repository. See Certificate Repository (on page 272).
   - Select the option for "Allow expired and not yet valid certificates" to enable if needed.
4. Select your Authentication Method to activate the necessary fields in the form:

- EAP_PEAP: Inner Authentication is set to MSCHAPv2. Enter the user name and password.
  - Username: Numerals: 0-9, Lower case letters: a-z, Upper case letters: A-Z, Printable special characters: ASCII codes 33-47, 123-126, Space (ASCII code 32) is not allowed. Up to 32 characters.
  - Password: Numerals: 0-9, Lower case letters: a-z, Upper case letters: A-Z, Printable special characters: ASCII codes 33-47, 123-126, Space (ASCII code 32) is allowed. Up to 64 characters.

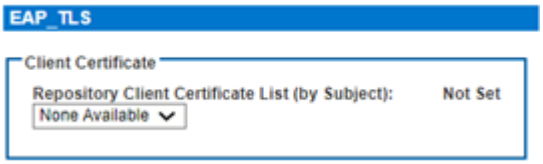


- EAP_PEAP: Inner Authentication is set to TLS. Add Client Certificate, Client Private Key and its password.
  - If your certificate has been uploaded, select it in the Repository Client Certificate List (by Subject) field.
  - If your certificate doesn't appear, you must add it to the Certificate Repository. See Certificate Repository (on page 272).
  - If the certificate uploaded to the repository requires a password, the Key Requires Password and password fields will populate automatically.

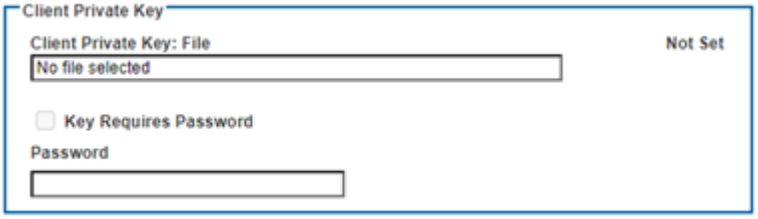


- EAP_TLS:

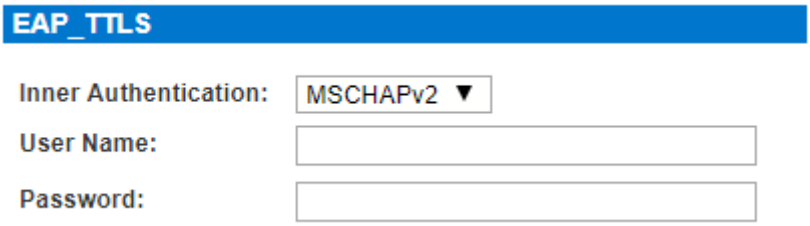
- If your certificate has been uploaded, select it in the Repository Client Certificate List (by Subject) field.
- If your certificate doesn't appear, you must add it to the Certificate Repository. See Certificate Repository (on page 272).



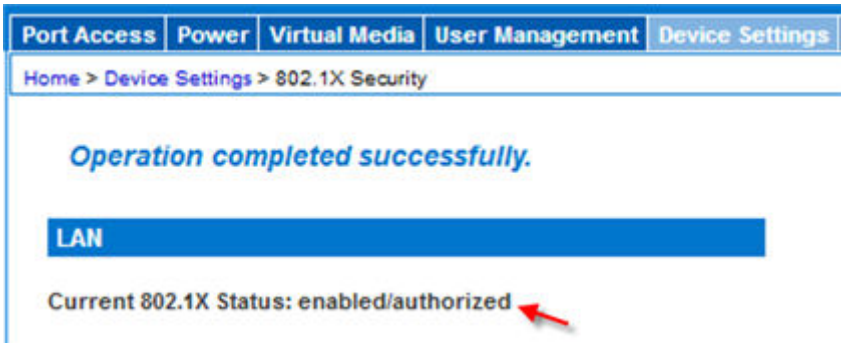
- If the certificate uploaded to the repository requires a password, the Key Requires Password and password fields will populate automatically.



- EAP_TTLS: Select the Inner Authentication method from the list: MSCHAPv2, CHAP, or PAP. Enter the user name and password.



1. Click OK and wait for authentication. This may take several minutes. You can check the status at the top of the 802.1X settings page. After clicking OK the status will be "enabled/pending". If authentication is successful, the status changes to "enabled/authorized". If authentication fails, the status changes to "enabled/failed".



802.1X Status

Check the 802.1X status at the top of the settings page. Go to Device Settings > 802.1X Security.

Interface State	Authentication State	Status
Enabled	Pending	Wait
Enabled	Authorized	Success
Enabled	Failed	Failed/Troubleshoot
Disabled		802.1X Disabled

Troubleshooting 802.1X Authentication Failure

The following tips may help you troubleshoot 802.1X authentication failure.

- Wait for the authentication to complete – it may take several minutes.
- Double-check that the KX III 802.1X settings you have entered match how 802.1X is configured on your network switch.
- Check the 802.1X Status under Device Settings>802.1X Security, in the Audit Log, and the status on the network switch
- On the network switch: Make sure Periodic Reauthentication is enabled. Set the Reauthentication Period to the lowest possible value. The switch will reauthenticate when the Reauthentication Period expires
- Switches may have a way to trigger reauthentication immediately, for example, a 'Reauthenticate Now' checkbox that can be selected to restart authentication immediately on the switch.
- Reboot the KX III.
- Make sure all certificates are uploaded and remain in the Certificate Repository. See Certificate Repository (on page 272).

Configuring Ports

Access the Port Configuration Page

► *To access a port configuration:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Port Configuration. The Port Configuration Page opens.

This page is initially displayed in port number order, but can be sorted on any of the fields by clicking on the column heading.

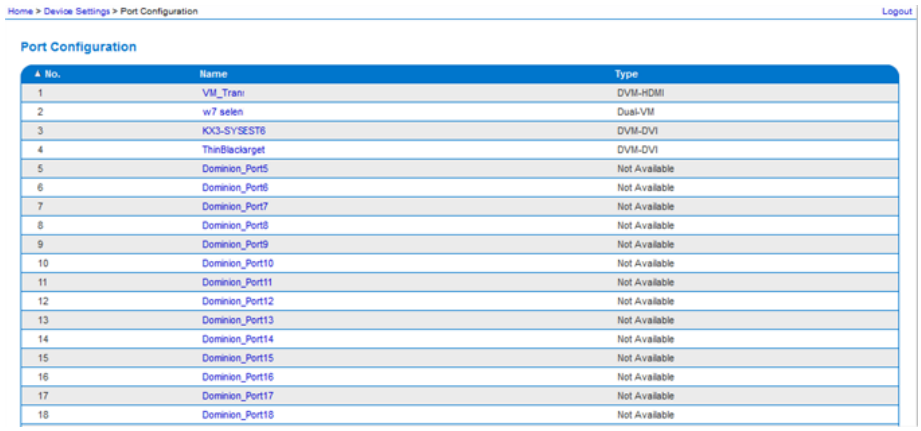
2. Click the Port Name for the port you want to edit.
   - For KVM ports, the Port page for KVM and blade chassis ports is opened.
   - For rack PDUs, the Port page for rack PDUs (power strips) is opened. From this page, you can name the rack PDUs and their outlets.

Port Configuration Page

The Port Configuration page displays a list of the KX III ports.

When a port's status is down, Not Available is displayed as its status. A port may be down when the port's CIM is removed or powered down.

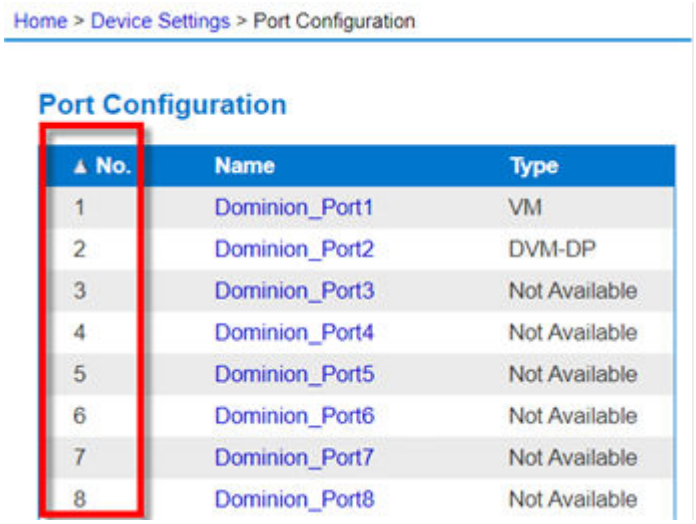
Note: For blade chassis, the blade chassis name can be changed but its blade slot names cannot be changed.



Port Number

Ports are numbered from 1 up to the total number of ports available for the KX III.

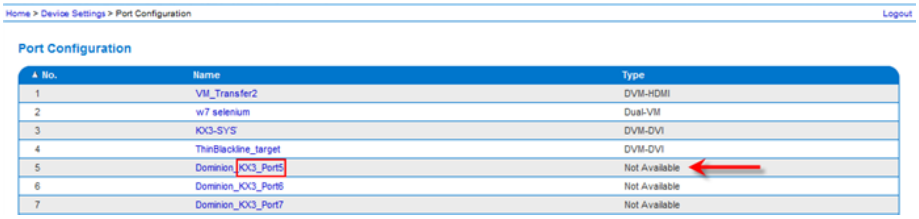
For example, Port_1 - Port_16.



Port Name

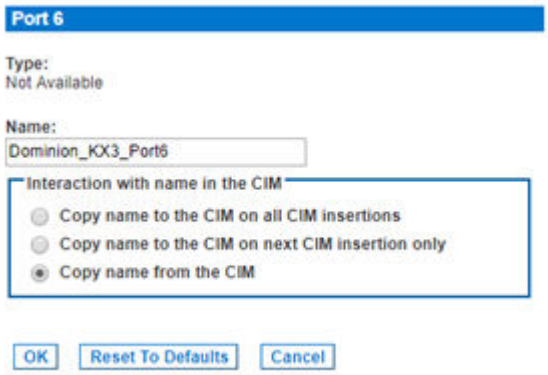
If a KX III port has no CIM connected or is connected to a CIM with no name, a default port name of Dominion_Model Name_PortNumber is assigned to the port. PortNumber is the number of the KX III physical port.

When a CIM is attached to the KX III, the CIM name will be used for the port.



There are several options to control how the name of the port interacts with the name of the CIM. Click a port of type "Not Available" to select an option:

- Copy name to the CIM on all CIM insertions: Enter a port name, and select "Copy name to the CIM on all CIM insertions" to keep the port name and copy it to any CIM that is inserted. This option keeps the port name permanently even if the CIM changes.
- Copy name to the CIM on next CIM insertion only: Enter a port name, and select "Copy name to the CIM on next CIM insertion only" to keep the port name and copy it once only to the next CIM. After that CIM insertion, the port name will be updated with the CIM name for all future CIM changes.
- Copy name from the CIM: Enter a port name or keep the default, and select "Copy name from the CIM" to allow this port name to update with the CIM name for all future CIM changes.



Note: Do not use apostrophes for the Port (CIM) Name.

After you have renamed the port, use the Reset to Default function at any time to return it to its default port name.

When you reset a port name to its default, any existing power associations are removed and, if the port is a part of a port group, it is removed from the group.

Port Type

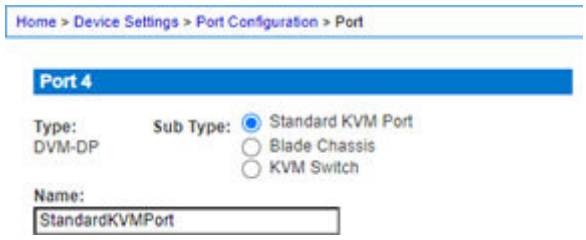
Port type includes:

- DCIM - Dominion CIM
- TierDevice - Tiered device
- Not Available - No CIM connected
- DVM-DP - Display Port CIM
- DVM-HDMI - HDMI CIM
- DVM-DVI - DVI CIM
- PowerStrip (rack PDU) - Power strip connected
- VM - D2CIM - VUSB CIM
- Dual - VM - D2CIM-DVUSB CIM
- Blade Chassis - Blade chassis and the blades associated with that chassis (displayed in a hierarchical order)
- KVM Switch - Generic KVM Switch connection
- PCIM - Paragon CIM

Configuring Standard Target Servers

► *To name the target servers:*

1. Connect all of the target servers if you have not already done so. See Step 3: Connecting the Equipment (on page 120) for a description of connecting the equipment.
2. Choose Device Settings > Port Configuration. The Port Configuration page opens.
3. Click the Port Name of the target server you want to rename. The Port Page opens.
4. Select Standard KVM Port as the subtype for the port.
5. Assign a name to identify the server connected to that port. The name can be up to 32 characters, and alphanumeric and special characters are allowed.
6. Click OK.



Configuring KVM Switches

The KX III also supports use of hot key sequences to switch between targets on a KVM switch. KVM switching is supported by blade chassis and in tiered configurations.

Important: For user groups to see the KVM switch that you create, you must first create the switch and then create the group. If an existing user group needs to see the KVM switch you are creating, you must recreate the user group.

► *To configure KVM switches:*

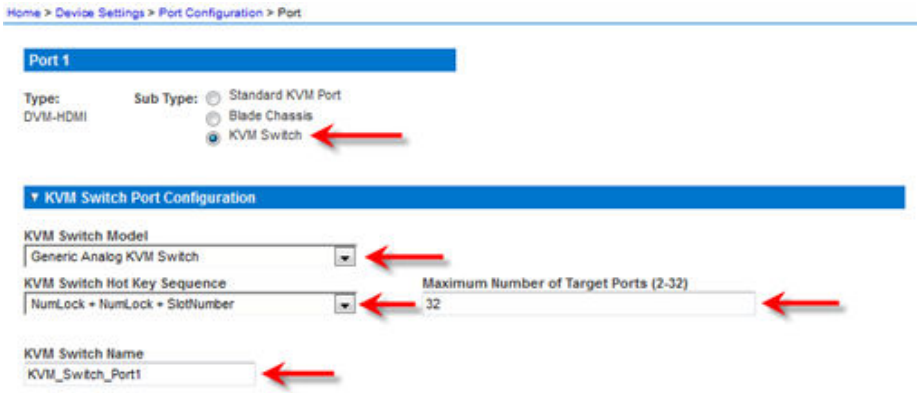
1. Choose Device Settings > Port Configuration. The Port Configuration page opens.
2. Click the Port Name of the target server you want to rename. The Port Page opens.
3. Select KVM Switch.
4. Select the KVM Switch Model.

Note: Only one switch will appear in the drop-down.

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5. Select the KVM Switch Hot Key Sequence.
6. Enter the Maximum Number of Target Ports (2-32).

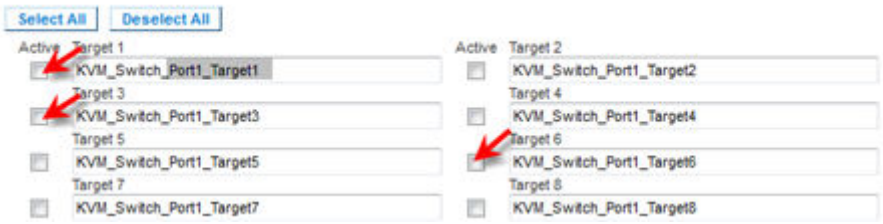
7. In the KVM Switch Name field, enter the name you want to use to refer to this port connection.



8. Activate the targets that the KVM switch hot key sequence will be applied to.

Indicate that the KVM switch ports have targets attached by selecting 'Active' for each of the ports. Use Select All and Deselect All to select and deselect the Active checkboxes accordingly.

Change the port names as need.



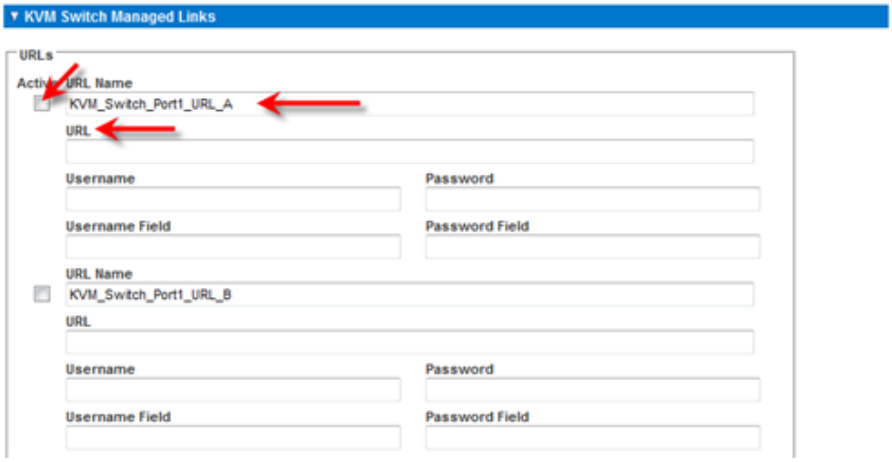
9. In the KVM Managed Links section of the page, you are able to configure the connection to a web browser interface, if one is available.
   a. Select Active to activate the link once it is entered.

      Leave the checkbox deselected to keep the link inactive.

      You can enter information into the link fields and save without activating the links.

      Once Active is selected, the URL field is required.

      The username, password, username field and password field are optional depending on whether single sign-on is desired or not.
   b. URL Name - Enter the URL to the interface.
   c. Username - Enter the username used to access the interface.
   d. Password - Enter the password used to access the interface.
   e. Username Field - Enter the username parameter that will be used in the URL. For example *username*=admin, where *username* is the username field.
   f. Password Field - Enter the password parameter that will be used in the URL. For example *password=Raritan*, where *password* is the password field.



10. Click OK.

► *To change the active status/deactivate a KVM switch port or URL:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Port Configuration. The Port Configuration page opens.
2. Click the Port Name of the target server you want to deactivate. The Port Page opens.
3. Deselect the Active checkbox next to the KVM switch target port or URL to deactivate them.
4. Click OK.

Configuring CIM Ports

The KX III supports the use of standard and virtual media CIMs to connect a server to the KX III.

► *To access a CIM to configure:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Port Configuration. The Port Configuration page opens.
2. Click the Port Name of the target server you want to rename. The Port Page opens.
3. Next -
   - Configure the CIM Settings (on page 184)

Configure the CIM Settings

1. Select Standard KVM Port as the subtype for the port.
2. Assign a name to identify the server connected to that port. The name can be up to 32 characters, and alphanumeric and special characters are allowed.

Configure the CIM Power Associations

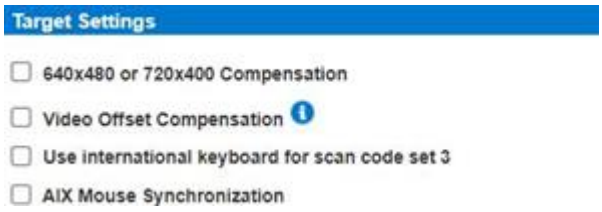
1. In the Power Association section, associate a power strip with the port, if needed.



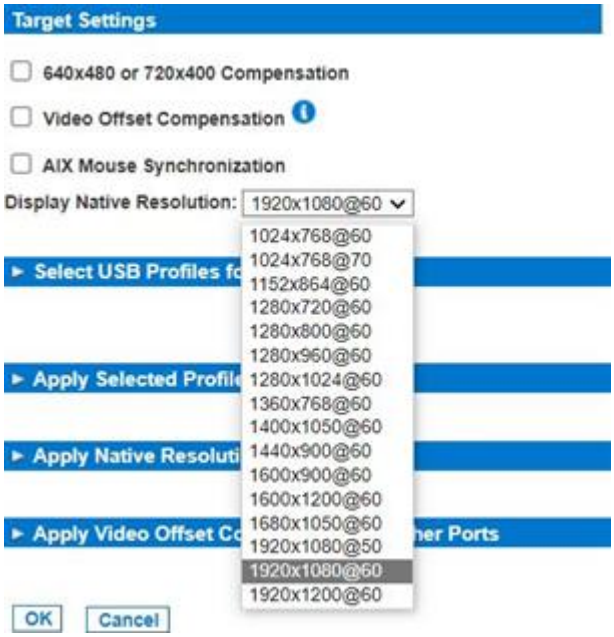
Configure the CIM Target Settings

1. In the Target Settings section:

- Select "640x480 or 720x400 Compensation" if you are experiencing display issues when the target is using this resolution.
- Select "Video Offset Compensation" if the video appears off center on your target.
- Select AIX Mouse Synchronization if you have AIX targets that you want to use in dual mouse mode.



2. For digital CIMs, to set the target's video resolution to match your monitor's native display resolution, select the resolution from the Display Native Resolution drop-down.



For a complete list of supported video resolutions from the remote console, see Supported Target Server Video Resolutions (on page 379).

Note: To ensure the configured native resolution will display on Mac notebooks, you must select the"Best for CIM" option instead of "Scaled CIM" on the Mac target.

---

3. If you are using an HDMI CIM, some operating system/video card combinations may offer a limited range of RGB values. Improve the colors by selecting the DVI Compatibility Mode checkbox under the Target Settings section.

Apply Selected Profiles to Other CIMs

1. Apply the profile to other CIMs by selecting them from the list in the Apply Selected Profiles to Other Ports section of the Port Configuration page.



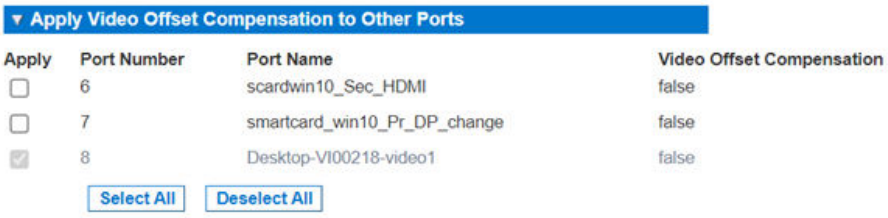
Apply a Native Display Resolution to Other CIMs

1. Apply the native display resolution to the CIM or to other CIMs of the same type by selecting the ports other CIMs are connected to from the list in the Apply Native Resolutions to Other Ports section of the Port Configuration page.



Apply Video Offset Compensation to Other Ports

Apply the video offset compensation settings to other active KVM targets by selecting them from the list in the Apply Video Offset Compensation to Other Ports section of the Port Configuration page



Configuring Rack PDU (Power Strip) Targets

KX III allows you to connect rack PDUs (power strips) to KX III ports.

KX III rack PDU configuration is done from the KX III Port Configuration page.

Note: Raritan recommends no more than eight (8) rack PDUs (power strips) be connected to a KX III at once since performance may be affected.

Connecting a Rack PDU

Raritan PX series rack PDUs (power strips) are connected to the Dominion device using the D2CIM-PWR CIM.

► *To connect the rack PDU:*

1. Connect the male RJ-45 of the D2CIM-PWR to the following female RJ-45 connector of the rack PDU.
   - PX2, PX3 or PX3TS series: RJ-45 "FEATURE" port
2. Connect the female RJ-45 connector of the D2CIM-PWR to any of the available female system port connectors on the KX III using a straight through Cat5 cable.
3. Attach an AC power cord to the target server and an available rack PDU outlet.
4. Connect the rack PDU to an AC power source.
5. Power on the device.

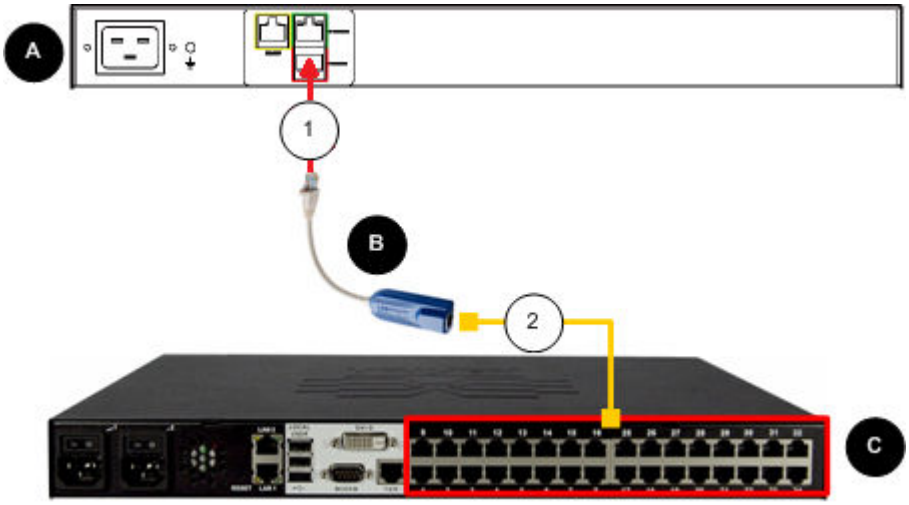


Diagram key	
A	PX rack PDU
B	D2CIM-PWR
C	KX III
1	D2CIM-PWR to rack PDU Feature Port
2	D2CIM-PWR to KX III target device port via Cat5 cable

Naming the Rack PDU (Port Page for Power Strips)

Note: PX rack PDUs (power strips) can be named in the PX as well as in the KX III.

Once a Raritan remote rack PDU is connected to the KX III, it will appear on the Port Configuration page. Click on the power port name on that page to access it. The Type and the Name fields are prepopulated.

Note: The (CIM) Type cannot be changed.

The following information is displayed for each outlet on the rack PDU: [Outlet] Number, Name, and Port Association.

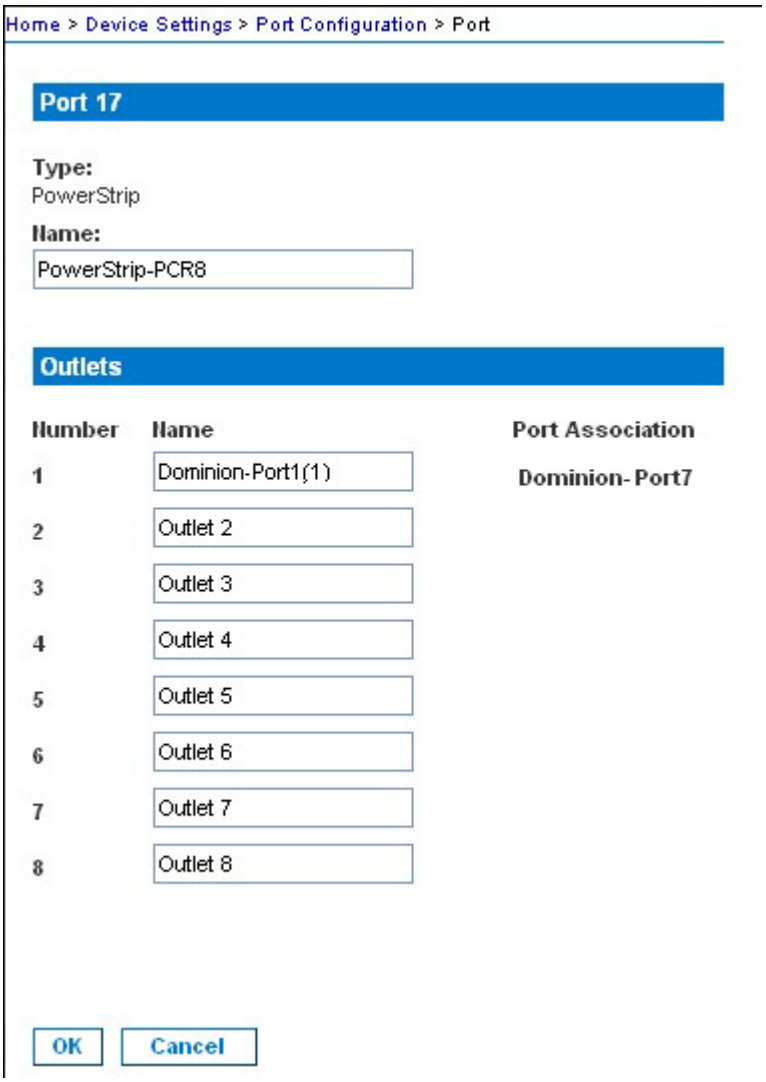
Use this page to name the rack PDU and its outlets. Names can be up to 32 alphanumeric characters and can include special characters.

Note: When a rack PDU is associated with a target server (port), the outlet name is replaced by the target server name, even if you assigned another name to the outlet.

► *To name the rack PDU and outlets:*

Note: CommandCenter Secure Gateway does not recognize rack PDU names containing spaces.

1. Enter the Name of the rack PDU (if needed).
2. Change the [Outlet] Name if desired. (Outlet names default to the outlet #.)
3. Click OK.



Associating Outlets with Target Devices

The Port page opens when you click on a port on the Port Configuration page.

If an outlet is connected to the same server that the port is connected to, a power association can be made with the target device.

A server can have up to four power plugs and you can associate a different rack PDU (power strip) with each. From this page, you can define those associations so that you can power on, power off, and power cycle the server from the Port Access page.

To use this feature, you will need:

- Raritan remote rack PDU(s)
- Power CIMs (D2CIM-PWR)

Make a Power Association

► *To make power associations (associate rack PDU outlets to KVM target servers):*

Note: When a rack PDU is associated to a target server (port), the outlet name is replaced by the target server name (even if you assigned another name to the outlet).

---

1. On the Port Configuration page, select the target server you are associating the PDU with.
2. Choose the rack PDU from the Power Strip Name drop-down list.
3. For that rack PDU, choose the outlet from the Outlet Name drop-down list.
4. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for all desired power associations.
5. Click OK. A confirmation message is displayed.

Remove a Power Association

When disconnecting target servers and/or rack PDUs from the device, all power associations should first be deleted. When a target has been associated with a rack PDU and the target is removed from the device, the power association remains. When this occurs, you are not able to access the Port Configuration for that disconnected target server in Device Settings so that the power association can be properly remove.

► *To remove a rack PDU association:*

1. Select the appropriate rack PDU from the Power Strip Name drop-down list.
2. For that rack PDU, select the appropriate outlet from the Outlet Name drop-down list.
3. From the Outlet Name drop-down list, select None.
4. Click OK. That rack PDU/outlet association is removed and a confirmation message is displayed.

► *To remove a rack PDU association if the rack PDU has been removed from the target:*

1. Click Device Settings > Port Configuration and then click on the active target.
2. Associate the active target to the disconnected power port. This will break the disconnected target's power association.
3. Finally, associate the active target to the correct power port.

Configuring Blade Chassis

You can control blade chassis that are plugged into the KX III port. Up to eight blade chassis can be managed.

If the blade chassis type is supported, it is automatically detected once it is connected.

When a blade chassis is detected, a default name is assigned to it and it is displayed on the Port Access page along with other ports.

If the type is not supported, the blade must be configured manually. The blade chassis must be configured as a blade chassis subtype.

For more information on how blades are displayed, see Port Access Page (Remote Console Display) (on page 108).

Generic Blade Chassis Configuration

The Generic Blade Chassis' selection provides only a manual configuration mode of operation.

See Supported Blade Chassis Models (on page 206), Supported CIMs for Blade Chassis (on page 207), and Required and Recommended Blade Chassis Configurations (on page 209) for important, additional information when configuring the blade chassis.

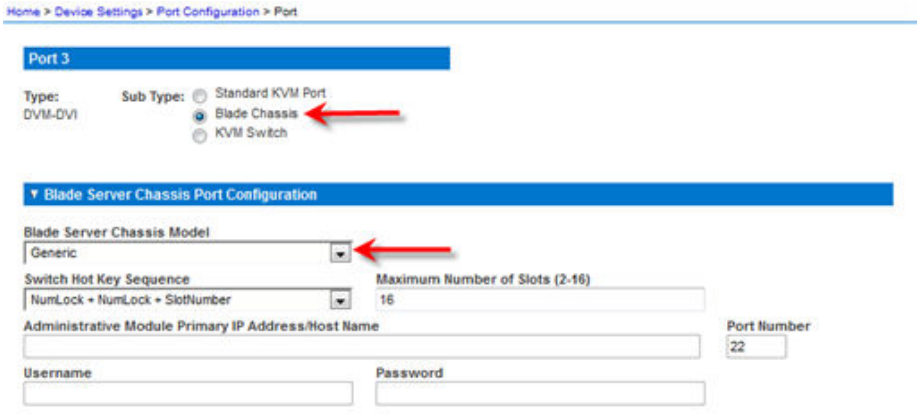
See Dell Chassis Cable Lengths and Video Resolutions (on page 388) for information on cable lengths and video resolutions when using Dell® chassis with the KX III.

► *To configure a generic blade chassis:*

1. Connect the blade chassis to the KX III.
2. Select Device Settings > Port Configuration to open the Port Configuration page.
3. On the Port Configuration page, click on the name of the blade chassis you want to configure. The Port page will open.
4. Select the Blade Chassis radio button.

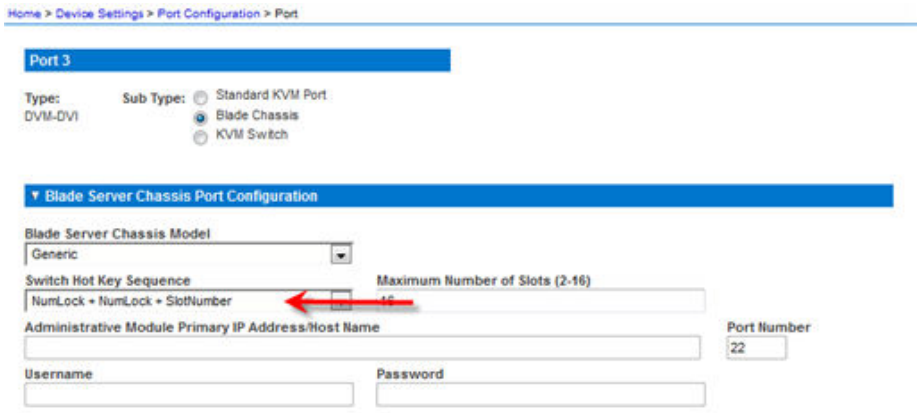
The page will then display the necessary fields to configure a blade chassis.

5. Select Generic from the Blade Server Chassis Model drop-down.



6. Configure the blade chassis as applicable.
   - Switch Hot Key Sequence - Define the hot key sequence that will be used to switch from KVM to the blade chassis.

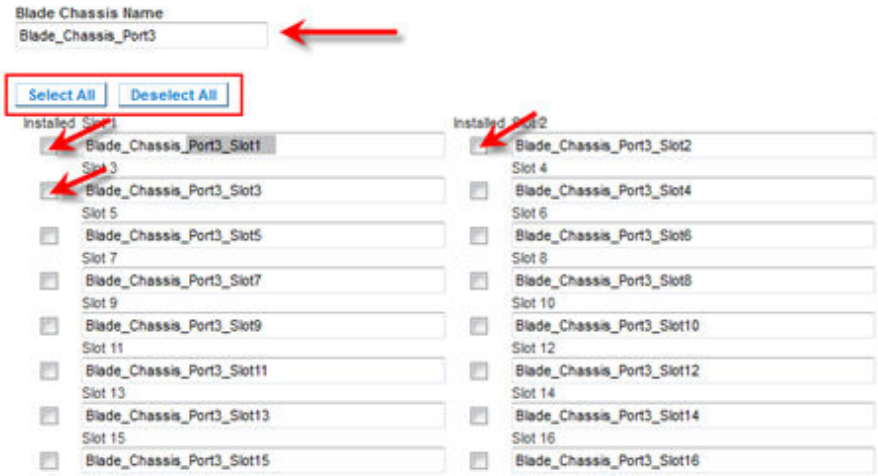
The Switch Hot Key Sequence must match the sequence used by the KVM module in the blade chassis.



- Maximum Number of Slots - Enter the default maximum number of slots available on the blade chassis.
- Administrative Module Primary IP Address/Host Name - Not applicable.
- Username - Not applicable.
- Password - Not applicable.
- Port Number - The default port number for the blade chassis is 22. Not applicable.

7. Change the blade chassis name, if needed.
8. Check the Installed checkbox next to each slot that has a blade installed. Alternatively, use the Select All checkbox.

If needed, change the blade server names.



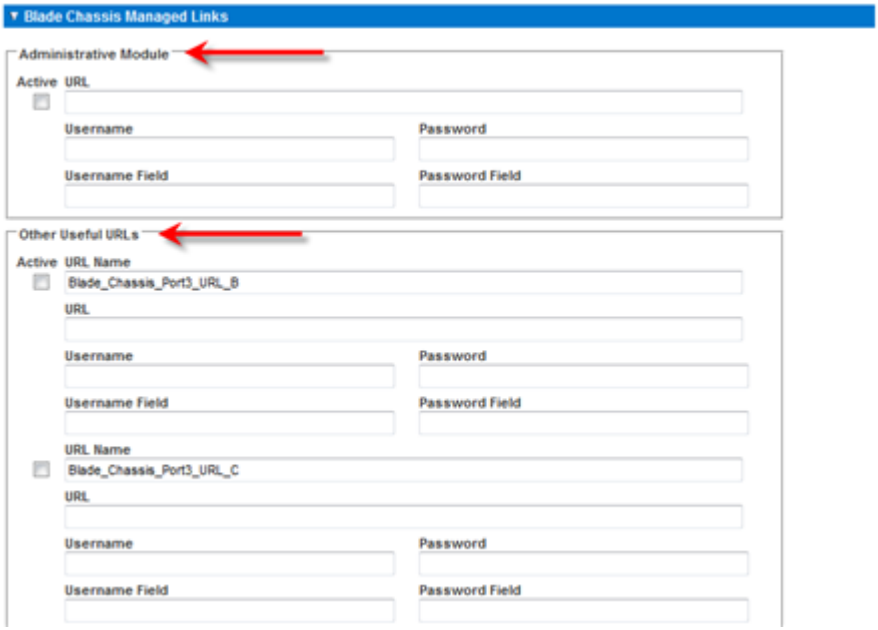
9. In the Blade Chassis Managed Links section of the page, you are able to configure the connection to a blade chassis web browser interface if one is available.

Click the Blade Chassis Managed Links icon to expand the section on the page.

The first URL link is intended for use to connect to the blade chassis Administration Module GUI.

Note: Access to the URL links entered in this section of the page is governed by the blade chassis port permissions.

- Active - To activate the link once it is configured, select the Active checkbox. Leave the checkbox deselected to keep the link inactive. Entering information into the link fields and saving can still be done even if Active is not selected. Once Active is selected, the URL field is required. The username, password, username field and password field are optional depending on whether single sign-on is desired or not.
- URL - Enter the URL to the interface. Required
- Username - Enter the username used to access the interface. Optional
- Password - Enter the password used to access the interface. Optional



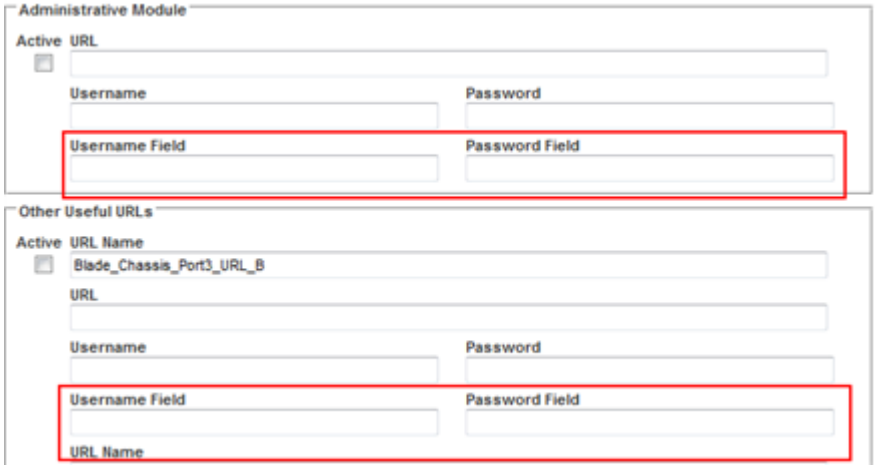
Note: Leave the username and password fields blank for DRAC, ILO, and RSA web applications or the connection will fail.

a. The Username Field and Password Field, which are both optional, contain the labels that are expected to be associated with the username and password entries.

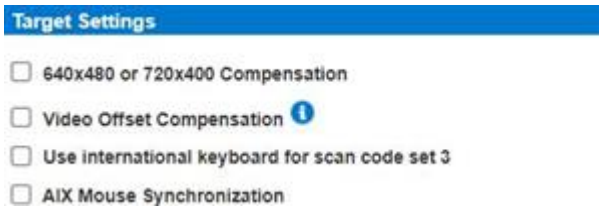
   Enter the field names for the username and password fields used on web application's login page. For example, the web application's login page may use fields named "userID" and "userpassword".

You can view the HTML source of the login screen in your browser to find the field *names*. Note that these are not the field labels.

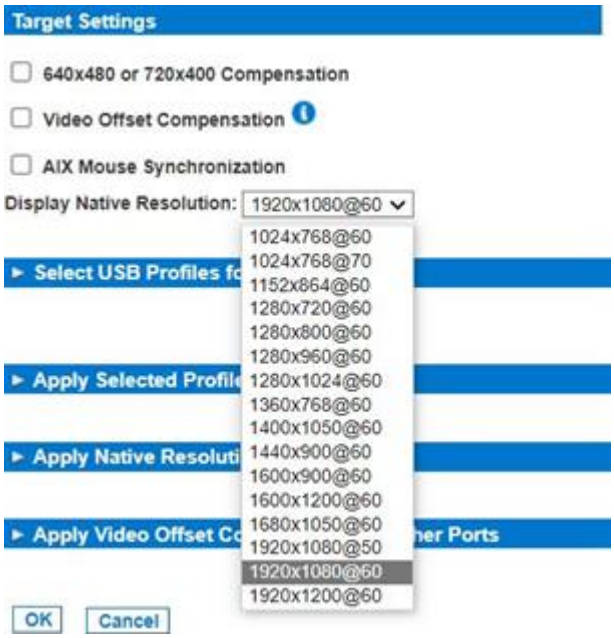
- See Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface (on page 205) for tips on adding a web browser interface.



10. In the Target Settings section:
    - Select "640x480 or 720x400 Compensation" if you are experiencing display issues when the target is using this resolution.
    - Select "Video Offset Compensation" if the video appears off center on your target.
    - Select AIX Mouse Synchronization if you have AIX targets that you want to use in dual mouse mode.



11. For digital CIMs, to set the target's video resolution to match your monitor's native display resolution, select the resolution from the Display Native Resolution drop-down.



For a complete list of supported video resolutions from the remote console, see Supported Target Server Video Resolutions (on page 379).

12. USB profile information does not apply to a generic configuration.
13. Select 'Use international keyboard for scan code set 3' if connecting to the target with a DCIM-PS2 and require the use of scan code set 3 with an international keyboard.
14. Click OK to save the configuration.

Blade Chassis Configuration Options

With the exception of HP and Cisco® UCS blade chassis, the generic, IBM® and Dell® blade chassis are configured on the Port page.

The port connected to the blade chassis must be configured with the blade chassis model.

The specific information you are able to configure for a blade server will depend on the brand of blade server you are working with. For specific information on each of these supported blade chassis, see their corresponding topics in this section of the help.

Dell

- Dell PowerEdge® 1855, 1955 and M1000e

Dell PowerEdge 1855/1955 blades also provide the ability to connect from each individual blade to a port on the KX III appliance. When connected in that manner, they can also be grouped to create blade server groups.

IBM

- IBM BladeCenter® Models E and H

Generic

- A Generic option allows you to configure a blade chassis that is not a Dell PowerEdge® 1855, 1955 and M1000e, IBM BladeCenter® Models E and H, HP BladeSystem c3000 and c7000, or Cisco UCS blade server.

HP

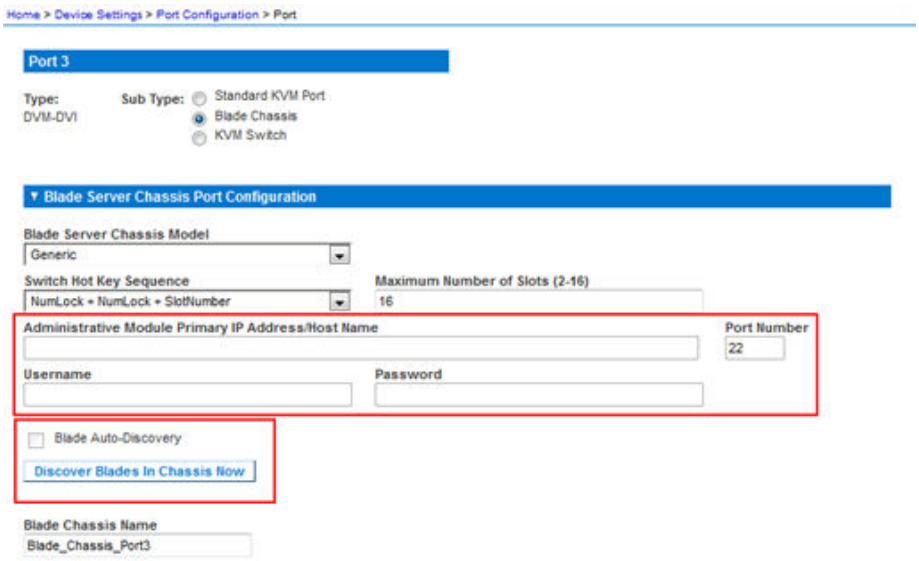
- HP BladeSystem c3000 and c7000, and Cisco UCS blade servers are supported via individual connections from the KX III appliance to each blade.

  The ports are 'grouped' together into a chassis representation using the Port Group Management feature.

Manual and Auto-Discovery Blade Chassis Configuration

Two modes of operation are provided for blade chassis: manual configuration and auto-discovery, depending on the blade chassis capabilities.

Configure the mode by selecting Device Services > Port Configuration to open the Port page. Options are available in the "Blade Server Chassis Port Configuration" section of the page.



If a blade chassis is configured for auto-discovery, the KX III appliance tracks and updates the following:

- When a new blade server is added to the chassis.
- When an existing blade server is removed from the chassis.

Note: In the case of IBM Blade Center Models E and H, the KX III only supports auto-discovery for AMM[1] as the acting primary management module.

Select the "Blade Auto-Discovery" checkbox to enable auto-discovery. To locate a blade at this time, click the "Discover Blades in Chassis Now" button.

Hot Key Sequences to Access Blade Chassis

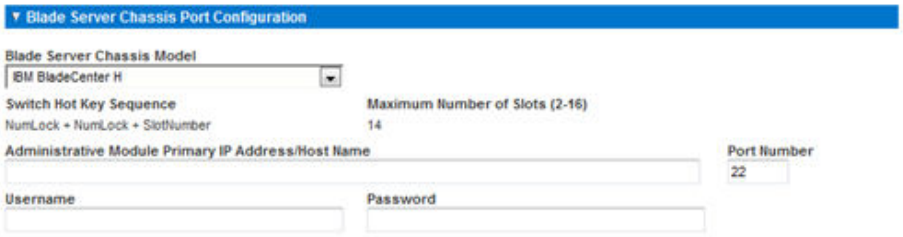
The use of hot key sequences to switch KVM access to a blade chassis is supported.

For blade chassis that allow users to select a hot key sequence, those options will be provided on the Port Configuration page.

For blade chassis that come with predefined hot key sequences, those sequences will be prepopulated on the Port Configuration page once the blade chassis is selected.

For example, the default hot key sequence to switch KVM access to an IBM BladeCenter H is NumLock + NumLock + SlotNumber.

This hot key sequence is applied by default when IBM BladeCenter H is selected during the configuration.



See your blade chassis documentation for hot key sequence information.

Link to a Blade Chassis Interface - Blade Chassis Managed Links

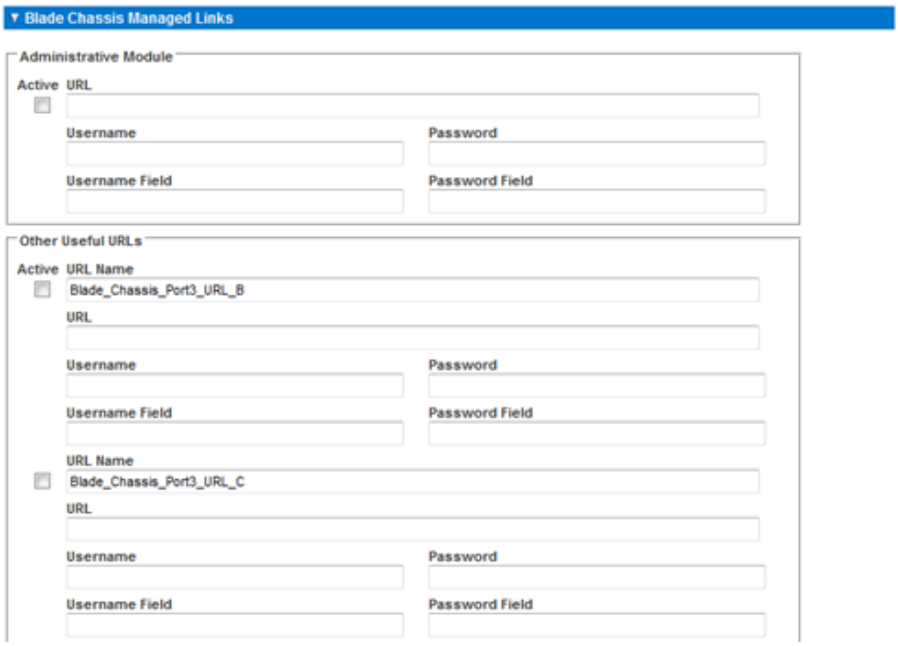
You are able to configure the connection to a blade chassis web browser interface if one is available.

Configure links when adding a blade by selecting Device Services > Port Configuration, and entering the link information in the Blade Chassis Managed Links section of the page.

At the chassis level, up to four links can be defined.

The first link is reserved for connection to the blade chassis administrative module GUI.

For example, this link may be used by technical support to quickly verify a chassis configuration.



Managing Blade Chassis

Blade chassis can be managed from the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), Active KVM Client (AKC).

Managing blade severs via VKC and AKC is the same as managing standard target servers.

See Virtual KVM Client (VKC and VKCs) Help (on page 27), Active KVM Client (AKC) (on page 61) for more information.

Note: Any changes made to the blade chassis configuration will be propagated to these client applications.

Important: When the CIM connecting the blade chassis to the KX III appliance is powered down or disconnected from the KX III device, all established connections to the blade chassis are dropped. When the CIM is reconnected or powered up, you need to re-establish the connection(s).

Dell Blade Chassis Configuration

► *To add a blade chassis:*

1. Connect the blade chassis to the KX III.
2. Select Device Settings > Port Configuration to open the Port Configuration page.
3. On the Port Configuration page, click on the name of the blade chassis you want to configure. The Port page will open.
4. Select the Blade Chassis radio button. The page will then display the necessary fields to configure a blade chassis.
5. Select the Dell blade chassis model from the Blade Server Chassis Model drop-down.

► *To configure a Dell PowerEdge M1000e:*

1. If you selected Dell PowerEdge™ M1000e, auto-discovery is available. Configure the blade chassis as applicable. Prior to configuring a blade chassis that can be auto-discovered, it must be configured to enable SSH connections on the designated port number (see Device Services (on page 217)). Additionally, a user account with the corresponding authentication credentials must be previously created on the blade chassis.
   a. Switch Hot Key Sequence - Select the hot key sequence that will be used to switch from KVM to the blade server. The Switch Hot Key Sequence must match the sequence used by the KVM module in the blade chassis.
   b. Maximum Number of Slots - The default maximum number of slots available on the blade chassis is automatically entered.
   c. Administrative Module Primary IP Address/Host Name - Enter the primary IP address for the blade chassis. Required for auto-discovery mode
   d. Port Number - The default port number for the blade chassis is 22. Change the port number if applicable. Required for auto-discovery mode
   e. Username - Enter the username used to access the blade chassis. Required for auto-discovery mode
   f. Password - Enter the password used to access the blade chassis. Required for auto-discovery mode
2. If you want the KX III to auto-discover the chassis blades, select the Blade Auto-Discovery checkbox and then click Discover Blades on Chassis Now. Once the blades are discovered, they will be displayed on the page.
3. Change the blade chassis name if needed. If the chassis is already named, that information automatically populates this field. If it is not already named, the KX III assigns the chassis a name. The default naming convention for the blade chassis by the KX III is Blade_Chassis_Port#.
4. If operating in Manual mode, indicate the blades that are installed in the blade chassis by checking the Installed checkbox next to each slot that has a blade installed. Alternatively, use the Select All checkbox. If needed, change the blade server names

If operating in Auto-discovery mode, the Installed box will display the slots containing blades during discovery.

5. In the Blade Chassis Managed Links section of the page, you are able to configure the connection to a blade chassis web browser interface if one is available.

Click the Blade Chassis Managed Links icon to expand the section on the page.

The first URL link is intended for use to connect to the blade chassis Administration Module GUI.

Note: Access to the URL links entered in this section of the page is governed by the blade chassis port permissions.

---

a. Active - To activate the link once it is configured, select the Active checkbox. Leave the checkbox deselected to keep the link inactive. Entering information into the link fields and saving can still be done even if Active is not selected. Once Active is selected, the URL field is required. The username, password, username field and password field are optional depending on whether single sign-on is desired or not.

b. URL - Enter the URL to the interface. See Blade Chassis Sample URL Formats (on page 211) for sample configurations for the Dell M1000e.

c. Username - Enter the username used to access the interface.

d. Password - Enter the password used to access the interface.

Note: Leave the username and password fields blank for DRAC, ILO, and RSA web applications or the connection will fail.

---

e. The Username Field and Password Field, which are both optional, contain the labels that are expected to be associated with the username and password entries.

Enter the field names for the username and password fields used on web application's login page. For example, the web application's login page may use fields named "userID" and "userpassword".

You can view the HTML source of the login screen in your browser to find the field *names*. Note that these are not the field labels.

6. See Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface (on page 205) for tips on adding a web browser interface.
7. USB profiles do not apply to Dell chassis.
8. In the Target Settings section, select 720x400 Compensation if you are experiencing display issues when the target is using this resolution.
9. Select 'Use international keyboard for scan code set 3' if connecting to the target with a DCIM-PS2 and require the use of scan code set 3 with an international keyboard.
10. Select the CIMs native, display resolution from the Display Native Resolution drop-down. This is the preferred resolution and timing mode of the digital CIM. Once a resolution is selected, it is applied to the CIM.

If no selection is made, the default 1024x1280@60Hz resolution is used.

11. Click OK to save the configuration.

► *To configure a Dell PowerEdge 1855/1955:*

1. If you selected Dell 1855/1955, auto-discovery *is not available*. Configure the blade chassis as applicable.
   a. Switch Hot Key Sequence - Select the hot key sequence that will be used to switch from KVM to the blade server. For Dell 1855/1955 models, KX III blocks all existing hot key sequences. If you apply a Generic configuration to the Dell 1855, only one existing hot key is blocked.
   b. Maximum Number of Slots - The default maximum number of slots available on the blade chassis is automatically entered.
   c. Administrative Module Primary IP Address/Host Name - Not applicable.

d. Port Number - The default port number for the blade chassis is 22. Not applicable.
e. Username - Not applicable.
f. Password - Not applicable.

2. Change the blade chassis name if needed.
3. Indicate the blades that are installed in the blade chassis by checking the Installed checkbox next to each slot that has a blade installed. Alternatively, use the Select All checkbox. If needed, change the blade server names.
4. In the Blade Chassis Managed Links section of the page, you are able to configure the connection to a blade chassis web browser interface if one is available.

Click the Blade Chassis Managed Links icon to expand the section on the page.

The first URL link is intended for use to connect to the blade chassis Administration Module GUI.

Note: Access to the URL links entered in this section of the page is governed by the blade chassis port permissions.

---

a. Active - To activate the link once it is configured, select the Active checkbox. Leave the checkbox deselected to keep the link inactive. Entering information into the link fields and saving can still be done even if Active is not selected. Once Active is selected, the URL field is required. The username, password, username field and password field are optional depending on whether single sign-on is desired or not.
b. URL - Enter the URL to the interface. See Blade Chassis Sample URL Formats for sample configurations for the Dell PowerEdge 1855/1955.
c. Username - Enter the username used to access the interface.
d. Password - Enter the password used to access the interface.

Note: Leave the username and password fields blank for DRAC, ILO, and RSA web applications or the connection will fail.

---

e. The Username Field and Password Field, which are both optional, contain the labels that are expected to be associated with the username and password entries.

   Enter the field names for the username and password fields used on web application's login page. For example, the web application's login page may use fields named "userID" and "userpassword".

   You can view the HTML source of the login screen in your browser to find the field *names*. Note that these are not the field labels.
f. See Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface (on page 205) for tips on adding a web browser interface.

5. USB profiles do not apply to Dell chassis.
6. Click OK to save the configuration.

IBM Blade Chassis Configuration

► *To add a blade chassis:*

1. Connect the blade chassis to the KX III.
2. Select Device Settings > Port Configuration to open the Port Configuration page.
3. On the Port Configuration page, click on the name of the blade chassis you want to configure. The Port page will open.
4. Select the Blade Chassis radio button. The page will then display the necessary fields to configure a blade chassis.
5. Select the IBM® blade chassis model from the Blade Server Chassis Model drop-down.

► *To configure a IBM BladeCenter H and E:*

1. If you selected IBM BladeCenter® H or E, auto-discovery is available. Configure the blade chassis as applicable. Prior to configuring a blade chassis that can be auto-discovered, it must be configured to enable SSH connections on the designated port number (see Device Services (on page 217)). Additionally, a user account with the corresponding authentication credentials must be previously created on the blade chassis. The KX III only supports auto-discovery for AMM[1].
   a. Switch Hot Key Sequence - Predefined.
   b. Maximum Number of Slots - The default maximum number of slots available on the blade chassis is automatically entered.
   c. Administrative Module Primary IP Address/Host Name - Enter the primary IP address for the blade chassis. Required for auto-discovery mode
   d. Port Number - The default port number for the blade chassis is 22. Change the port number if applicable. Required for auto-discovery mode
   e. Username - Enter the username used to access the blade chassis. Required for auto-discovery mode
   f. Password - Enter the password used to access the blade chassis. Required for auto-discovery mode
2. If you want the KX III to auto-discover the chassis blades, select the Blade Auto-Discovery checkbox and then click Discover Blades on Chassis Now. Once the blades are discovered, they will be displayed on the page.
3. Change the blade chassis name if needed. If the chassis is already named, that information automatically populates this field. If it is not already named, the KX III assigns the chassis a name. The default naming convention for the blade chassis by the KX III is Blade_Chassis_Port#.
4. If operating in Manual mode, indicate the blades that are installed in the blade chassis by checking the Installed checkbox next to each slot that has a blade installed. Alternatively, use the Select All checkbox. If needed, change the blade server names

If operating in Auto-discovery mode, the Installed box will display the slots containing blades during discovery.

5. In the Blade Chassis Managed Links section of the page, you are able to configure the connection to a blade chassis web browser interface if one is available.

Click the Blade Chassis Managed Links icon to expand the section on the page.

The first URL link is intended for use to connect to the blade chassis Administration Module GUI.

Note: Access to the URL links entered in this section of the page is governed by the blade chassis port permissions.

a. Active - To activate the link once it is configured, select the Active checkbox. Leave the checkbox deselected to keep the link inactive. Entering information into the link fields and saving can still be done even if Active is not selected. Once Active is selected, the URL field is required. The username, password, username field and password field are optional depending on whether single sign-on is desired or not.

b. URL - Enter the URL to the interface. See Blade Chassis Sample URL Formats (on page 211) for sample configurations for the IBM BladeCenter.

c. Username - Enter the username used to access the interface.

d. Password - Enter the password used to access the interface.

Note: Leave the username and password fields blank for DRAC, ILO, and RSA web applications or the connection will fail.

e. The Username Field and Password Field, which are both optional, contain the labels that are expected to be associated with the username and password entries.

Enter the field names for the username and password fields used on web application's login page. For example, the web application's login page may use fields named "userID" and "userpassword".

You can view the HTML source of the login screen in your browser to find the field *names*. Note that these are not the field labels.

f. See Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface (on page 205) for tips on adding a web browser interface.

6. If applicable, define the USB profile for the blade chassis or select an existing USB profile. Click the USB Profiles Select USB Profiles for Port icon or the Apply Select Profiles to Other Ports icon to expand these sections of the page. See Configuring USB Profiles (Port Page) (on page 211).
7. Click OK to save the configuration.

► *To configure a IBM BladeCenter (Other):*

1. If you selected IBM BladeCenter (Other), auto-discovery *is not* available. Configure the blade chassis as applicable.
   a. Switch Hot Key Sequence - Select the hot key sequence that will be used to switch from KVM to the blade server.
   b. Administrative Module Primary IP Address/Host Name - Enter the primary IP address for the blade chassis. Not applicable.
   c. Maximum Number of Slots - Enter the default maximum number of slots available on the blade chassis.

d. Port Number - The default port number for the blade chassis is 22. Not applicable.
e. Username - Not applicable.
f. Password - Not applicable.

2. Change the blade chassis name if needed.
3. Indicate the blades that are installed in the blade chassis by checking the Installed checkbox next to each slot that has a blade installed. Alternatively, use the Select All checkbox. If needed, change the blade server names. If it is not already named, the KX III assigns a name to the blade server. The default blade server naming convention is Blade_Chassis_Port#_Slot#.
4. In the Blade Chassis Managed Links section of the page, you are able to configure the connection to a blade chassis web browser interface if one is available.

Click the Blade Chassis Managed Links icon to expand the section on the page.

The first URL link is intended for use to connect to the blade chassis Administration Module GUI.

Note: Access to the URL links entered in this section of the page is governed by the blade chassis port permissions.

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a. Active - To activate the link once it is configured, select the Active checkbox. Leave the checkbox deselected to keep the link inactive. Entering information into the link fields and saving can still be done even if Active is not selected. Once Active is selected, the URL field is required. The username, password, username field and password field are optional depending on whether single sign-on is desired or not.
b. URL - Enter the URL to the interface. See Blade Chassis Sample URL Formats (on page 211) for sample configurations for the IBM BladeCenter.
c. Username - Enter the username used to access the interface.
d. Password - Enter the password used to access the interface.

Note: Leave the username and password fields blank for DRAC, ILO, and RSA web applications or the connection will fail.

---

e. The Username Field and Password Field, which are both optional, contain the labels that are expected to be associated with the username and password entries.

   Enter the field names for the username and password fields used on web application's login page. For example, the web application's login page may use fields named "userID" and "userpassword".

   You can view the HTML source of the login screen in your browser to find the field *names*. Note that these are not the field labels.
f. See Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface (on page 205) for tips on adding a web browser interface.

5. USB profiles are not used by IBM (Other) configurations.
6. In the Target Settings section, select 720x400 Compensation if you are experiencing display issues when the target is using this resolution.
7. Select 'Use international keyboard for scan code set 3' if connecting to the target with a DCIM-PS2 and require the use of scan code set 3 with an international keyboard.

Select the CIMs native, display resolution from the Display Native Resolution drop-down. This is the preferred resolution and timing mode of the digital CIM. Once a resolution is selected, it is applied to the CIM.

1. If no selection is made, the default 1024x1280@60Hz resolution is used.
2. Click OK to save the configuration.

Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface

You can add a Web Browser Interface to create a connection to a device with an embedded web server. A Web Browser interface can also be used to connect to any web application, such as the web application associated with an RSA, DRAC or ILO Processor card.

You must have DNS configured or URLs will not resolve. You do not need to have DNS configured for IP addresses.

► *To add a web browser interface:*

1. The default name for a Web Browser Interface is provided. If needed, change the name in the Name field.
2. Enter the URL or domain name for the web application in the URL field. You must enter the URL at which the web application expects to read the username and password.

Follow these examples for correct formats:

- http(s)://192.168.1.1/login.asp
- http(s)://www.example.com/cgi/login
- http(s)://example.com/home.html

3. Enter the username and password that will allow access to this interface. Optional
4. If username and password were entered, in the Username Field and Password Field, type the field names for the username and password fields that are used in the login screen for the web application. You must view the HTML source of the login screen to find the field names, not the field labels.

Tip for locating field names:

- In the HTML source code for the login page of the web application, search for the field's label, such as Username and Password.
- When you find the field label, look in the adjacent code for a tag that looks like this: name="user". The word in quotes is the field name.

HP and Cisco UCS Blade Chassis Configuration (Port Group Management)

The KX III supports the aggregation of ports connected to certain types of blades into a group representing the blade chassis.

The chassis is identified by a Port Group Name and the group is designated as a Blade Server Group on the Port Group Management page. Port Groups consist solely of ports configured as standard KVM ports, not ports configured as blade chassis. A port may only be a member of a single group.

Ports connected to integrated KVM modules in a blade chassis are configured as blade chassis subtypes. These ports are eligible to be included in port groups.

When KX III ports are connected to integrated KVM modules in a blade chassis and not to individual blades, the ports are configured as blade chassis subtypes. These ports are not eligible to be included in port groups and will not appear in the Select Port for Group, Available list.

If a standard KVM port has been included in a port group, and then is subsequently repurposed for use as a blade chassis subtype, it must first be removed from the port group.

Port Groups are restored using the Backup and Restore option.

► *To add a port group:*

1. Click Device Settings > Port Group Management to open the Port Group Management page.
2. Click Add to open the Port Group page.
3. Enter a Port Group Name. The port group name is not case sensitive and can contain up to 32 characters.
4. Select the Blade Server Group checkbox.

If you want to designate that these ports are attached to blades housed in a blade chassis, select the Blade Server Group checkbox.

5. Click on a port in the Available box in the Select Ports for Group section. Click Add to add the port to the group. The port will be moved to the Selected box.
6. Click OK to add the port group.

► *To edit port group information:*

1. On the Port Group Management page, click on the link of the port group you want to edit. The Port Group page opens.
2. Edit the information as needed.
3. Click OK to save the changes.

► *To delete a port group:*

1. Click on the Port Group Management page, select the checkbox of the port group you want to delete.
2. Click Delete.
3. Click OK on the warning message.

Supported Blade Chassis Models

This table contains the blade chassis models that are supported by the KX III and the corresponding profiles that should be selected per chassis model when configuring them in the KX III application. A list of these models can be selected on the Port Configuration page from the Blade Server Chassis Model drop-down, which appears when the Blade Chassis radio button is selected. For details on how to configure each blade chassis model, see their corresponding topics in this section of the help.

Blade chassis model	KX III Profile
Cisco® UCS	Configure using Port Group Management functions. See HP and Cisco UCS Blade Chassis Configuration (Port Group Management) (on page 205)

Blade chassis model	KX III Profile
Dell® PowerEdge™ 1855/1955	Dell PowerEdge 1855/1955
Dell PowerEdge M1000e	Dell PowerEdge M1000e
IBM® BladeCenter® S	IBM (Other)
IBM BladeCenter H	IBM BladeCenter H
IBM BladeCenter T	IBM (Other)
IBM BladeCenter HT	IBM (Other)
IBM BladeCenter E	IBM BladeCenter E
HP®	Configure using Port Group Management functions. See HP and Cisco UCS Blade Chassis Configuration (Port Group Management) (on page 205)

Supported CIMs for Blade Chassis

The following CIMs are supported for blade chassis being managed through the KX III:

- DCIM-PS2
- DCIM-USBG2
- D2CIM-VUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB

Following is a table containing supported CIMs for each blade chassis model that the KX III supports.

Blade chassis	Connection method	Recommended CIM(s)
Generic	If a D2CIM-VUSB or D2CIM-DVUSB is used when connecting to a blade-chassis configured as Generic, you will be able to select the USB profiles from the Port Configuration page and the client's USB Profile menu. However, virtual media is not supported for generic blade chassis and the Virtual Media menu is disabled on the client.	• DCIM-PS2 • DCIM-USBG2
Cisco® UCS Server Chassis	The Cisco KVM cable (N20-BKVM) enables you to perform server blade administration, configuration, and diagnostic procedures by connecting video and USB devices directly to the server blade. Source: *Cisco UCS 5108 Server Chassis Installation Guide*	• DCIM-USBG2 • D2CIM-VUSB • D2CIM-DVUSB
Dell® PowerEdge™ 1855	Includes one of the three KVM modules : • Analog KVM Ethernet switch module (standard) • Digital Access KVM switch module (optional) • KVM switch module (standard on systems sold prior to April, 2005) These switches provide a custom connector that allows two PS/2 and one video device to be connected to the system. Source: *Dell PowerEdge 1855 User Guide*	• DCIM-PS2

Blade chassis	Connection method	Recommended CIM(s)
Dell PowerEdge 1955	One of two types of KVM modules may be installed: • Analog KVM switch module • Digital Access KVM switch module Both modules enable you to connect a PS/2-compatible keyboard, mouse and video monitor to the system (using a custom cable provided with the system). Source: *Dell PowerEdge 1955 Owner's Manual*	• DCIM-PS2
Dell PowerEdge M1000e	The KVM Switch Module (iKVM) is Integrated with this chassis. The iKVM is compatible with the following peripherals: • USB keyboards, USB pointing devices • VGA monitors with DDC support. Source: *Dell Chassis Management Controller, Firmware Version 1.0, User Guide*	• DCIM-USBG2
HP® BladeSystem c3000	The HP c-Class Blade SUV Cable enables you to perform blade chassis administration, configuration, and diagnostic procedures by connecting video and USB devices directly to the server blade. Source: *HP Proliant™ BL480c Server Blade Maintenance and Service Guide*	• DCIM-USBG2 • D2CIM-VUSB • D2CIM-DVUSB (for standard KVM port operation without a KVM option)
HP BladeSystem c7000	The HP c-Class Blade SUV Cable enables you to perform server blade administration, configuration, and diagnostic procedures by connecting video and USB devices directly to the server blade. Source: *HP ProLiant BL480c Server Blade Maintenance and Service Guide*	• DCIM-USBG2 • D2CIM-VUSB • D2CIM-DVUSB (for standard KVM port operation)
IBM® BladeCenter® S	The Advanced Management Module (AMM) provides system management functions and keyboard/video/mouse (KVM) multiplexing for all blade chassis. The AMM connections include: a serial port, video connection, remote management port (Ethernet), and two USB v2.0 ports for a keyboard and mouse. Source: *Implementing the IBM BladeCenter S Chassis*	• DCIM-USBG2
IBM BladeCenter H	The BladeCenter H chassis ships standard with one Advanced Management Module. Source: *IBM BladeCenter Products and Technology*	• DCIM-USBG2 • D2CIM-DVUSB
IBM BladeCenter E	The current model BladeCenter E chassis (8677-3Rx) ships standard with one Advanced Management Module. Source: *IBM BladeCenter Products and Technology*	• DCIM-USBG2 • D2CIM-DVUSB
IBM BladeCenter T	The BladeCenter T chassis ships standard with one Advanced Management Module.	• DCIM-PS2

Blade chassis	Connection method	Recommended CIM(s)
	In contrast to the standard BladeCenter chassis, the KVM module and the Management Module in the BladeCenter T chassis are separate components. The front of the Management Module only features the LEDs for displaying status. All Ethernet and KVM connections are fed through to the rear to the LAN and KVM modules. The KVM module is a hot swap module at the rear of the chassis providing two PS/2 connectors for keyboard and mouse, a systems-status panel, and a HD-15 video connector. Source: *IBM BladeCenter Products and Technology*	
IBM BladeCenter HT	The BladeCenter HT chassis ships standard with one Advanced Management Module. This module provides the ability to manage the chassis as well as providing the local KVM function. Source: *IBM BladeCenter Products and Technology*	• DCIM-USBG2

Note: In order to support Auto-discovery, IBM BladeCenter Models H and E must use AMM with firmware version BPET36K or later.

Note: In the case of IBM Blade Center Models E and H, the KX III only supports auto-discovery for AMM[1] as the acting primary management module.

Note: Audio is disabled for all KVM switch targets.

Required and Recommended Blade Chassis Configurations

This table contains information on limitations and constraints that apply to configuring blade chassis to work with the KX III. It is recommended that all of the information below is followed.

Blade chassis	Required/recommended action
Dell® PowerEdge™ M1000e	• Disable the iKVM GUI screensaver. An authorize dialog will appear, preventing iKVM from working correctly, if this is not done. • Exit the iKVM GUI menu before attaching Dell's chassis to a Raritan CIM. iKVM may not work correctly if this is not done. • Configure the iKVM GUI Main menu to select target blades by Slot, not by Name. iKVM may not work correctly if this is not done. • *Do not* designate any slots for scan operations in the iKVM GUI Setup Scan menu. iKVM may not work correctly otherwise. • *Do not* designate any slots for broadcast keyboard/mouse operations in the iKVM GUI Setup Broadcast menu. iKVM may not work correctly otherwise. • Designate a single key sequence to invoke the iKVM GUI. This key sequence must also be identified during KX III port configuration. Otherwise, indiscriminate iKVM operation may occur as a result of client key entry.

Blade chassis	Required/recommended action
	• Ensure that Front Panel USB/Video Enabled is *not* selected during iKVM configuration via the Dell CMC GUI. Otherwise, connections made at the front of chassis will take precedence over the KX III connection at the rear, preventing proper iKVM operation. A message will be displayed stating 'User has been disabled as front panel is currently active.' • Ensure that 'Allow access to CMC CLI from iKVM' is *not* selected during iKVM configuration via the Dell CMC GUI. • To avoid having the iKVM GUI display upon connecting to the blade chassis, set the Screen Delay Time to 8 seconds. • Recommend that 'Timed' and 'Displayed' be selected during iKVM GUI Flag Setup. This will allow you to visually confirm the connection to the desired blade slot.
Dell PowerEdge 1855/1955	• Disable the iKVM GUI screensaver. An Authorize dialog will appear if this is not done and will prevent the iKVM from operating correctly. • Exit the iKVM GUI menu before attaching Dell's chassis to a Raritan CIM. iKVM may not work correctly if this is not done. • Configure the iKVM GUI Main menu to select target blades by Slot, not by Name. iKVM may not work correctly if this is not done. • *Do not* designate any slots for scan operations in the iKVM GUI Setup Scan menu or the iKVM may not work properly. • To avoid having the iKVM GUI display upon connecting to the blade chassis, set the Screen Delay Time to 8 seconds. • Recommend that 'Timed' and 'Displayed' be selected during iKVM GUI Flag Setup. This will allow you to visually confirm the connection to the desired blade slot.
IBM®/Dell® Auto-Discovery	• It is recommended that Auto-Discovery be enabled when applying blade level access permissions. Otherwise, set access permissions on a blade-chassis wide basis. • Secure Shell (SSH) must be enabled on the blade chassis management module. • The SSH port configured on the blade chassis management module and the port number entered on the Port Configuration page must match.
IBM Virtual Media	• KX III virtual media is supported only on IBM BladeCenter® Models H and E. This requires the use of the D2CIM-DVUSB. The black D2CIM-DVUSB Low-Speed USB connector is attached to the Administrative Management Module (AMM) at the rear of the appliance. The gray D2CIM-DVUSB High-Speed USB connector is attached to the Media Tray (MT) at the front of the appliance. This will require a USB extension cable.
Cisco® UCS Server Chassis	• The Cisco KVM cable (N20-BKVM) enables you to perform server blade administration, configuration, and diagnostic procedures by connecting video and USB devices directly to the server blade. • Source: *Cisco UCS 5108 Server Chassis Installation Guide- DCIM-USBG2, D2CIM-VUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB*

Note: All IBM BladeCenters that use AMM must use AMM firmware version BPET36K or later to work with the KX III.

Note: In the case of IBM Blade Center Models E and H, the KX III only supports auto-discovery for AMM[1] as the acting primary management module.

Blade Chassis Sample URL Formats

This table contains sample URL formats for blade chassis being configured in the KX III.

Blade chassis	Sample URL format
Dell® M1000e	• URL: https://192.168.60.44/cgi-bin/webcgi/login • Username: root • Username Field: user • Password: calvin • Password Field: password
Dell 1855	• URL: https://192.168.60.33/Forms/f_login • Username: root • Username Field: TEXT_USER_NAME • Password: calvin • Password Field: TEXT_PASSWORD
IBM® BladeCenter® E or H	• http://192.168.84.217/private/welcome.ssi

Configuring USB Profiles (Port Page)

You choose the available USB profiles for a port in the Select USB Profiles for Port section of the Port page. The USB profiles chosen in the Port page become the profiles available to the user in VKC when connecting to a KVM target server from the port. For information about USB profiles, see USB Profiles (on page 137), USB Profiles (on page 32).

Note: To set USB profiles for a port, you must have a supported CIM connected with firmware compatible with the current firmware version of the KX III. See Upgrading CIMs (on page 288).

The profiles available to assign to a port appear in the Available list on the left. The profiles selected for use with a port appear in the Selected list on the right. When you select a profile in either list, a description of the profile and its use appears in the Profile Description field.

In addition to selecting a set of profiles to make available for a KVM port, you can also specify the preferred profile for the port and apply the settings from one port to other KVM ports.

► *To open the Port page:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Port Configuration. The Port Configuration page opens.
2. Click the Port Name for the KVM port you want to edit. The Port page opens.

► *To select the USB profiles for a KVM port:*

1. In the Select USB Profiles for Port section, select one or more USB profiles from the Available list.
   - Shift-Click and drag to select several continuous profiles.
   - Ctrl-Click to select several discontinuous profiles.
2. Click Add. The selected profiles appear in the Selected list. These are the profiles that can be used for the KVM target server connected to the port.

► *To specify a preferred USB profile:*

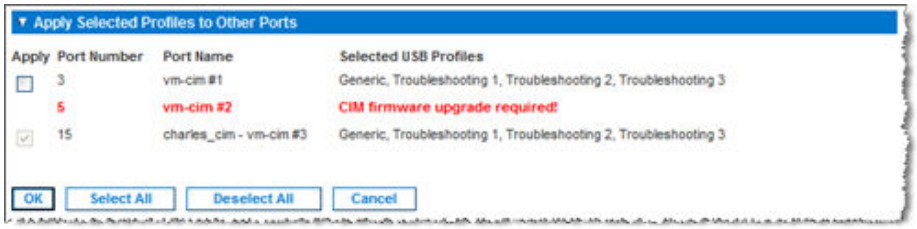
1. After selecting the available profiles for a port, choose one from the Preferred Profile for Port menu. The default is Generic. The selected profile is used when connecting to the KVM target server. You can change to any other USB profile as necessary.
2. If check box Set Active Profile As Preferred Profile is selected, this preferred USB is also used as active profile.

► *To remove selected USB profiles:*

1. In the Select USB Profiles for Port section, select one or more profiles from the Selected list.
   - Shift-Click and drag to select several continuous profiles.
   - Ctrl-Click to select several discontinuous profiles.
2. Click Remove. The selected profiles appear in the Available list. These profiles are no longer available for a KVM target server connected to this port.

► *To apply a profile selection to multiple ports:*

1. In the Apply Selected Profiles to Other Ports section, select the Apply checkbox for each KVM port you want to apply the current set of selected USB profiles to.



- To select all KVM ports, click Select All.
- To deselect all KVM ports, click Deselect All.

Configuring KX III Local Port Settings

Note: Some changes you make to the settings on the Local Port Settings page restart the browser you are working in. If a browser restart occurs when a setting is changed, it is noted in the steps provided here.

► *To configure the local port settings:*

- Choose Device Settings > Local Port Settings. The Local Port Settings page opens.

Enable Standard Local Port

1. Select the checkbox next to the Enable Standard Local Port to enable it. Deselect the checkbox to disable it.

By default, the standard local port is enabled.

The browser is restarted when this change is made.

Note: If you are using the tiering feature, the Standard Local Port feature will be turned off since both features cannot be used at the same time.



Enable Local Port Device Tiering

1. If you are using the tiering feature, select the Enable Local Port Device Tiering checkbox and enter the tiered secret word in the Tier Secret field.

In order to configure tiering, you must also configure the base device on the Device Services page.

See Configuring and Enabling Tiering (on page 218) for more information on tiering.



Configure the Local Port Scan Mode Settings

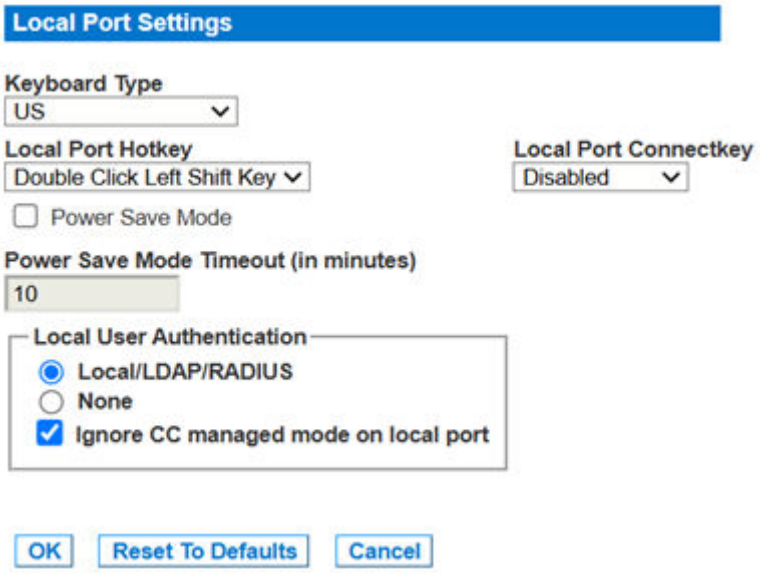
1. If needed, configure the Local Port Scan Mode settings. These settings apply to Scan Settings feature, which is accessed from the Port page.
   - In the "Display Interval" field, specify the number of seconds you want the target that is in focus to display in the center of the Port Scan window.
   - In the "Interval Between Ports (1 - 255 sec):" field, specify the interval at which the device should pause between ports.



Select the Local Console Keyboard Type

1. Choose the appropriate keyboard type from among the options in the drop-down list.

The browser will be restarted when this change is made.



• US	• Portuguese (Portugal)
• US/International	• Norwegian (Norway)
• United Kingdom	• Swedish (Sweden)
• French (France)	• Danish (Denmark)
• German (Germany)	• Belgian (Belgium)
• German (Switzerland)	• Hungarian
• Simplified Chinese	• Spanish
• Traditional Chinese	• Italian
• Dubeolsik Hangul (Korean)	• Slovenian
• JIS (Japanese Industry Standard)	

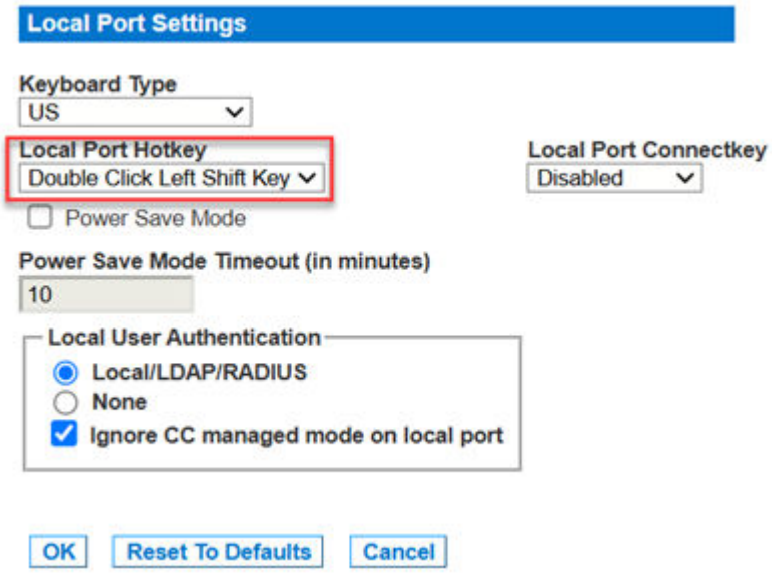
Note: Keyboard use for Chinese, Japanese, and Korean is for display only. Local language input is not supported at this time for KX III Local Console functions.

Note: Turkish keyboards are only supported on Active KVM Client (AKC).

Select the Local Port Hotkey

1. Choose the local port hotkey. The local port hotkey is used to return to the KX III Local Console interface when a target server interface is being viewed. The default is to Double Click Scroll Lock, but you can select any key combination from the drop-down list:

Hot key:	Take this action:
Double Click Scroll Lock	Press Scroll Lock key twice quickly
Double Click Num Lock	Press Num Lock key twice quickly
Double Click Caps Lock	Press Caps Lock key twice quickly
Double Click Left Alt key	Press the left Alt key twice quickly
Double Click Left Shift key	Press the left Shift key twice quickly
Double Click Left Ctrl key	Press the left Ctrl key twice quickly



Select the Local Port Connect Key

Select the Local Port Connect key. Use a connect key sequence to connect to a target and switch to another target without returning to the GUI.

Then use the hot key to disconnect and return to the local port GUI

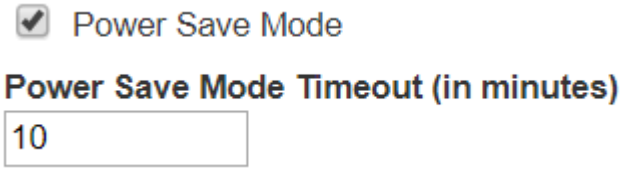
Once the local port connect key is created, it will appear in the Navigation panel of the GUI so you can use it as a reference. See Connect Key Examples (on page 352) for examples of connect key sequences.

The connect key works for both standard servers and blade chassis.



Configure the Power Save Feature (Optional)

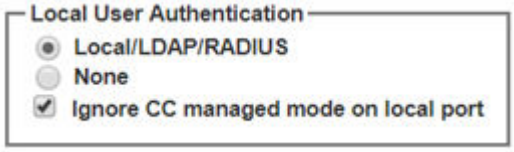
1. If you would like to use the power save feature:
   a. Select the Power Save Mode checkbox.
   b. Set the amount of time (in minutes) in which Power Save Mode will be initiated.



Select the Local User Authentication

1. Choose the type of local user authentication.
   - Local/LDAP/RADIUS. This is the recommended option.
   - None. There is no authentication for Local Console access.
     This option is recommended for secure environments only.

Note: Ignore CC managed mode on local port function is not supported on Dominion LX II.



Device Services

Enabling SSH

Enable SSH access to allow administrators to access the KX III via the SSH v2 application.

► *To enable SSH access:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services. The Device Service Settings page opens.
2. Select Enable SSH Access.
3. Enter the SSH Port information. The standard SSH TCP port number is 22 but the port number can be changed to provide a higher level of security operations.
4. If needed, select the Enable Legacy DSA checkbox.
5. Select the SSH Authentication method:
   - Password Only: Do not allow any configured certificate authentication
   - Certificate Only: Do not allow any password login to the SSH
   - Password and Certificate: Allow both authentication methods access to the device

See Add SSH Client Certificates for Users (on page 150) for help with certificates.

6. Click OK.

HTTP and HTTPS Port Settings

You are able to configure HTTP and/or HTTPS ports used by the KX III. For example, if you are using the default HTTP port 80 for another purpose, changing the port will ensure the device does not attempt to use it.

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services. The Device Service Settings page opens.
2. Enter the new ports in the HTTP Port and/or HTTPS Port fields.
3. Click OK.

Entering the Discovery Port

KX III discovery occurs over a single, configurable TCP Port.

The default is Port 5000, but you can configure it to use any TCP port except 80 and 443.

To access KX III from beyond a firewall, your firewall settings must enable two-way communication through the default Port 5000 or a non-default port configured on this page.

The device will transmit information about itself (make,model,firmware version,encryption) in clear text unless the encryption option is selected.

► *To enable the discovery port:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services. The Device Service Settings page opens.
2. Enter the Discovery Port.
3. Select the Encrypted checkbox to encrypt the transmission of device information.
4. Click OK.

Configuring and Enabling Tiering

The tiering feature allows you to access KX III targets and PDUs through one base KX III device.

Devices can be added and removed from a tiering configuration as needed up to a maximum of two tiered levels.

When setting up the devices, you will use specific CIMS for specific configurations.

Port configuration, including changing the CIM name, must be done directly from each device. It cannot be done from the base device for tiered target ports.

Tiering also supports the use of KVM switches to switch between servers. See Configuring KVM Switches (on page 181).

Once configured, base and tiered devices are displayed on the Port Access Page. See Tiered Devices - Port Access Page

Before Creating a Tiering Configuration

Before creating a tiering configuration, review Permitted Tiering Configurations (on page 219) and Unsupported and Limited Features on Tiered Targets.

Before adding tiered devices to a tiering configuration:

- Base and tiered devices must all be operating with the same firmware revision.
- Enable base devices on the Device Settings page. See Configuring Standard Target Servers (on page 181)
- Enable tiered devices on the Local Port Settings page. See Configuring KX III Local Port Settings (on page 213), then Enable Local Port Device Tiering (on page 213)
- Enable tiering for the base device, and the tiered devices. See Enabling Tiering (on page 221)

Permitted Tiering Configurations

Before tiering devices, review Before Creating a Tiering Configuration (on page 219).

Following are the permitted tiering configurations:

- KX III base device > KX III tiered devices
- KX III base device > KX II tiered devices
- Dual Video port targets attached to a tier device should be connected via tier devices

User Permissions in Tiered Configurations

The user must have a valid user account on the tiered device. The group that the user belongs to on the tiered device controls the user's permissions to the ports on the tiered device.

These examples illustrate how various user permissions work in tiered configurations.

▶ *Example 1:*

Base unit and tiered units have the same user with permissions to all ports. The base user will be able to access all ports on the base and tiered device.

▶ *Example 2:*

The base and tiered devices have the same user but different port permissions. The base user will have different tiered port access.

▶ *Example 3:*

The base and tiered devices do not have the same user. The user at the base device will not be able to access ports at the tiered device.

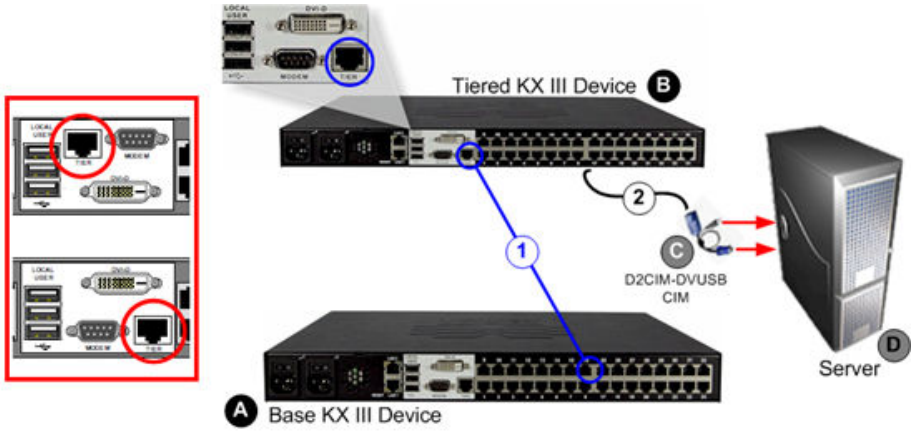
Unsupported and Limited Features on Tiered Targets

The following features are not supported on tiered targets:

- Blade chassis on tiered devices
- Audio on tiered devices
- Smart cards on tiered devices
- Virtual media tiered devices
- DSAM on tiered devices
- MCCAT as a tiered device
- Port group management is limited to creating port groups of members directly attached to the base
- Dual Video port targets attached to a tier device should not be connected through the tier base device
- Absolute Mouse Synchronization may not synch correctly if your tiering configuration consists of a mix of KX III and KX II devices
- A KX II base device > KX III tiered devices

Tiered KX III Connection Example

The following diagram illustrates the cabling configurations between a KX III tiered device and a KX III base device.



Note: Location of Tier port varies.

Steps	
A	KX III Base device
B	KX III Tiered device
C	CIM to connect the target server to KX III the Tiered device.
D	Target server

Steps	
1	Base device Tier port to Tiered device Tier port connection: • Connect one end of a Cat5/5e/6 cable into a target server port on the KX III Base device. • Connect the other end of the cable into the Tier port on the KX III Tiered device.
2	Tiered device connection to the target server keyboard/video/mouse ports: • Connect one end of a Cat5/5e/6 cable into a target server port on the KX III Tiered device, and the other end into a supported CIM such as the D2CIM-DVUSB. • Connect the keyboard, mouse and video plugs on the CIM to the corresponding ports on the target server.

Enabling Tiering

1	From the base KX III tier device, select Device Settings > Device Services to open the Device Service Settings page.
2	Select Enable Tiering as Base.
3	In the Base Secret field, enter the secret shared between the base and the tiered devices. This secret is required for the tiered devices to authenticate the base device. Enter the same secret word for the tiered device. Click OK.
4	Enable the tiered devices. From the tiered device, choose Device Settings > Local Port Settings.
5	In the Enable Local Ports section of the page, select Enable Local Port Device Tiering.
	In the Tier Secret field, enter the same secret word you entered for the base device on the Device Settings page. Click OK.

Once devices are enabled and configured, they appear on the Port Access page.

When the KX III is configured to function as a base device or tiered device, they will be displayed as:

- 'Configured As Base Device' in the Device Information section of the left panel of the KX III interface for base devices.
- 'Configured As Tier Device' in the Device Information section of the left panel of the KX III interface for tiered devices.
- The base device will be identified as 'Base' in the left panel of the tiered device's interface under Connect User.
- Target connections to a tier port from the base will be displayed as 2 ports connected.

Remote and Local Access from Tiered Devices

The base device provides remote and local access over a consolidated port list from the Port Access page.

Tiered devices provide remote access from their own port lists.

Local access is not available on the tiered devices when Tiering is enabled.

Accessing a Blade Chassis from a Base Device

Blade chassis attached directly to a base device are accessible.

Power Control from Tiered Devices

You can power on and off targets that are a part of the tiered configuration.

These targets are accessed from the Port Access page.

If targets and outlets are associated, power control is available from the Port Access page.

Targets and PDU outlet associations are limited to those attached to the same KX III.

PDUs attached to the base or tiered KX IIIs are displayed on the Power page drop-down along with the statistics for the selected powerstrip.

Outlet level control is available as well.

Specifically, you can power off outlets that are currently on but you cannot power cycle outlets that are currently off.

Enabling Direct Port Access via URL

Direct Port Access allows users to bypass having to use the KX III's Login dialog and Port Access page.

This feature also provides the ability to enter a username and password directly to proceed to the target, if the username and password is not contained in the URL.

Enable Direct Port Access

► *To enable direct port access:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services. The Device Service Settings page opens.
2. Select Enable Direct Port Access via URL if you would like users to have direct access to a target through the KX III by passing in the necessary parameters in the URL.
3. Click OK.

Direct Port Access URL for HTML KVM Client (HKC)

If you are using HKC and direct port access, use one of the following syntaxes for standard ports:

- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&port=port number&client=hkc

Or

- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&portname=port name&client=hkc

For blade chassis, the port must be designated by both the port number and the slot number or slot name.

- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&port=port number-slot number&client=hkc

  For example, port number-slot number is 1-2 where the blade chassis is connected to port 1, and the blade is on slot 2.
- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&portname=slot name&client=hkc

  For example, slot name is typically "Blade_Chassis_Port6_Slot1" for slot1 of a Blade connected to port 6.

Username and password are optional.

If username and password are not provided, a login dialog will be displayed and, after being authenticated, the user will be directly connected to the target. If additional prompts are displayed, click Open to proceed.

The port may be a port number or port name.

If you are using a port name, the name must be unique or an error is reported.

If the port is omitted altogether, an error is reported.

Direct Port Access URL Syntax for the Active KVM Client (AKC)

Follow the syntax described to create direct port access URLs for AKC. Use Microsoft browsers for best results. If you are using Edge on Windows, you must also enable the "Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation" option in Device Settings > Device Services.

If you are using AKC and direct port access, use:

- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&port=port number&client=akc

  Or
- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&portname=port name&client=akc

For blade chassis, the port must be designated by both the port number and the slot number or slot name.

- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&port=port number-slot number&client=akc

  For example, port number-slot number is 1-2 where the blade chassis is connected to port 1, and the blade is on slot 2.
- https://IPaddress/dpa.asp?username=username&password=password&portname=slot name&client=akc

For example, slot name is typically "Blade_Chassis_Port6_Slot1" for slot1 of a Blade connected to port 6.

Username and password are optional.

If username and password are not provided, a login dialog will be displayed and, after being authenticated, the user will be directly connected to the target. If additional prompts are displayed, click Open to proceed.

The port may be a port number or port name.

If you are using a port name, the name must be unique or an error is reported.

If the port is omitted altogether, an error is reported.

If you are accessing a target that is part of a dual port video group, direct port access uses the primary port to launch both the primary and secondary ports.

Direct port connections to the secondary port are denied, and usual permission rules apply.

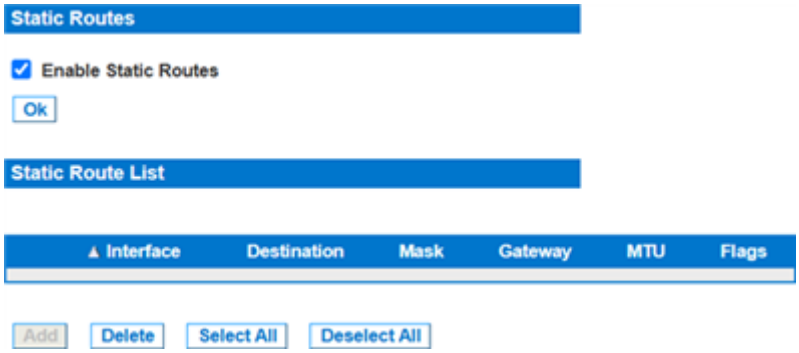
For information on the dual port video group feature, see Creating a Dual Video Port Group (on page 250) .

Static Routes

Create static routes if KX III has two LAN ports or is configured for modem access.

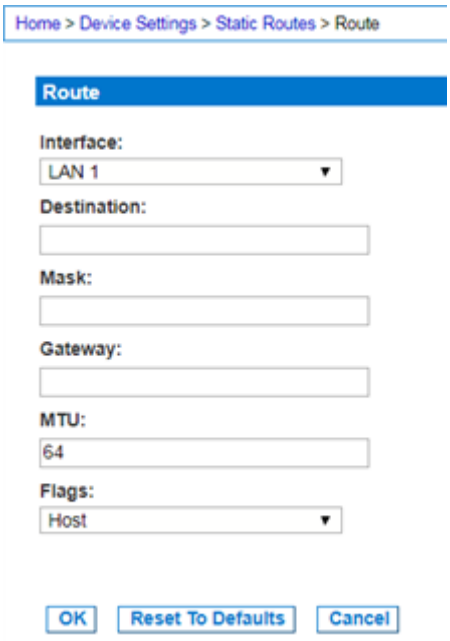
► *To enable static routes:*

1. Select Device Settings > Static Routes. The Static Routes page opens.
2. Select the checkboxes to enable each feature, then click OK.



► *To add a static route:*

1. When Static Routes is enabled, click Add, then enter the Route details.



2. Select the LAN you want to configure from the drop-down menu in the Interface field.
   - LAN1 = eth0
   - LAN2 = eth1
3. Type the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway of the destination host in the Destination, Mask, and Gateway fields.
4. Enter the maximum transmission unit (MTU) in bytes in the MTU field.

5. Type the TCP windows size for connections over this route in bytes in the Window field.
6. Select your route type from the Flags drop-down menu.
   - Host means this route is for a host machine.
   - Net means this route is for a subnet.
7. Click OK.

► *To reset a static route:*

1. Select Device Settings > Static Routes. The Static Routes page opens.
2. Click Reset To Defaults to reset the route fields to the factory defaults.

► *To delete a static route:*

1. Select Device Settings > Static Routes. The Static Routes page opens.
2. Go to the Static Routes List and select the checkbox next to the route you want to delete.
3. Click Delete. You are prompted to confirm the deletion.
4. Click OK. The route is deleted.

Enabling the AKC Download Server Certificate Validation

If you are using the AKC client, you can choose to use the Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation feature or opt not to use this feature.

Note: When operating in IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack mode with 'Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation' feature, Microsoft® ClickOnce® requires that the server certificate CN should not contain a zero compressed form of IPv6 address.

If it does, you will not be able to successfully download and launch AKC.

However, this may conflict with browser preferences for the form of the IPv6 address.

Use the server hostname in the common name (CN) or include compressed and uncompressed forms of the IPv6 address in the certificate's Subject Alternative Name.

Option 1: Do Not Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation (default setting)

If you do not enable, AKC Download Server Certificate Validation, all KX III device users must:

- Ensure that the IP address of the device being accessed is included in their browser's Trusted Sites Zone and that Protected Mode is not on when accessing the device.

Option 2: Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation

If you do, enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation:

- Administrators must upload a valid certificate to the device or generate a self-signed certificate on the device. The certificate must have a valid host designation.
- Each user must add the CA certificate (or a copy of self-signed certificate) to the Trusted Root CA store in their browser.

► *To install the self-signed certificate in Windows 7® operating system:*

1. Include the KX III IP address in the Trusted Site zone and ensure 'Protected Mode' is off.
2. Launch Internet Explorer® using the KX III IP address as the URL. A Certificate Error message will be displayed.
3. Select View Certificates.
4. On the General tab, click Install Certificate. The certificate is then installed in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities store.
5. After the certificate is installed, the KX III IP address should be removed from the Trusted Site zone.

► *To enable AKC download server certificate validation:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services. The Device Service Settings page opens.
2. Select the Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation checkbox or you can leave the feature disabled (default).
3. Click OK.

If you are connecting to a KX III standalone device and support for AKC download server certificate validation is enabled, the valid IPv6 format to generate the certificate is either:

- `CN =[fd07:02fa:6cff:2500:020d:5dff:fe00:01c0]` when there is a leading 0
  or
- `CN =[fd07:02fa:6cff:2500:020d:5dff:0000:01c0]` when there is no zero compression

Enable Standalone VKC Download Server Certificate Validation

On the Services page select the "Enable Standalone VKC Download Server Certificate Validation" checkbox to use HTTPS for download the VKCs application. JRE will perform a check to ensure the server certificate matches the designated device. If the certification does not match, a security warning message displays to give you the option to continue. Best practice for using VKCs is to select this option, and install a valid certificate on KX III.

When this option is not selected, the VKCs certificate is not validated.

Configuring SNMP Agents

See Viewing the KX III MIB (on page 242) for information on viewing the KX III MIB.

KX III supports SNMP logging for SNMP v2c and/or v3. SNMP v2c defines message formats and protocol operations when SNMP logging is enabled. SNMP v3 is a security extension of SNMP that provides user authentication, password management and encryption.

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services. The Device Service Settings page opens.
2. Provide the following SNMP agent identifier information for the MIB-II System Group objects:
   - System Name - the SNMP agent's name/appliance name
   - System Contact - the contact name related to the appliance
   a. System Location - the location of the appliance
3. Select either or both Enable SNMP v1/v2c and Enable SNMP v3. At least one option must be selected. Required
4. Complete the following fields for SNMP v2c (if needed):
   - Community - the appliance's community string
   a. Community Type - grant either Read-Only or Read-Write access to the community users

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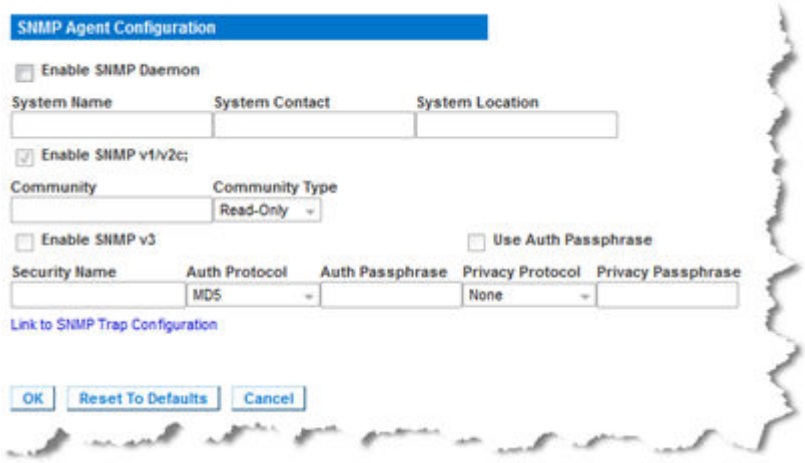
   Note: An SNMP community is the group to which appliances and management stations running SNMP belong. It helps define where information is sent. The community name is used to identify the group. The SNMP device or agent may belong to more than one SNMP community.

   ---

5. Complete the following fields for SNMP v3 (if needed):
   - Select Use Auth Passphrase if one is needed. If the Privacy Passphrase is required, the 'Use Auth Passphrase' allows you to have the same passphrase for both without having to re-enter the Auth Passphrase.
   - Security Name - the username or service account name of the entity communicating with the SNMP agent (up to 32 characters).
   - Authentication Protocol - the MD5 or SHA authentication protocol used by the SNMP v3 agent. Note: When FIPS is enabled, SHA must be used for v3 traps for FIPS compliance.
   - Authentication Passphrase - the pass phrase required to access the SNMP v3 agent (up to 64 characters).
   - Privacy Protocol - if applicable, the AES or DES or AES256 algorithm used to encrypt data.
   a. Privacy Passphrase - if applicable, the pass phrase used to access the privacy protocol algorithm (up to 64 characters).
6. Click OK to start the SNMP agent service.

Configure SNMP traps on the Event Management - Settings page, which can be quickly accessed by clicking the SNMP Trap Configuration link. See Configuring SNMP Notifications (on page 234) for a list of available KX III SNMP traps.

The events that are captured once an SNMP trap or inform is configured are selected on the Event Management - Destination page. See Configuring Event Management - Destinations (on page 243).



► *To reset to factory defaults:*

- Click Reset To Defaults. All items on the page are set back to their defaults.

WARNING: When using SNMP notifications over UDP, it is possible for the KX III and the router that it is attached to fall out of synchronization when the KX III is rebooted, preventing the reboot completed SNMP notification from being logged.

Configuring Modem Settings

See Certified Modems (on page 392) for information on certified modems that work with the KX III.

For information on settings that will give you the best performance when connecting to the KX III via modem, see Configuring Connection Properties (on page 28).

► *To configure modem settings:*

1. Click Device Settings > Modem Settings to open the Modem Settings page.
2. Select the Enable Modem checkbox. This will enable the Serial Line Speed and Modem Init String field.
3. The Serial Line Speed of the modem is set to 115200.
4. Enter the initial modem string in the Modem Init String field. If the modem string is left blank, the following string is sent to the modem by default: ATZ OK AT OK.

This information is used to configure modem settings. Because different modems have different ways of settings these values, this document does not specify how to set these values, rather the user should refer to the modem to create the appropriate modem-specific string.

a. Modem Settings:

- Enable RTS/CTS flow control
- Send data to the computer on receipt of RTS
- CTS should be configured to only drop if required by flow control.

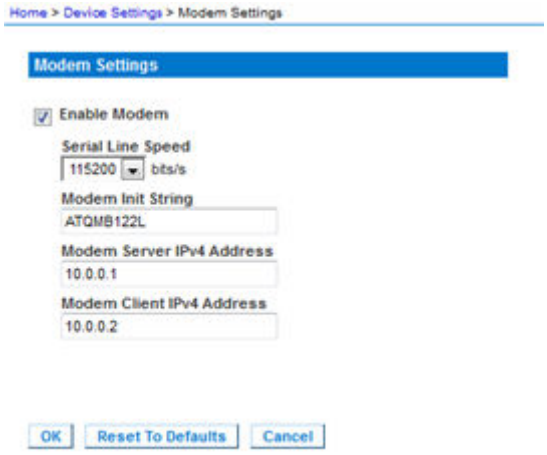
- DTR should be configured for Modem resets with DTR toggle.
- DSR should be configured as always on.
- DCD should be configured as enabled after a carrier signal is detected. (that is, DCD should only be enabled when modem connection is established with the remote side)

5. Enter the IPv4 modem server address in the Modem Server IPv4 Address field and the client modem address in the Modem Client IPv4 Address field.

Note: The modem client and server IP addresses must be on the same subnet and cannot overlap the device's LAN subnet.

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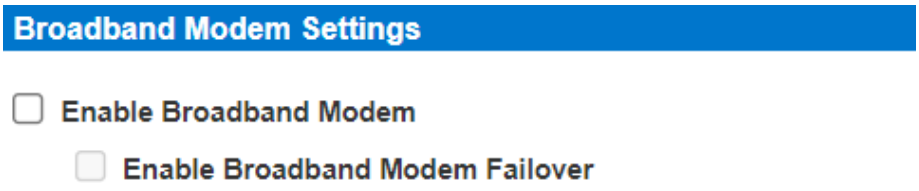
6. Click OK to commit your changes or click Reset to Defaults to return the settings to their defaults.



Connect and Enable Global Access to an External USB-Connected Broadband Modem

Users who need access to KX III via the Sierra Wireless modem must be assigned to a user group with Modem Access permissions. This is a security measure that helps control who can access KX III via the modem. For example, create a user group called Sierra Wireless Users and give the group Modem Access permissions, then assign only users who need access to the modem to that group.

The Enable Broadband Modem feature must be enabled in KX III in order for users to access KX III via the Sierra Wireless modem. This is a global-level feature, so it is disabled by default in order to prevent all users from being able to access KX III via the modem.



Sierra Wireless Software and Firmware Versions

Sierra Wireless must have at least ALEOS Software Version 4.4.1.014

This configuration has been tested with the Verizon Wireless MC7750 Radio Module using firmware version 3.05.10.13.

Connect the External, Wireless Modem

USB Connection

Use either a Micro A or Micro B to USB Type A cable to connect the Sierra Wireless to the KX III.

- Connect the Sierra Wireless USB port to any of the USB ports on back of the KX III or to the USB port on the front of the KX III.



Note: Only USB connections are supported for this modem.

Configure the Sierra Wireless Modem

Configure the Sierra Wireless modem for use with KX III using these connections. These settings are configured on the Sierra Wireless modem, not KX III.

Configure the Sierra Wireless Modem for a Cellular Connection

- A SIM card must be purchased from your service provider and installed in the Sierra Wireless modem.
- Get a static IP address from your service provider, then assign it to the Sierra Wireless modem.
- Sierra Wireless must be configured for Public mode.
- Host Connection Mode must be set to "USB Uses Public IP".
- USB Device Mode must be set to "USBNET".

Change Default Username

For security reasons, change the default Admin account username to a new name before using the Sierra Wireless .

Assign User Groups Modem Access Permissions

Following are settings applied in KX III.

- Modem Access permission is assigned to a user group on the Group page.
- Then assigned the user to this group on the User page. For more information, see Configure and Manage Users and Groups from the Remote Console.

Configure Settings to Access KX III via Modem through Direct Port Access

For modem access through direct port access, you must configure settings in:

- The KX III remote console
- The client machine browsers (Microsoft Edge and Firefox)
- In the Virtual KVM Client (VKC)

Steps	
1	In KX III, select Device Settings > Device Services to open the Device Services page.
2	Select “Enable Direct Port Access via URL”.
3	For better modem performance, deselect the “Apply Encryption Mode to KVM and Virtual Media (Forced in FIPS 140-3 Mode)” setting if it is enabled on the Security Settings page (select Security > Security Sttings). Optional

Configure the following browser settings on your client machine, depending on the browser you use.

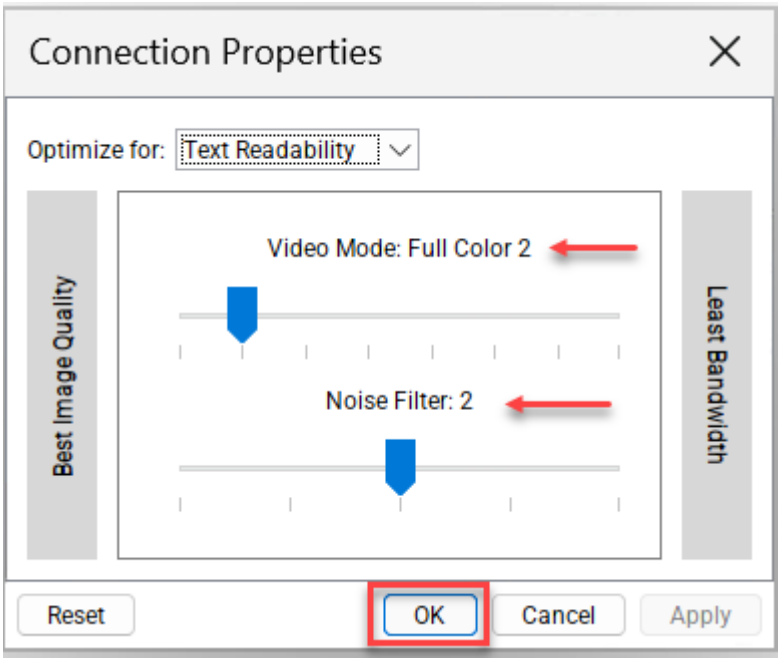
Steps	
1	For Microsoft Edge®, select settings,search for Internet Options.
2	Open Internet Options. Click on the General tab.
3	Click Settings in the Browser History section to open the Windows Database Settings dialog.
4	Click the "Caches and Databases" tab and select "Allow website caches and databases" to enable the cache in the browser. Click OK on the Windows Database Settings dialog and the Internet Options dialog to apply the settings

Steps	
1	For Firefox®, select Settings
2	Click on Privacy and Security.
3	Set the History to "Firefox will" to "Remember history".
4	Click OK to apply the settings.

Finally, you need to perform the following steps the first time you access each target server via the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) from KX III. Settings only need to be applied once.

The first time you attempt to connect to each target via VKC, the connection fails. This is because the session times out when the Java applet is downloaded via direct port access.

Connect to the target a second time, and the VKC is launched successfully.



Steps	
1	In VKC, click Connection > Properties to open the Connection Properties dialog.
2	Set the Video Mode to “Greyscale 2” so you use the least bandwidth.
3	Click OK.
4	It may be necessary to set the “Noise Filter” to greater than 2 if the modem connection is slow after you test it.

Configuring Date/Time Settings

Use the Date/Time Settings page to specify the date and time for the KX III. There are two ways to do this:

- Manually set the date and time.
- Synchronize the date and time with a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.

Note: NTP security is added to the KX III, which allows it to request the date and time with or without authentication. If the NTP server is configured to use authentication, it will accept the request along with the authentication key, and send back the date and time along with a digital information of the authentication key. The KX III will verify the digital information and will use the date and time if the key matches; otherwise discard the received information.

► *To set the date and time:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Date/Time. The Date/Time Settings page opens.
2. Choose your time zone from the Time Zone drop-down list.
3. Adjust for daylight savings time by checking the "Adjust for daylight savings time" checkbox.
4. Choose the method to use to set the date and time:
   - User Specified Time - use this option to input the date and time manually. For the User Specified Time option, enter the date and time. For the time, use the hh:mm:ss format (using a 24-hour clock).
   - Synchronize with NTP Server - use this option to synchronize the date and time with the Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server.
5. For the Synchronize with NTP Server option:
   a. Enter the IP address of the Primary Time server, Authentication Type, ID, key Format and key value.
   b. Enter the IP address of the Secondary Time server, Authentication Type, ID, key Format and key value Optional

   ---

   Note: If DHCP is selected for the Network Settings on the Network page, the NTP server IP address is automatically retrieved from the DHCP server by default. Manually enter the NTP server IP address by selecting the Override DHCP checkbox.

   ---

6. Click OK.

Event Management

The KX III Event Management feature allows you to enable and disable the distribution of system events to SNMP Managers, SMTP, the Syslog and the audit log. These events are categorized, and for each event you can determine whether you want the event sent to one or several destinations.

Configuring Event Management - Settings

Configure SNMP notifications and the syslog configuration from the Event Management - Settings page. See Configuring SNMP Notifications (on page 234).

Once configured, enable the SNMP notifications on the Event Management - Destinations page. See Configuring Event Management - Destinations (on page 243).

Configuring SNMP Notifications

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a protocol governing network management and the monitoring of network devices and their functions.

SNMPv2 provides for both traps and informs to be sent out over a network to gather information. The basic difference between traps and informs is that when the remote application receives an inform it sends back an acknowledgment, while traps are not acknowledged. In SNMPv3, there are further capabilities and restrictions on how the messages are handled.

The traps and informs are configured on the Event Management - Settings page. See SNMP Notifications (on page 237) for a list of supported traps and informs.

SNMP agents are configured on the Device Services page. See Configuring SNMP Agents (on page 227) for information on configuring SNMP agents and Viewing the KX III MIB (on page 242) for information on viewing the KX III MIB.

1. Choose Device Settings > Event Management - Settings. The Event Management - Settings page opens.
2. Select the SNMP Logging Enabled checkbox to enable to remaining checkboxes in the section. Required
3. Select either or both SNMP v2c Notifications Enabled and SNMP v3 Notifications Enabled. At least one option must be selected.

Once selected, all related fields are enabled. Required

4. Complete the following fields for SNMP v2c (if needed):
   - Destination IP/Hostname - the IP or hostname of the SNMP manager. Up to five (5) SNMP managers can be created

     Note: IPv6 addresses cannot exceed 80 characters in length for the host name.

     a. Port Number - the port number used by the SNMP manager
     b. Community String - the appliance's community string

     Note: An SNMP community is the group to which appliances and management stations running SNMP belong. It helps define where information is sent. The community name is used to identify the group. The SNMP device or agent may belong to more than one SNMP community.

     c. Type - notification type, either Trap or Inform
     d. Retries and Timeout - for Informs, enter the number of retries to be attempted, and the timeout period in seconds.

     WARNING: Non-responding destinations may significantly slow system response if informs are configured with large values for retries and/or timeouts.

5. If it is not already, select the SNMPv3 Notifications Enabled checkbox to enable the following fields. Complete the following fields for SNMP v3 (if needed):
   - Destination IP/Hostname - the IP or hostname of the SNMP manager. Up to five (5) SNMP managers can be created

     Note: IPv6 addresses cannot exceed 80 characters in length for the host name.

     a. Port Number - the port number used by the SNMP manager
   - Security Name - the username or service account name of the entity communicating with the SNMP agent (up to 32 characters).
   - Authentication Protocol - the MD5 or SHA authentication protocol used by the SNMP v3 agent. Note: When FIPS is enabled, SHA must be used for v3 traps for FIPS compliance.
   - Authentication Passphrase - the pass phrase required to access the SNMP v3 agent (up to 64 characters).
   - Privacy Protocol - if applicable, the AES or DES or AES256 algorithm used to encrypt data.

a. Privacy Passphrase - if applicable, the pass phrase used to access the privacy protocol algorithm (up to 64 characters).

Note: If you are accessing the Event Management - Settings page from the local console and are using a screen resolution lower than 1280x1024, the Privacy Passphrase column may not be displayed on the page. If this occurs, hide the KX III's left panel. See Left Panel (on page 113)

b. Type - notification type, either Trap or Inform.

c. Retries and Timeout - for Informs, enter the number of retries to be attempted, and the timeout period in seconds.

6. Click OK to create the notifications.

Use the Link to SNMP Agent Configuration link to quickly navigate to the Devices Services page from the Event Management - Settings page.

The events that are captured once an SNMP trap or inform is configured are selected on the Event Management - Destination page. See Configuring Event Management - Destinations (on page 243).

KX III supports SNMP logging for SNMP v2c and/or v3. SNMP v2c defines message formats and protocol operations when SNMP logging is enabled. SNMP v3 is a security extension of SNMP that provides user authentication, password management and encryption.

► *To edit existing SNMP notifications:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Event Management - Settings. The Event Management - Settings page opens.
2. Make changes as needed and click OK to save the changes.

Note: If you disable SNMP settings at any time, the SNMP information is retained so you do not have to reenter if you re-enable the settings.

► *To delete SNMP notifications:*

- Clear all of the SNMP fields and save.
- Use the reset to factory defaults feature to remove the SNMP configuration and set the KX III to its original factory default.

► *To reset to factory defaults:*

- Click Reset To Defaults.

WARNING: When using SNMP notifications over UDP, it is possible for the KX III and the router that it is attached to fall out of synchronization when the KX III is rebooted, preventing the reboot completed SNMP notification from being logged.

SNMP Notifications

SNMP provides the ability to send notifications, to advise an administrator when one or more conditions have been met.

The following table lists the KX III SNMP notifications

Name	Description
automaticScriptConfiguration	The system attempted to run a script downloaded via TFTP.
bladeChassisCommError	A communications error with blade chassis device connected to this port was detected.
cimConnected	The CIM is connected.
cimDisconnected	The CIM is disconnected.
cimUpdateStarted	The CIM update start is underway.
cimUpdateCompleted	The CIM update is complete.
configBackup	The device configuration has been backed up.
configRestore	The device configuration has been restored.
deviceUpdateFailed	Device update has failed.
deviceUpgradeCompleted	The KX III has completed update via an RFP file.
deviceUpgradeStarted	The KX III has begun update via an RFP file.
dsamUpdateStarted	The dsam update is underway..
dsamUpdateCompleted	The dsam update is complete.
dsamConnected	The dsam is connected.
dsamDisconnected	The dsam is disconnected.
ethernetFailover	A ethernet failover was detected and restored on new ethernet interface.
factoryReset	The device has been reset to factory defaults.
firmwareFileDiscarded	Firmware file was discarded.
firmwareUpdateFailed	Firmware update failed.
firmwareValidationFailed	Firmware validation failed.
groupAdded	A group has been added to the KX III system.
groupDeleted	A group has been deleted from the system.
groupModified	A group has been modified.
ipConflictDetected	An IP Address conflict was detected.

Name	Description
ipConflictResolved	An IP Address conflict was resolved.
localPortOutputEnabled	The Local Port Output Enabled.
localPortOutputDisabled	The Local Port Output Disabled.
networkFailure	An Ethernet interface of the product can no longer communicate over the network.
networkParameterChanged	A change has been made to the network parameters.
passwordSettingsChanged	Strong password settings have changed.
pduConnected	The PDU is connected.
pduDisconnected	The PDU is disconnected.
portConnect	A previously authenticated user has begun a KVM session.
portConnectionDenied	A connection to the target port was denied.
portDisconnect	A user engaging in a KVM session closes the session properly.
portStatusChange	The port has become unavailable.
powerNotification	The power outlet status notification: 1=Active, 0=Inactive.
powerOutletNotification	Power strip device outlet status notification.
rebootCompleted	The KX III has completed its reboot.
rebootStarted	The KX III has begun to reboot, either through cycling power to the system or by a warm reboot from the OS.
scanStarted	A target server scan has started.
scanStopped	A target server scan has stopped.
securityBannerAction	Security banner was accepted or rejected.
securityBannerChanged	A change has been made to the security banner.
securityViolation	Security violation.
setDateTime	The date and time for the device has been set.
setFIPSMode	FIPS mode has been enabled.
startCCManagement	The device has been put under CommandCenter Management.
stopCCManagement	The device has been removed from CommandCenter Management.
terminalBlockSettingsChanged	
userAdded	A user has been added to the system.

Name	Description
userAuthenticationFailure	A user attempted to log in without a correct username and/or password.
userConnectionLost	A user with an active session has experienced an abnormal session termination.
userDeleted	A user account has been deleted.
userForcedLogout	A user was forcibly logged out by Admin
userLogin	A user has successfully logged into the KX III and has been authenticated.
userLogout	A user has successfully logged out of the KX III properly.
userModified	A user account has been modified.
userPasswordChanged	This event is triggered if the password of any user of the device is modified.
userSessionTimeout	A user with an active session has experienced a session termination due to timeout.
userUploadedCertificate	A user uploaded a SSL certificate.
userUploadedCACertificate	A user uploaded a CA Certificate for 802.1X authentication.
userUploadedClientCertificate	A user uploaded a client certificate for 802.1X authentication.
userUploadedClientKey	A user uploaded a Client Key for 802.1X authentication.
userModifiedCertificateRepository	A User modified certificate repository.
vmImageConnected	User attempted to mount either a device or image on the target using Virtual Media. For every attempt on device/image mapping (mounting) this event is generated.
vmImageDisconnected	User attempted to unmount a device or image on the target using Virtual Media.

Enable Email (SMTP) Notifications from the Remote Console

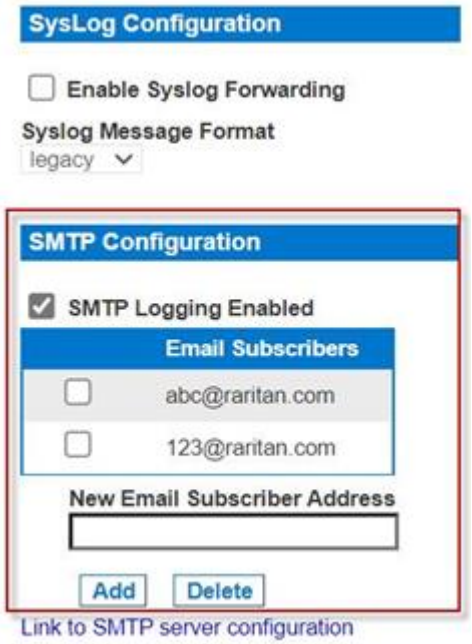
Enable email notifications for users on the Event Management - Settings page.

Each person for whom SMTP is enabled receives notification when an event is triggered. Up to ten (10) users can be added.

Configure SMTP server settings on the SMTP Settings page. Use the "Link to SMTP server configuration" quick link at the bottom of the Event Management - Settings page. See Configure and Test SMTP Server Settings (on page 240).

► *To enable SMTP Notifications:*

1. Select Device Settings > Event Management - Settings to open the Event Management - Settings page.
2. Go to the SMTP Settings panel and select the Enable SMTP Server checkbox.



3. Type the email address of the SMTP subscriber in the New Email Subscriber Address field and then click Add.
4. Click OK.

Configure and Test SMTP Server Settings

Enter the information required for a connection to your SMTP server on the SMTP Server Settings page.

Note that if the server requires STARTTLS, KX III automatically uses it.

1. Select Device Settings > SMTP Settings.
2. Provide the server address, port and the email address used to send SMTP notifications.
3. If the server requires a username and password authentication to send emails, provide them in the User Account and Password fields, respectively.
4. Click Apply.



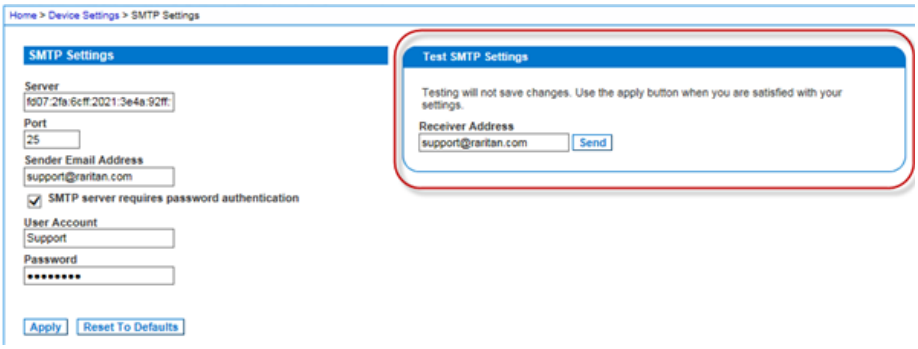
It is important that the SMTP server information be accurate so that the KX III appliance can send messages using that SMTP server.

This test sends an email using the settings displayed on the page in the SMTP Settings pane. KX III saves the settings once you click Apply.

1. Send a test email by entering a destination email address to receive the test message

Note that the receiver email is not saved.

2. Verify the message was received by the intended email target. If there are problems, contact your SMTP administrator to make sure your SMTP server IP address and authorization information are correct.



Viewing the KX III MIB

1. Choose Device Settings > Event Management - Settings. The Event Management - Settings page opens.
2. Click the 'Click here to view the 'SNMP MIB' link. The MIB file opens in a browser window.

KX III SNMP GET/Walk

In addition to sending notifications, the KX III is able to receive SNMP get requests from third-party SNMP managers.

Get requests are used to retrieve information about the KX III.

The KX III supports IF-MIB and IP-MIB as part of its SNMP management capabilities. When an SNMP Walk or SNMP Get operation is performed, these MIBs provide standardized information about the device's network interfaces and IP functionality.

IF-MIB supplies details such as interface status, operational state, and traffic statistics, while IP-MIB provides information related to IP and ICMP implementations, including IP addressing, routing, and protocol statistics.

Note: Refer to the Raritan MIB for additional fields that can be retrieved from SNMP.

SysLog Configuration

1. Choose Device Settings > Event Management - Settings. The Event Management - Settings page opens.
2. Select Enable Syslog Forwarding to log the appliance's messages to a remote Syslog server.
3. Type the IP Address/Hostname of your Syslog server in the IP Address field.
4. Click OK.

Note: IPv6 addresses cannot exceed 80 characters in length for the host name.

- Click Reset to Defaults at the bottom of the page to remove the setting.

Configuring Event Management - Destinations

If system events are enabled, SNMP notification events (traps and informs) are generated. The events can be logged to the syslog or audit log.

Events and where the event information is sent is configured on the Event Management - Destinations page.

Note: SNMP, Syslog, and SMTP logging only works when enabled in the Event Management - Settings page.

► *To select events and their destinations:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Event Management - Destinations. The Event Management - Destinations page opens.

System events are categorized by Device Operation, Device Management, Security, User Activity, and User Group Administration.

2. Select the checkboxes for those event line items you want to enable or disable, and where you want to send the information.

Tip: Enable or disable entire categories by checking or clearing the Category checkboxes, respectively.

3. Click OK.

► *To reset to factory defaults:*

- Click Reset To Defaults.

WARNING: When using SNMP notifications over UDP, it is possible for the KX III and the router that it is attached to fall out of synchronization when the KX III is rebooted, preventing the reboot completed SNMP notification from being logged.

Power Supply Setup

KX III provides dual power supplies, and can automatically detect and provide notification regarding the status of these power supplies.

When both power supplies are used, KX III automatically detects them and notifies you of their status. Additionally, both the Powerln1 and Powerln2 Auto Detect checkboxes are automatically selected on the Power Supply Setup page.

If you are using only one power supply, you can enable automatic detection for only the power supply in use.

Proper configuration of power supplies ensures KX III sends the appropriate notifications should a power supply fail. For example, if power supply number one fails, the power LED at the front of the unit will turn red.

The Power LED on the front of the KX III appliance is red when the checkbox is selected for an unconnected power supply. The LED is blue when the checkbox is not selected for an unconnected power supply.

► *To enable automatic detection for the power supplies in use:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Power Supply Setup. The Power Supply Setup page opens.



2. If you are plugging power input into power supply number one (left-most power supply at the back of the unit), then select the PowerIn1 Auto Detect option.
3. If you are plugging power input into power supply number two (right-most power supply at the back of the unit), then select the PowerIn2 Auto Detect option.
4. Click OK.

► *To turn off the automatic detection:*

- Deselect the checkbox for the appropriate power supply.

► *To reset to factory defaults:*

- Click Reset To Defaults.

Connect and Disconnect Scripts

The KX III provides the ability to execute key macro scripts when connecting to or disconnecting from a target.

You can create and edit your own scripts on the Connection Script page to perform additional actions when connecting to or disconnecting from targets.

Alternatively, you can import existing connection scripts in XML file format. Scripts that you create in KX III can also be exported in XML file format.

A total of 16 scripts can be accommodated on the KX III.

Applying and Removing Scripts

► *To apply a script to targets:*

1. Click Device Settings > Connection Scripts. The Connection Scripts page opens.
2. In the Available Connection Scripts section, select the script to be applied to the target(s). One 'On Connect' and one 'On Disconnect' script may be applied to a target.

Note: Only one script can be added to the targets at a time.

---

3. In the Apply Selected Scripts to Ports section, select the target(s) you want to apply the script to using Select All or clicking on the checkbox to the left of each target to apply the script to only select targets.
4. Click Apply Scripts. Once the script is added to the target, it appears under the Scripts Currently in Use column in the Apply Selected Scripts to Ports section.

► *To remove a script from targets:*

1. In the Apply Selected Scripts to Ports section, select the target(s) you want to remove the scripts from using Select All or clicking on the checkbox to the left of each target to remove the script from only select targets.
2. Click Remove Connect Scripts to remove connect scripts or click Remove Disconnect Scripts to remove disconnect scripts.

Adding Scripts

Note: You can also add scripts that were created outside of KX III and import them as XML files. See Importing and Exporting Scripts (on page 248).

► *To create script:*

1. Click Device Settings > Connection Scripts. The Connection Scripts page opens.
2. In the Available Connection Scripts section, click Add. The Add Connection Script page opens.
3. Enter a name for the script up to 32 characters in length. This name is displayed in the Available Connection Scripts section of the Configure Scripts page once the script is created.
4. Select either Connect or Disconnect as the type of script you are creating. Connect scripts are used on a new connection or when switching to a target.
5. Select the keyboard type required for the target you are using.
6. From the Key Sets drop-down, choose the keyboard key set you want to use to create the script. Once selected, the Add box below the Key Sets drop-down is populated with the selected key set options.
7. Select a key from the Add box and click Add to move it to Script box. Remove a key from Script box by selecting it clicking Remove. Reorder keys by selecting them and using the Up and Down icons.

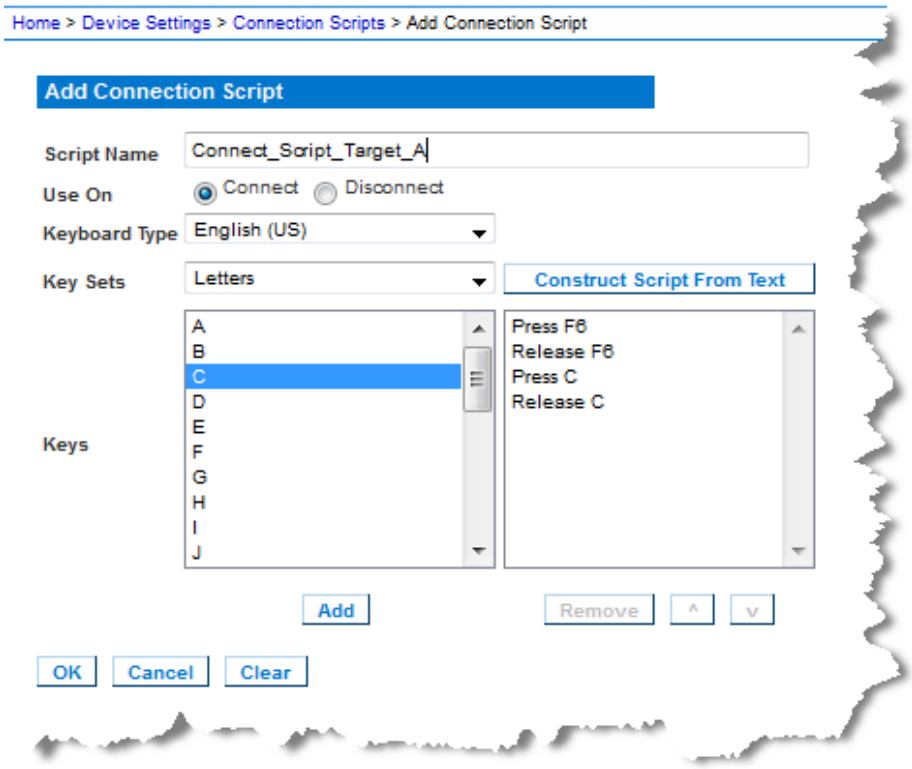
The script can consist of one or more keys. Additionally, you can mix and match the keys to be used in the script.

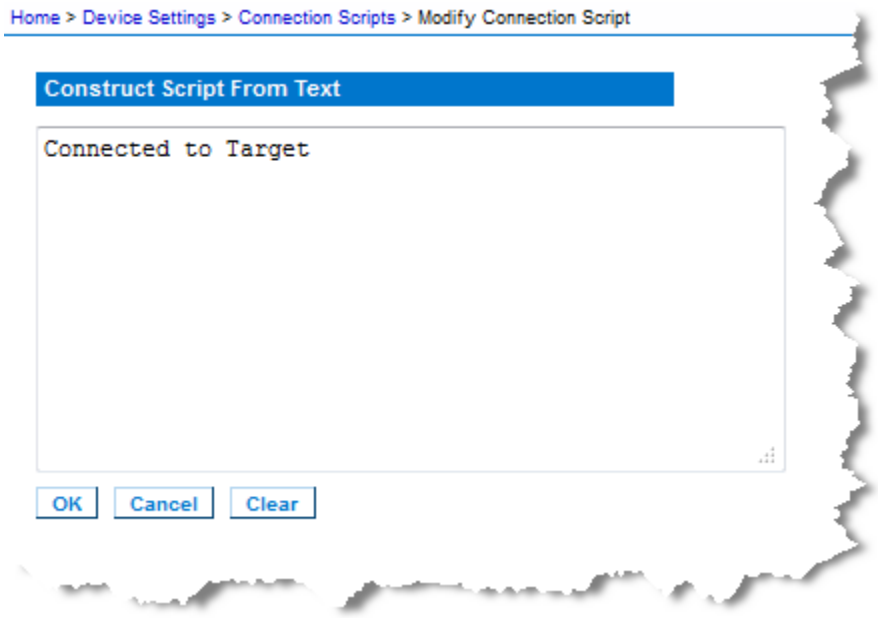
For example, select F1-F16 to display the function key set in the Add box. Select a function key and add it to the Script box. Next, select Letters from the Key Set drop-down and add a letter key to the script.

8. Optionally, add text that will display when the script is executed.

a. Click Construct Script from Text to open the Construct Script From Text page.
b. Enter the script in the text box. For example, enter "Connected to Target".
c. Click OK Construct Script From Text page.

9. Click OK to create the script.





Modifying Scripts

► *To modify existing scripts:*

1. Click Device Settings > Connection Scripts. The Connection Scripts page opens.
2. In the Available Connection Scripts section, select the script you want to modify and click Modify. The page is then in Edit mode.
3. Make changes as needed. Click OK when finished.

Importing and Exporting Scripts

You are able to import and export connect and disconnect scripts that are in XML file format. Keyboard macros cannot be imported or exported.

Note: The import and export feature is not available from the Local Console.

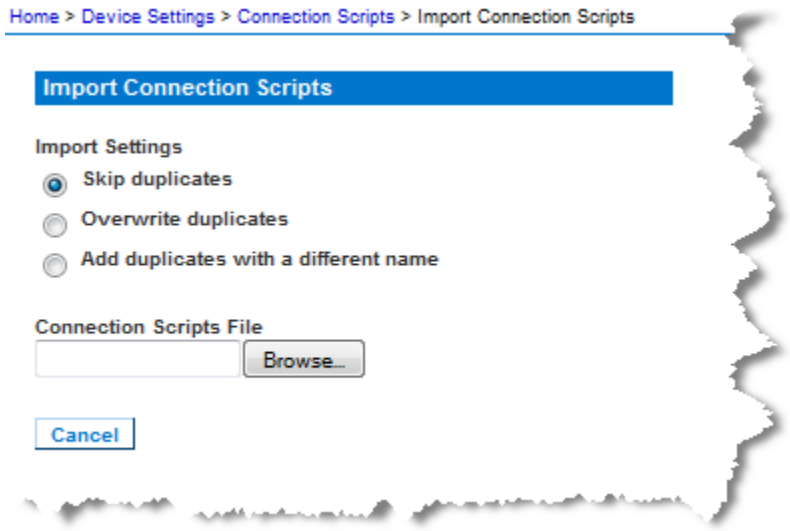
Imported scripts can be edited in KX III using the Modify feature. However, once an imported script is associated with a port, it cannot be modified. Remove the script from the port to modify it. See Applying and Removing Scripts (on page 245).

► *To import a script:*

1. Click Device Settings > Connection Scripts. The Connection Scripts page opens.
2. In the Available Connection Scripts section, click Import. The Import Connection Scripts page opens.
3. Select the import setting.

- Skip duplicates - Scripts that already exist in KX III are not included in the import.
- Overwrite duplicates - Scripts that already exists in KX III are overwritten by the new, imported script.
- Add duplicates with a different name - Duplicate scripts will be renamed during the import and will not overwrite existing scripts. KX III assigns a number to the file name to distinguish it from the original.

4. Use the browse function to locate the XML script files to import.
5. Click Import. The Configuration Scripts page opens and the imported scripts are displayed.



► *To export a disconnect script:*

1. Click Device Settings > Configuration Scripts. The Configuration Scripts page opens.
2. In the Available Connection Scripts section, select the script you want to export and click Export. A dialog prompting you to open or save the XML file appears.
3. Save the XML file or open it in an XML editor. If you save the XML file, it is saved to your default Download folder.

Port Group Management

Port group management refers to the following:

- Blade Server Group - the aggregation of ports connected to certain types of blades into a group representing the blade chassis. See HP and Cisco UCS Blade Chassis Configuration (Port Group Management) (on page 205) for details.
- Dual Video Port Group - the creation of port groups that provide extended desktop configurations on target servers. See Creating a Dual Video Port Group (on page 250).
- Port Group - the creation of 'standard' port groups where settings applying to a primary port are applied to all secondary ports in the group. See Creating Port Groups (on page 250).

Creating Port Groups

The KX III supports the aggregation of multiple ports into a single port group. Port groups consist solely of ports configured as standard KVM ports.

A port may only be a member of a single group.

Ports that are available to be included in a port group are displayed in the Select Ports for Group > Available list.

Once a port is added to a port group, it is not available to add to another port group. Remove the port from its existing port group to use it in a new one.

A maximum of 32 port groups can be created. The Add button is disabled once this limit is reached.

Port Groups are restored using the Backup and Restore option (see Backup and Restore).

Note: See HP and Cisco UCS Blade Chassis Configuration (Port Group Management) (on page 205) for information on creating port groups for blade chassis, and Dual Port Video Groups for information on creating dual video port groups.

► *To create a port group:*

1. Select Device Settings > Port Group Management. The Port Group Management page opens. Any existing port groups are displayed.
2. Click Add. The page refreshes and displays all of the port group options available.
3. Select the Port Group radio button.
4. Select the ports to add to the group by clicking on them in the Available text box, and then clicking Add to add it to the Selected text box.
5. Click OK to create the port group. The port group now appears on the Port Group Management page.

Creating a Dual Video Port Group

The dual video port groups feature allows you to group two video ports into one group.

Use this feature when you need to connect to a server with two video cards/ports, and you want to access both ports from the same remote client at the same time.

Note: Dual port video groups are not supported by models with only one KVM channel such as 108 and 116 models.

Note: Once a dual video port group is created, it is available from the local console as well as the remote client. However, extended desktop is not supported at the local console.

Dual video port groups appear on the Port Access page as Dual Port types.

The primary and secondary ports that are a part of the port group appear on the Port Access page as Dual Port(P) and Dual Port(S), respectively.

Each group must contain a primary port and a secondary port.

The configuration applied to the secondary port in the group. If a port is removed from the group, it is considered an independent port and a new configuration can be applied to it.

When you access a dual port video group from the remote client, you connect to the primary port, which opens a KVM connection window to both the primary and secondary port of the dual port group.

The sessions can be launched and viewed from the remote client on one or multiple monitors as needed.

The orientation setting configured on the device for the target must match the actual configuration on the target operating system.

It is recommended that the connecting client have the same screen orientation whenever possible.

Important: Review the information in the Dual Video Port Groups section for restrictions, recommendations, and so on that may impact your specific environment.

► *To create a dual port video group:*

1. Select Device Settings > Port Group Management. The Port Group Management page opens. Any existing port groups are displayed.
2. Click Add. The Port Group page opens, and all available ports are displayed in the Select Ports for Group section.

Note: If a port is already a part of blade server port group, another dual video port group, or 'standard' port group, the port is not an option since ports can only belong to a single port group at a time.

3. Select the Dual Video Port Group radio button.
4. From the Select Ports for Group section, click on the port you are designating as the primary port, then click Add to add it to the Selected text box. Be sure to add the primary port first.

Note: Ideally, the permissions applied to each port in the port group should be the same. If they are not, the permissions of the port with the most restrictive permissions is applied to the port group. For example, if VM Access Deny is applied to one port and VM Access Read-Write is applied to another port, VM Access Deny is applied to the port group. See Permissions and Dual Video Port Group Access (on page 304) for information on how port permissions affect dual video port groups.

5. Click on the port that you are designating as the secondary port and click Add to add it to the Selected text box.
6. Select the orientation of the page. The orientation you select should match the target server display configuration.
7. Click OK to create the port group.

Dual video port groups appear on the Port Access page as Dual Port types.

The primary and secondary ports that are a part of the port group appear on the Port Access page as Dual Port(P) and Dual Port(S), respectively.

Note: Dual Video port targets attached to a tier device should only be connected via the tier device, not through the tier base device.

Changing the Default GUI Language Setting

The KX III GUI defaults to English, but also supports the following localized languages:

- English (default)
- Japanese
- Simplified Chinese
- Traditional Chinese

► *To change the GUI language:*

1. Select Device Settings > Language. The Language Settings page opens.
2. From the Language drop-down, select the language you want to apply to the GUI.
3. Click Apply. Click Reset Defaults to change back to English.

Security Management

Security Banner

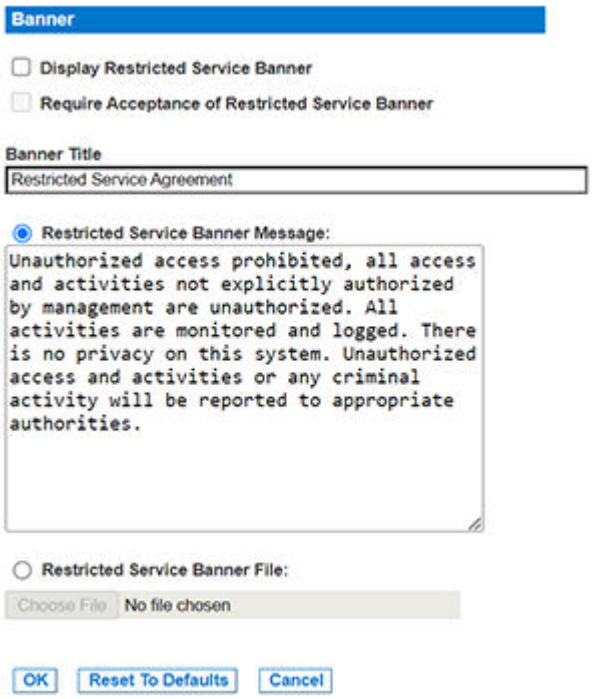
KX III provides you with the ability to add a security banner to the KX III login process. This feature requires users to either accept or decline a security agreement before they can access the KX III. The information provided in a security banner will be displayed in a Restricted Service Agreement dialog after users access KX III using their login credentials.

The security banner heading and wording can be customized, or the default text can be used. Additionally, the security banner can be configured to require that a user accepts the security agreement before they are able to access the KX III or it can just be displayed following the login process. If the accept or decline feature is enabled, the user's selection is logged in the audit log.

► *To configure a security banner:*

1. Click Security > Banner to open the Banner page.
2. Select Display Restricted Service Banner to enable the feature.
3. If you want to require users to acknowledge the banner prior to continuing the login process, select Require Acceptance of Restricted Service Banner. In order to acknowledge the banner, users will select a checkbox. If you do not enable this setting, the security banner will only be displayed after the user logs in and will not require users acknowledge it.
4. If needed, change the banner title. This information will be displayed to users as part of the banner. Up to 64 characters can be used.
5. Edit the information in the Restricted Services Banner Message text box. Up to 6000 characters can be entered or uploaded from a text file. To do this, do one of the following:
   a. Edit the text by manually typing in the text box. Click OK.
   b. Upload the information from .txt file by selecting the Restricted Services Banner File radio button and using the Browse feature to locate and upload the file. Click OK. Once the file is uploaded, the text from the file will appear in the Restricted Services Banner Message text box.

Note: You cannot upload a text file from the local port.



SSL and TLS Certificates

KX III uses the Transport Layer Security (TLS) for any encrypted network traffic between itself and a connected client.

When establishing a connection, KX III has to identify itself to a client using a cryptographic certificate.

KX III can generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) or a self-signed certificate using SHA-2.

The CA verifies the identity of the originator of the CSR.

The CA then returns a certificate containing its signature to the originator. The certificate, bearing the signature of the well-known CA, is used to vouch for the identity of the presenter of the certificate.

Important: Make sure your KX III date/time is set correctly.

When a self-signed certificate is created, the KX III date and time are used to calculate the validity period. If the date and time are not accurate, the certificate's valid date range may be incorrect, causing certificate validation to fail. See Configuring Date/Time Settings (on page 233).

Note: When upgrading firmware, the active certificate and CSR are not replaced.

► *To create and install a SSL certificate:*

1. Select Security > Certificate.
2. Complete the following fields:
   a. Common name - The network name of the KX III once it is installed on your network (usually the fully qualified domain name). The common name is identical to the name used to access the KX III with a web browser, but without the prefix “http://”. In case the name given here and the actual network name differ, the browser displays a security warning when the KX III is accessed using HTTPS.
   b. Organizational unit - This field is used for specifying to which department within an organization the KX III belongs.
   c. Organization - The name of the organization to which the KX III belongs.
   d. Locality/City - The city where the organization is located.
   e. State/Province - The state or province where the organization is located.
   f. Country (ISO code) - The country where the organization is located. This is the two-letter ISO code, e.g. DE for Germany, or US for the U.S.
   g. Email - The email address of a contact person that is responsible for the KX III and its security.
   h. Subject Alternative Name (SAN) - Optional. Add up to ten SANs, which may include alternate hostnames. Maximum of 64 characters. This allows devices that are reachable under different names to pass the TLS hostname validation for each name registered in the TLS certificate. Enter the SAN in the Enter Hostname/IP address field, then click Add to create the list of SANs. Select a SAN and click Remove to delete.

i. Challenge Password - Some certification authorities require a challenge password to authorize later changes on the certificate (e.g. revocation of the certificate). Applicable when generating a CSR for CA Certification.

j. Confirm Challenge Password - Confirmation of the Challenge Password. Applicable when generating a CSR for CA Certification.

k. Key length - The length of the generated key in bits. 1024 is the default. Up to 4096 is supported.

3. To generate, do one of the following:

- To generate self-signed certificate, do the following:

a. Select the Create a Self-Signed Certificate checkbox if you need to generate a self-signed certificate. When you select this option, the KX III generates the certificate based on your entries, and acts as the signing certificate authority. The CSR does not need to be exported and used to generate a signed certificate.

b. Specify the number of days for the validity range. Ensure the KX III date and time are correct. If the date and time are not correct, the certificate's valid date range may not be calculated correctly.

c. Click Create.

d. A confirmation dialog is displayed. Click OK to close it.

e. Reboot the KX III to activate the self-signed certificate.

- To generate a CSR to send to the CA for certification:

a. Click Create.

b. A message containing all of the information you entered appears.

c. The CSR and the file containing the private key used when generating it can be downloaded by clicking Download CSR.

d. Send the saved CSR to a CA for certification. You will get the new certificate from the CA.

Note: The CSR and the private key file are a matched set and should be treated accordingly. If the signed certificate is not matched with the private key used to generate the original CSR, the certificate will not be useful. This applies to uploading and downloading the CSR and private key files.

- Once you get the certificate from the CA, upload it to the KX III by clicking Upload.
- Reboot the KX III to activate the certificate.

After completing these steps the KX III has its own certificate that is used for identifying itself to its clients.

Important: If you destroy the CSR on the KX III there is no way to get it back! In case you deleted it by mistake, you have to repeat the three steps as described above. To avoid this, use the download function so you will have a copy of the CSR and its private key.

Wildcard Certificates

Important: Do not use encrypted private keys when installing wild card certificates. When encrypted private keys are used, the wildcard certificate can be uploaded, but the web server will fail afterwards. Factory reset is the only recovery option in this scenario.

You can use a wildcard certificate with its matching private key without generating a CSR. First, make sure the private key is not encrypted, that is, it should not be password protected. Upload the private key first. This will enable the certificate upload ability. Then, you can proceed with uploading the wild card certificate.

See SSL and TLS Certificates (on page 253).

Configuring IP Access Control

Using IP access control, you control access to your KX III. Note that IP access control restricts traffic of any kind from accessing the KX III, so NTP servers, RADIUS hosts, DNS hosts and so on must be granted access to the KX III.

By setting a global Access Control List (ACL) you are ensuring that your device does not respond to packets being sent from disallowed IP addresses. The IP access control is global, affecting the KX III as a whole, but you can also control access to your device at the group level. See Group-Based IP ACL (Access Control List) (on page 147) for more information about group-level control.

Important: IP address 127.0.0.1 is used by the KX III local port. When creating an IP Access Control list, 127.0.0.1 should not be within the range of IP addresses that are blocked or you will not have access to the KX III local port.

► *To use IP access control:*

1. Select Security > IP Access Control to open the IP Access Control page.
2. Select the Enable IP Access Control checkbox and the remaining fields on the page.
3. Choose the Default Policy. This is the action taken for IP addresses that are not within the ranges you specify.
   - Accept - IP addresses are allowed access to the KX III device.
   - Drop - IP addresses are denied access to the KX III device.

► *To add (append) rules:*

1. Type the IP address and subnet mask in the IPv4/Mask or IPv6/Prefix Length field.

Note: The IP address should be entered using CIDR (Classless Inter-Domain Routing notation, in which the first 24 bits are used as a network address).

2. Choose the Policy from the drop-down list.
3. Click Append. The rule is added to the bottom of the rules list.

► *To insert a rule:*

1. Type a rule #. A rule # is required when using the Insert command.
2. Type the IP address and subnet mask in the IPv4/Mask or IPv6/Prefix Length field.
3. Choose the Policy from the drop-down list.
4. Click Insert. If the rule # you just typed equals an existing rule #, the new rule is placed ahead of the exiting rule and all rules are moved down in the list.

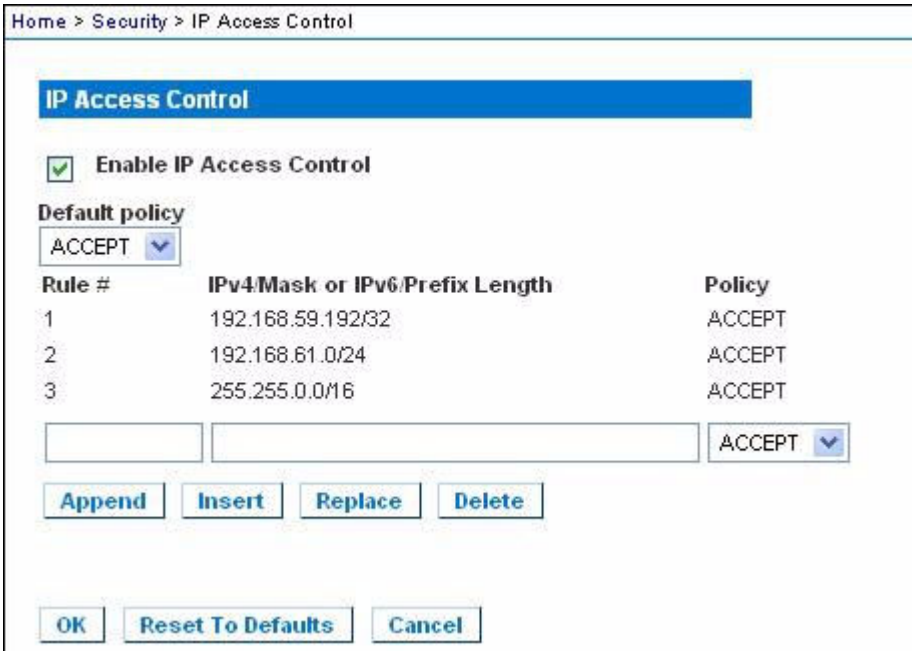
Tip: The rule numbers allow you to have more control over the order in which the rules are created.

► *To replace a rule:*

1. Specify the rule # you want to replace.
2. Type the IP address and subnet mask in the IPv4/Mask or IPv6/Prefix Length field.
3. Choose the Policy from the drop-down list.
4. Click Replace. Your new rule replaces the original rule with the same rule #.

► *To delete a rule:*

1. Specify the rule # you want to delete.
2. Click Delete.
3. You are prompted to confirm the deletion. Click OK.



Security Settings

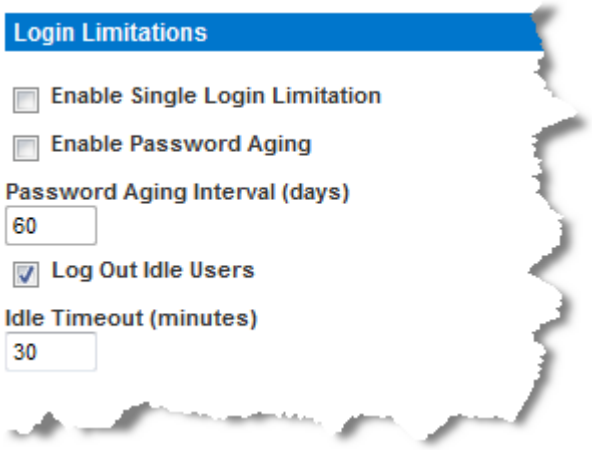
From the Security Settings page, you can specify login limitations, user blocking, password rules, and encryption and share settings.

SSL certificates are used for public and private key exchanges, and provide an additional level of security. The web server certificates are self-signed. Java applet certificates are signed by a VeriSign certificate. Encryption guarantees that your information is safe from eavesdropping and these certificates ensure that you can trust that the entity is Raritan.

Login Limitations

Using login limitations, you can specify restrictions for single login, password aging, and the logging out idle users.

Limitation	Description
Enable single login limitation	When selected, only one login per user name is allowed at any time. When deselected, a given user name/password combination can be connected into the appliance from several client workstations simultaneously.
Enable password aging	When selected, all users are required to change their passwords periodically based on the number of days specified in Password Aging Interval field. This field is enabled and required when the Enable Password Aging checkbox is selected. Enter the number of days after which a password change is required. The default is 60 days.
Log out idle users, After (1-365 minutes)	Select the "Log Out Idle Users" checkbox to automatically disconnect users after the amount of time you specify in the "After (1-365 minutes)" field. If there is no activity from the keyboard or mouse, all sessions and all resources are logged out. If a virtual media session is in progress, however, the session does not timeout. The After field is used to set the amount of time (in minutes) after which an idle user will be logged out. This field is enabled when the Log Out Idle Users option is selected. Up to 365 minutes can be entered as the field value



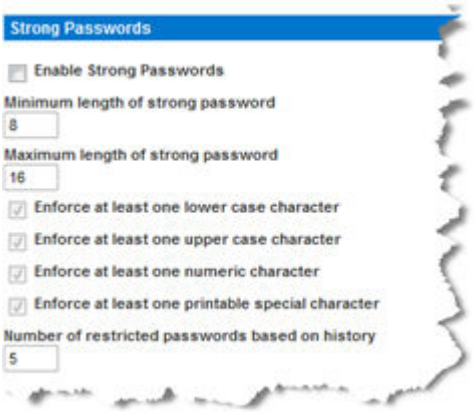
Strong Passwords

Strong passwords are enabled by default to provide more secure local authentication for the system. Using strong passwords, you can specify the format, such as minimum and maximum length, required characters, and password history retention.

With the default strong password setting, user-created passwords must have a minimum of 8 characters and not more than 16. They must contain at least one lowercase letter, one uppercase letter, one number and one symbol or special character. In addition, no more than 3 characters in a row may match with any part of the user name. These minimum requirements can be changed by the administrator.

Users with passwords not meeting strong password criteria will automatically be required to change their password on their next login. When deselected, only the standard format validation is enforced. When selected, the following fields are enabled and required:

Field	Description
Minimum length of strong password	Passwords must be at least 8 characters long. Minimum required characters can be set from 8 to 64 characters.
Maximum length of strong password	The default maximum length is 16. Can be set from 8 to 64.
Enforce at least one lower case character	When checked, at least one lower case character is required in the password.
Enforce at least one upper case character	When checked, at least one upper case character is required in the password.
Enforce at least one numeric character	When checked, at least one numeric character is required in the password.
Enforce at least one printable special character	When checked, at least one special character (printable) is required in the password.
Number of restricted passwords based on history	This determines the number of unique new passwords that must be associated with and used by a user before an old password can be reused again The range is 1-12 and the default is 5.

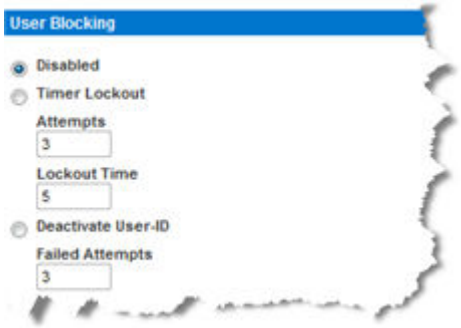


User Blocking

The User Blocking options specify the criteria by which users are blocked from accessing the system after the specified number of unsuccessful login attempts. This option is enabled as default, with Timer Lockout values set to three Attempts and a Lockout Time of five minutes.

The three options are mutually exclusive:

Option	Description
Disabled	Users are not blocked regardless of the number of times they fail authentication.
Timer Lockout	Default setting: Users are denied access to the system for the specified amount of time after exceeding the specified number of unsuccessful login attempts. When selected, the following fields are enabled: • Attempts - The number of unsuccessful login attempts after which the user will be locked out. The valid range is 1 - 10 and the default is 3 attempts. • Lockout Time - The amount of time for which the user will be locked out. The valid range is 1 - 1440 minutes and the default is 5 minutes. Note: Users in the role of Administrator are exempt from the timer lockout settings.
Deactivate User-ID	When selected, this option specifies that the user will be locked out of the system after the number of failed login attempts specified in the Failed Attempts field: • Failed Attempts - The number of unsuccessful login attempts after which the user's User-ID will be deactivated. This field is enabled when the Deactivate User-ID option is selected. The valid range is 1 - 10. When a user-ID is deactivated after the specified number of failed attempts, the administrator must change the user password and activate the user account by selecting the Active checkbox on the User page.



Encryption and Share

Using the Encryption & Share settings you can specify the type of encryption used, PC and VM share modes, and the type of reset performed when the KX III Reset button is pressed.

WARNING: If you select an encryption mode that is not supported by your browser, you will not be able to access the KX III from your browser.

Note that video performance may be impacted once encryption is applied. The extent of the performance impact varies based on the encryption mode.

For the best possible video performance and throughput, disable encryption mode to KVM and Virtual Media if your security policy permits this.

► *To configure encryption and share:*

1. Choose one of the options from the Encryption Mode drop-down list.

When an encryption mode is selected, a warning appears: When the Encryption Mode is specified please ensure that your browser supports this encryption mode; otherwise you will not be able to connect.

Auto

Recommended. Autonegotiates to the highest level of encryption possible. You must select Auto in order for the device and client to successfully negotiate the use of FIPS compliant algorithms, or Custom with valid FIPS ciphers configured.

AES-128

The Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology specification for the encryption of electronic data. 128 is the key length. When AES-128 is specified, be certain that your browser supports it, otherwise you will not be able to connect. See Checking Your Browser for AES Encryption (on page 262) for more information.

AES-256

The Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology specification for the encryption of electronic data. 256 is the key length. When AES-256 is specified, be certain that your browser supports it, otherwise you will not be able to connect. See Checking Your Browser for AES Encryption (on page 262) for more information.

Custom

Enter your own custom cipher. Openssl v1.0.2 ciphers are accepted as values. If enabling FIPS, you must first restart the device in FIPS mode, and then you can set custom ciphers.

2. Apply Encryption Mode to KVM and Virtual Media (Forced in FIPS 140-3 Mode): This setting does not apply to HKC target launches, which are always encrypted. This setting applies to AKC and VKCs target launches.
3. PC Share Mode - Determines global concurrent remote KVM access, enabling up to eight remote users to simultaneously log into one KX III and concurrently view and control the same target server through the device. Click the drop-down list to select one of the following options:
   - Private - No PC share. This is the default mode. Each target server can be accessed exclusively by only one user at a time.
   - PC-Share - KVM target servers can be accessed by up to eight users (administrator or non-administrator) at one time. Each remote user has equal keyboard and mouse control, however, note that uneven control will occur if one user does not stop typing or moving the mouse. Selecting PC Share enables PC Share Timeout. Enter from 0 seconds to 600 seconds (10 minutes). The default

timeout value is 0, so there is no exclusive keyboard/mouse control. If a user has not moved the mouse or entered keyboard input and the timeout period expires, the user relinquishes control, and another user can take control.

4. If needed, select VM Share Mode. This option is enabled only when PC-Share mode is enabled. When selected, this option permits the sharing of virtual media and audio among multiple users, that is, several users can access the same virtual media or audio session. The default is disabled.
5. If needed, select Local Device Reset Mode. This option specifies which actions are taken when the hardware Reset button (at the back of the device) is depressed. For more information, see Resetting the KX III Using the Reset Button (on page 358). Choose one of the following options:

Local device reset mode	Description
Enable Local Factory Reset (default)	Returns the KX III device to the factory defaults.
Enable Local Admin Password Reset	Resets the local administrator password only. The password is reset to raritan.
Disable All Local Resets	No reset action is taken.

Checking Your Browser for AES Encryption

If you do not know if your browser uses AES, check with the browser manufacturer or navigate to the website using the browser with the encryption method you want to check. This website detects your browser's encryption method and displays a report.

AES 256-bit encryption is supported on the following web browsers:

- Edge
- Firefox
- Chrome
- Safari

Jurisdiction files for various JREs™ are available at the “other downloads” section the Java download website.

Enabling FIPS 140-2

For government and other high security environments, enabling FIPS 140-3 mode may be required.

The KX III uses an embedded FIPS 140-3-validated cryptographic module running on a Linux® platform per FIPS 140-3 Implementation Guidance section G.5 guidelines.

Once this mode is enabled, the private key used to generate the SSL certificates must be internally generated; it cannot be downloaded or exported.

Note that performance may be impacted once FIPS 140-3 mode is enabled.

► *To enable FIPS 140-3:*

1. Access the Security Settings page.
2. Enable FIPS 140-3 Mode by selecting the Enable FIPS 140-3 checkbox in the Encryption & Share section of the Security Settings page.

You will utilize FIPS 140-3 approved algorithms for external communications once in FIPS 140-3 mode.

The FIPS cryptographic module is used for encryption of session traffic consisting of video, keyboard, mouse, virtual media and smart card data.

3. Reboot the KX III. Required

Once FIPS mode is activated, 'FIPS Mode: Enabled' will be displayed in the Device Information section in the left panel of the screen.

For additional security, you can also create a new Certificate Signing Request once FIPS mode is activated. This will be created using the required key ciphers. Upload the certificate after it is signed or create a self-signed certificate. The SSL Certificate status will update from 'Not FIPS Mode Compliant' to 'FIPS Mode Compliant'.

When FIPS mode is activated, key files cannot be downloaded or uploaded. The most recently created CSR will be associated internally with the key file. Further, the SSL Certificate from the CA and its private key are not included in the full restore of the backed-up file. The key cannot be exported from KX III.

FIPS 140-2 Support Requirements

The KX III supports the use of FIPS 140-3 approved encryption algorithms. This allows an SSL server and client to successfully negotiate the cipher suite used for the encrypted session when a client is configured for FIPS 140-3 only mode.

Following are the recommendations for using FIPS 140-3 with the KX III:

- Set the Encryption & Share to Auto on the Security Settings page. See Encryption and Share (on page 260).

Microsoft Client

- FIPS 140-3 should be enabled on the client computer.

To enable FIPS 140-3 on a Windows client:

1. Select Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy to open the Local Security Settings dialog.
2. From the navigation tree, select Select Local Policies > Security Options.
3. Enable "System Cryptography: Use FIPS compliant algorithms for encryption, hashing and signing".
4. Reboot the client computer.

Enabling TLS Protocols

To meet your security policies, enable the specific TLS protocol versions you require. Disabled protocols will not be used by the device.

TLS v1.3 is the best security protocol to use for this device.

► *To enable TLS protocols:*

1. Choose Security > Security Settings. In the Encryption and Share section, all TLS versions are listed.
2. Select any TLS protocol version you want to enable, but TLS 1.3 is the most secure protocol. In order to get TLSv1.3 support in .Net, you must have the latest .Net 4.8 installed, and Windows 11. Select the most secure version that your environment supports. All versions are enabled by default. Unchecked protocols are not used. You should uncheck the lesser options to ensure they are not used. At least one protocol must be enabled.

Note for Users with CC-SG: CommandCenter Secure Gateway v6.2 and below only supports TLS v1.0. If you are using CC-SG v6.2 or below, TLS v1.0 will be used to connect with KX III even if it is disabled here. If you are using CC-SG 7.0 and higher, CC-SG and KX III uses the most secure protocol.

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3. Click OK to apply the settings.

Enabling Force HTTPS for Web Access

Force HTTPS for web access is disabled by default. When enabled, KX III forces HKC to launch using HTTPS, and KX III will perform validation of server certificate for AKC downloads even if Device Settings>Device Services>Enable AKC Download Server Certificate Validation is not checked.

If you are using AKC with this setting enabled, make sure that the Device CA or self-signed certificate is added to the Trusted Root CA store of the browser. Also, if the Host Allowlist feature is enabled, make sure that the address or hostname used to connect to the device has been added to the list.

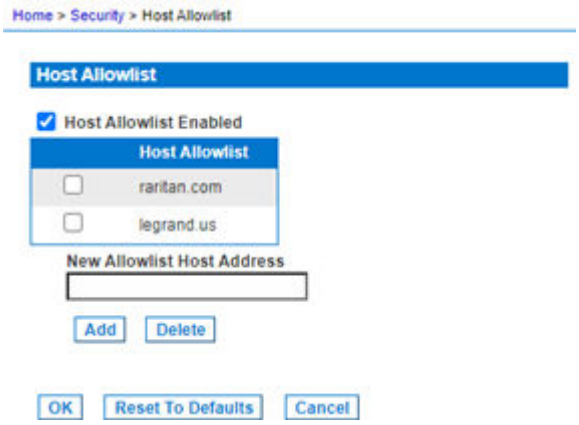
► *To enable or disable Force HTTPS for web access:*

1. Choose Security > Security Settings.
2. In the Encryption and Share section, select the Force HTTPS for Web Access checkbox to enable, or clear the checkbox to disable.
3. Click OK to save.
   - When disabling the feature, restart your browser after saving. Switching between enabled/disabled may require a refresh of the browser cache.

Host Allowlist

The Host Allowlist feature helps prevent host header attacks by limiting what a web client can send in the HOST header of an HTTP request.When enabled, the HOST header is checked and only addresses or hostnames that are in the allowlist are permitted. If the HOST header contains a domain or IP that is not in the list, then the client HOST specified will be removed and replaced with the device IP address. Redirection to non-allowed domains is prevented.

You must have the Security and Device Settings permission to manage this feature.



► *To configure the host allowlist:*

1. Click Security > Host Allowlist.
2. To enable or disable the feature:
   - Select the Host Allowlist Enabled checkbox to enable the feature. Clear the checkbox to disable.
3. To add or delete host addresses:
   - Enter an approved domain in the New Allowlist Host Address field, then click Add to add it to the list.
   - Select a host address checkbox in the Host Allowlist, then click Delete to remove it.
4. Click OK to save.

Certificate and Smart Card Authentication

Local Smart Card Authentication Overview

► *Steps to Configure Local Smart Card Authentication:*

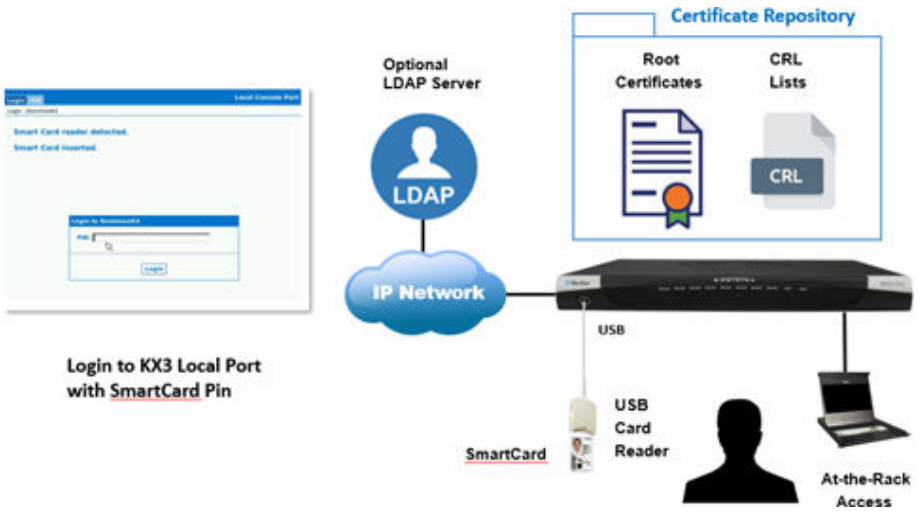
Step 1: Add certificates to the repository: Certificate Repository (on page 272)

Step 2: Enable and configure Client Certificate Authentication: Client Certificate Authentication Settings (on page 269)

Step 3: Connect a Smart Card reader to a USB port on the KX III: Supported Smart Card Readers and Cards (on page 271)

Step 4: Enable and configure the Local Smart Card Authentication settings: Local Smart Card Authentication Settings (on page 266)

Step 5: Use a Smart Card at the Local Port: Using a Smart Card at the Local Port (on page 279)



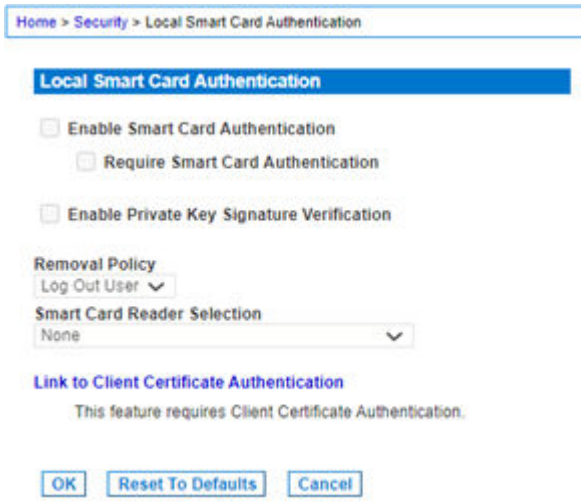
Local Smart Card Authentication Settings

Smart card authentication is available for controlling access to the Local Port. A smart card and card reader can be used in conjunction with Client Certificate Authentication to authenticate and authorize users.

Important: Before configuring these settings, ensure that Client Certification Authentication is setup and that the card reader dedicated to local port authentication is connected to a USB port on the KX III.

See Client Certificate Authentication Settings (on page 269) and Supported Smart Card Readers and Cards (on page 271).

► *To enable and configure Local Smart Card Authentication settings:*



1. Click Security > Local Smart Card Authentication.

If the page appears disabled, you must first enable Client Certificate Authentication. Click the hyperlink in the local card settings page to jump to the client certificate settings page.

2. Enable Smart Card Authentication: Select this checkbox to enable smart card logins at the local port.
3. Require Smart Card Authentication: Select this checkbox to require smart cards for login at the local port.
   - When this setting is selected, and the feature is enabled, users cannot login with username/ password at the local port.
4. Enable Private Key Signature Verification: Select this checkbox to enable an extra verification that ensures the certificates' public key matches the card's private key.
5. Removal Policy: Controls what happens when a user's card is removed.
   - Ignore
   - Log Out User
6. Smart Card Reader Selection: Select which card reader should be used for local port authentication. Card readers are identified by manufacturer, model, and USB port location.

A smart card reader must be connected to a USB port to select the smart card reader here. The configured reader will be dedicated to the local console's authentication.

- KX III USB Port Number and Location
  - 1: Back Bottom
  - 2: Back Middle
  - 3: Back Top
  - 4: Front

7. Click OK to save. See Using a Smart Card at the Local Port (on page 279).

Remote Smart Card Authentication Overview

Remote Smart Card Authentication enables users to login to KX III using a smart card reader connected to their client computer. Users can be verified through local or LDAP authentication. Radius and TACACS+ authentication is not supported. This process works exactly like PKI Certificate Authentication, except the client certificates are stored in the smart card instead of in the browser.

► *Steps to Configure Remote Smart Card Authentication:*

Step 1: Use a CA to generate client certificates to be used in authentication.

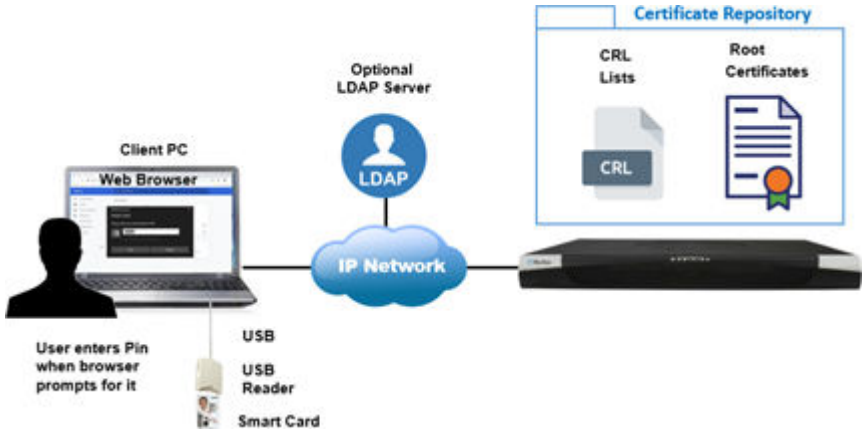
Step 2: Add the CA certificate to the repository: Certificate Repository (on page 272)

Step 3: Add Client certificates to cards and connect a Smart Card reader to the client computer: Supported Smart Card Readers and Cards (on page 271)

Step 4: Enable and configure Client Certificate Authentication: Client Certificate Authentication Settings (on page 269)

Step 5: Configure users on LDAP or locally on the KX III: User Management (on page 143)

Step 6: Use a Smart Card for Remote Login: Using a Smart Card at the Client Computer (on page 280)



PKI Certificate Authentication Overview

PKI Certificate Authentication enables users to login to KX III using a certificate installed in the browser on their client computer. Users can be verified through local or LDAP authentication. Radius and TACACS+ authentication is not supported. This process works exactly like Remote Smart Card Authentication, except the client certificates are stored in the browser instead of in the smart card.

► *Steps to Configure PKI Certificate Authentication:*

Step 1: Use a CA to generate client certificates to be used in authentication.

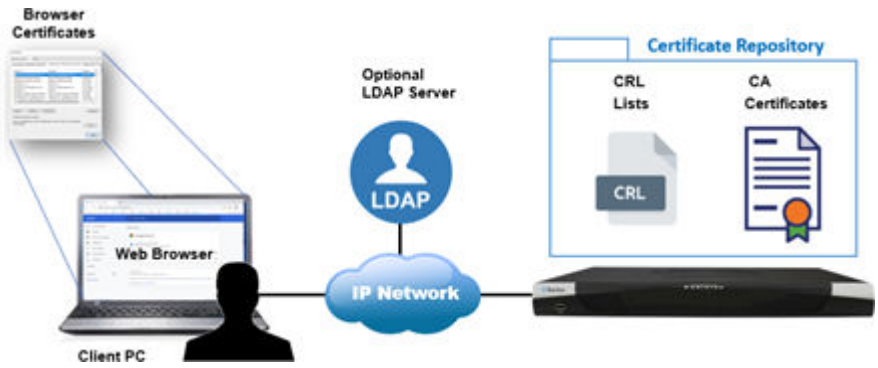
Step 2: Add the CA certificate to the repository: Certificate Repository (on page 272)

Step 3: Add Client certificates to the browsers of each client computer: Tips for Smart Card and PKI Certificate Authentication (on page 278)

Step 4: Enable and configure Client Certificate Authentication: Client Certificate Authentication Settings (on page 269)

Step 5: Configure users on LDAP or locally on the KX III: User Management (on page 143)

Step 6: Login with a PKI Certificate in the Browser: Login with a PKI Certificate in the Browser (on page 281)



Client Certificate Authentication Settings

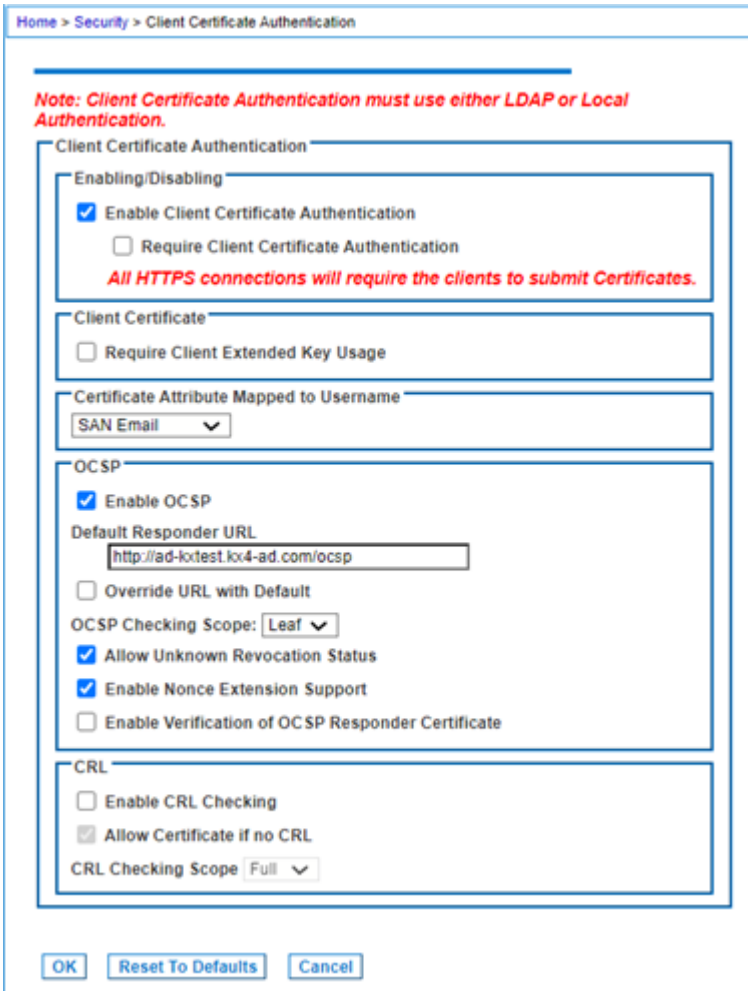
When enabled, Client Certificate Authentication applies to smart card and certificate authentication.

All Client Certificate Authentication settings are disabled by default.

IMPORTANT: Selecting "Require Client Authentication" will lock out standard username/password access to the web interface. Do not enable this setting until you have tested all other settings to verify successful authentication. Another option for ensuring continued access would be to make sure you have access to the KX III Local Port while configuring and testing these settings.

Both OCSP and CRLs are supported as methods to validate certificates against a certificate authority. To use CRLs, you must add them to the repository. See Adding CRL (Client Revocation Lists) to the Repository (on page 277).

► *To configure client certificate authentication settings:*



1. Click Security > Client Certificate Authentication.
   - You can also access this page via hyperlink at Security > Remote Smart Card Authentication.
2. Enabling/Disabling:
   - Enable Client Certificate Authentication: Select this checkbox to enable client certificates for authentication. When enabled, client certificate authentication will be in effect for smart card authentication and PKI certificate authentication.
   - Require Client Certificate Authentication: IMPORTANT-Test and verify all other client certificate settings before using this setting. Removes the ability to authenticate on HTTPS connections via username/password. All access must be authenticated using client certificates, whether by smart card or certificates in the browser.
3. Require Extended Key Usage: Extended Key Usage enforces that the certificate's public key is being used for it’s intended purpose of authentication. When this setting is selected, login will be unsuccessful for certificates without extended key usage or those determined to be intended for purposes other than authentication.
4. Certificate Attribute Mapped to Username: Select the certificate attributes that should be used as the KX III user's login name. The login determines which group the user is in.

- Common Name
- emailAddress
- Other Name
- DNS Name
- SAN Email
- URI
- UID

5. OCSP: Enable OCSP to use this method to validate certificates against a certificate authority.
   - Default Responder URL: Enter a default responder URL to be used if the certificate does not contain an OCSP server.
   - Override URL with Default: Restricts all OCSP communications to the URL entered in Default Responder URL.
   - OCSP Checking Scope: Leaf will check only the final client certificate for revocation. Full will check the entire chain.
   - Allow Unknown Revocation Status: Possible certificate statuses are Good, Revoked, or Unknown. When selected, KX III will still allow access for certificates with an Unknown status. When not selected, access will only be allowed for certificates with a Good status.
   - Enable Nonce Extension Support: Sends a nonce with the OCSP protocol to help prevent timing attacks. This requires support on the OCSP server side. Make sure that date/time is synced between KX III and the OCSP server.
   - Enable Verification of OCSP Responder Certificate: Ensure that the OCSP response is signed with a trusted CA key. This requires either that the OCSP server send the CA certificate it uses in the OCSP response data, or that the CA certificate for the OCSP server is added into the Certificate Repository.
6. Enable CRL Checking: Enables checking of CRLs to see if a certificate is revoked. CRLs must be added to the Certificate Repository.
   - Allow Certificate if no CRL: Allows access to the device if there is no CRL uploaded.
   - CRL Checking Scope: Leaf will check only the client certificate. Full requires that the entire certificate chain's CAs and their CRLS are added to the repository.
7. Make sure you haven't selected Require Client Certificate Authentication unless you have already verified your access with these settings, or you have access to the KX III local port.
8. Click OK to save.

Supported Smart Card Readers and Cards

► *Supported Smart Card Readers*

A card reader must be USB-based and CCID compliant.

A complete list of card readers supported by CCID driver version 1.4.30 is available at:

https://ccid.apdu.fr/#readers

The following readers were tested with the KX III:

- SCR331 – firmware 0518 or later
- SCM Microsystems SCR3310
- HID Global 3121
- Dell Smarcard Reader Keyboard

► *Supported Smart Cards*

- DOD Common Access Card (CAC)
- Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Card

The following card was tested with the KX III:

- PIVKey C910 – The client authentication certificate must be mapped to 9A.

Certificate Repository

The Certificate Repository enables a central location and management point for all X509 certificates and Certificate Revocation Lists except for the KX III's own server authentication certificate.

Upon upgrade to Release 2.4.0, all previously loaded certificates shall be automatically populated in the repository, with the exception of the KX III device certificate.

The Certificate Repository enables you to store the necessary security certificates for several purposes:

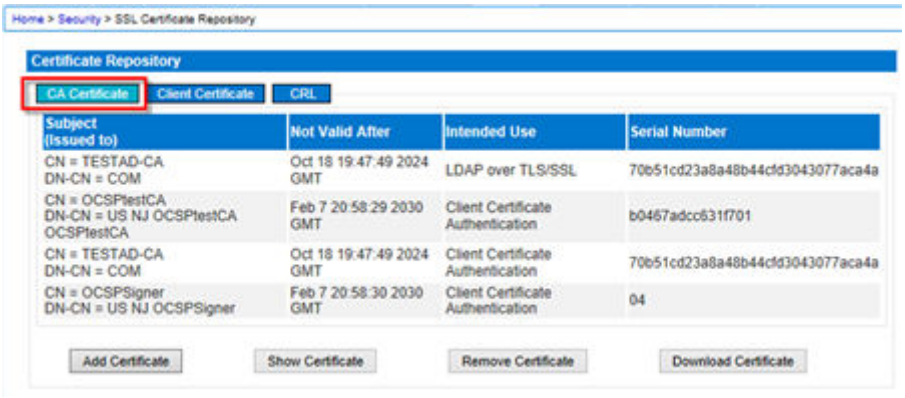
- CA Certificates:
  - LDAP over TLS/SSL
  - 802.1X Security
  - Client Certificate Authentication
- Client Certificates for 802.1X
- Certificate Revocation Lists for Client Certificate Authentication

Once you load certificates into the repository, they are available for selection in the appropriate feature configuration page.

Important: Do not delete certificates that are in use from the Certificate Repository. The associated feature will fail.

► *To access the Certificate Repository:*

- Click Security > Certificate Repository.



- Click the category you want to view a list of all stored certificates in that category. In the screenshot above CA Certificate is selected.
- In any category, click a certificate to select it, then click Show Certificate to view it, or Download Certificate to download a copy.
- To remove a certificate, select it, then click Remove Certificate. You should only remove certificates that are not in use by any feature.
- To add a certificate, first click the category button (CA Certificate, Client Certificate, or CRL), then click Add Certificate to open the addition form.
  - Adding CA Certificates to the Repository (on page 273)
  - Adding Client Certificates to the Repository (on page 275)
  - Adding CRL (Client Revocation Lists) to the Repository (on page 277)

Adding CA Certificates to the Repository

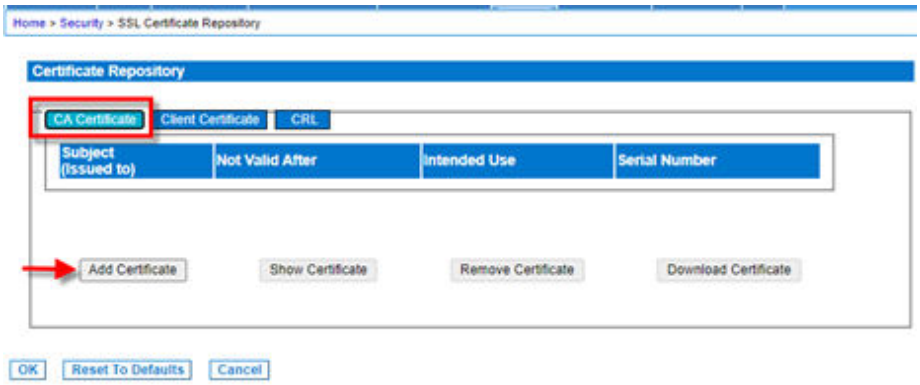
When adding CA Certificates, you must select an "Intended Use" to make the certificate available to the selected function. The same CA Certificate can be added multiple times with different intended uses. For example, a CA certificate added with Intended Use: Client Certificate Authentication may be added again with Intended Use: LDAP over TLS/SSL.

CA certificates added to the repository must be in PEM (Privacy Enhanced Mail) format.

A maximum of 10 CA Certificates can be stored in the repository.

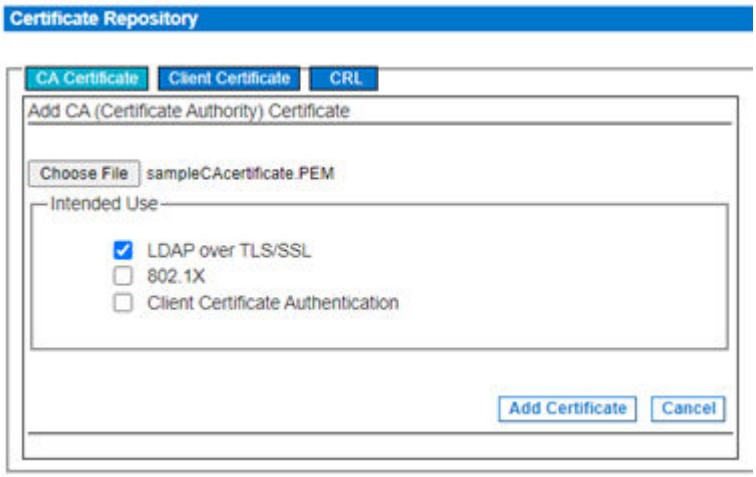
► *To add CA certificates to the repository:*

1. Click Security > Certificate Repository.
2. Click the CA Certificate button, then click Add Certificate.

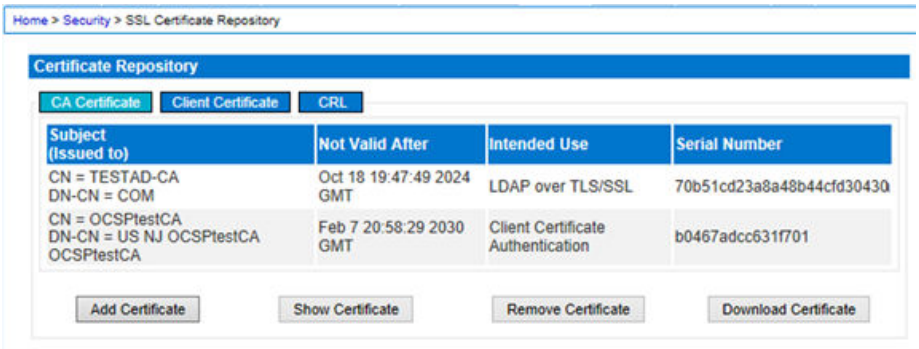


3. The Add CA (Certificate Authority) Certificate tool opens. Click Choose File and select the certificate file.
4. Select the checkbox for the certificate's Intended Use.

- LDAP over TLS/SSL
- 802.1X
- Client Certificate Authentication



5. Click Add Certificate.
6. The newly added certificate appears in the list on the main Certificate Repository page, in the CA Certificate category.



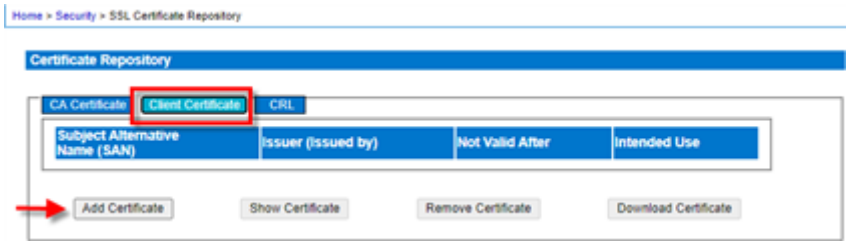
Adding Client Certificates to the Repository

Client Certificates in the repository can be used for 802.1X security. See 802.1X Security (on page 172).

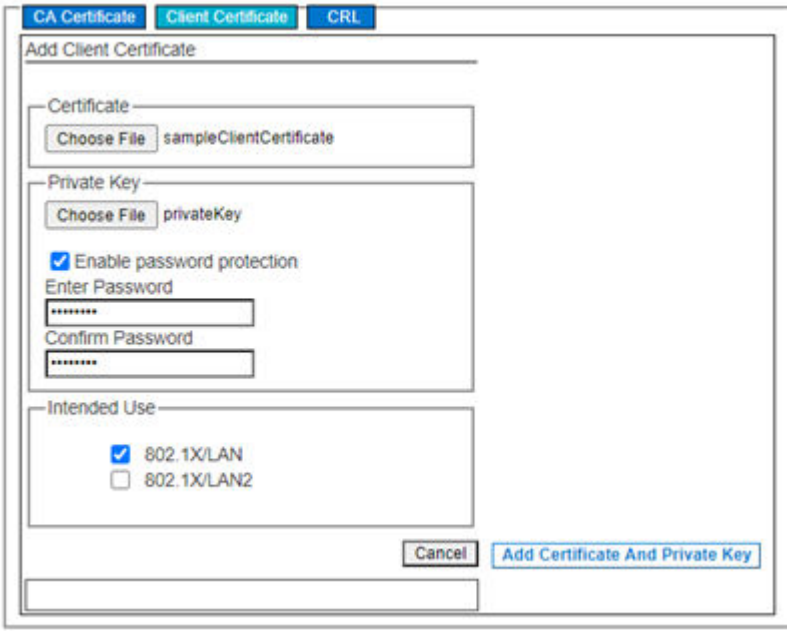
Client certificates must be in PEM (Privacy Enhanced Mail) format. A maximum of 2 Client Certificates can be stored in the repository.

► *To add client certificates to the repository:*

1. Click Security > Certificate Repository.
2. Click the Client Certificate button, then click Add Certificate.



3. The Add Client Certificate tool opens. In the Certificate section, click Choose File and select the certificate file to add it.
4. In the Private Key section, click Choose File and select the private key file to add it.
5. If needed, select Enable Password Protection checkbox, then enter and confirm the password.
6. Select the checkbox for the certificate's Intended Use.
   - 802.1X/LAN
   - 802.1X/LAN2



7. Click Add Certificate and Private Key.
8. The newly added certificate appears in the list on the main Certificate Repository page, in the Client Certificate category.

Adding CRL (Client Revocation Lists) to the Repository

A Certificate Revocation List (CRL) contains certificates that were revoked before they expired. A certificate authority might revoke a certificate if it has been compromised. For more information on CRLs, see RFC 5280.

The CRL has a limited validity period, and updated versions of the CRL are published when the previous CRL's validity period expires. Certificate revocation lists are considered valid until they expire. The URL of the CRL can usually be found in the CRL Distribution Points extension of an X.509 Certificate.

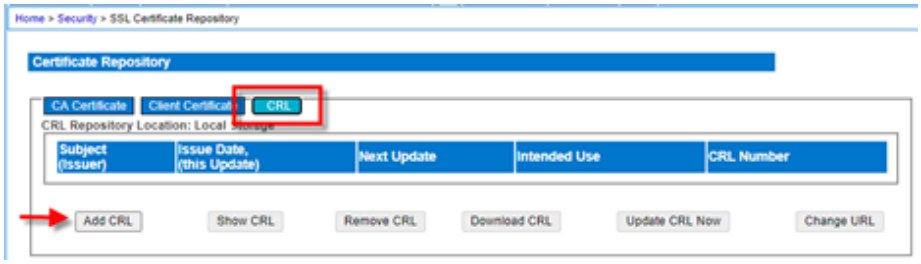
CRLs must be in DER (Distinguished Encoding Rules) format. A maximum of 10 CRLs can be stored in the repository.

A limited amount of internal memory is provided to store CRL files, with an option to use USB storage. CRL files can be large, so additional storage space may be required. An error message will appear if external storage is needed. Inserting a USB stick into the KX III USB port will automatically cause the repository to store CRL files there instead. Any existing CRL's will be copied to the USB stick when it is inserted. You must pre-format the USB stick with a fat32 file system and a /crl directory for this purpose.

Note: To add a CRL, the repository must already contain the corresponding CA certificate of the CA that issued and signed the CRL.

► *To add CRL to the repository:*

1. Click Security > Certificate Repository.
2. Click the CRL button, then click Add CRL.



3. The Add CRL (Certificate Revocation List) tool opens. Click Choose File and select the CRL file to add it.
4. The Intended Use is pre-selected as Client Certificate Authentication.
5. Specify the URL for updates to the CRL.
6. Click Add CRL to save.

Updating CRL

You can update a CRL manually in the repository. KX III does not update CRLs automatically, so you must perform regular manual updates to maintain an accurate CRL.

Your CRL files are either stored in "Local Storage" or "USB Stick". Check the caption above the list of CRL files for your storage option.

If local storage is being used when updating a CRL, the internal memory may be exceeded. A message will display to request a USB stick instead. Format the USB stick with a fat32 file system and a /crl directory, then insert in the KX III. Once the USB stick is available, you can proceed with updates, and all existing CRL files and continued maintenance will use the USB stick memory instead of internal memory.

► *To update a CRL manually:*

1. Click Security > Certificate Repository.
2. Click the CRL button to display the list of CRLs, then select the one you want to update.
3. Click Update CRL Now, then click Update.

Reset Certificate Repository to Default

The Certificate Repository can be reset to default, which will delete all existing certificates, CRLs and supporting data from the repository. Using the Reset to Defaults option will leave the KX III with no certificates or CRLs except for the KX III's own device certificate.

► *To reset the certificate repository:*

IMPORTANT: Using reset to defaults will delete all certificates that have been added, for all intended uses.

---

1. Click Security > Certificate Repository.
2. Click the Reset to Defaults button.
3. Click OK to confirm.

Tips for Smart Card and PKI Certificate Authentication

Various client and browser combinations may behave differently depending on your chosen access client. Check these tips for recommendations.

- For certificate login from Linux, the certificate needs to be imported to JAVA.
- Browser Option to select certificate for authentication displayed on Edge and Chrome HKC logins after session is idle for about 5 minutes. With long idle times the browser may need to be restarted to reconnect. This is due to the internal SSL caching inside of Chrome and it's internal timeouts. User are recommended to use AKC or VKCs from these browsers for sessions expected to have long idle times and also for device upgrades.
- Unable to perform Smart Card login from VKCs on Linux and Apple Mac OS. The login menu is displayed instead. Users are recommended to use HKC. The JRE does not have the capabilities to interface directly with smart card devices as it cannot access the certificate in the browser
- Smart card login fails in Safari. Apple keychain does not see the reader.

- Smart card is not always detected when reader connected to target - requires user to remove card and insert again. If same reader is used for the KX3 login and Target access, then the user is also presented with PIN menu on client.
- For all certificate AKC/VKCs DSAM connections, if one is not already opened, user is prompted for a card PIN or to select a local browser certificate.
- When using VKCs, clicking Cancel at the smart card PIN login will not cause the local username/password login page to display. Instead, either a blank page or "Application Error - Unable to launch the Application" displays. If a local login with username and password is needed with VKCs, remove the smart card and reload the VKCs client.

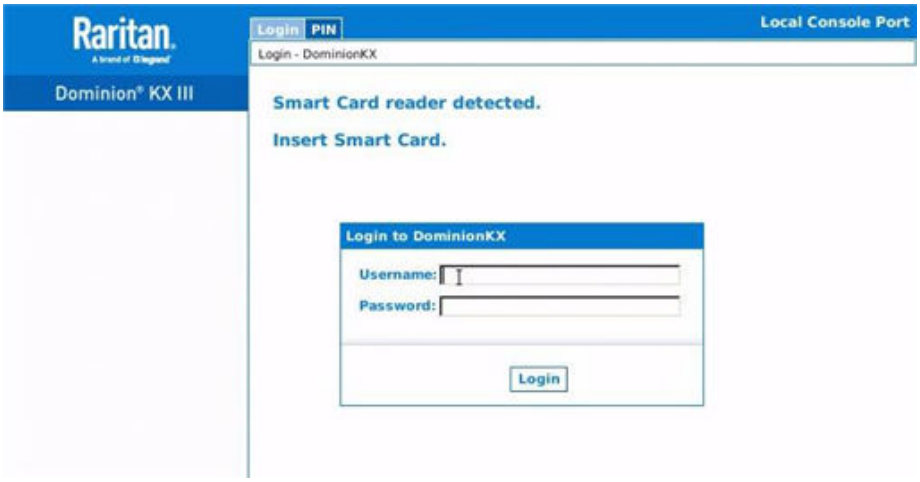
Using a Smart Card at the Local Port

When Local Smart Card Authentication is enabled, you can be authenticated by using your smart card at the card reader connected to a KX III USB port.

If Local Smart Card Authentication is enabled but not required, the Login tab remains accessible to allow for username/password login.

► *To use a smart card at the local port.*

1. When the card reader is detected, the Login page shows a PIN tab.



2. Insert a card. The PIN tab opens automatically.
3. Enter the PIN and click Login.



4. After successful entry of the card's PIN, access is granted if the card contains an authentication certificate approved by Client Certificate Authentication. See Client Certificate Authentication Settings (on page 269).

If login fails, check the Audit log for failure information.

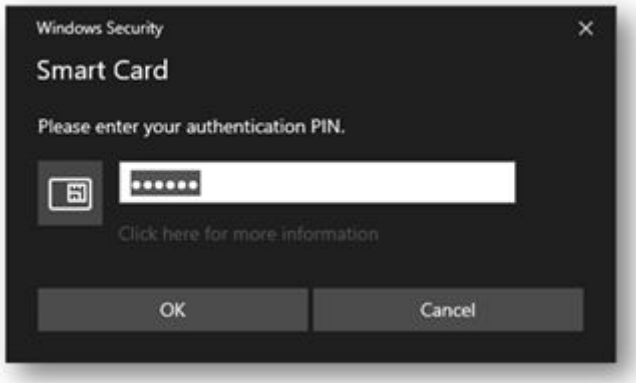
Using a Smart Card at the Client Computer

When Client Certificate Authentication is enabled and configured, you can access KX III with a smart card at the card reader connected to your client computer.

► *To use a smart card at the at the client computer:*

1. Insert the smart card into the reader.
2. Launch a browser and go to the KX III URL.
3. When prompted by the browser, enter the smart card PIN. If approved, you will be logged in.

If login fails, check the Audit log for failure information.

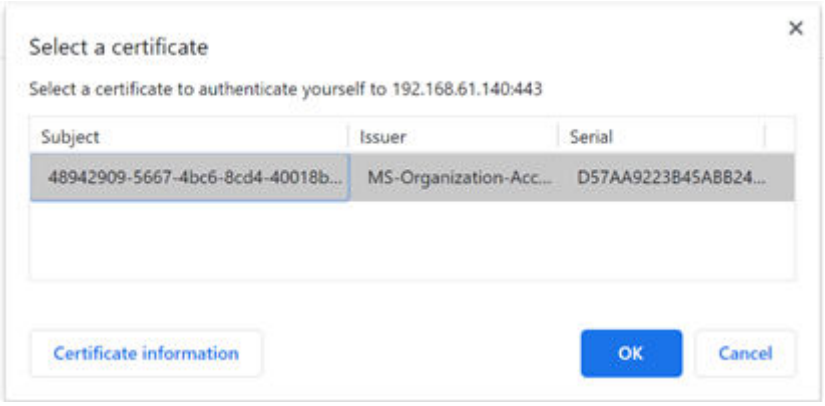


Login with a PKI Certificate in the Browser

When Client Certificate Authentication is enabled and configured, you can access KX III with a client certificate installed in your browser.

► *To login with a PKI certificate in the browser:*

1. Launch a browser and go to the KX III.
2. The browser presents a dialog to select the certificate for authentication. Select the correct certificate, then click OK. If approved, you will be logged in.



Maintenance

Audit Log

A log is created of KX III system events.

The audit log can contain up to approximately 2K worth of data before it starts overwriting the oldest entries.

To avoid losing audit log data, export the data to a syslog server or SNMP manager. Configure the syslog server or SNMP manager from the Device Settings > Event Management page. See Events Captured in the Audit Log and Syslog (on page 397) for information on what is captured in the audit log and syslog.

► *To view the audit log for your KX III:*

1. Choose Maintenance > Audit Log. The Audit Log page opens.

The Audit Log page displays events by date and time (most recent events listed first). The Audit Log provides the following information:

- Date - The date and time that the event occurred based on a 24-hour clock.
- Event - The event name as listed in the Event Management page.
- Description - Detailed description of the event.

► *To save the audit log:*

Note: Saving the audit log is available only on the KX III Remote Console, not on the Local Console.

1. Click Save to File. A Save File dialog appears.
2. Choose the desired file name and location and click Save. The audit log is saved locally on your client machine with the name and location specified.

► *To page through the audit log:*

- Use the [Older] and [Newer] links.

Device Information

The Device Information page provides detailed information about your KX III device and the CIMs in use. This information is helpful should you need to contact Technical Support.

► *To view information about your KX III and CIMs:*

- Choose Maintenance > Device Information. The Device Information page opens.

The following information is provided about the KX III:

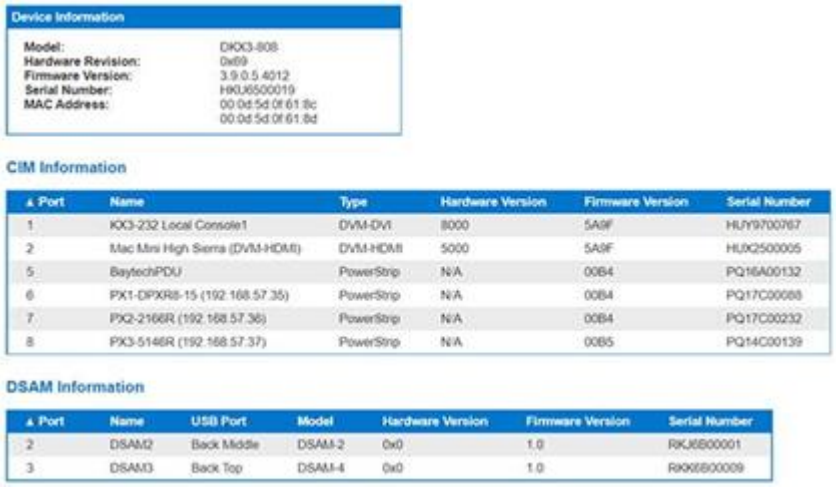
- Model
- Hardware Revision
- Firmware Version
- Serial Number
- MAC Address

The following information is provided about the CIMs in use:

- Port (number)
- Name
- Type of CIM
- Firmware Version
- Hardware Version
- Serial Number of the CIM - this number is pulled directly from the supported CIMs.
  - P2CIM-PS2
  - P2CIM-APS2DUAL
  - P2CIM-AUSBDUAL
  - P2CIM-AUSB
  - P2CIM-SUN

- P2CIM-SUSB
- P2CIM-SER
- DCIM-PS2
- DCIM-USB
- DCIM-USBG2
- DCIM-SUN
- DCIM-SUSB
- D2CIM-VUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI
- D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI
- D2CIM-DVUSB

Note: Only the numeric portion of the serial numbers are displayed for the DCIM-USB, DCIM-PS2 and DCIM-USB G2 CIMs. For example, XXX1234567 is displayed. The serial number prefix GN is displayed for CIMs that have field configured serial numbers.



Device Information

Model:	DKX3-808
Hardware Revision:	0x09
Firmware Version:	3.9.0.5.4012
Serial Number:	HKJ6500019
MAC Address:	00:0d:5d:0f:61:8c 00:0d:5d:0f:61:8d

CIM Information

▲ Port	Name	Type	Hardware Version	Firmware Version	Serial Number
1	KX3-232 Local Console1	DVM-DVI	8000	5A8F	HUY9700767
2	Mac Mini High Sierra (DVM-HDMI)	DVM-HDMI	5000	5A8F	HUX2500005
5	BaytechPDU	PowerStrip	N/A	00B4	PQ16A00132
6	PX1-DPXR8-15 (192.168.57.35)	PowerStrip	N/A	00B4	PQ17C00088
7	PX2-2166R (192.168.57.36)	PowerStrip	N/A	00B4	PQ17C00232
8	PX3-5146R (192.168.57.37)	PowerStrip	N/A	00B5	PQ14C00139

DSAM Information

▲ Port	Name	USB Port	Model	Hardware Version	Firmware Version	Serial Number
2	DSAM2	Back Middle	DSAM-2	0x0	1.0	RKJ6B00001
3	DSAM3	Back Top	DSAM-4	0x0	1.0	RK6B00009

Creating a Backup and Restore File

From the Backup/Restore page, you can backup and restore the settings and configuration for your KX III.

In addition to using backup and restore for business continuity purposes, you can use this feature as a time-saving mechanism.

For instance, you can quickly provide access to your team from another KX III by backing up the user configuration settings from the KX III in use and restoring those configurations to the new KX III.

You can also set up one KX III and copy its configuration to multiple KX III appliances.

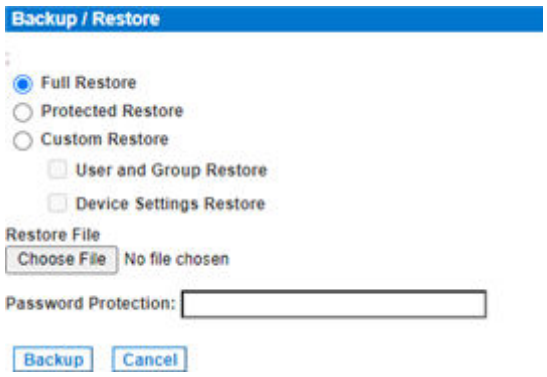
Restore Your KX III Using a Restore File

WARNING: Exercise caution when restoring your KX III to an earlier version. Usernames and password in place at the time of the backup will be restored. If you do not remember the old administrative usernames and passwords, you will be locked out of the KX III.

In addition, if you used a different IP address at the time of the backup, that IP address will be restored as well. If the configuration uses DHCP, you may want to perform this operation only when you have access to the local port to check the IP address after the update.

► *To restore your KX III:*

1. Choose Maintenance > Backup/Restore. The Backup/Restore page opens.



2. Choose the type of restore you want to run:
   - Full Restore - A complete restore of the entire system. Generally used for traditional backup and restore purposes.
   - Protected Restore - Everything is restored except appliance-specific information such as IP address, name, and so forth. With this option, you can setup one KX III and copy the configuration to multiple KX III appliances.
   - Custom Restore - With this option, you can select User and Group Restore, Device Settings Restore, or both:
     - User and Group Restore - This option includes only user and group information. This option *does not* restore the certificate and the private key files. Use this option to quickly set up users on a different KX III.
     - Device Settings Restore - This option includes only appliance settings such as power associations, USB profiles, blade chassis related configuration parameters, and Port Group assignments. Use this option to quickly copy the appliance information. The device certificate is not restored.
3. Click Browse. A Choose File dialog appears.
4. Navigate to and select the appropriate backup file and click Open. The selected file is listed in the Restore File field.
5. If the backup file is password protected, enter the password.
6. Click Restore. The configuration is restored based on the type of restore selected.

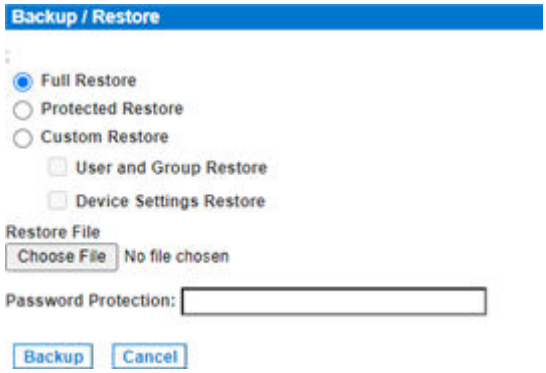
Create a Backup File

Backups are always complete system backups. Restores can be complete or partial depending on your selection.

Backups can be encrypted by adding password protection. The password must be entered when the file is used to perform a restore.

► *To create a backup file:*

1. Choose Maintenance > Backup/Restore. The Backup/Restore page opens.



2. To encrypt the backup file, enter a password in the Password Protection field.
3. Click Backup. The backup file is created and displays as a downloaded file in your browser. Download location varies based on browser.

Applying KX III Appliance Setting to a KX III Using a Backup/Restore File

You can create a backup/restore file of a KX III's settings, and then use it to apply the settings to a KX III.

Before restoring a file, review Requirements to Apply a KX II Backup and Restore File to a KX III (on page 286).

Some KX II settings and functions cannot be restored to a KX III. See KX II-to-KX III Unsupported Backup/ Restore File Settings and Functions (on page 287).

For steps on creating a backup/restore file, see Create a Backup File (on page 286).

For steps on using a KX II file to apply settings to a KX III, follow the steps out lined in Restore Your KX III Using a Restore File (on page 285).

Requirements to Apply a KX II Backup and Restore File to a KX III

To apply settings from a KX II to a KX III using a KX II backup/restore file, the following conditions must be met:

- The KX II and KX III must be the same models.

For example -

- You *can* apply settings to a KX3-432 from KX2-432
- You *cannot* apply settings from KX2-464 to a KX3-432

- The KX II and KX III must be using the same CIMs (the CIM serial numbers must match) in order to apply the CIM settings to the KX III.

KX II-to-KX III Unsupported Backup/Restore File Settings and Functions

When you use a KX II backup/restore file to apply settings to a KX III, the following settings are *not* applied to the KX III.

- KX II Local Extended Port Settings (KX III does not support this feature)
- KX II video switching delay, resolution and refresh rates (these settings do not apply to KX III)
- KX II language setting
- You cannot use the backup and restore function to upgrade from KX II to KX III via CC-SG

USB Profile Management

From the USB Profile Management page, you can upload custom profiles provided by technical support. These profiles are designed to address the needs of your target server's configuration, in the event that the set of standard profiles does not already address them. Technical support will provide the custom profile and work with you to verify the solution for your target server's specific needs.

► *To access the USB Profile Management page:*

- Choose Maintenance > USB Profile Management. The USB Profile Management page opens.

► *To upload a custom profile to your KX III:*

1. Click Browse. A Choose File dialog appears.
2. Navigate to and select the appropriate custom profile file and click Open. The file selected is listed in the USB Profile File field.
3. Click Upload. The custom profile will be uploaded and displayed in the Profile table.

Note: If an error or warning is displayed during the upload process (for example. overwriting an existing custom profile), you may continue with the upload by clicking Upload or cancel it by clicking on Cancel.

► *To delete a custom profile to your KX III:*

1. Check the box corresponding to the row of the table containing the custom profile to be deleted.
2. Click Delete. The custom profile will be deleted and removed from the Profile table.

As noted, you may delete a custom profile from the system while it is still designated as an active profile. Doing so will terminate any virtual media sessions that were in place.

Handling Conflicts in Profile Names

A naming conflict between custom and standard USB profiles may occur when a firmware upgrade is performed. This may occur if a custom profile that has been created and incorporated into the list of standard profiles has the same name as a new USB profile that is downloaded as part of the firmware upgrade.

Should this occur, the preexisting custom profile will be tagged as 'old_'. For example, if a custom profile called GenericUSBProfile5 has been created and a profile with the same name is downloaded during a firmware upgrade, the existing file will then be called 'old_GenericUSBProfile5'.

You can delete the existing profile if needed. See USB Profile Management (on page 287) for more information.

Upgrading CIMs

Use this procedure to upgrade CIMs using the firmware versions stored in the memory of your KX III device. In general, all CIMs are upgraded when you upgrade the device firmware using the Firmware Upgrade page.

► *To upgrade CIMs using the KX III memory:*

1. Choose Maintenance > CIM Firmware Upgrade. The CIM Upgrade from page opens.

The Port (number), Name, Type, Current CIM Version, and Upgrade CIM Version are displayed for easy identification of the CIMs.

2. Check the Selected checkbox for each CIM you want to upgrade.
3. Click Upgrade. You are prompted to confirm the upgrade.
4. Click OK to continue the upgrade. Progress bars are displayed during the upgrade. Upgrading takes approximately 2 minutes or less per CIM.

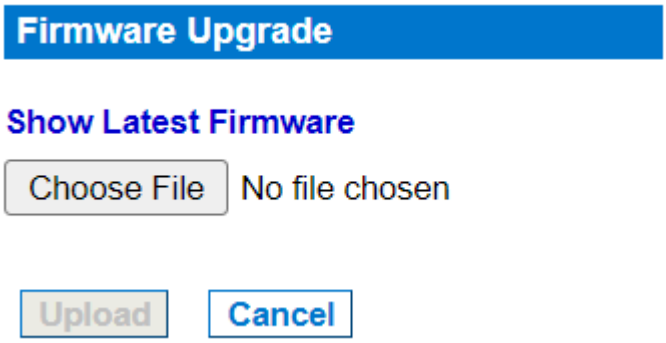
Upgrading the KX III Firmware

Use the Firmware Upgrade page to upgrade the firmware for your KX III and all attached CIMs. This page is available in the KX III Remote Console only.

Firmware Upgrade

Important: KX III reboot should be performed prior to a firmware update.

Do not turn off your KX III appliance or disconnect CIMs while the upgrade is in progress - doing so will likely result in damage to the appliance or CIMs.



► *To upgrade your KX III appliance:*

1. Click the Show Latest Firmware link to locate the appropriate file (*.RFP) on the Raritan website.
2. Unzip the file. Please read all instructions included in the firmware ZIP files carefully before upgrading.

Note: Copy the firmware update file to a local PC before uploading. Do not load the file from a network drive.

3. Choose Maintenance > Firmware Upgrade. The Firmware Upgrade page opens.
4. Click Browse to navigate to the directory where you unzipped the upgrade file.
5. Click Upload from the Firmware Upgrade page.

Information about the upgrade and version numbers is displayed for your confirmation

Note: At this point, connected users are logged out, and new login attempts are blocked.

6. Click Upgrade. Please wait for the upgrade to complete. Status information and progress bars are displayed during the upgrade. Upon completion of the upgrade, the appliance reboots (1 beep sounds to signal that the reboot has completed).
7. As prompted, close the browser and wait approximately 5 minutes before logging in to the KX III again.

Upgrade History

The KX III provides information about upgrades performed.

► *To view the upgrade history:*

- Choose Maintenance > Upgrade History. The Upgrade History page opens.

Information is provided about the KX III upgrade(s) that have been run, the final status of the upgrade, the start and end times, and the previous and current firmware versions. Information is also provided about the CIMS, which can be obtained by clicking the show link for an upgrade. The CIM information provided is:

- Type - The type of CIM
- Port - The port where the CIM is connected
- User - The user who performed the upgrade
- IP - IP address firmware location
- Start Time - Start time of the upgrade
- End Time - end time of the upgrade
- Previous Version - Previous CIM firmware version
- Upgrade Version - Current CIM firmware version
- CIMs - Upgraded CIMs
- Result - The result of the upgrade (success or fail)

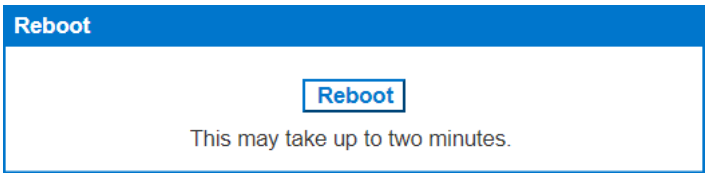
Rebooting the KX III

The Reboot page provides a safe and controlled way to reboot your KX III. This is the recommended method for rebooting.

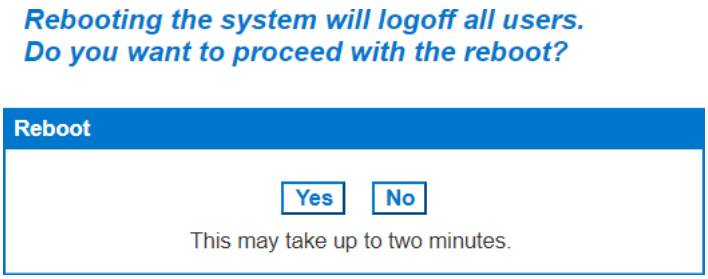
Important: All connections will be closed and all users will be logged off.

► *To reboot your KX III:*

1. Choose Maintenance > Reboot. The Reboot page opens.



2. Click Reboot. You are prompted to confirm the action. Click Yes to proceed with the reboot.



Stopping CC-SG Management

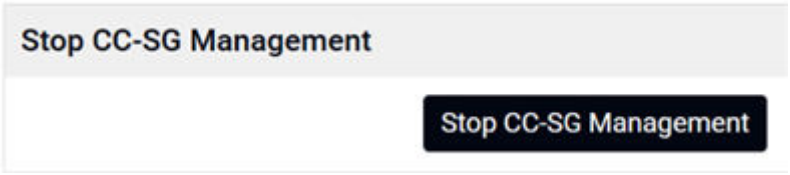
While KX III is under CC-SG management, if you try to access the device directly, you are notified that the device is under CC-SG management.

If you are managing KX III through CC-SG and connectivity between CC-SG and the KX III is lost after the specified timeout interval (typically 10 minutes), you are able to end the CC-SG management session from the KX III console.

Note: You must have the appropriate permissions to end CC-SG management of KX III.

---

1. Click Maintenance > Stop CC-SG Management. A message indicating that the device is being managed by CC-SG will be displayed. An option to remove the device from CC-SG management will also be displayed.



2. Click Yes to begin the process of removing the device from CC-SG management. A confirmation message displays.
3. Click Yes to remove the device CC-SG management. A confirmation message displays when CC-SG management has ended.



Diagnostics

Device Diagnostics

Note: This page is for use by Raritan Field Engineers or when you are directed by Raritan Technical Support.

Use this feature to download diagnostic information from the KX III to the client machine.

Two operations can be performed on this page:

- Execute a special diagnostics script provided by Raritan Technical Support during a critical error debugging session. The script is uploaded to the appliance and executed. Once this script has been executed, you can download the diagnostics messages using the Save to File function.
- Download the device diagnostic log for a snapshot of diagnostics messages from the KX III appliance to the client. This encrypted file is then sent to Raritan Technical Support. Only Raritan can interpret this file.

Note: This page is accessible only by users with administrative privileges.

---

1. Choose Diagnostics > KX III Diagnostics. The KX III Diagnostics page opens.
2. To execute a diagnostics script file emailed to you from Raritan Technical Support, retrieve the diagnostics file supplied by Raritan using the browse function.
3. Click Run Script. Send this file to Raritan Technical Support.
4. To create a diagnostics file to send to Raritan Technical Support, click Save to File and save the file locally from the Save As dialog.
5. Email this file as directed by Raritan Technical Support.

Network Interface Page

The KX III provides information about the status of your network interface.

► *To view information about your network interface:*

- Choose Diagnostics > Network Interface. The Network Interface page opens.

The following information is displayed:

- Whether the Ethernet interface is up or down.
- Whether the gateway is pingable or not.
- The LAN port that is currently active.

► *To refresh this information:*

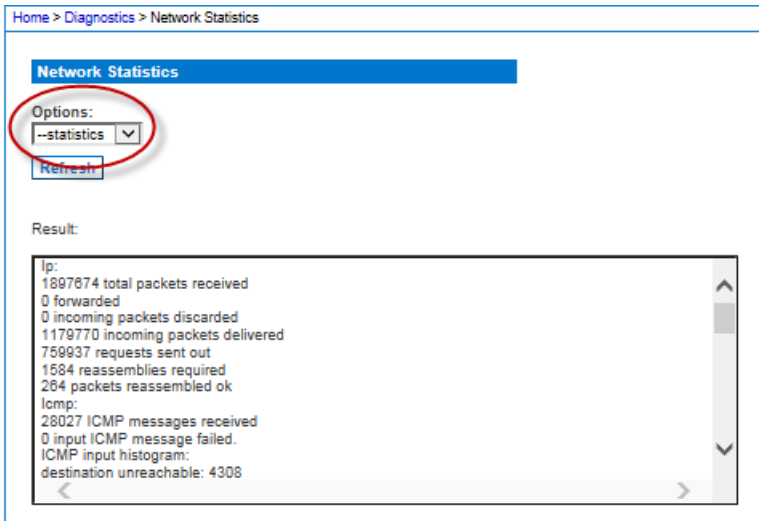
- Click Refresh.

Network Statistics Page

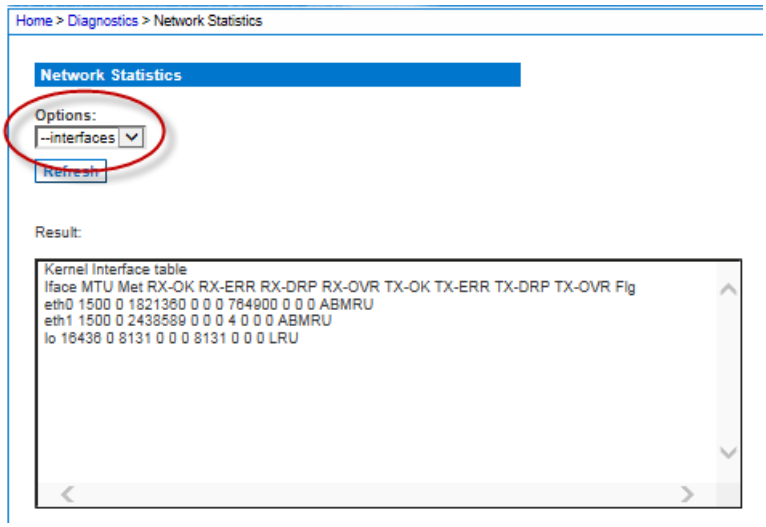
The KX III provides statistics about your network interface.

1. Choose Diagnostics > Network Statistics. The Network Statistics page opens.
2. Choose the appropriate option from the Options drop-down list.
3. Click Refresh. The relevant information is displayed in the Result field. See examples.

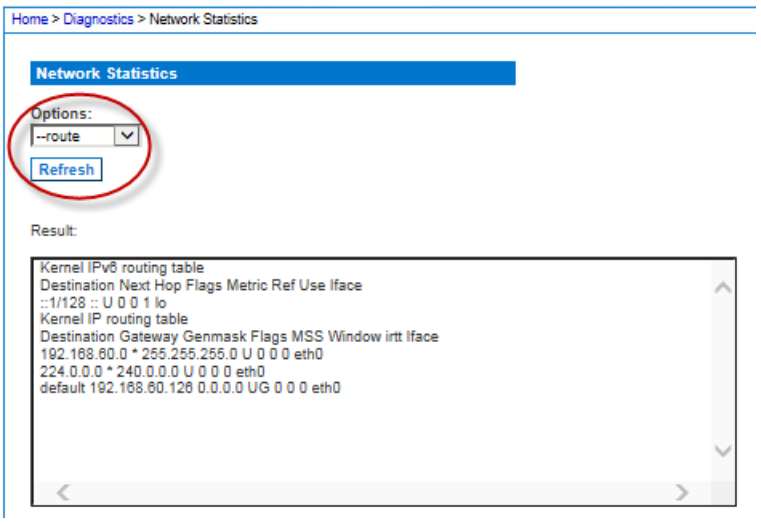
- Statistics



- Interfaces:



- Route:



- Ports:

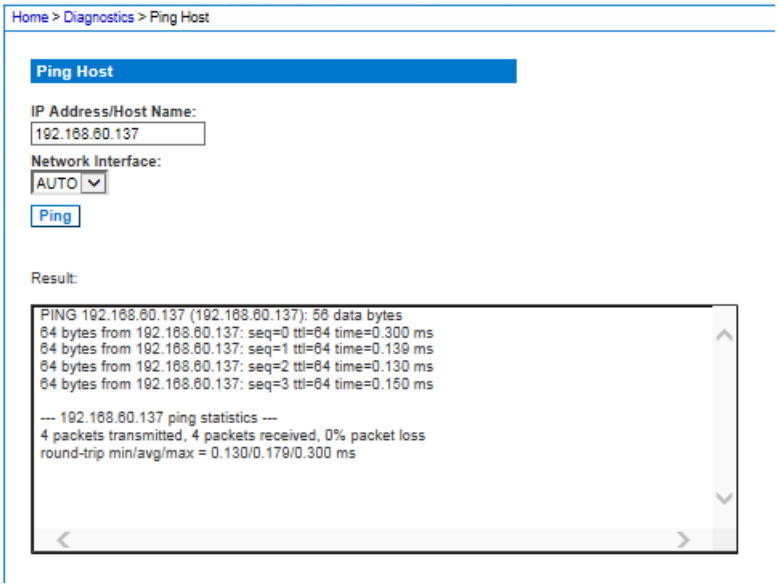
network. Using the Ping Host page, you can determine if a target server or another KX III is accessible.

1. Choose Diagnostics > Ping Host. The Ping Host page appears.
2. Type either the hostname or IP address into the IP Address/Host Name field.

Note: The host name cannot exceed 232 characters in length.

---

3. Click Ping. The results of the ping are displayed in the Result field.
4. If necessary, select the interface in the Network Interface drop-down box. Optional



Isolation Mode Ping

In Isolation mode, choose to ping on Auto, LAN1 only, or LAN2 only.

Trace Route to Host Page

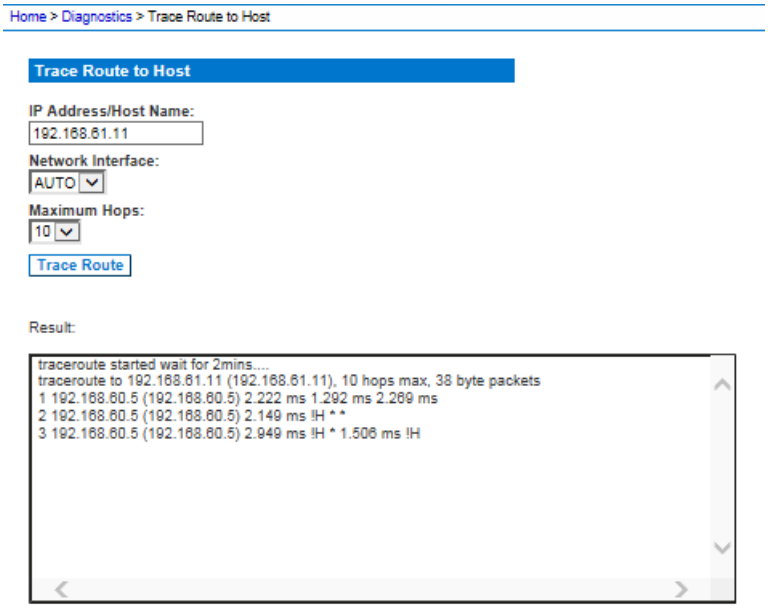
Trace route is a network tool used to determine the route taken to the provided hostname or IP address.

► *To trace the route to the host:*

1. Choose Diagnostics > Trace Route to Host. The Trace Route to Host page opens.
2. Type either the IP address or host name into the IP Address/Host Name field.

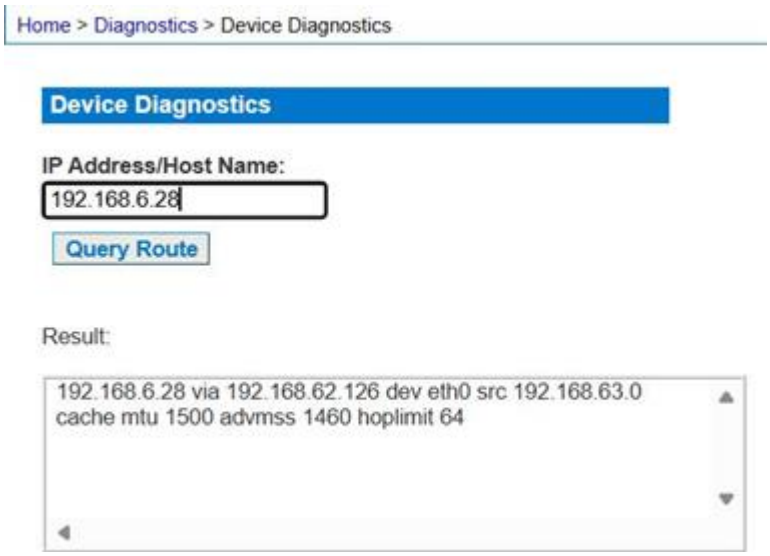
Note: The host name cannot exceed 232 characters in length.

3. Choose the maximum hops from the drop-down list (5 to 50 in increments of 5).
4. Click Trace Route. The trace route command is executed for the given hostname or IP address and the maximum hops. The output of trace route is displayed in the Result field.
5. If, necessary, select the interface in the Network Interface drop-down box. Optional



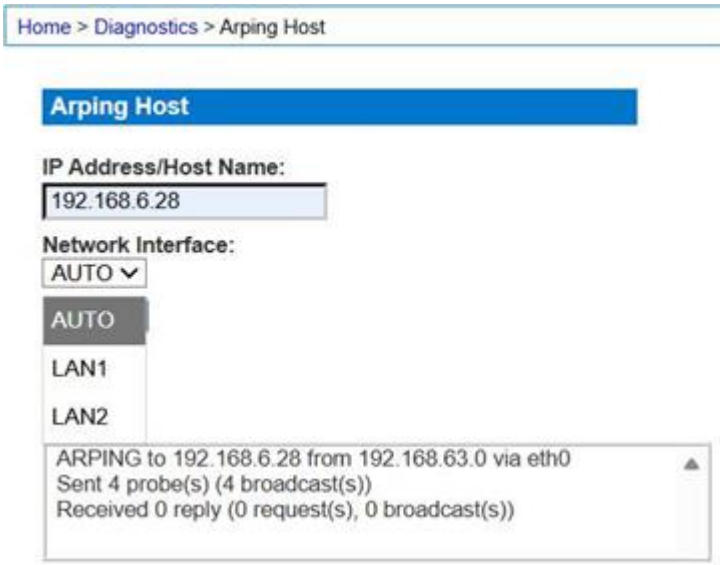
Query Route

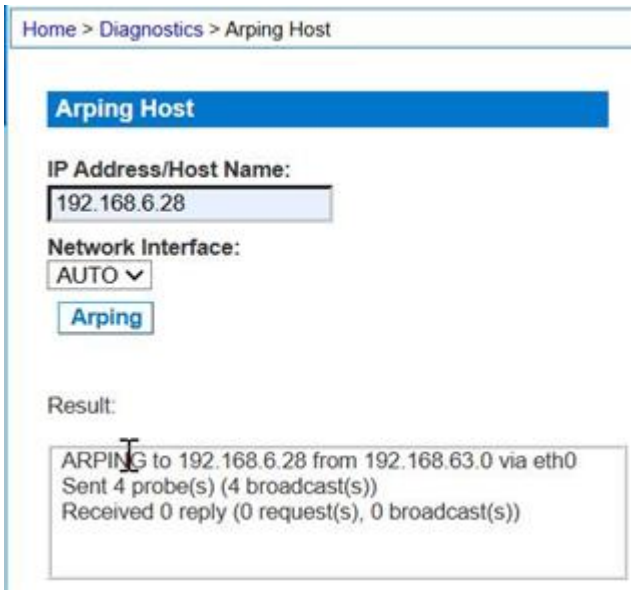
You can use Query Route to determine which network interface (eth0 or eth1) KX III uses to reach a specified IP address.



ARPing Host

You can send an ARP request to a device on the same local network through the KX IIIto verify that the device is reachable. Unlike a standard ping, which uses IP and ICMP, an ARP request operates at the local network level.





KX III Local Console - Administration Functions

The KX III provides at-the-rack access and administration via its local port. Access to KX III features are provided via the Local Console.

The majority of administrative functions performed from the KX III Remote Console are also performed from the Local Console.

This section is specific to Administrator tasks. For end user tasks performed from the Local Console, see KX III Local Console (on page 351).

Security and Authentication

In order to use the KX III Local Console, you must first authenticate with a valid username and password.

The KX III provides a fully-integrated authentication and security scheme, whether your access is via the network or the local port.

In either case, the KX III allows access only to those servers to which a user has access permissions. See User Management (on page 143) for additional information on specifying server access and security settings.

If your KX III has been configured for external authentication services (LDAP/LDAPS, RADIUS, or Active Directory), authentication attempts at the Local Console also are authenticated against the external authentication service.

Note: You can also specify no authentication for Local Console access; this option is recommended only for secure environments.

► *To use the KX III Local Console:*

1. Connect a keyboard, mouse, and video display to the local ports at the back of the KX III.
2. Start the KX III. The KX III Local Console interface displays.

Configuring Local Port Settings from the Local Console

The standard local port can be configured from the Remote Console on the Port Configuration page, or from the Local Console on the Local Port Settings page.

From the Local Port Settings page, you can customize many settings for the KX III Local Console including keyboard, hot keys, video switching delay, power save mode, local user interface resolution settings, and local user authentication.

Note: Only users with administrative privileges can access these functions.

Note: Some changes you make to the settings on the Local Port Settings page restart the browser you are working in. If a browser restart occurs when a setting is changed, it is noted in the steps provided here.

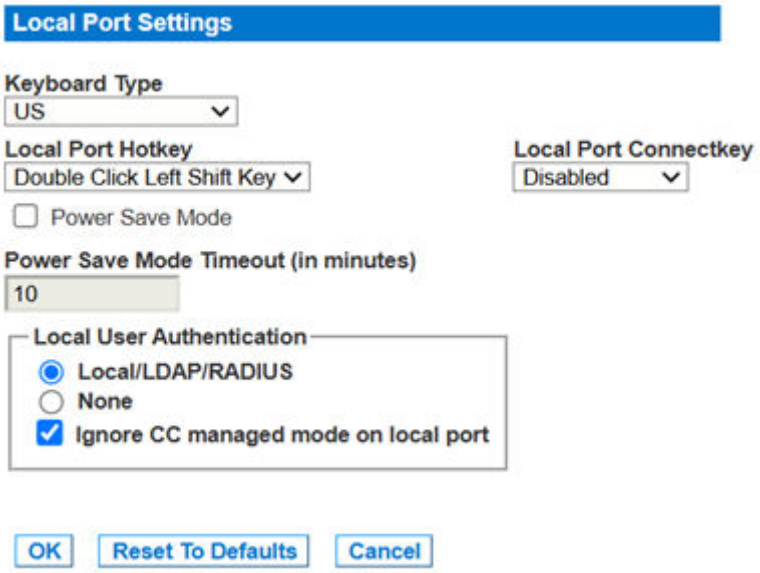
► *To configure the local port settings:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Local Port Settings. The Local Port Settings page opens.

Select the Local Console Keyboard Type

1. Choose the appropriate keyboard type from among the options in the drop-down list.

The browser will be restarted when this change is made.



• US	• Portuguese (Portugal)
• US/International	• Norwegian (Norway)
• United Kingdom	• Swedish (Sweden)
• French (France)	• Danish (Denmark)
• German (Germany)	• Belgian (Belgium)
• German (Switzerland)	• Hungarian
• Simplified Chinese	• Spanish
• Traditional Chinese	• Italian
• Dubeolsik Hangul (Korean)	• Slovenian
• JIS (Japanese Industry Standard)	

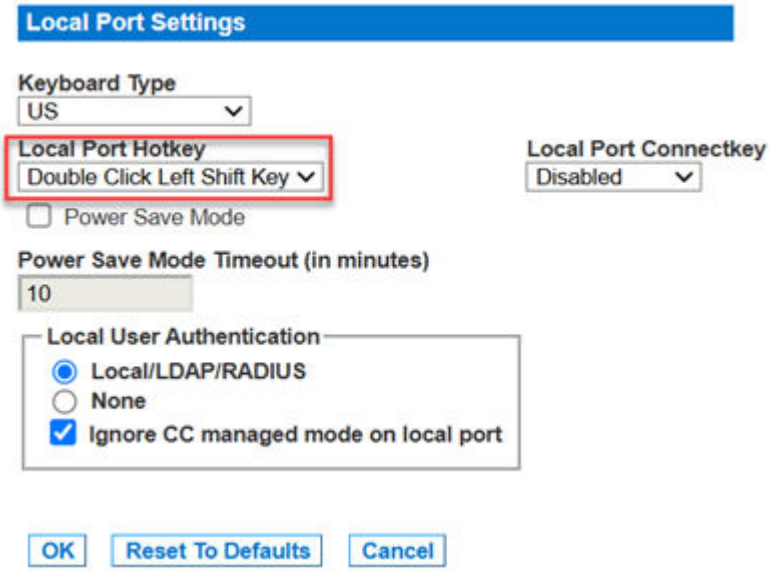
Note: Keyboard use for Chinese, Japanese, and Korean is for display only. Local language input is not supported at this time for KX III Local Console functions.

Note: Turkish keyboards are only supported on Active KVM Client (AKC).

Select the Local Port Hotkey

1. Choose the local port hotkey. The local port hotkey is used to return to the KX III Local Console interface when a target server interface is being viewed. The default is to Double Click Scroll Lock, but you can select any key combination from the drop-down list:

Hot key:	Take this action:
Double Click Scroll Lock	Press Scroll Lock key twice quickly
Double Click Num Lock	Press Num Lock key twice quickly
Double Click Caps Lock	Press Caps Lock key twice quickly
Double Click Left Alt key	Press the left Alt key twice quickly
Double Click Left Shift key	Press the left Shift key twice quickly
Double Click Left Ctrl key	Press the left Ctrl key twice quickly



Select the Local Port Connect Key

Select the Local Port Connect key. Use a connect key sequence to connect to a target and switch to another target without returning to the GUI.

Then use the hot key to disconnect and return to the local port GUI

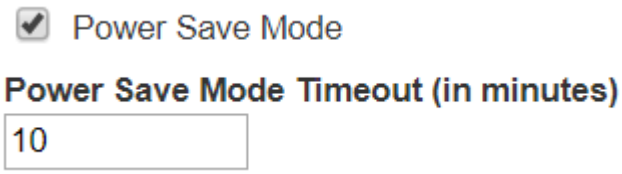
Once the local port connect key is created, it will appear in the Navigation panel of the GUI so you can use it as a reference. See Connect Key Examples (on page 352) for examples of connect key sequences.

The connect key works for both standard servers and blade chassis.



Configure the Power Save Feature (Optional)

1. If you would like to use the power save feature:
   a. Select the Power Save Mode checkbox.
   b. Set the amount of time (in minutes) in which Power Save Mode will be initiated.



Select the Local User Authentication

1. Choose the type of local user authentication.
   - Local/LDAP/RADIUS. This is the recommended option.
   - None. There is no authentication for Local Console access.
     This option is recommended for secure environments only.

Dual Video Port Groups

Servers with dual video cards can be remotely accessed with an extended desktop configuration, which is available to remote users. This is done by creating dual port video groups.

Extended desktop configurations allow you to view the target server desktop across two monitors vs. the standard single monitor view.

Once a dual port video group is selected, all port channels in that group open simultaneously.

See Dual Port Video Configuration Steps (on page 306).

Review the information in this section for important information regarding dual port video groups.

Note: Dual port video groups are not supported by models with only one KVM channel such as 108 and 116 models.

Recommendations for Dual Port Video

Set the target server's primary and secondary displays to the same video resolution in order to maintain mouse synchronization and minimize having to periodically resync.

Depending on the desired orientation, the top display (vertical orientation) or left display (horizontal orientation) should be the designated primary display. This display will provide active menu selection for virtual media, audio, smart card and mouse operations.

To provide intuitive mouse movement and control, the following should have the same display orientation:

- Client PC's primary and secondary displays
- This device's dual video port group configuration
- Target server's primary and secondary displays

Only the following Client Launch Settings will be applied to dual port video displays:

- Select standard display or full screen Window mode when launching KVM client
- Enable video scaling
- Enable pinning menu toolbar when in full screen mode

The use of single mouse mode is not recommended when displaying dual video ports in full screen mode on a single client monitor. This will require exiting single mouse mode in order to access and view the other display.

Dual Video Port Group Supported Mouse Modes

Target operating systems	Supported mouse modes	Comments
All Windows® operating systems	Intelligent, Standard and Single Mouse Modes	If 'Stretch' mode is supported by the target server video card, Absolute mouse mode operates correctly. Stretch mode means the target server manages the dual display as a single, contiguous, virtual display. In contrast, the target server considers the displays as two independent displays when configured in Extended mode. For Extended mode, Intelligent Mouse mode is recommended.
Linux®	Intelligent and Standard Mouse Modes	Linux® users may experience display and mouse movement issues using single mouse mode. Single Mouse mode is not recommended for Linux users.
Mac® operating system	Single Mouse Mode	For Mac targets with multiple monitors, use a standard mouse in Single-Cursor mode.

CIMs Required for Dual Video Support

The following CIMs support the dual video port feature:

- D2CIM-VUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB
- D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI
- D2CIM-DVUSB-DP
- D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI
- DCIM-USBG2

Review Digital CIM Target Server Timing and Video Resolution for important information regarding digital CIMs. See Supported Computer Interface Module (CIMs) Specifications (on page 382) for CIM specifications.

If the original CIM attached to a primary or secondary video port is disconnected and replaced with another CIM, the port is removed from the dual port video group. If needed, re-add the port to the group.

Note: The CIM you use depends on your target server requirements.

Dual Port Video Group Usability Notes

Following are various functions that are affected when using the dual port video group feature.

- Client Launch Settings that are configured in the VKCS, and AKC clients via Tools > Options > Client Launch Settings will be applied to dual video port groups as follows:
  - Window Mode settings will be applied
  - Monitor settings will NOT be applied. Instead the Port Group Management configured 'Display Orientation' will be applied.
  - Other - Enable Single Mouse Cursor setting will NOT be applied
  - Other - Enable Scale Video setting will be applied
  - Other - Pin Menu Toolbar setting will be applied
- Dragging and moving items between windows on the primary and secondary target requires a release and press of the mouse button as the item is moved from one window to the other.
- On Linux® and Mac® target servers, when Caps Scroll, and Num Lock is turned on, the Caps Lock indicator in the status bar of the primary port window is displayed, but the indicator may not be displayed in the status bar of the secondary port window.

Permissions and Dual Video Port Group Access

Ideally, the permissions applied to each port in the port group should be the same. If they are not, the permissions of the port with the most restrictive permissions are applied to the port group.

For example, if VM Access Deny is applied to one port and VM Access Read-Write is applied to another port, VM Access Deny is applied to the port group.

If a user does not have the appropriate permissions to access a port that is part of a dual video port group, only the port that they do have permissions to access is displayed. If a user does not have permissions to access either port, access is denied.

A message indicating that the port is either not available or the user does not have permission to access the port is displayed when they try to access it.

Example Dual Port Video Group Configuration

The following is a general example.

Your configuration may vary in the type of CIMs used, the port you designate as the primary port, the ports you are connecting to and so on.

In this example, we are using:

- A target server with two video ports
- Target server video port 1 as the primary port, and target server video port 2 as the secondary port
- A KX3-832 appliance
- A D2CIM-DVUSB-DP CIMs
- A target server and remote PC running AKC
- Intelligent mouse mode

An extended desktop view on the target server and remote client, so we are configuring the KX III to support a "Horizontal - Primary (Left), Secondary (Right)" display orientation.

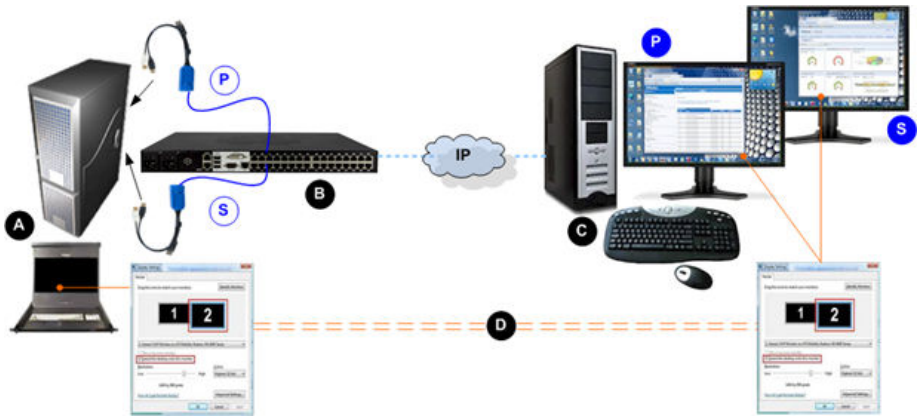


Diagram key	
A	Remote client - configure the dual port video group and display settings
B	KX III
P	Connection from the target's primary (first) video port to the KX III

Diagram key	
S	Connection from the target's secondary (second) video port to the KX III
IP connection between the KX III and remote client	
C	Target server - configure the display settings and launch the dual port video group
D	Display settings are the same on the remote client and target server (recommended)
P	Horizontal - Primary (Left) - defined on the Port Group Management page in KX III
S	Secondary (Right) - defined on the Port Group Management page in KX III

Dual Port Video Configuration Steps

Step 1: Configure the Target Server Display

For information on display orientations and mouse modes, review the previous topics in this section.

Note: See your target server or operating system user documentation for exact steps on configuring display settings.

► *To configure target server display and mouse settings:*

1. At the target server, configure the target server display orientation for each video port to match the display orientation of your remote client.

For example, if you are using an extended desktop orientation moving from left-to-right across two monitors at the remote client, set the target server display orientation to the same.

2. Ensure that your target server's video has already been set to a supported resolution and refresh rate. See: Supported Target Server Video Resolutions (on page 379)

Step 2: Connect the Target Server to the KX III

Dual port video groups can be created from existing port connections, or new port connections.

The steps provided here assume you are creating new connections.

If you are creating a dual port video group from existing connections, see Step 4: Create the Dual Video Port Group (on page 307).

► *To connect the equipment:*

1. Install and power up your target server per the manufacturer's instructions if you have not already done so.
2. Attach each CIM's video connector to each of the target's video output ports, then connect the USB cables to available USB ports on the target.
3. Connect each CIM to the KVM switch using a CAT5/6 cable.
4. If you have not already done so:
   a. Connect to an AC power source using the provided power cable
   b. Connect to the network port and local port (if needed)
   c. Do the initial configurations.
5. Launch a supported web browser.
6. Enter the URL that corresponds to the client you want to use:
   - *http://IP-ADDRESS/akc* for the Active KVM Client from supported Microsoft .Net based environments.

     Or
   - *http://IP-ADDRESS/vkcs* for the standalone Java-based Virtual KVM Client for Chrome, Firefox, and Edge browsers.

     Or
   - *http://IP-ADDRESS/hkc* for the HTML KVM Client.

     Or
   - *http://IP-ADDRESS/*admin for an administration-only client without target access capability. This client does not require .NET or Java.

IP-ADDRESS is the IP address assigned to your KX III

You can also use HTTPS, or the DNS name of the KX III assigned by your administrator (if applicable).

You are always redirected to the IP address from HTTP to HTTPS.

7. Enter your username and password, then click Login.
8. Accept the user agreement (if applicable).
9. If security warnings appear, accept and/or allow access.

Step 3: Configure the Mouse Mode and Ports

Once you have connected the target server through the target server video ports, the connection is detected, and the ports display on the Port Configuration page.

After the ports are configured, they can be grouped in a dual video port group.

Note: Existing ports do not have to be configured if you have already done so when creating dual port video groups. See Creating a Dual Video Port Group (on page 250).

Configure the target server mouse mode after you connect to the target. See Dual Video Port Group Supported Mouse Modes (on page 303).

Step 4: Create the Dual Video Port Group

See: Create Port Groups

Step 5: Launch a Dual Port Video Group

Once you have created the dual video port group, it is available on the Port Access page.

You cannot remotely connect to the dual video port group by clicking on its primary port.

Note: Two KVM channels are required and if not available the Connect link is not displayed.

Session timeouts that are configured on the KX III are applied to both ports of a dual video group.

► *To launch a dual port group:*

- On the Port Access page, click on the primary port name, then click Connect.

Both connections are launched at once and displayed in two different windows.

Once the windows are displayed, they can be moved based on the display setup you are using. For example, if you are using extended desktop mode, the port windows can be moved between monitors.



Client Navigation when Using Dual Video Port Groups

When using full screen mode in the clients, switch between ports by:

- Virtual KVM Client (VKC)
  - Pressing Alt+Tab
  - For Mac® clients, pressing F3, then selecting the port display
- Active KVM Client (AKC)
  - Clicking your mouse outside the display window, then pressing Alt+Tab
- HKC
  - See: HTML KVM Client (HKC) (on page 64).

Direct Port Access and Dual Port Video Groups

Direct Port Access allows users to bypass having to use the KX III's Login dialog and Port Access page.

This feature also provides the ability to enter a username and password directly to proceed to the target, if the username and password is not contained in the URL.

If you are accessing a target that is part of a dual port video group, direct port access uses the primary port to launch both the primary and secondary ports.

Direct port connections to the secondary port are denied, and usual permission rules apply.

For information on the dual port video group feature, see Creating a Dual Video Port Group (on page 250).

For information on direct port access, see: Enabling Direct Port Access via URL (on page 222).

Dual Port Video Groups Displayed on the Ports Page

Note: The dual video primary port is defined when the port group is created.

Note: You cannot remotely connect to the dual video port group by clicking on its primary port.

Note: Two KVM channels are required and if not available the Connect link is not displayed.

For dual video port groups, the primary port is included in a port scan, but the secondary port is not included when connecting from a remote client. Both ports can be included in the scan from the Local Port.

See Working with Target Servers for more information on what is displayed on the Ports page, and see Scanning Ports - Remote Console (on page 343) for information on performing scans.

Command Line Interface (CLI)

In This Chapter

CLI Overview. 310
Accessing the KX III Using CLI. 310
SSH Connection to the KX III. 310
Logging In. 311
Navigating the CLI 311
Initial Configuration Using CLI. 312
CLI Prompts. 313
CLI Commands. 314
Administering the KX III Console Server Configuration Commands. 315
Configuring Network. 315

CLI Overview

The Command Line Interface (CLI) can be used to configure the KX III network interface and perform diagnostic functions, provided you have the appropriate permissions to do so. It can also be accessed via local CLI port of the KX III.

There is a limited set of CLI commands. See: CLI Commands (on page 314) for a list of all the commands, definitions and links to examples.

Accessing the KX III Using CLI

Access the KX III by using one of the following methods:

- SSH (Secure Shell) via IP connection or via connecting at the local serial port

A number of SSH clients are available and can be obtained from the following locations:

- Putty - http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/
- SSH Client from ssh.com - www.ssh.com
- Applet SSH Client - www.netspace.org/ssh
- OpenSSH Client - www.openssh.org

SSH Connection to the KX III

Use any SSH client that supports SSHv2 to connect to the KX III. You must enable SSH access from the Devices Services page.

Note: For security reasons, SSH V1 connections are not supported by the KX III.

SSH Access from a Windows PC

► *To open an SSH session from a Windows® PC:*

1. Launch the SSH client software.
2. Enter the IP address of the KX III server. For example, 192.168.0.192.
3. Choose SSH, which uses the default configuration port 22.
4. Click Open.

The `login as:` prompt appears.

See: Logging In (on page 311).

SSH Access from a UNIX/Linux Workstation

► *To open an SSH session from a UNIX®/Linux® workstation:*

1. Log in as the user `admin`, enter the following command:

```
ssh -l admin <IP address>
```

Enter your password when the `Password` prompt appears.

See: Logging In (on page 311).

Logging In

► *To log in, enter the user name admin as shown:*

1. Log in as `admin`
2. The Password prompt appears. Enter the default password: *raritan*

The welcome message displays. You are now logged on as an administrator.

After reviewing the following Navigating the CLI (on page 311) section, perform the Initial Configuration tasks.

Navigating the CLI

Before using the CLI, it is important to understand CLI navigation and syntax.

There are also some keystroke combinations that simplify CLI use.

Completion of Commands

The CLI supports the completion of partially-entered commands.

After entering the first few characters of an entry, press the Tab key.

- If the characters form a unique match, the CLI will complete the entry.
- If no match is found, the CLI displays the valid entries for that level.
- If multiple matches are found, the CLI displays all valid entries.

Enter additional text to make the entry unique and press the Tab key to complete the entry.

CLI Syntax -Tips and Shortcuts

Tips

- Commands are listed in alphabetical order.
- Commands are not case sensitive.
- Parameter names are a single word without an underscore.
- Commands without arguments default to show current settings for the command.
- Typing a question mark (`?`) after a command produces help for that command.
- A pipe symbol (`[|]`) indicates a choice within an optional or required set of keywords or arguments.

Shortcuts

- Press the Up arrow key to display the last entry.
- Press Backspace to delete the last character typed.
- Press Ctrl + C to terminate a command or cancel a command if you typed the wrong parameters.
- Press Enter to execute the command.
- Press Tab to complete a command. For example, `Admin Port > Conf.` The system then displays the `Admin Port > Config >` prompt.

Common Commands for All Command Line Interface Levels

Following are the commands that are available at all CLI levels. These commands also help navigate through the CLI.

Commands	Description
top	Return to the top level of the CLI hierarchy, or the “username” prompt.
history	Display the last 200 commands the user entered into the KX III CLI.
help	Display an overview of the CLI syntax.
quit	Places the user back one level.
logout	Logs out the user session.

Initial Configuration Using CLI

Note: These steps, which use the CLI, are optional. The same configuration can be done via the Remote or Local Console.

KX III devices come from the factory with default factory settings. When you first power up and connect to the device, you must set the following basic parameters so the device can be accessed securely from the network:

1. Reset the administrator password. All KX III devices are shipped with the same default password. To avoid security breaches you must change the admin password from raritan to a custom password for the administrators who will manage the KX III device.
2. Assign the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway IP address to allow remote access.

Setting Parameters

To set parameters, you must be logged on with administrative privileges.

Setting Network Parameters

Network parameters are configured using the interface command.

IPV4:

config:# network ipv4 interface <interface> [enabled <enabled>] [configMethod <configMethod>] [preferredHostName <prefHostname>] [address <addrCidr>] [gateway <gateway>]

IPV6:

config:# network ipv6 interface <interface> [enabled <enabled>] [configMethod <configMethod>] [preferredHostName <prefHostname>] [address <addrCidr>] [gateway <gateway>]

When the command is accepted, the device automatically drops the connection. You must reconnect to the device using the new IP address and the user name and password you created in the resetting factory default password section.

Important: If the password is forgotten, the KX III will need to be reset to the factory default from the Reset button on the back of the KX III. The initial configuration tasks will need to be performed again if this is done.

The KX III can now has be accessed remotely via SSH or the GUI using the new IP address. The administrator needs to configure the users and groups, services, security, and serial ports to which the serial targets are attached to the KX III.

CLI Prompts

The Command Line Interface prompt indicates the current command level.

The root portion of the prompt is the login name.

The root prompt is "#" or ">". It is the root portion of a command when you establish a direct admin serial port connection via a terminal emulation application.

```
#
```

CLI Commands

To see the available commands type "?"

- `# > ?`

Command	Description
config	Change to config sub menu.
connect	Connect to a port. (Only when DSAM is attached.)
diagnostics	Change to diag sub menu.
help	Display overview of commands.
history	Display the current session's command line history.
listports	List accessible ports.
logout	Logout of the current CLI session.
top	Return to the root menu.
userlist	List active user sessions.
password	Set the current user's password.

- Enter `admin > config > network`.

Command	Description
dns	Display DNS information
ethernetfailover	Enable or disable automatic failover
help	Display overview of commands.
history	Display the current session's command line history.
interface	Set/get network parameters.
ipv6_interface	Set/get IPv6 network parameters.
logout	Logout of the current CLI session.
name	Device name configuration.
quit	Return to previous menu.

Command	Description
top	Return to the root menu.

Security Issues

Elements to consider when addressing security for console servers:

- Encrypting the data traffic sent between the operator console and KX III.
- Providing authentication and authorization for users.
- Security profile.

The KX III supports each of these elements; however, they must be configured prior to general use.

Administering the KX III Console Server Configuration Commands

Note: CLI commands are the same for SSH and Local Port access sessions.

The Network command can be accessed in the Configuration menu for the KX III.

Configuring Network

The network menu commands are used to configure the KX III network adapter.

Commands	Description
interface	Configure the KX III network interface.
name	Network name configuration
ipv6_interface	Set/get IPv6 network parameters.
dns	
ethernetfailover	

Interface Command

The Interface command is used to configure the KX III network interface. The syntax of the interface command is:

```
interface [ipauto <none|dhcp>] [ip <ipaddress>] [if
<lan1|lan2>] [mask <subnetmask>] [gw <ipaddress>]
[mode <mode>]

Set/Get ethernet parameters

ipauto <none|dhcp> IP auto configuration (none/dhcp)
```

```
ip <ipaddress> IP Address

if <lan1|lan2> Interface to configure (lan1/lan2)

mask <subnetmask> Subnet Mask

gw <ipaddress> Gateway IP Address

mode <mode> Set Ehternet Mode (auto/10hdx/10fdx/
100hdx/100fdx/1000fdx)
```

Interface Command Example

The following command enables the interface number 1, sets the IP address, mask, and gateway addresses, and sets the mode to auto detect.

```
Admin > Config > Network > interface ipauto none ip
192.16.151.12 if lan1 mask 255.255.255.0 gw
192.168.51.12 mode auto
```

Name Command

The name command is used to configure the Device Name and preferred hostname. The syntax of the name is:

```
name [devicename <devicename>] [hostname <hostname>]
```

Device name configuration

```
devicename <devicename> Device Name

hostname <hostname> Preferred host name (DHCP only)
```

Name Command Example

The following command sets the device name:

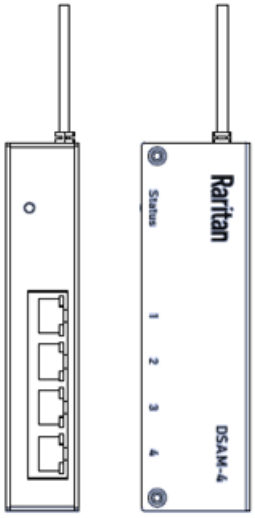
```
Admin > Config > Network > name devicename My-KVM
```

IPv6 Command

Use the IPv6_interface command to set IPv6 network parameters and retrieve existing IPv6 parameters.

```
Ipv6_interface mode enable ipauto none ip
2001:db8:290c:1291::17 prefixlen 128 gw
2001:db8:290c:1291::1
```

Serial Access With Dominion Serial Access Module



Connecting a KX III and a Dominion Serial Access Module (DSAM) provides access to devices such as LAN switches and routers that have a RS-232 serial port.

The DSAM is a 2- or 4 port serial module that derives power from the KX III.

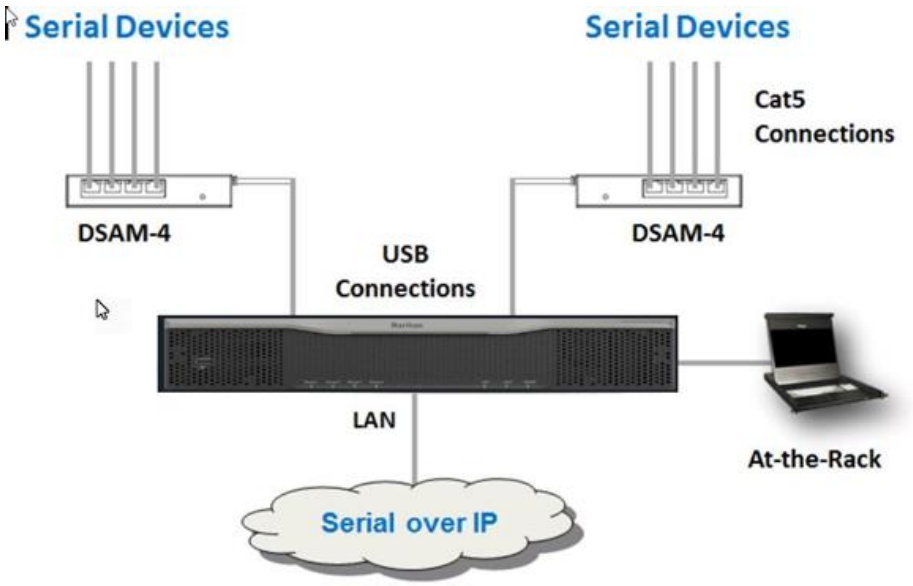
Connect a maximum of 2 DSAM modules to the KX III using USB cables. DSAM can be mounted in a 0U configuration.

In This Chapter

Connect DSAM. 319
View DSAM Serial Ports. 320
Configure DSAM Serial Ports. 321
Serial Port Keyword List. 324
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Connect to DSAM Serial Targets in Port Access Page. 330
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Connect to DSAM Serial Target via SSH. 331
HTML Serial Console (HSC) Help. 331

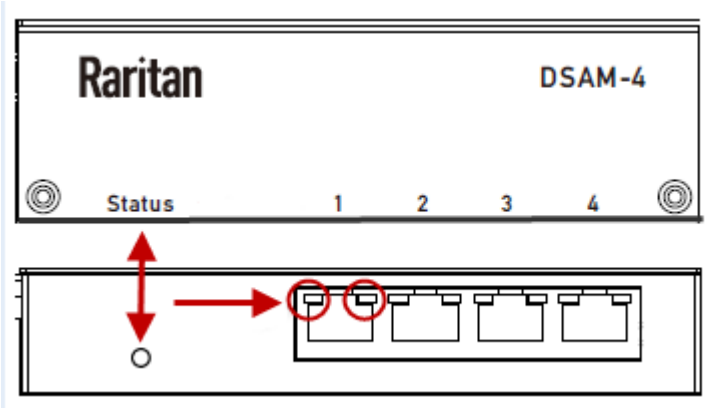
Connect DSAM

1. Connect the DSAM unit's USB cable to the TOP USB port on the rear of KX III device. Additional DSAM units can be added at any other USB port.
2. Connect the serial devices to the serial ports on the DSAM unit.



DSAM LED Operation

The DSAM unit has one LED for status, and 2 LEDs on each port.



► *Status LED:*

The Status LED is labeled on the unit front. Light is on back. The Status LED gives information at bootup and upgrade.

- Green LED - Slow blink: DSAM booting up but not controlled by KX III.
- Blue LED - Slow blink: DSAM controlled by KX III.
- Blue LED - Fast blink: Firmware upgrade in progress.

► *Port LEDs:*

Each port has a left Green LED and a right Yellow LED.

- Green LED: Port is set as DCE
- Yellow LED: Port is set as DTE
- LEDs off: Port is set as AUTO and no target is connected

Supported USB Device Combinations

Each USB device draws from a fixed pool of USB resources. There are limits on the number of USB devices that can be connected to the KX III at the same time.

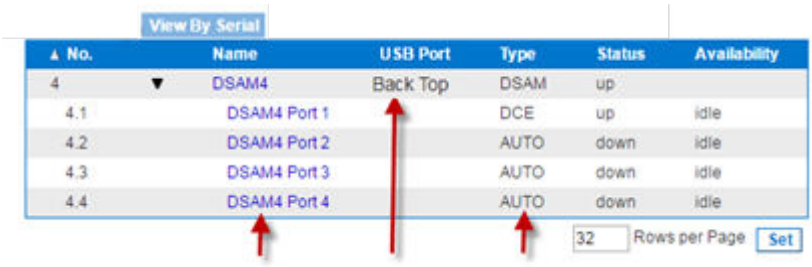
The following device combinations are supported for all KX III hardware versions.

If you have the latest 2020-released KX III hardware, which have a hardware revision number beginning with A or higher, the USB-combination in the last column is supported. Older hardware revision numbers begin with 0-9. To check your hardware version: Go to Maintenance > Device Information > Hardware Revision number.

Device	Combo 1	Combo 2	Combo 3	Combo 4	Combo 5	New KX3 Hardware
4-Port DSAM	X			X		X
4-Port DSAM	X	X	X			X
2-Port DSAM		X	X		X	
2-Port DSAM						
Keyboard and Mouse		X		X	X	X
SmartCard				X	X	X
Wireless Modem			X	X	X	X
DSAM Ports	8	6	6	4	2	8

View DSAM Serial Ports

When a DSAM unit is connected to the KX III, a new tab is available in the Ports page. The View by Serial tab shows all connected serial ports.



► *To view DSAM serial ports:*

In the Port Access page, click the View By Serial tab.

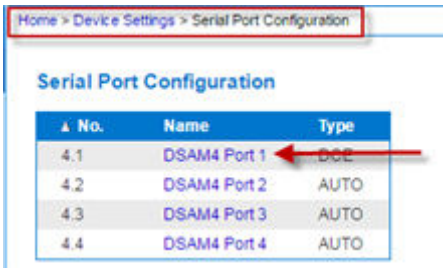
- Ports are listed by physical USB position on the DSAM unit.
- USB Port column indicates which KX III USB port DSAM is plugged into.
- Type column indicates port's DTE/DCE setting.

Configure DSAM Serial Ports

The serial port configuration options are available when a DSAM unit is connected.

► *To configure DSAM serial ports:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Serial Port Configuration.
2. Click the Port Name for the port you want to configure.



3. The Port Type is set to Serial only.
4. Enter a meaningful name for the serial target or leave the default name.



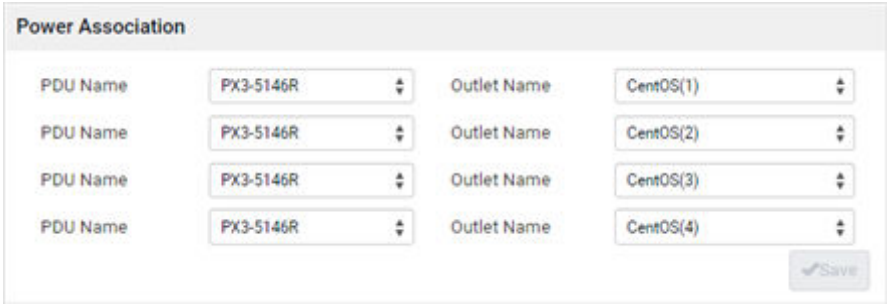
Power Association

If an outlet is connected to the same server that the port is connected to, a power association can be made with the target device.

A port can have up to four associated outlets, and you can associate a different rack PDU (power strip) with each. From this page, you can define those associations so that you can power on, power off, and power cycle the server from the Port Access page.

To use this feature, you need Raritan remote rack PDU(s).

1. Select the Power Strip Name and associate a name with each of the power strip's outlets by selecting from the Outlet Name drop-down.
2. Click OK. A confirmation message is displayed.



Serial Port Settings

Configure the remaining port settings.

1. Select the terminal emulation type from the drop-down menu in the Emulation field. This is the terminal emulation mode used to match the serial targets connected to the ports.
   - VT100
   - VT220
   - VT320
   - ANSI
2. Set Encoding if you want to always use a specific character encoding for this port. Encoding overrides the global setting for the port to whatever value you set.
   - DEFAULT
   - US-ASCII
   - 8BIT-ASCII
   - ISO-8859-1
   - ISO-8859-15
   - UTF-8
   - Shift-JIS
   - EUC-JP
   - EUC-CN
   - EUC-KR
3. In the Equipment Type field, indicate whether you want the KX III to automatically detect a physical connection to the target. The default is Auto Detection.

Force DTE causes KX III to act as a piece of data terminal detection equipment to detect targets connected to it.

Force DCE causes KX III to act as a piece of data communications equipment to detect equipment connected to it.

Note: If the target has the ability to autodetect either DTE or DCE, you must select either Force DTE or Force DCE for the port. KX III does not support autodetection of both DCE and DTE on the same port.

---

4. Select the value of Bits Per Second (BPS) from the BPS drop-down menu.
   - BPS options: 1200, 1800, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400
5. Select the Parity/Bits from the Parity Bits drop-down menu.
6. Select the Flow Control from the Flow Control drop-down menu.
7. Select the Stop Bits from the Stop Bits drop-down menu.
8. If you need to configure the delay between when individual characters are sent via the port, enter the time in milliseconds in the Char Delay field.
9. To configure the delay between when lines of text are sent via the port, enter it in the Line Delay field.
10. Configure the sendbreak duration by entering the send break time in the Send Break Duration field. The send break is configurable from 0ms - 1000ms.
11. Select an option to allow single or multiple writers on a port at one time in the Multiple Writers field.
12. Select Always Active if you want to log activities coming into a port even if no user is connected.

The default option is to not maintain port access without a connected user, which means ignore data coming into a port when no user is connected.

This option is for port data logs.

Note: When no users are logged into a port session, port traffic, by default, is discarded .

---

13. If you do not want messages displayed to users connecting to KX III via Direct Port Access, select the Suppress Message checkbox.
14. Select the Escape Mode.

The escape sequence affects only the CLI. When entering the escape mode, the user is given a menu of commands that can be performed (for example, gethistory, power commands, and so on), a command to return to the port session, and a command to exit the port connection.

The default is None.

Change as follows:

- Select control from the drop-down menu in the Escape Mode field.

15. Type the character in the Escape Character field. The default for the KX III is] (closed bracket).

Raritan recommends that you do not use [or Ctrl-[. Either of these may cause unintended commands, such as invoking the Escape Command unintentionally. This key sequence is also triggered by the arrow keys on the keyboard.

16. Type a command in the Exit Command field, such as `logout`.

This is the command that is sent to your system when a user with write permission disconnects from the port.

The main function of this command is to ensure that the user's session on the target machine is closed; however, it is not imperative to have an Exit command configured on a port.

17. Click OK.

Apply Settings to Other Ports

Once finished, you can apply the same port settings to other ports.

1. Select the ports from the Apply Serial Port Settings To Other Ports section of the page.
2. Click OK to apply the port configuration settings.

Serial Port Keyword List

Port keywords work as a filter. If a keyword is detected, a notification is sent to the following:

- Audit Log
- Syslog Server (if configured)
- SNMP (if configured)
- SMTP (if configured)

This feature is useful for notifying administrators if a particular event occurs on a port.

For keywords to trigger when no users are connected to a port, "Always Active" must be selected on the port's Port Configuration page.

A list of existing port keywords is displayed on the Port Configuration page as well.

► *To configure serial port keywords:*

1. Choose Device Settings > Serial Port Keyword List. The Serial Port Keyword List page opens.
2. Click New at the bottom of list on the page. The Keyword page opens.
3. Type a keyword in the Keyword field.
4. Select the Port(s) you want to associate with that keyword.
5. Click Add to add them to the Selected box.
6. Click OK.

Upgrade DSAM Firmware

DSAM firmware is upgraded automatically during KX III device firmware upgrades if a new DSAM version is detected in the device firmware. You can also upgrade your DSAM firmware manually.

► *To upgrade the DSAM firmware manually:*

1. Choose Maintenance > DSAM Firmware Upgrade.
2. Select the checkboxes for the DSAM units you want to upgrade to the Upgrade DSAM Version listed.
3. Click Upgrade, then click OK to confirm. A progress message appears.
4. When firmware upgrade completes, a success message appears.

Supported CLI Commands

Port Connect Commands

Connect to a serial port using port number or port name. Use double quotes around port names that contain space symbols. For example: "DSAM Port 1".

```
admin > connect <port number>
```

admin > connect <port name>

- *Port number example:*

```
admin > connect 1.1
```

- *Port name example:*

```
admin > connect "DSAM Port 1"
```

Port Sub-Menu Commands

The port sub-menu can be reached using the escape key sequence.

Clear history buffer for this port.

```
admin > [portname] > clearhistory
```

Close this target connection. When a target is disconnected, the appropriate disconnect message appears.

```
admin > [portname] > close, quit, q
```

Display the history buffer for this port.

```
admin > [portname] > gethistory
```

Get write access for the port.

```
admin > [portname] > getwrite
```

Return to the target session.

```
admin > [portname] > return
```

Send a break to the connected target.

```
admin > [portname] > sendbreak
```

Lock write access to this port.

```
admin > [portname] > writelock
```

Unlock write access to this port.

```
admin > [portname] > writeunlock
```

Query Power status of this port.

```
admin > [portname] > powerstatus
```

Toggle Power On/Off of this port.

```
admin > [portname] > powertoggle
```

Power on the target.

```
admin > [portname] > poweron
```

Power off the target.

```
admin > [portname] > poweroff
```

Power cycle the target.

```
admin > [portname] > powercycle
```

Configure Ports Commands

Enter `admin >` to access the menu.

Command	Description	Parameters
`listports`	List accessible ports	NA

Enter `admin > config > port` to access the menu.

Command	Description	Parameters
`config port`		• port <number | range | *> - Single port or range of ports (1-n or 1,3,4 or * for all ports) • name <port name> - Port name • bps <1200 | 1800 | 2400 | 4800 | 9600 | 19200 | 38400 | 57600 | 115200 | 230400> - Port speed in bits-per-second • parity <none|even|odd> - Port parity type • flowcontrol <none|hw|sw> - Port flowcontrol type hw = hardware flow control sw =X on/X off) • eqtype <auto|dte|dce> - Equipment type (auto=>AUTO Detection, dte=>Force DTE, dce=>Force DCE) • Note: If the target has the ability to autodetect either DTE or DCE, you must select either Force DTE or Force DCE for the port. KX III does not support autodetection of both DCE and DTE on the same port. • escapemode <none|control> - Use Ctrl-key (escapemode=control) or single key (escapemode=none) as escape sequence; for example, Ctrl- => escapemode=control, escapechar= escapechar char-Escape character • Raritan recommends that you do not use or Ctrl- as the Escape command. Either of these may cause unintended commands, such as opening a menu, instead of invoking the Escape Command. • emulation <vt100 | vt220 | vt320 | ansi> - Target Emulation type • sendbreak <duration> - Duration of the sendbreak signal in milliseconds. • exitstring <cmd #delay; > - Execute exit string when port session closes, for example, config port 1 exitstring logout (execute logout on exit) config port 1 exitstring #0 (disable exit string for the port). The delay is the amount of time to wait after writing the command to the target. Number in seconds up to 60. • alwaysactive <true | false> - Determine whether data coming into a port is logged, for example, config port 1 alwaysactive true (always log activities coming into a port even if no user is connected) config port 1 alwaysactive false (ignore data coming into a port when no user is connected) • suppress - Determine whether none or all messages should be displayed during a DPA connection, such as "Authentication successful" • encoding - Target Encoding type (DEFAULT|US-ASCII|ISO-8859-1|ISO-8859-15|UTF-8|Shift-JIS|EUC-JP|EUC-CN|EUC-KR|8BIT-ASCII) • multiwrite - Port set in Multiple Writer Mode. • chardelay delay - Delay inserted between writing characters (0-9999ms) • linedelay delay - Delay inserted between writing lines (0-9999ms) • stopbits - Number of bits used to signal the end of a character (usually 1) (1/2) • stopbits <1/2> -Number of bits used to signal the end of a character • chardelay - Delay inserted between characters (0-9999) in ms • linedelay - Delay inserted between lines (0-9999) in ms • escapechar - Escape character • encoding - <DEFAULT/US-ASCII/ISO-8859-1/ISO-8859-15/UTF-8/Shift-JIS/EUC-JP/EUC-CN/EUC-KR/8BIT-ASCII> - Target encoding type • multiwrite <true/false> - Port set in multiple writer mode • suppress <true/false> - Suppress SX messages when connecting to this target(true/false) • sendbreak - Duration of sendbreak signal in ms

Command Line Interface Shortcuts

- Press the Up arrow key to display the last entry.
- Press Backspace to delete the last character typed.
- Press Ctrl + C to terminate a command or cancel a command if you typed the wrong parameters.
- Press Enter on your keyboard to execute the command.
- Press Tab on your keyboard to complete a command. Tab also completes parameters and values (if the value is part of an enumerated set).

Command Line Interface High-Level Commands

The CLI is menu based. Some commands move to a menu with a different command set.

The following common commands can be used at all levels of the command line interface (CLI):

- `top` – Return to the top level of the CLI hierarchy, or the `username` prompt.
- `history` – Displays the last 200 commands the user entered into the KX III CLI.
- `logout` – Logs the user out of the current session.
- `quit` – Moves the user back one level in the CLI hierarchy.
- `help` - Displays an overview of the CLI syntax.

Supported Escape Key Characters

The default escape key is CTRL]

The following characters are supported for customized escape keys.

- A-Z
- a-z
- [ ]
- { }
- ^
- _
- \
- |

Browser Tips for HSC

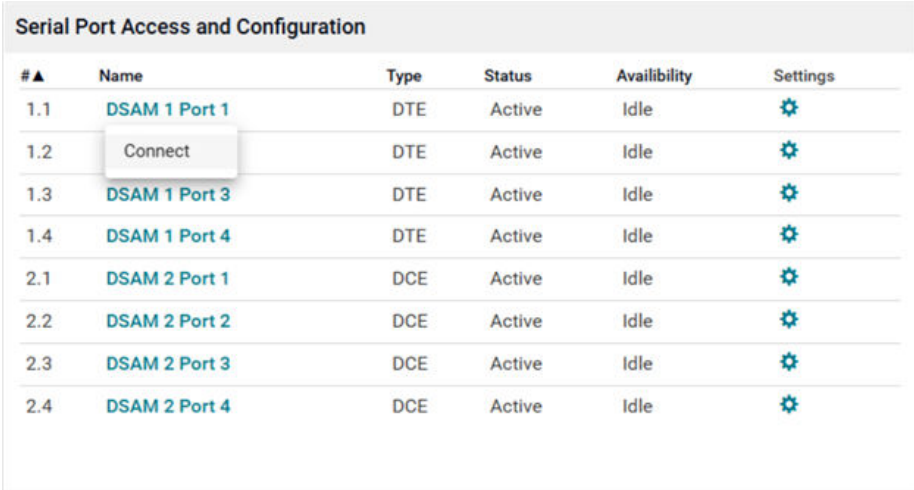
Some browsers have limitations that affect HSC.

- Edge & Chrome, disabling the background throttling to prevent background tabs from disconnecting after a certain amount of time. Go to chrome://flags, then search for "throttle". Set "Throttle Javascript timers in backgound" and "Calculate window occlusion on Windows" to "Disabled". Restart chrome to apply settings.
- Browser option to select certificate for authentication displayed on Edge and Chrome after session is idle for about 5 minutes, due to internal browser SSL caching and timeouts. If certificate is selected promptly, reconnection is successful. With longer idle times, authentication is not successful, and the browser should be restarted to reconnect. Issue is not observed in Firefox.
- Edge has an internal limitation on the number of websockets that are allowed to be created to a single server (6). This can be changed by modifying a registry variable as shown here : https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee330736(v=vs.85).aspx#websocket_maxconn.
- Edge,and Safari have a limitation when connecting to IPv6 devices. Using the numerical URL will not work when it attempts to establish a websocket connection. In these browsers, use the device hostname or literal IPv6 as UNC to connect to the SX II. See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IPv6_address#Literal_IPv6_addresses_in_UNC_path_names
- When using HSC in IOS Safari, the keyboard may not appear in some pages if the "request desktop website" setting is enabled. To change the setting, go to Settings > Safari >Request Desktop Website, then make sure All Websites is not selected, and the device address is not selected. You can also set this per address by clicking the "aA" in Safari's URL pane when connected to the HSC port, then select "Website Settings" and make sure that "Request Desktop Website" is not selected.

Connect to DSAM Serial Targets in Port Access Page

► *To connect to DSAM serial targets:*

1. In the Port Access page, click the View By Serial tab to view the serial targets.
2. Click the port name you want to connect to. Click Connect.



3. The HTML Serial Console (HSC) window opens. See HTML Serial Console (HSC) Help (on page 331)



4. To exit the serial port, hit the hot-key. Default hot key is Scrolllock-Scrollock.

Connect to DSAM Serial Target with URL Direct Port Access

1. Choose Security > KVM Security, then select the Enable Direct Port Access via URL checkbox.
2. To connect with direct port access, type the URL:

"https://<IP Address>/dpa.asp?port=<serial port number>&username=<user name>&password=<password>"

Example: https://192.168.51.101/dpa.asp?port=1.4&username=admin&password=raritan0

---

3. HTML Serial Client (HSC) launches and connects to the serial target.

Connect to DSAM Serial Target via SSH

1. Choose Device Settings > Device Services, then select the Enable SSH checkbox.
2. Launch SSH client in client PC to connect to KX III.
3. After login, user will enter CLI interface.
4. Type command "connect <serial port number>", or type command "connect <name of serial port>".

Example-1: connect 4.1

Example-2: connect "DSAM4 Port1"

---

5. If successful, serial target is accessed.
6. To exit serial target, type escape-key-sequence, default is Ctrl-], then enter port sub-menu CLI interface.
7. Type "quit", then enter main CLI interface.

HTML Serial Console (HSC) Help

When you click Help it displays copyright and privacy statement information.

HSC Functions

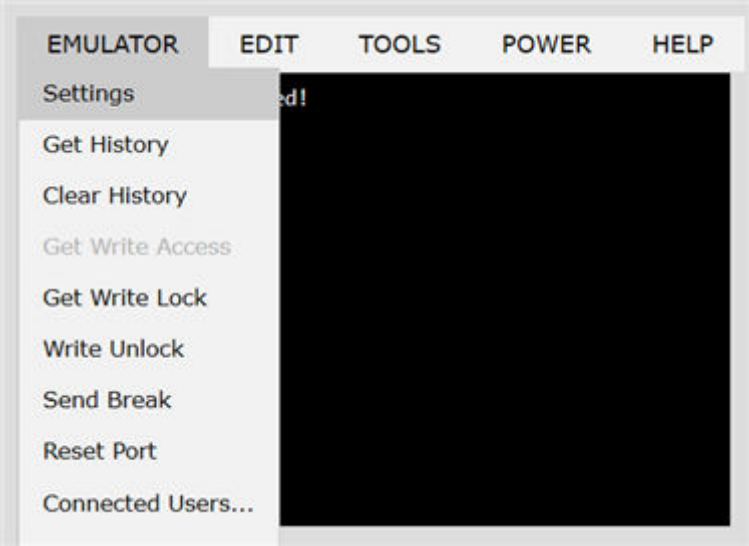
Emulator

IMPORTANT:

- HSC sessions are affected by the KX III Idle Timeout.
- If you have not changed the KX III Idle Timeout setting from the default, your session could be closed automatically if it exceeds the Idle Timeout period.
- Change the default Idle Timeout setting and then launch the HSC. See Login Limitations for details on changing the Idle Timeout setting.

Access Emulator Options

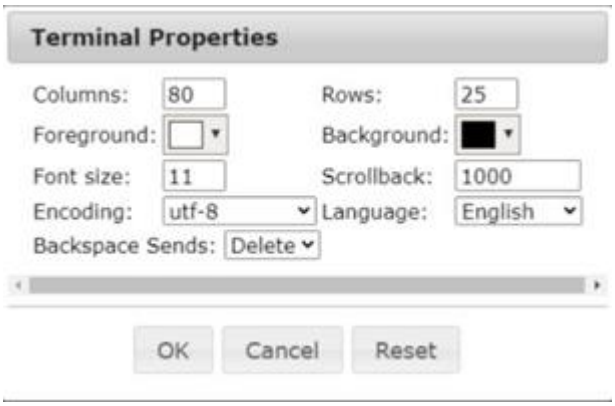
1. Select the Emulator drop-down menu to display a list of options.



Settings

Note:
KX3 administrators can set Terminal emulation settings in Setup > Serial Port Configuration.
KX4-101 and KX3G2 administrators can set terminal emulation settings in DSAM Serial Ports > Settings.
SX2 administrators can set terminal emulation settings in Device Settings > Port Configuration.

1. Choose Emulator > Settings. The Terminal Properties dialog displays the default settings.



2. Set the terminal size by selecting the number of Columns and Rows. Default is 80 by 25.
3. Set the Foreground and Background colors. Default is white on black.
4. Set the Font size. Default is 11.
5. Set the Scrollback number to indicate the number of lines available for scrolling.
6. Choose one of the following from the Encoding drop-down menu:
   - UTF-8
   - 8BIT-ASCII
   - ISO-8859-1
   - ISO-8859-15
   - Shift-JIS
   - EUC-JP
   - EUC-KR
7. Choose one of the following from the Language drop-down menu:
   - English
   - Japanese
   - Korean
   - Chinese
   - Bulgarian
8. The Backspace Sends default is ASCII DEL, or you can choose Control-H from the Backspace Sends drop-down menu.
9. Click OK to save. If you changed the Language setting, the HSC changes to that language when the Display Settings window is closed.

The emulator settings are saved on a per port basis in the browser used for HSC, so make sure your browser is not set to delete history on exit.

Get History

History information can be useful when debugging, troubleshooting, or administering a target device. The Get History feature:

- Allows you to view the recent history of console sessions by displaying the console messages to and from the target device.
- Displays up to 512KB of recent console message history. This allows a user to see target device events over time.

When the size limit is reached, the text wraps, overwriting the oldest data with the newest.

Notes: History data is displayed only to the user who requested the history.

To view the Session History, choose Emulator > Get History.

Clear History

- To clear the history, choose Emulator > Clear History.

Get Write Access

Only users with permissions to the port get Write Access. The user with Write Access can send commands to the target device. Write Access can be transferred among users working in the HSC via the Get Write Access command.

To enable Write Access, choose Emulator > Click Get Write Access.

- You now have Write Access to the target device.
- When another user assumes Write Access from you:
  - The HSC displays a red block icon before Write Access in the status bar.
  - A message appears to the user who currently has Write Access, alerting that user that another user has taken over access to the console.

Get Write Lock

Write lock prevents other users from taking the write access while you are using it.

1. To get write lock, choose Emulator > Get Write Lock.
2. If Get Write Lock is not available, a request rejected message appears.

Write Unlock

To get Write Unlock, choose Emulator > Write Unlock.

Send Break

Some target systems such as Sun Solaris servers require the transmission of a null character (Break) to generate the OK prompt. This is equivalent to issuing a STOP-A from the Sun keyboard.

Only users with Write Access privileges can send a break.

To send an intentional “break” to a Sun Solaris server:

1. Verify that you have Write Access. If not, follow the instructions in the previous section to obtain write access.
2. Choose Emulator > Send Break. A Send Break Ack (Acknowledgement) message appears.
3. Click OK.

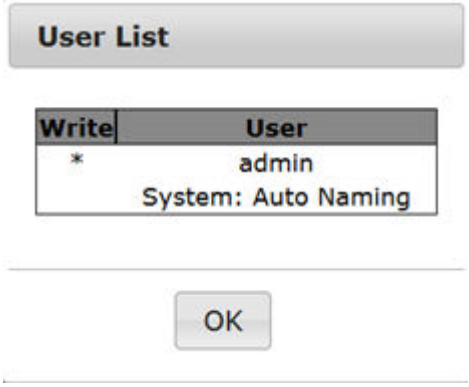
Reset Port

Reset Port resets the physical serial port on the SX2 and re-initializes it to the configured values regarding bps/bits, and so on.

Connected Users

The Connected Users command allows you to view a list of other users who are currently connected on the same port.

1. Choose Emulator > Connected Users.



2. A star appears in the Write column for the User who has Write Access to the console.

Exit

1. Choose Emulator > Exit to close the HSC.

Copy and Paste and Copy All

Data on the current visible page can be selected for copying. Copy and Paste are accessible in the HSC by right click in the terminal window. Select Copy or Paste in the context menu that appears.

To copy all text, use the Copy All option in the Edit menu.

If you need to paste a large amount of data, it is better to save the data in a file and use the Send a Text File function. Pasting a large amount of data in a browser windows can cause the browser to hang as it processes the data. See Send Text File (on page 336).

When pasting data to a port, the end of a line is sent as a carriage return.

The Cut option on the right-click menu is disabled.

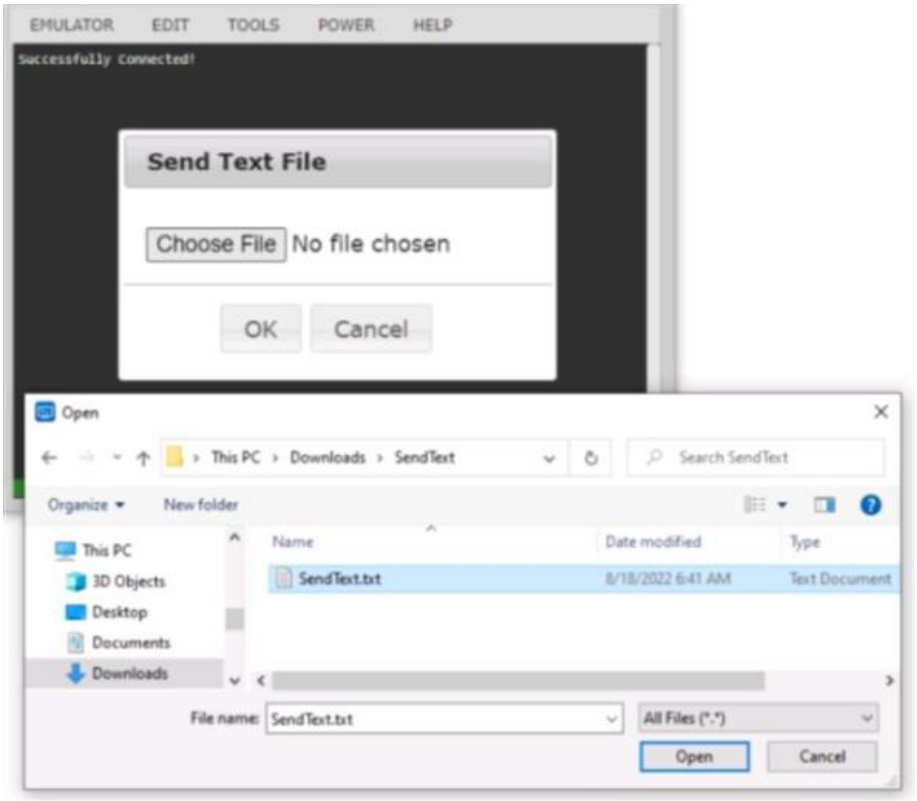
Do not use the Delete option that appears in the right-click menu of IE and some versions of Firefox. This Delete option will remove display lines entirely from the emulator window.

► *Browser-specific behaviors*

When copying from IE or Edge browsers, there are no end of line characters in the copied data. The pasted data appears to be all in one line and contains many spaces. When pasting back into a HSC window, the data may appear to be misaligned, but the data is complete.

Send Text File

1. Select Edit> Send Text File.
2. In the Send Text File dialog, click Browse to find the text file.
3. Click OK.
   - When you click OK, the selected file sends directly to the port.
   - If there is currently no target connected, nothing is visible on the screen.



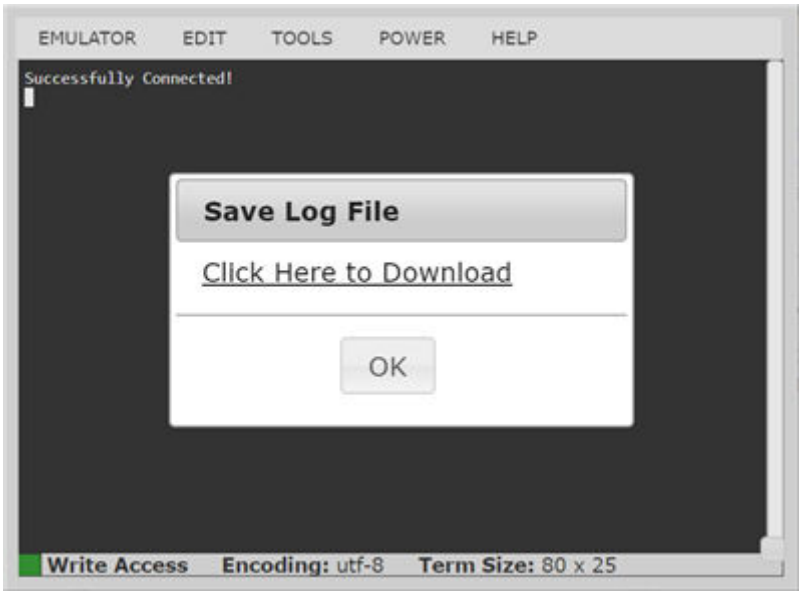
► *Note, if you are using a Mac® and/or Safari®, do the following in order to use this feature:*

1. In Safari, select Preferences.
2. Under the Security tab, select "Manage Website Settings"
3. Click on the KX III website.
4. Select "Run in unsafe mode" from the drop-down box.
5. Restart Safari.

Tools: Start and Stop Logging

The Tools menu contains options for creating a data history file and downloading it.

1. Choose Tools > Start Logging to start the storage of serial port data in memory.
2. Click Stop Logging to save the log file. A pop up message appears with a download link. Click to download the memory buffer into a text file.

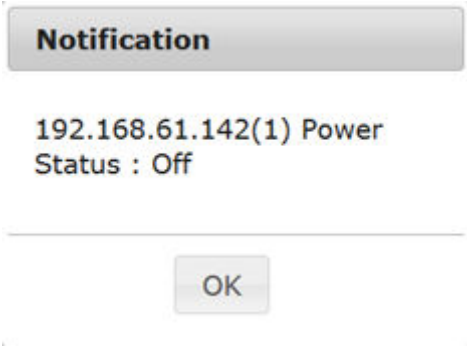


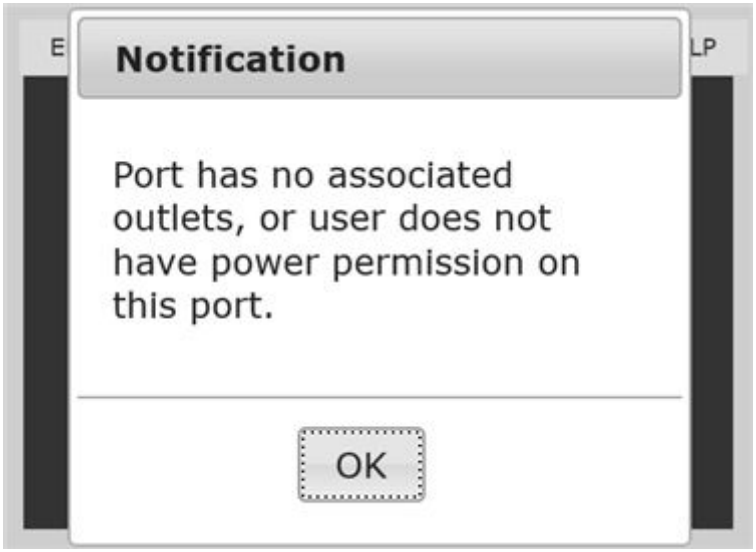
Power Status

Power Status in HSC shows the status of the outlet the target is plugged into.

1. Choose Power > Power Status.
2. The Notification dialog shows the status of the outlet as ON or OFF.

Status may also show no associated outlet, or no power permission to the port.



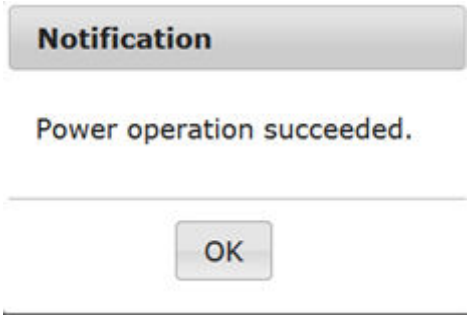


Power on a Target

Use this option to power on a target from HSC.

This option is visible only when there are one or more power associations to the target, and when you have permission to manage the target's power.

1. Select Power> Power On.
2. Click OK in the success message.

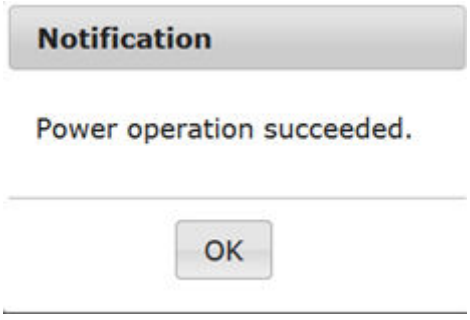


Power Off a Target

Use this option to power off a target from HSC.

This option is visible only when there are one or more power associations to the target, and when you have permission to manage the target's power.

1. Select Power> Power Off.
2. Click OK in the success message.



Power Cycle a Target

Power cycling allows you to turn a target off and then back on through the outlet it is plugged into.

This option is visible only when -

- there are one or more power associations to the target
- the target is already powered on (the port status us Up)
- you have permission to manage the target's power

1. Choose Power> Power Cycle.
2. Click OK in the success message.

Dominion User Station

To use a standalone appliance for remote access to KX III target servers instead of using the VKC or AKC clients on a PC or laptop, purchase Dominion User Stations from Raritan. The User Station is perfect for environments like labs, studios and control rooms where a PC or laptop is not wanted.

This chapter provides a brief introduction to the User Station. For detailed information, refer to the user documentation from the User Station's section on the Raritan website's Support page.

In This Chapter

Overview. 340
User Station Photo and Features. 340
Operating the User Station. 341

Overview

The Dominion User Station is designed to access servers and computer devices connected to KX III's from your LAN/WAN networks. ALL KX III models are supported. KX III Release 3.10.0 and above is required.

User Station Photo and Features

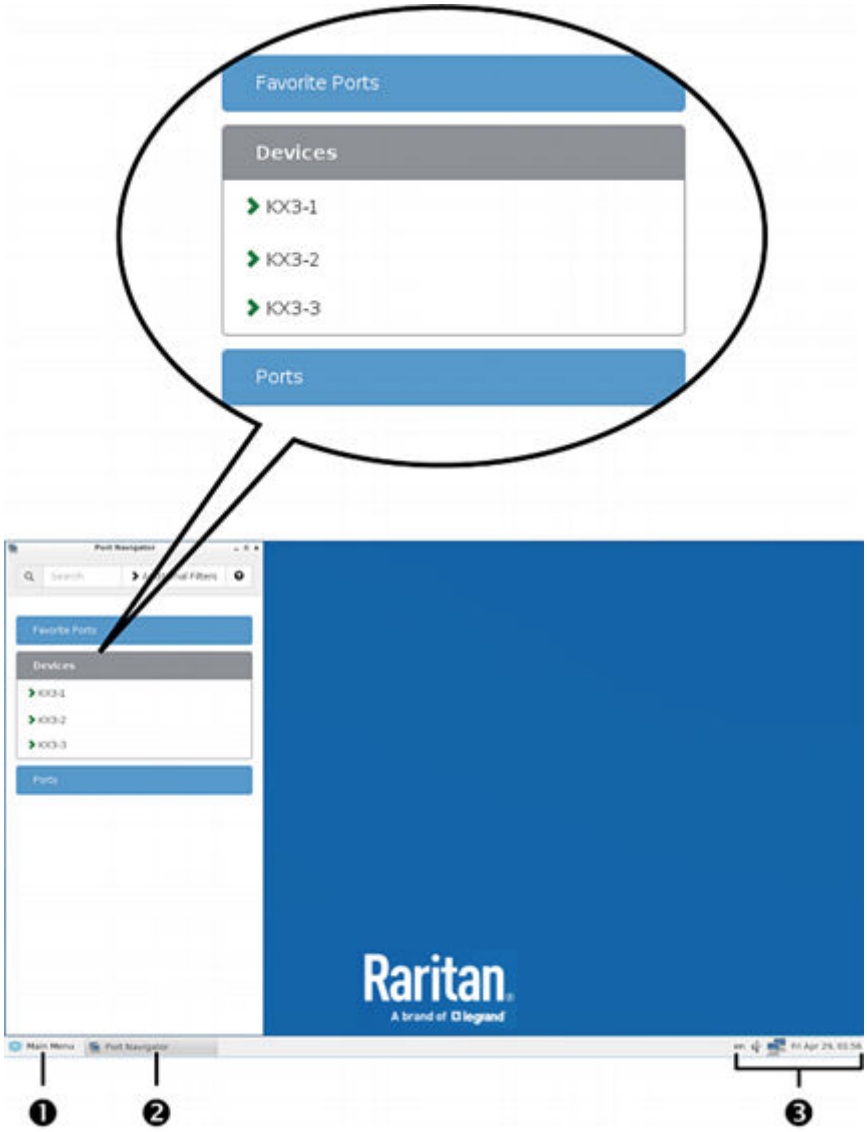


- Supports up to 4 monitors
- Three 1080p streaming video sessions at 30 FPS
- Supports USB-C, VGA, DVI, HDMI and DisplayPort video
- Favorites and hot-key switching
- Access hundreds of servers
- 1 Gigabit and 2.5 Gigabit ethernet ports
- Self-contained, low maintenance appliance
- Desktop, rack and VESA mountable

Operating the User Station

1. Have the required equipment properly connected to the User Station.
   a. Power OFF all devices.
   b. Connect a USB keyboard, mouse and monitors to the User Station.
   c. Connect the User Station to the LAN/WAN network.
2. Power on and log in to the User Station.
   - For initial login, use Raritan's default username and password: `admin` and `raritan`.
3. Add KX III's data. See: Logging In to KX III (on page 107).

4. The added KX III's are displayed in the Port Navigator window.



5. Click a KX III to show a list of its servers.
6. Click a target server, and a KVM Client opens, showing the target video. Now you can control the target with the attached keyboard and mouse.

For detailed information, refer to the user documentation from the User Station's section on the Raritan website's Support page.

KX III Remote Console

In This Chapter

Overview. 343
Scanning Ports - Remote Console. 343
Changing a Password. 347
Managing Favorites. 347

Overview

When you log in to the KX III using a network connection, you access the Remote Console. The first page accessed is the Port Access page.

See: Logging In to KX III and KVM Ports

Use the Remote Console to access and scan target servers, manage favorites, and change your password.

For more in the Remote Console interface elements, see: KX III Remote Console Interface

Scanning Ports - Remote Console

Use the port scanning feature to search for selected targets and display them in individual thumbnails as part of a slide show.

This feature allows you to monitor up to 32 targets at one time since you can view each target server individually as it is displayed during the slide show.

Connect to targets or focus on a specific target as needed.

For dual video port groups, the primary port is included in a port scan, but the secondary port is not included when connecting from a remote client. Both ports can be included in the scan from the Local Port.

Note: The scan port feature is available from the Remote Console and Local Console, but the feature varies slightly.

Scanning Ports Slide Show - Remote Console

When you start a scan, the Port Scan window opens.

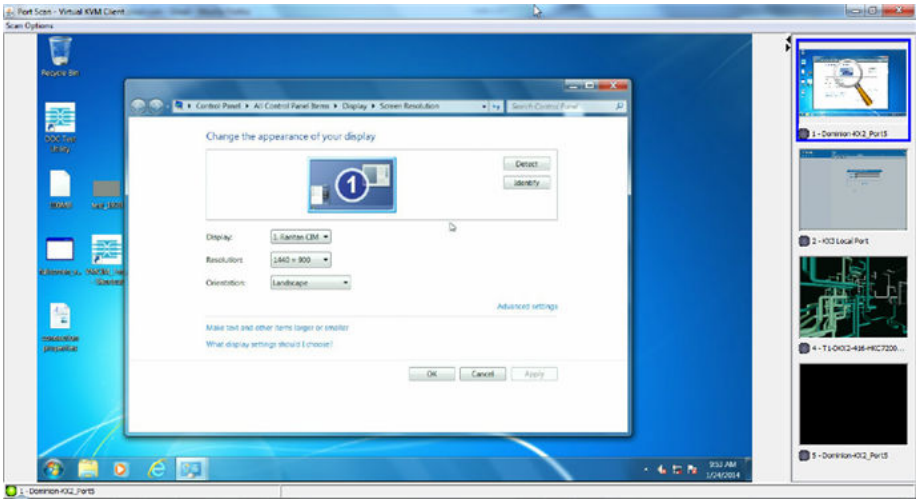
As each target is found, it is displayed as a thumbnail in a slide show.

The slide show scrolls through the target thumbnails based on the default interval of 10 seconds or according to the interval you specify.

As the scan scrolls through the targets, the target that is the focus of the slide show displays in the center of the page.

The name of the target is displayed above its thumbnail.

If a target is busy, a blank screen is displayed instead of the target server access page.



Configure scan settings for the Remote Console in the KVM client.

Note: Scan port settings for the Local Console are configured on the Local Port Settings page. See Scanning Ports - Local Console (on page 354)

Target Status Indicators During Port Scanning - Remote Console

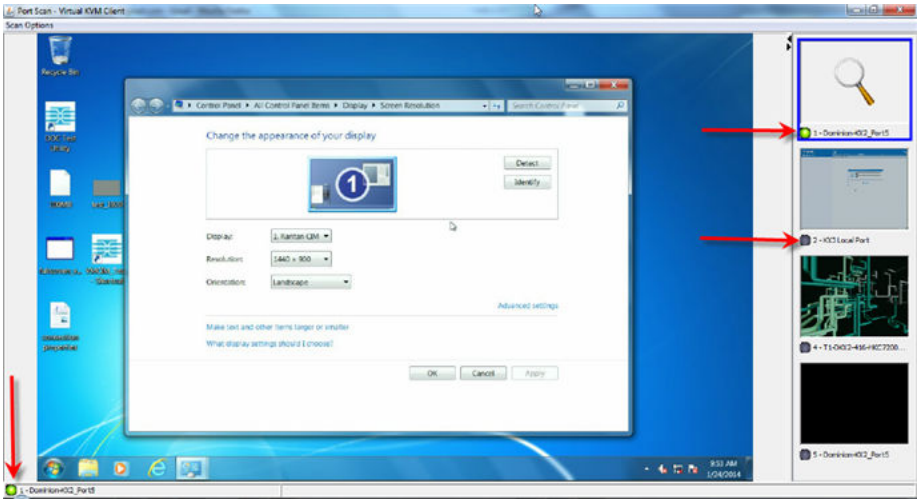
The status of each target is indicated by green, yellow and red lights that are displayed below the target thumbnail.

As the target is the focus of the rotation, the indicator is in the task bar also shows the status.

Lights for each target are gray until they are the focus of the slide show.

The status lights indicate the following:

- Green - the target is up/idle or up/connected
- Yellow - the target is down but connected
- Red - the target is down/idle, busy, or otherwise not accessible



Using Scan Port Options

Following are options available to you while scanning targets.

With the exception of the Expand/Collapse icon, all of these options are selected from the Options menu in the upper left of the Port Scan viewer.

The options will return to their defaults when you close the window.

Note: Configure scan settings such as the display interval from the KVM Client.

► *Hide or View Thumbnails*

- Use the Expand/Collapse icon  at the upper left of the window to hide or view thumbnails. Expanded is the default view.

► *Pause the Thumbnail Slide Show*

- Pause thumbnails from rotating between one target and the next by selecting Options > Pause. Rotating thumbnails is the default setting.

► *Resume the Thumbnail Slide Show*

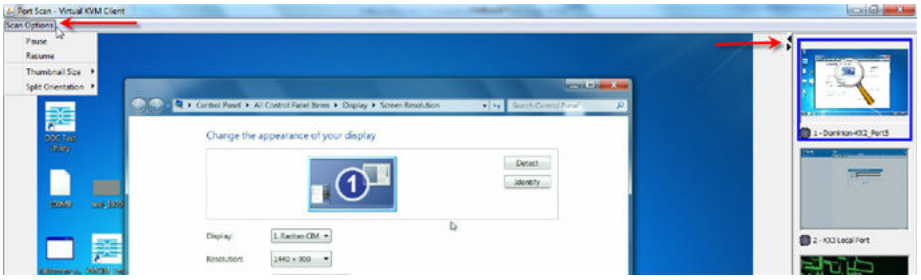
- Resume the thumbnail rotation by selecting Options > Resume.

► *Size the Thumbnails in the Port Scan Viewer*

- Enlarge the size of the thumbnails by selecting Options > Size > 360x240.
- Minimize the size of the thumbnails by selection Options > Size > 160x120. This is the default thumbnail size.

► *Change the Orientation of the Port Scan Viewer*

- View thumbnails along the bottom of the Port Scan viewer by selecting Options > Split Orientation > Horizontal.
- View thumbnails along the right of the Port Scan viewer by selecting Options > Split Orientation > Vertical. This is the default view.



Scan for Targets

► *To scan for targets:*

1. Click the Set Scan tab on the Port Access page.
2. Select the targets you want to include in the scan by selecting the checkbox to the left of each target, or select the checkbox at the top of the target column to select all targets.
3. Leave the Up Only checkbox selected if you only want targets that are up to be included in the scan. Deselect this checkbox if you want to include all targets, whether up or down.
4. Click Scan to begin the scan.

As each target is scanned, it is displayed in slide show view on the page.

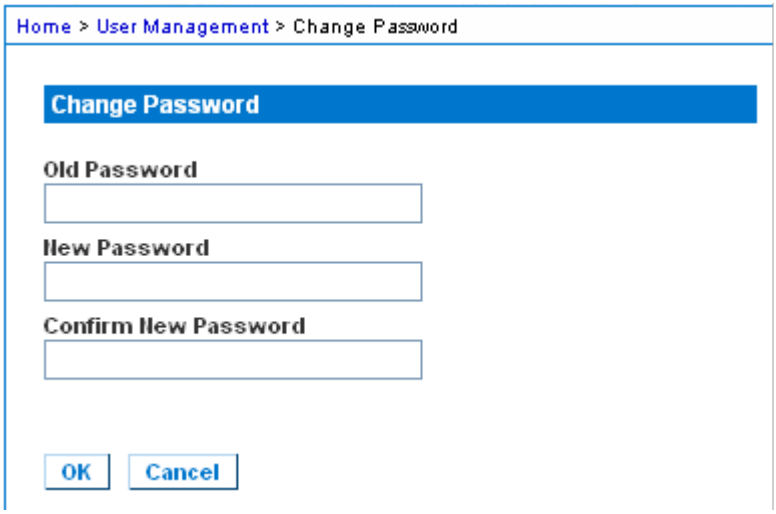
1. Click Options > Pause to pause the slide show and stop it from moving between targets, click Options > Resume to resume the slide show.
2. Click on a target thumbnail to scan it next.
3. Connect to a target by double clicking on its thumbnail.

Changing a Password

► *To change your KX III password:*

1. Choose User Management > Change Password. The Change Password page opens.
2. Type your current password in the Old Password field.
3. Type a new password in the New Password field. Retype the new password in the Confirm New Password field. Passwords can be up to 64 characters in length and can consist of English alphanumeric characters and special characters.
4. Click OK.
5. You will receive confirmation that the password was successfully changed. Click OK.

Note: If strong passwords are in use, this page displays information about the format required for the passwords. For more information about passwords and strong passwords, see Strong Passwords (on page 258).



Managing Favorites

A Favorites feature is provided so you can organize and quickly access the devices you use frequently.

The Favorite Devices section is located in the lower left sidebar of the Port Access page and provides the ability to:

- Create and manage a list of favorite devices
- Quickly access frequently-used devices
- List your favorites either by Device Name, IP Address, or DNS hostname
- Discover KX III devices on its subnet
- Retrieve discovered KX III devices from the connected Dominion device

---

Note: Due to browser limitations, HKC does not support Favorites.

Enable Favorites

- Click Enable in the Favorite Devices section of the left panel of the KX III interface, below Online Help.

Access and Display Favorites

► *To access a favorite KX III devices:*

- Click on a KX III listed beneath Favorite Devices in the left of the Remote Console.

► *To display favorites by Name, IP Address or Host Name:*

- Click Display by Name, Display by IP, or Display by Host Name.



Discovering Devices on the Local Subnet

This option discovers KX III devices on your local subnet. This is the subnet where the KX III Remote Console is running.

These devices can be accessed directly from this page or you can add them to your list of favorites.

► *To discover devices on the local subnet:*

1. Choose Manage > Discover Devices - Local Subnet. The Discover Devices - Local Subnet page appears.
2. Choose the appropriate discovery port:
   - To use the default discovery port, select the Use Default Port 5000 checkbox.
   - To use a different discovery port:
     a. Deselect the Use Default Port 5000 checkbox.
     b. Type the port number in the Discover on Port field.
     c. Click Save.
3. Click Refresh. The list of devices on the local subnet is refreshed.

► *To add devices to your Favorites List:*

1. Select the checkbox next to the device name/IP address.
2. Click Add.

► *To access a discovered device:*

- Click the device name or IP address for that device. A new browser opens to that device.

Discovering Devices on the KX III Subnet

This feature is only available in the Java client , RSC.

This option discovers KX III devices on the device subnet. This is the subnet of the KX III device's IP address.

You can access these devices directly from the Subnet page or add them to your list of favorites.

This feature allows multiple KX III devices to interoperate and scale automatically.

The KX III Remote Console automatically discovers the KX III devices, and any other Raritan device, in the subnet of the KX III.

► *To discover devices on the device subnet:*

1. Choose Manage > Discover Devices - KX III Subnet.



The Discover Devices - KX III Subnet page appears.

2. Click Refresh. The list of devices on the local subnet is refreshed.

► *To add devices to your Favorites List:*

1. Select the checkbox next to the device name/IP address.
2. Click Add.

► *To access a discovered device:*

- Click the device name or IP address for that device. A new browser opens to that device.

KX III Local Console

The Local Console interface provides access to the KX III while at the rack.

This section contains help on tasks performed by end users at the Local Console.

In This Chapter

Overview. 351
Accessing a Target Server. 351
Local Console Video Resolution Behavior. 351
Simultaneous Users. 352
Local Port Hot Keys and Connect Keys. 352
Scanning Ports - Local Console. 354
Local Console Smart Card Access. 356
Local Console USB Profile Options. 358
KX III Local Console Factory Reset. 358
Resetting the KX III Using the Reset Button. 358

Overview

Accessing a Target Server

► *To access a target server:*

1. Click the Port Name of the target you want to access. The Port Action Menu is displayed.
2. Choose Connect from the Port Action menu. The video display switches to the target server interface.

Local Console Video Resolution Behavior

By default, monitors are typically set to the highest resolution they support.

Once a monitor is connected to the KX III Local Console, KX III detects the monitor's native resolution. As long as the native resolution is supported by the Local Console, KX III uses that resolution.

If the native resolution is not supported by the Local Console, and no other resolution is supported by the monitor and Local Console, KX III uses the resolution of the last monitor that was connected to the Local Console.

For example, you connect a monitor set to a resolution of 1600x1200@60Hz to the KX III Local Console. KX III uses that resolution since it is supported by the Local Console.

If the next monitor you connect to the Local Console is not set to a supported resolution, KX III uses the resolution of 1024x768@60.

For a list of supported Local Console video resolutions, see KX III Supported Local Port DVI Resolutions (on page 380).

Simultaneous Users

The KX III Local Console provides an independent access path to the connected KVM target servers.

Using the Local Console does not prevent other users from simultaneously connecting over the network. And even when remote users are connected to the KX III, you can still simultaneously access your servers from the rack via the Local Console.

Local Port Hot Keys and Connect Keys

Because the KX III Local Console interface is completely replaced by the interface for the target device you are accessing, a hot key is used to disconnect from a target and return to the local port GUI.

A connect key is used to connect to a target or switch between targets.

The Local Port hot key allows you to rapidly access the KX III Local Console user interface when a target device is currently being viewed.

See Select the Local Port Hotkey (on page 215), Select the Local Port Hotkey (on page 301) and Select the Local Port Connect Key (on page 216), Select the Local Port Connect Key (on page 301) for more information.

Return to the Local Console from a Target Device - Default Hot Key

- Press the Scroll Lock hot key twice rapidly
  The video display switches from the target device interface to the KX III Local Console interface.

Local Port Auto-Sense (Video Refresh) - Default Hot Key

► *To perform an auto-sense (video refresh) on the KX III local port via hot key:*

- Press and hold the Shift key, and quickly press the Scroll Lock key twice, and then release.

Connect Key Examples

Standard servers	
Connect key action	**Key sequence example**
Access a port from the local port	• Press Left ALT > Press and Release 5 > Release Left ALT
Switch between ports	• Press Left ALT > Press and Release 1 > Press and Release 1 > Release Left ALT
Disconnect from a target and return to the local port	• Double-click Scroll Lock
Blade chassis	

Standard servers	
Connect key action	**Key sequence example**
Connect key action	**Key sequence example**
Access a port from the local port GUI	Access port 5, slot 2: • Press Left ALT > Press and Release 5 > Press and Release - > Press and Release 2 > Release Left ALT
Switch between ports	Switch from target port 5, slot 2 to port 5, slot 11: • Press Left ALT > Press and Release 5 > Press and Release - > Press and Release 1 > Press and Release 1 > Release Left ALT
Disconnect from a target and return to the local port GUI	Disconnect from target port 5, slot 11 and return to the local port GUI (the page from which you connected to target): • Double Click Scroll Lock

Special Sun Key Combinations

The following key combinations for Sun™ Microsystems server's special keys operate on the Local Console port. These special keys are available from the Keyboard menu when you connect to a Sun target device:

Sun key	Local port key combination
Again	Ctrl+ Alt +F2
Props	Ctrl + Alt +F3
Undo	Ctrl + Alt +F4
Stop A	Break a
Front	Ctrl + Alt + F5
Copy	Ctrl + Alt + F6
Open	Ctrl + Alt + F7
Find	Ctrl + Alt + F9
Cut	Ctrl + Alt + F10
Paste	Ctrl + Alt + F8
Mute	Ctrl + Alt + F12
Compose	Ctrl+ Alt + KPAD *
Vol +	Ctrl + Alt + KPAD +
Vol -	Ctrl + Alt + KPAD -
Stop	No key combination

Sun key	Local port key combination
Power	No key combination

Scanning Ports - Local Console

The scan port feature is available from the Remote Console and Local Console, but the feature varies slightly. See Scanning Ports - Remote Console (on page 343)

Click the thumbnail of any target server to exit scan mode and connect to the target, or use the Local Port ConnectKey sequence.

To exit scan mode, click the Stop Scan button in the thumbnail view, or use the Local Port Hotkey sequence hot key.

Scanning Port Slide Show - Local Console

When you start a scan, the Port Scan window opens.

As each target is found, it is displayed as a thumbnail in a slide show.

The slide show scrolls through the target thumbnails based on the default interval of 10 seconds or according to the interval you specify.

As the scan scrolls through the targets, the target that is the focus of the slide show displays in the center of the page.

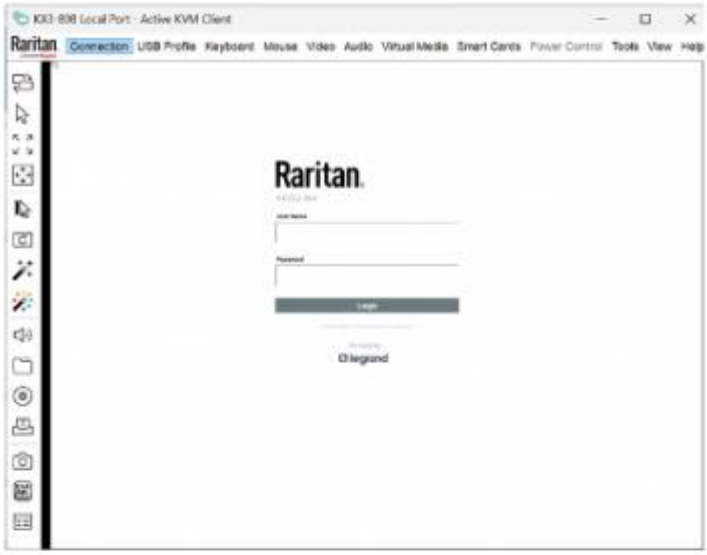
The name of the target is displayed above its thumbnail.

If a target is busy, a blank screen is displayed instead of the target server access page.

Configure the time between the slide show thumbnail rotation and the thumbnail focus interval on the Local Port Settings page.

See Configure Local Console Scan Settings (on page 356)

Note: Configure scan settings for the Remote Console from VKC, VKCS, or AKC. See Configuring Port Scan Settings in VKC/VKCS and AKC (on page 49)







Target Status Indicators During Port Scanning - Local Console

When scanning on the Local Console, the status of each target is indicated below the thumbnail.

The scanning status of each target is displayed as:

- not scanned
- connecting
- scanned
- skipped

Configure Local Console Scan Settings

Do the following to configure Local Console scan port options.

► *To configure the Local Console scan port settings:*

1. On the Local Console, select Device Settings.
2. In the Local Port Settings section, select Local Port Scan Mode.
3. Change the display interval as needed:
   - Display Interval - changes the scan display interval.
   - Interval Between Ports - change interval between switching different port during scan.

Scan for Targets - Local Console

► *To scan for targets:*

1. Click the Set Scan tab on the Port Access page.
2. Select the targets you want to include in the scan by selecting the checkbox to the left of each target, or select the checkbox at the top of the target column to select all targets.
3. Leave the Up Only checkbox selected if you only want targets that are up to be included in the scan. Deselect this checkbox if you want to include all targets, whether up or down.
4. Click Scan to begin the scan.

As each target is scanned, it is displayed in slide show view on the page.

Local Console Smart Card Access

To use a smart card to access a server at the Local Console, plug a USB smart card reader into the KX III using one of the USB ports located on the KX III.

Once a smart card reader is plugged in or unplugged from the KX III, the KX III autodetects it.

For a list of supported smart cards and additional system requirements, see Supported Smart Card Readers (on page 389), Unsupported Smart Card Readers (on page 390) and Smart Card Minimum System Requirements (on page 388).

When mounted onto the target server, the card reader and smart card will cause the server to behave as if they had been directly attached.

Removal of the smart card or smart card reader will cause the user session to be locked or you will be logged out depending on how the card removal policy has been setup on the target server OS.

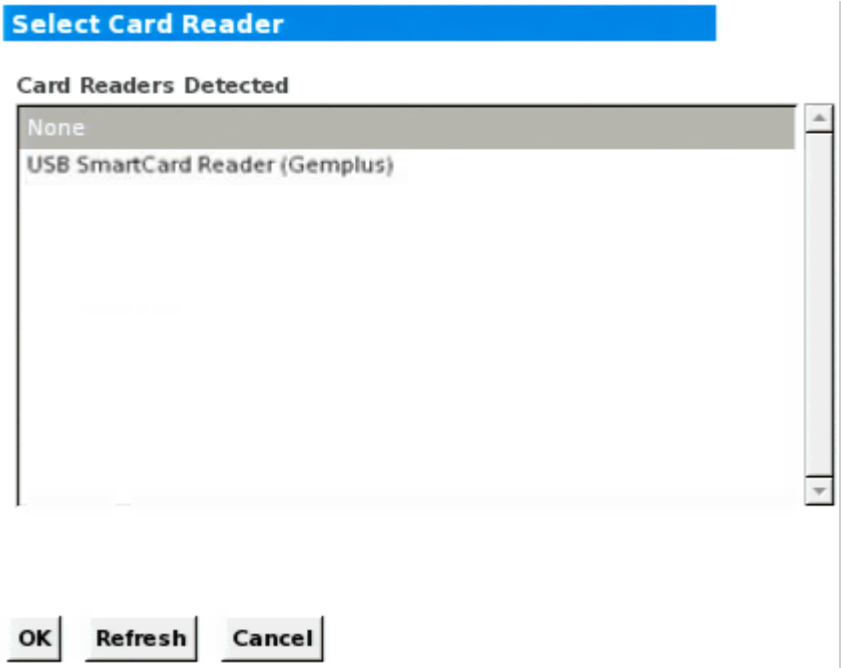
When the KVM session is terminated, either because it has been closed or because you switch to a new target, the smart card reader will be automatically unmounted from the target server.

► *To mount a smart card reader onto a target via the KX III Local console:*

1. Plug a USB smart card reader into the KX III using one of the USB ports located on the device. Once attached, the smart card reader will be detected by the KX III.
2. From the Local Console, click Tools.
3. Select the smart card reader from the Card Readers Detected list. Select None from the list if you do not want a smart card reader mounted.
4. Click OK. Once the smart card reader is added, a message will appear on the page indicating you have completed the operation successfully. A status of either Selected or Not Selected will appear in the left panel of the page under Card Reader.

► *To update the Card Readers Detected list:*

- Click Refresh if a new smart card has been mounted. The Card Readers Detected list will be refreshed to reflect the newly added smart card reader.



Note: If a smart card reader is selected for local port login in Security>Local Smart Card Authentication, then that card reader cannot be selected for target connections; it will be listed, but cannot be chosen.

Local Console USB Profile Options

From the USB Profile Options section of the Tools page, you can choose from the available USB profiles.

The ports that can be assigned profiles are displayed in the Port Name field and the profiles that are available for a port appear in the Select Profile To Use field after the port is selected. The profiles selected for use with a port appear in the Profile In Use field.

► *To apply a USB profile to a local console port:*

1. In the Port Name field, select the port you want to apply the USB profile to.
2. In the Select Profile To Use field, select the profile to use from among those available for the port.
3. Click OK. The USB profile will be applied to the local port and will appear in the Profile In Use field.

KX III Local Console Factory Reset

Note: It is recommended that you save the audit log prior to performing a factory reset.

The audit log is deleted when a factory reset is performed and the reset event is not logged in the audit log. For more information about saving the audit log, see Audit Log (on page 282).

► *To perform a factory reset:*

1. Choose Maintenance > Factory Reset. The Factory Reset page opens.
2. Choose the appropriate reset option from the following options:
   - Full Factory Reset

     Removes the entire configuration and resets the appliance completely to the factory defaults.

Because of the complete nature of this reset, you will be prompted to confirm the factory reset.

- Network Parameter Reset

  Resets the network parameters of the appliance back to the default values (click Device Settings > Network Settings to access this information).

1. Click Reset to continue. You will be prompted to confirm the factory reset because all network settings will be permanently lost.
2. Click OK proceed. Upon completion of full factory reset, the KX III device is automatically restarted.

Resetting the KX III Using the Reset Button

On the back panel of the device, there is a Reset button. It is recessed to prevent accidental resets (you need a pointed object to press this button).

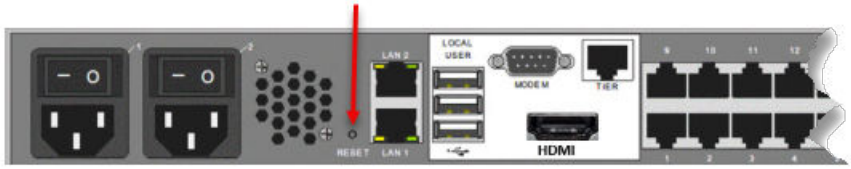
The actions that are performed when the Reset button is pressed are defined on the Encryption & Share page. See Encryption and Share (on page 260).

Note: It is recommended that you save the audit log prior to performing a factory reset.

The audit log is deleted when a factory reset is performed and the reset event is not logged in the audit log. For more information about saving the audit log, see Audit Log (on page 282).

► *To reset the device:*

1. Power off the KX III.
2. Use a pointed object to press and hold the Reset button.
3. While continuing to hold the Reset button, power the KX III device back on.
4. Continue holding the Reset button for 10 seconds.



Appendix A Connecting a KX III and Cat5 Reach DVI - Provide Extended Local Port Functionality

An extended local port extends the reach of the local port beyond the rack the KX III is located, for example to another KVM switch.

This can be achieved by configuring a KX III to work with a Raritan Cat5 Reach DVI transmitter and receiver, which are then connected to a remote console or other device.

Once connected to the Cat5 Reach DVI, the KX III can be accessed up 500 feet (152 m) away.

Connecting the KX III to the Cat5 Reach DVI by daisy chaining Ethernet switches extends can extend the KX III's reach up to 3000 feet (914 m).

In This Chapter

About the Cat5 Reach DVI. 360
Connect Cat5 Reach DVI and Cat5 Reach DVI. 360

About the Cat5 Reach DVI

For details on the Cat5 Reach DVI, see the Cat5 Reach DVI online help available on the Raritan Support page.

Contact Raritan for additional information on the Cat5 Reach DVI, or for information on purchasing.

Connect Cat5 Reach DVI and Cat5 Reach DVI

Note: The images used in the diagrams are not specific to Cat5 Reach DVI but the connections are accurate.

This section introduces three scenarios involving KVM switches.

- Connect the Cat5 Reach DVI between any KVM switch and its local console.
- Connect the Cat5 Reach DVI between two KVM switches.
- Connect the Cat5 Reach DVI between a computer/server and a KVM switch.

Turn off all devices before making the connections.

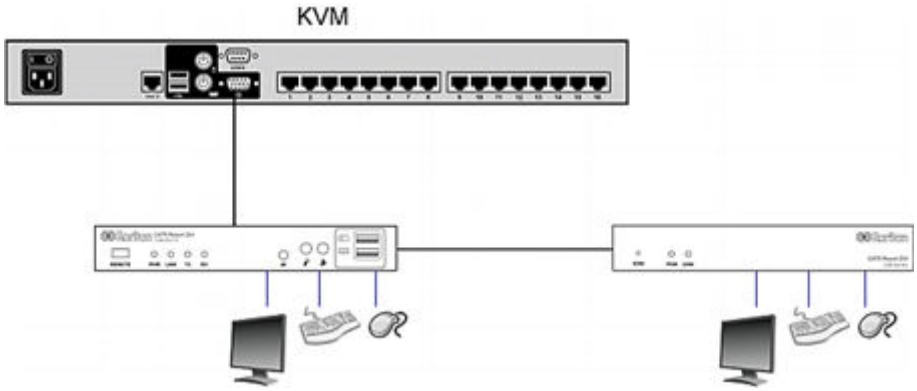
For detailed information on setting up the local and remote consoles, see Connecting a Keyboard/ Mouse/Video Source in Cat5 Reach DVI Help for more information.

► *To connect Cat5 Reach DVI and Cat5 Reach DVI:*

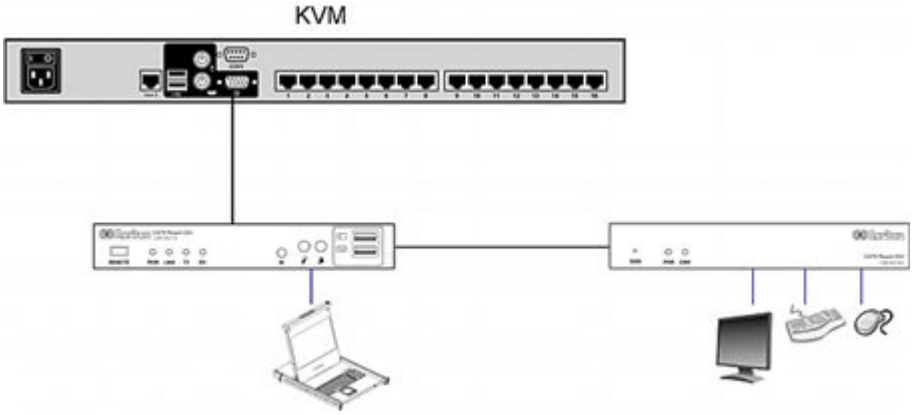
1. If you have not already done so, set up the local and remote consoles with the Cat5 Reach DVI transmitter and receiver, respectively.

See Basic Installation in Cat5 Reach DVI Help for more information.

2. Use a Cat5e/6 cable to connect the transmitter and receiver.
3. Connect the transmitter and receiver to an appropriate power source respectively.
4. Connect the local console ports of the KVM switch to the transmitter.
   a. Plug one end of the Raritan-provided DVI cable into the DVI-I IN port on the transmitter, and the other end into the KVM switch's video port.
   b. Plug the USB-B connector of the Raritan-provided USB cable into the USB-B port on the transmitter, and the other end into the KVM switch's local USB-A port.
5. Turn on the KVM switch.

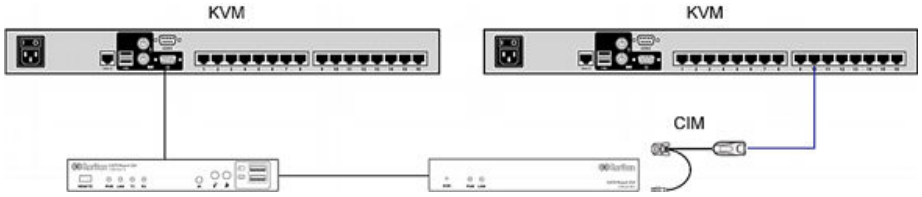


Tip: The local or remote console can be equipped with a KVM drawer instead of a set of keyboard, mouse and monitor. See the illustration below.



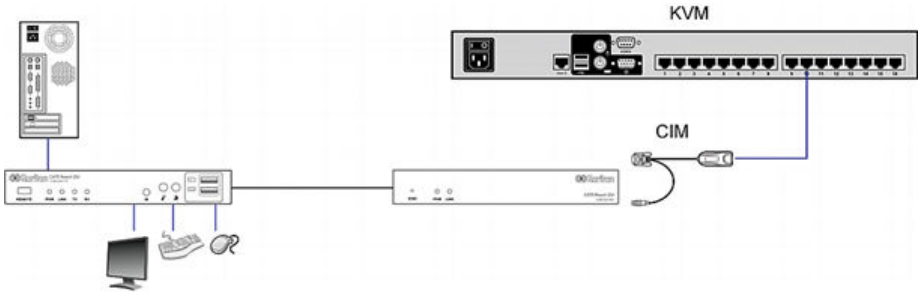
► *To increase the distance between two tiered KVM switches:*

1. Set up a remote console by connecting the receiver to a KVM switch.
   a. Connect a USB CIM to the receiver.
   b. Connect this USB CIM to any channel port on the KVM switch via a Cat5 cable.
2. Use a Cat5e/6 cable to connect the transmitter and receiver.
3. Connect the transmitter and receiver to an appropriate power source respectively.
4. Connect the KVM switch to the transmitter.
5. Turn on both KVM switches.



► *To increase the distance between any computer and a KVM switch:*

1. Set up an optional local console with the transmitter.
2. Set up a remote console by connecting the receiver to a KVM switch.
3. Use a Cat5e/6 cable to connect the transmitter and receiver.
4. Connect the transmitter and receiver to an appropriate power source respectively.
5. Connect the computer to the transmitter.
6. Turn on the computer.



Updating the LDAP Schema

Returning User Group Information

Use the information in this section to return User Group information (and assist with authorization) once authentication is successful.

From LDAP/LDAPS

When an LDAP/LDAPS authentication is successful, the KX III determines the permissions for a given user based on the permissions of the user's group. Your remote LDAP server can provide these user group names by returning an attribute named as follows:

rciusergroup	attribute type: string

This may require a schema extension on your LDAP/LDAPS server. Consult your authentication server administrator to enable this attribute.

In addition, for Microsoft® Active Directory®, the standard LDAP memberOf is used.

From Microsoft Active Directory

Note: This should be attempted only by an experienced Active Directory® administrator.

Returning user group information from Microsoft's® Active Directory for Windows 2000® operating system server requires updating the LDAP/LDAPS schema. See your Microsoft documentation for details.

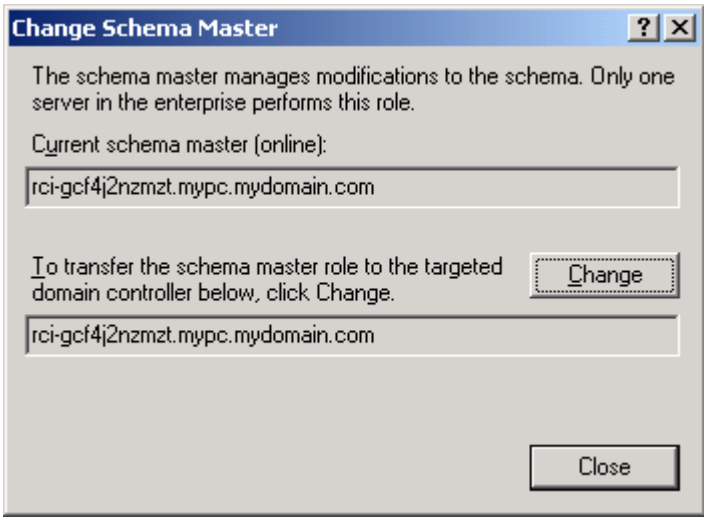
1. Install the schema plug-in for Active Directory. See Microsoft Active Directory documentation for instructions.
2. Run Active Directory Console and select Active Directory Schema.

Setting the Registry to Permit Write Operations to the Schema

To allow a domain controller to write to the schema, you must set a registry entry that permits schema updates.

► *To permit write operations to the schema:*

1. Right-click the Active Directory® Schema root node in the left pane of the window and then click Operations Master. The Change Schema Master dialog appears.

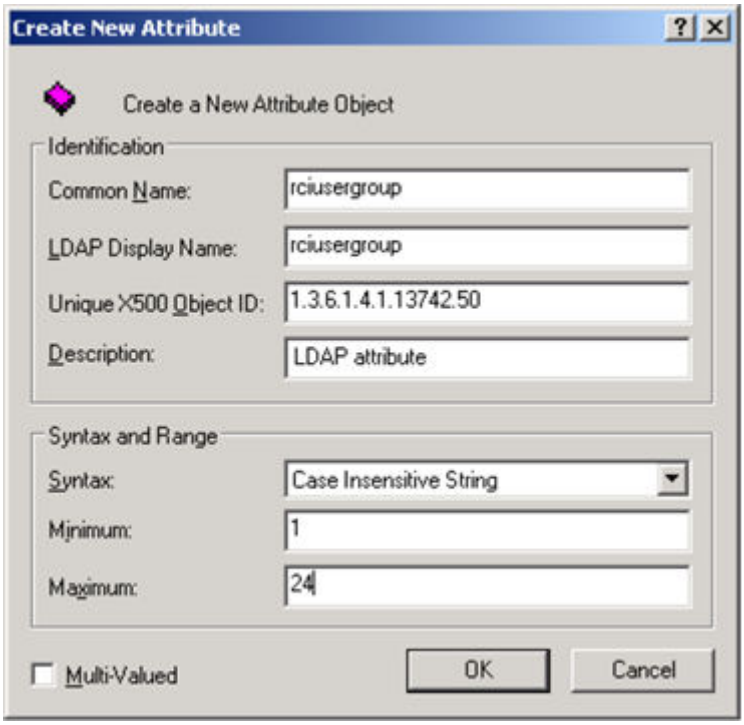


2. Select the "Schema can be modified on this Domain Controller" checkbox. Optional
3. Click OK.

Creating a New Attribute

► *To create new attributes for the rciusergroup class:*

1. Click the + symbol before Active Directory® Schema in the left pane of the window.
2. Right-click Attributes in the left pane.
3. Click New and then choose Attribute. When the warning message appears, click Continue and the Create New Attribute dialog appears.

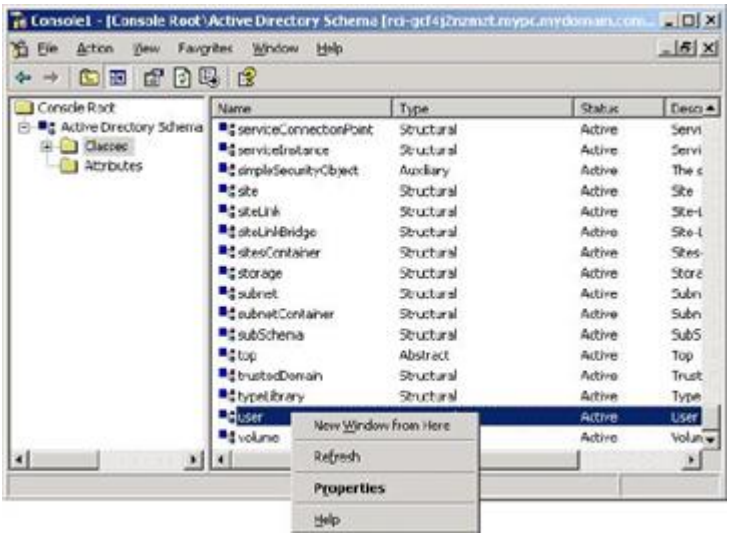


4. Type *rciusergroup* in the Common Name field.
5. Type *rciusergroup* in the LDAP Display Name field.
6. Type *1.3.6.1.4.1.13742.50* in the Unique x5000 Object ID field.
7. Type a meaningful description in the Description field.
8. Click the Syntax drop-down arrow and choose Case Insensitive String from the list.
9. Type *1* in the Minimum field.
10. Type *24* in the Maximum field.
11. Click OK to create the new attribute.

Adding Attributes to the Class

► *To add attributes to the class:*

1. Click Classes in the left pane of the window.
2. Scroll to the user class in the right pane and right-click it.



3. Choose Properties from the menu. The user Properties dialog appears.
4. Click the Attributes tab to open it.
5. Click Add.

6. Choose rciusergroup from the Select Schema Object list.



7. Click OK in the Select Schema Object dialog.
8. Click OK in the User Properties dialog.

Updating the Schema Cache

► *To update the schema cache:*

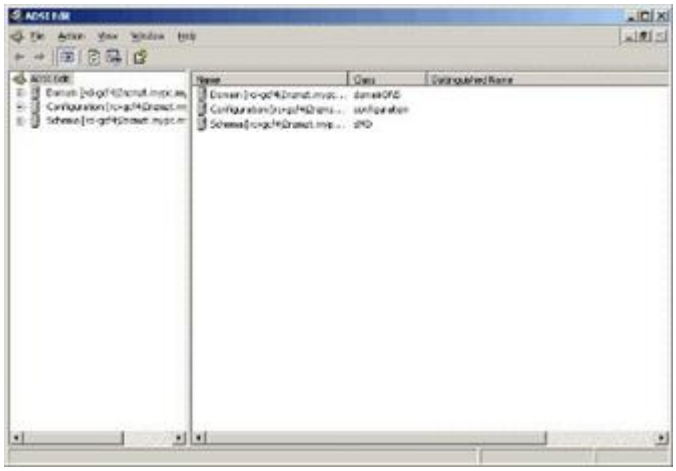
1. Right-click Active Directory® Schema in the left pane of the window and select Reload the Schema.
2. Minimize the Active Directory Schema MMC (Microsoft® Management Console) console.

Editing rciusergroup Attributes for User Members

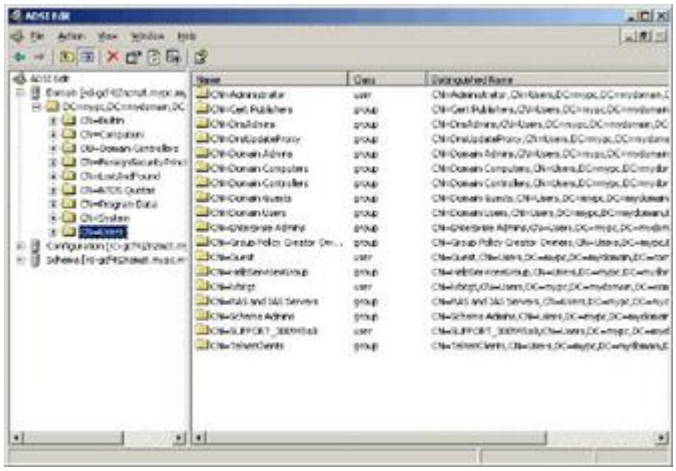
To run the Active Directory® script on a Windows 2003® server, use the script provided by Microsoft® (available on the Windows 2003 server installation CD). These scripts are loaded onto your system with a Microsoft® Windows 2003 installation. ADSI (Active Directory Service Interface) acts as a low-level editor for Active Directory, allowing you to perform common administrative tasks such as adding, deleting, and moving objects with a directory service.

► *To edit the individual user attributes within the group rciusergroup:*

1. From the installation CD, choose Support > Tools.
2. Double-click SUPTOOLS.MSI to install the support tools.
3. Go to the directory where the support tools were installed. Run adsiedit.msc. The ADSI Edit window opens.

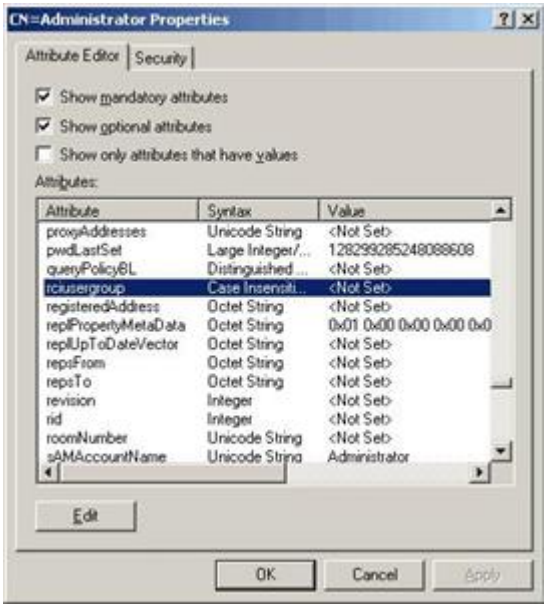


4. Open the Domain.
5. In the left pane of the window, select the CN=Users folder.



6. Locate the user name whose properties you want to adjust in the right pane. Right-click the user name and select Properties.

7. Click the Attribute Editor tab if it is not already open. Choose rciusergroup from the Attributes list.



8. Click Edit. The String Attribute Editor dialog appears.
9. Type the user group (created in the KX III) in the Edit Attribute field. Click OK.

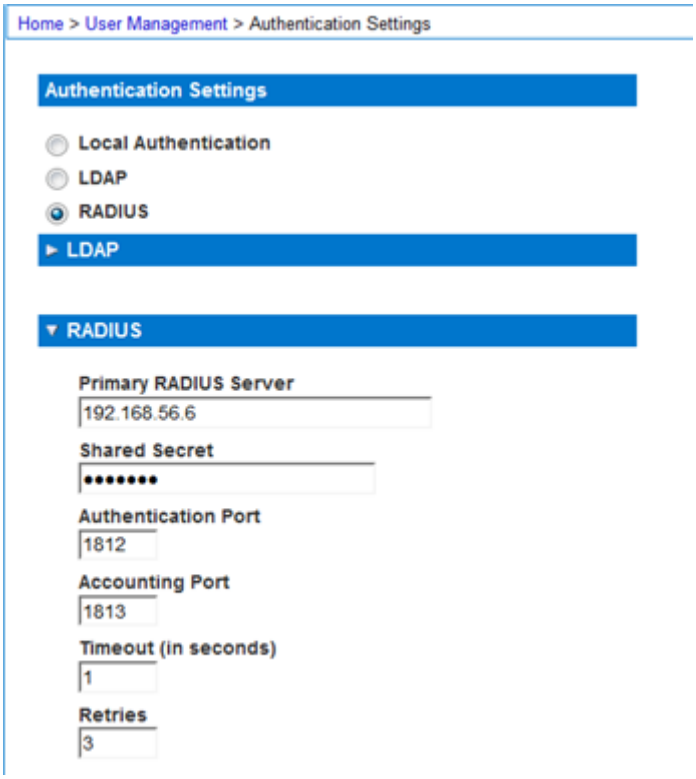


Cisco ISE for RADIUS Users

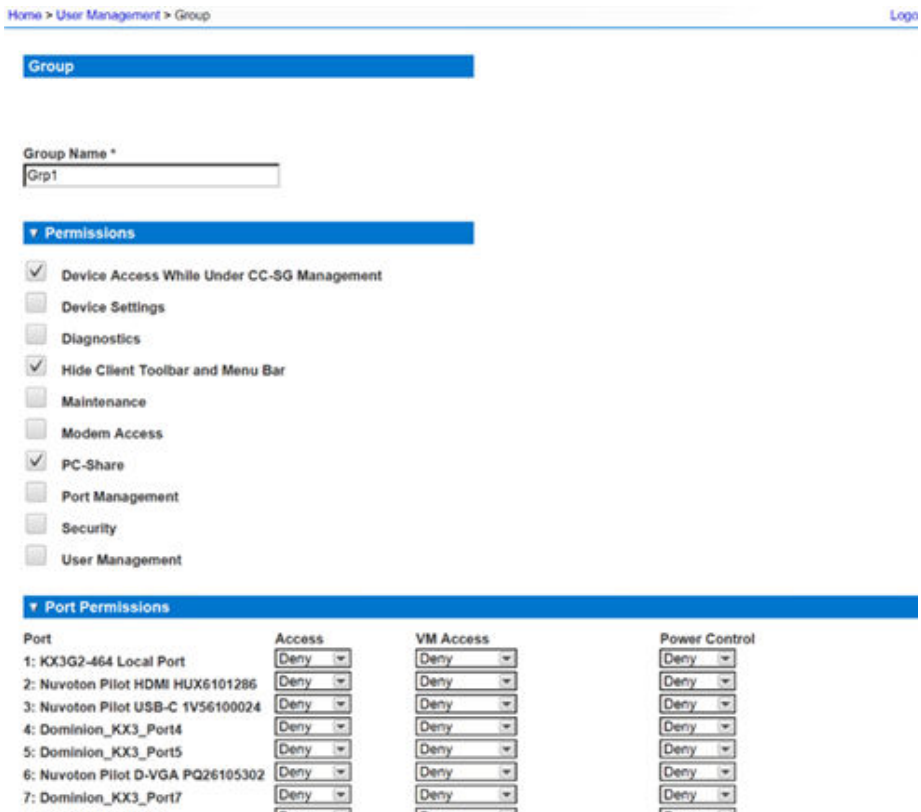
Authorization is performed by means of user's membership to local User Groups. When using remote authentication, since there is no user account locally, there needs to be way of returning user group information from remote authentication server that the product will then match and perform appropriate authorization. To achieve this objective, appropriate local group on the product must be created and remote authentication server configured to return appropriate matching group (case sensitive).

Settings to Configure on Raritan Product

1. Login to Raritan product with administrative account.
2. Access User Management>Authentication>RADIUS
3. Add the Cisco ISE 2.1.x Radius server.



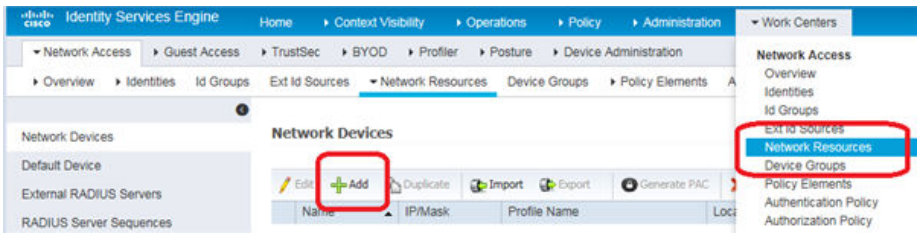
4. Create user group with appropriate permission and port permission by accessing User Management>User Group List.



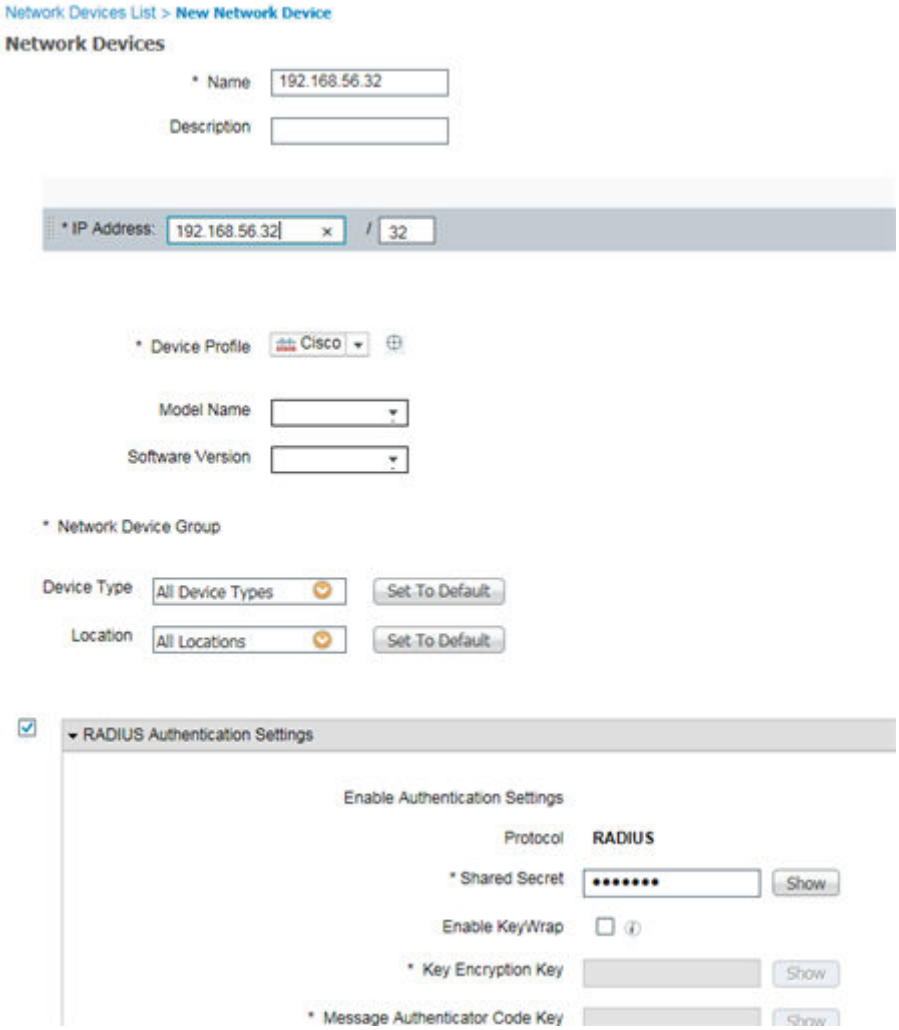
Settings to Configure on Cisco ISE

Step 1: Add Raritan Network Devices

1. Access Cisco ISE Web URL https://x.x.x.x/admin and login with administrative credentials.
2. Access Work Centers>Network Resources under Network Access section to load Network Device menu and click 



3. Configure Name, Description and IP Address/Range, and enable Radius Authentication Settings option. Set Shared secret then click Submit to save changes. If appropriate and applicable, assign Device Type and Location.

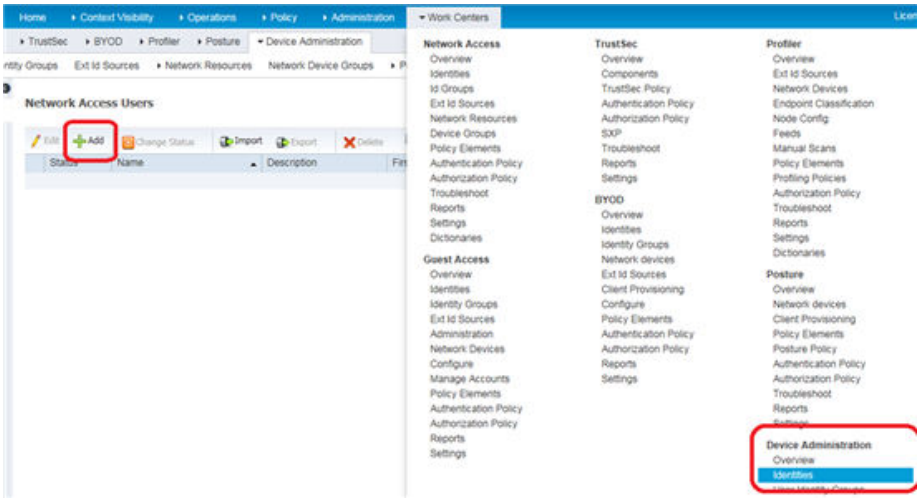


Step 2: Create/Edit User

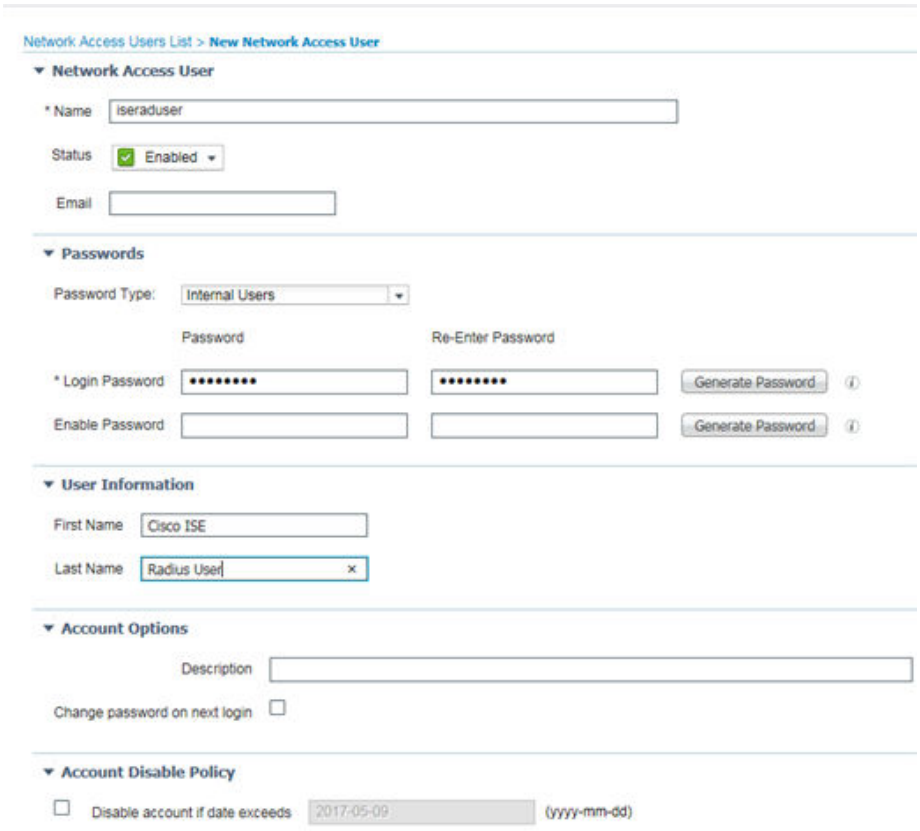
In production environments with user accounts or configured external identity source (AD/LDAP), kip this step.

1. Access Work Centers>Device Administration>Identities> and click 

to add a user

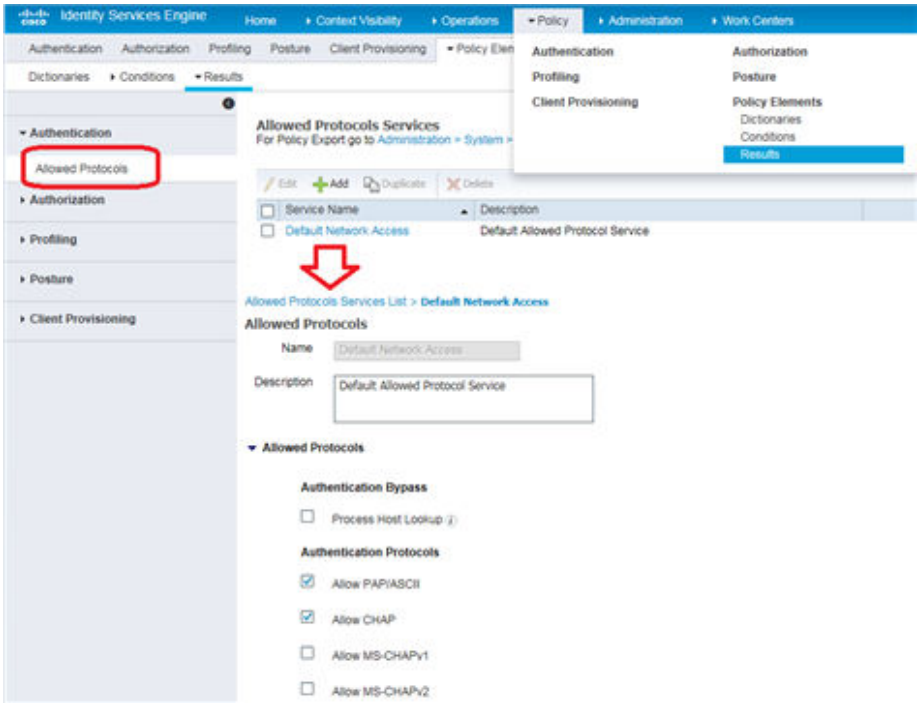


2. Configure required fields and click Submit to add user



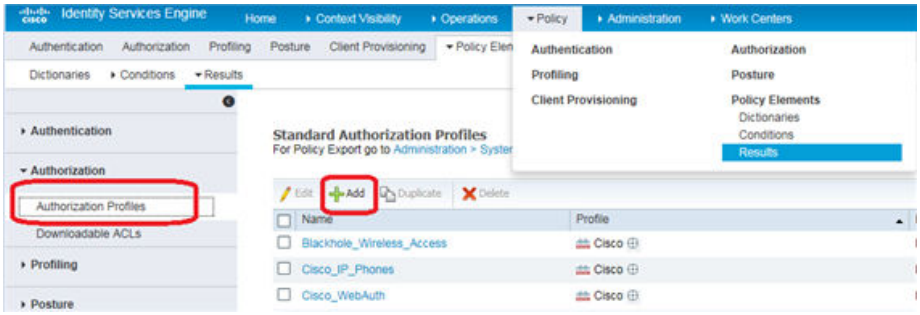
Step 3: Configure Allowed Authentication Protocol Service (PAP/CHAP/MS-CHAP)

1. Access Policy>Results under Policy Elements section. Select Allowed Protocols under Authentication Dropdown from left pane. Click to Edit Default Network Access and select CHAP. Xerus supports both PAP and CHAP authentication types. In case CHAP authentication type is desired, verify Global Authentication Type setting on Xerus RADIUS configuration is set to CHAP as well as this step is completed on Cisco ISE 2.1.x server.

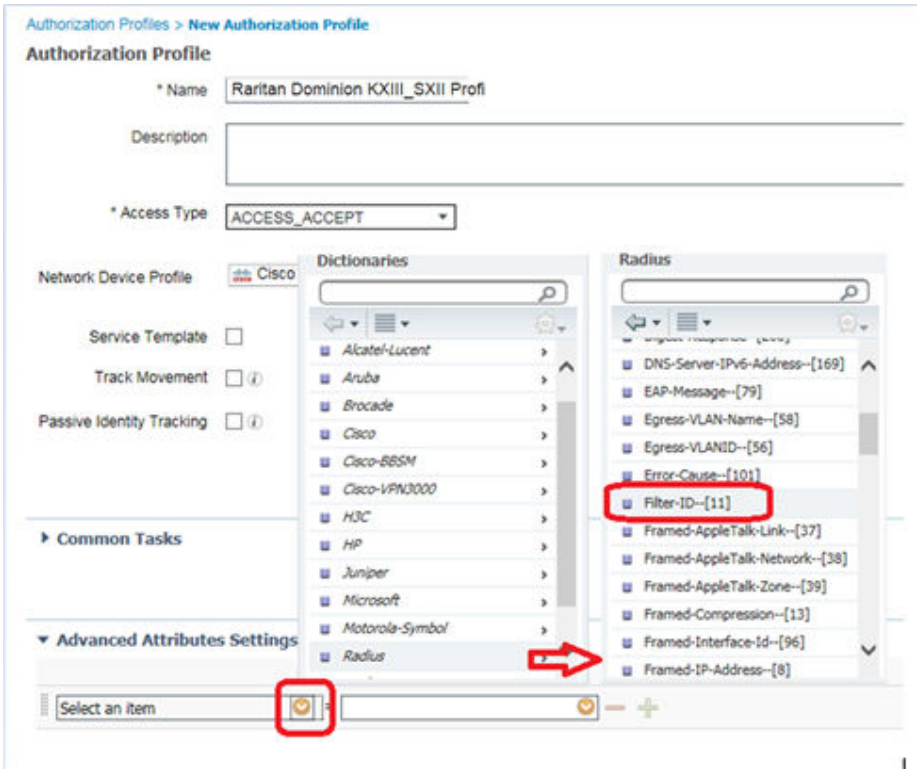


Step 4: Create Authorization Profile

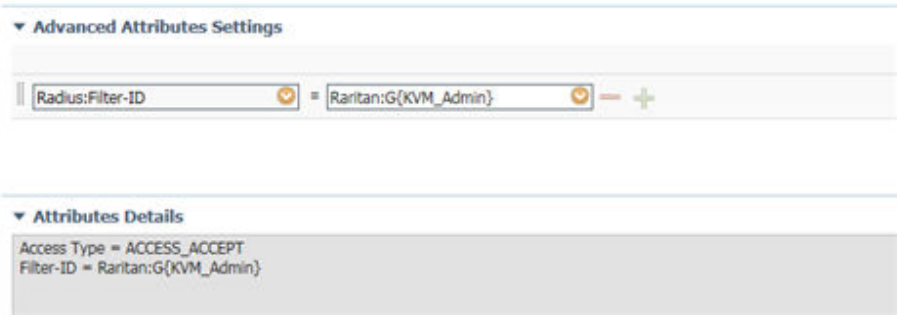
1. Access Policy>Results under Policy Elements, and from Authorization on left pane, choose Authorization Profiles and click Add
2. Under General Tab configure Policy Friendly Name.



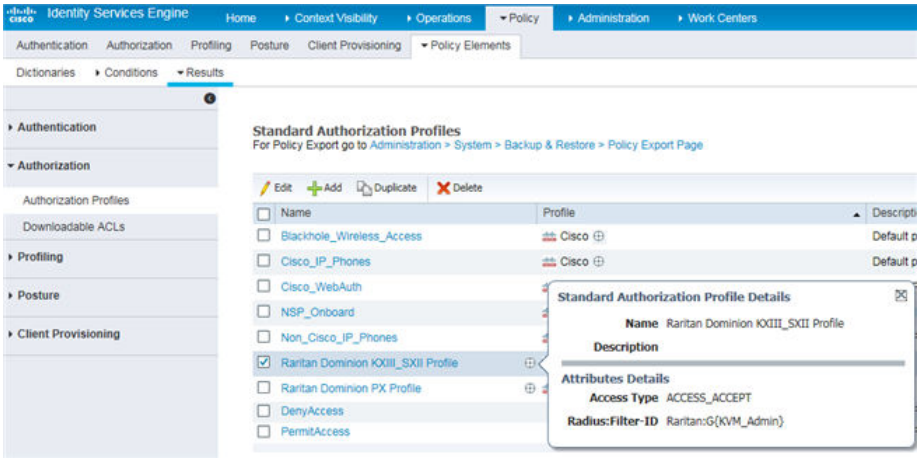
3. Specify appropriate Profile name. Scroll down to Advanced Attributes Settings section and click on drop down next to Select and Item text field. Select Radius and from Submenu select Filter-ID--[11] option.



4. Verify in the text box that it correctly displays attribute name Radius:Filter-ID. In the next test field, type attribute value Raritan:G{KVM_Admin} and click anywhere on the page to set it. Confirm Attribute Details display as shown below.

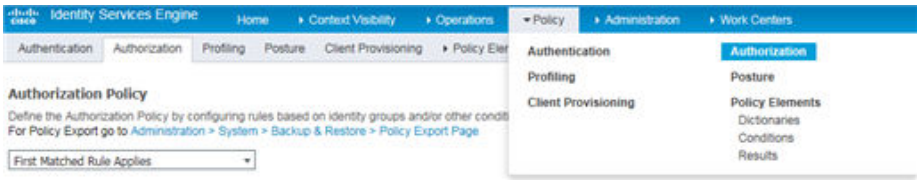


5. Click Submit to create new Authorization profile and return to profile list summary page. Verify profile name and mouse over icon for preview of summary.



Step 5: Configure/Create Authorization Policy

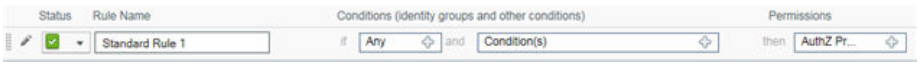
1. Access Policy>Authorization to see policy listing



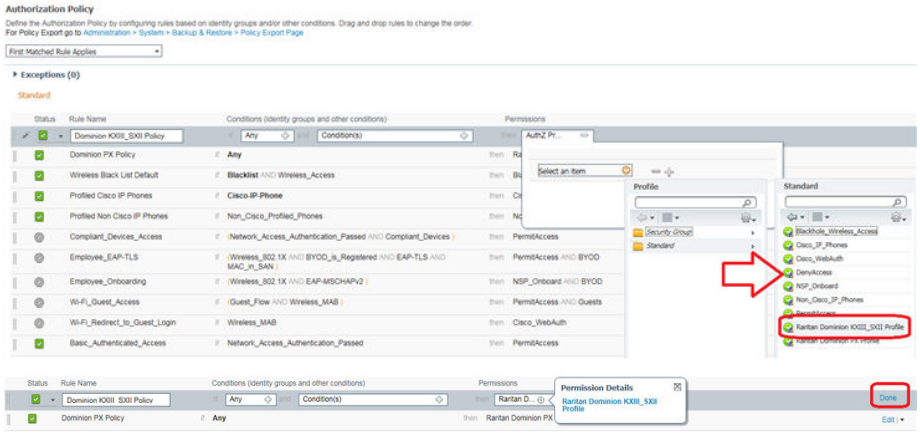
2. Next, click Edit dropdown in the first row and select Insert New Rule Above.



New first row is added.



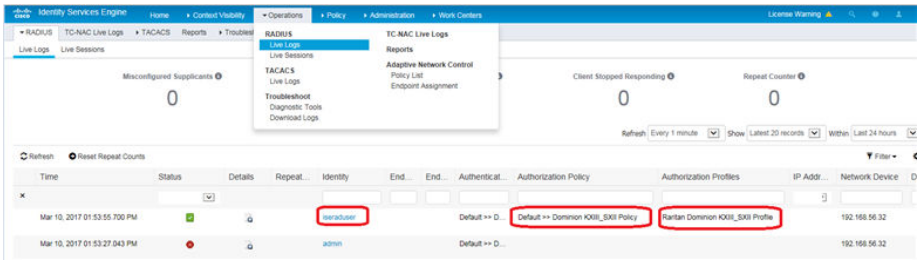
3. Specify appropriate Policy name and Click on add ( ) in Permission text box. Select Standard and from Submenu should appear with list of available profiles. Select Raritan Dominion KXIII_SXII Profile and click Done..



4. Click Save to create policy.

Troubleshooting Tips

1. Verify from Live Logs under Operations> RADIUS that correct Authorization Policy is being applied. Click Details icon to see more information



2. User authorization may fail if incorrect policy is applied. Check the following:
   - Moving policy higher up in the order (in case of multiple policy sets)
   - More appropriate conditions in policy coupled with device type and location when adding KXIII/SXII as a network device in Cisco ISE

Specifications

Hardware

Dimensions and Physical Specifications

Dominion KX III model	Description	Power & heat dissipation	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight	Operating temp	Humidity
DKX3-108	• 8 server ports • 1 remote user • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73''	8.60lbs	0º - 45º C	0-85 % RH

Dominion KX III model	Description	Power & heat dissipation	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight	Operating temp	Humidity
		1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	439x334x44mm	3.9kg	32º - 113º F	
DKX3-116	• 16 server ports • 1 remote user • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	8.60lbs 3.9kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-132	• 32 server ports • 1 remote user • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	8.60lbs 3.9kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-216	• 16 server ports • 2 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	9.08lbs 4.12kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-232	• 32 server ports • 2 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	9.08lbs 4.12kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-416	• 16 server ports • 4 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	9.08lbs 4.12kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-432	• 32 server ports • 4 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	9.08lbs 4.12kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-464	• 64 server ports • 4 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.3" x 3.5" 439x338x89mm	12.39lbs 5.62kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH
DKX3-808	• 8 server ports • 8 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73'' 439x334x44mm	9.96lbs 4.52kg	0º - 45º C 32º - 113º F	0-85 % RH

Dominion KX III model	Description	Power & heat dissipation	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight	Operating temp	Humidity
DKX3-816	• 16 server ports • 8 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack		440mm x 334mm x 44mm; 17.3" x 13.1" x 1.7"	6kg; 13.2lbs	0 - 50°C	0 - 85% RH
DKX3-832	• 32 server ports • 8 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.15'' x 1.73''	9.96lbs	0º - 45º C	0-85 % RH
			439x334x44mm	4.52kg	32º - 113º F	
DKX3-864	• 64 server ports • 8 remote users • 1 local port for use at the rack	Dual Power 110V/240V, 50-60Hz 1.8A 60W 52 KCAL	17.3" x 13.3" x 3.5"	12.39lbs	0º - 45º C	0-85 % RH
			439x338x89mm	5.62kg	32º - 113º F	

Supported Target Server Video Resolutions

When using digital CIMs, you set the target's video resolution to match your monitor's native display resolution. The native display resolution is set when configuring ports for digital CIMs (see: Configure the CIM Target Settings (on page 184)).

Following is a complete list of supported video resolutions when accessing a target from the Remote Console.

- 640x350@70Hz
- 640x350@85Hz
- 640x400@56Hz
- 640x400@84Hz
- 640x400@85Hz
- 640x480@60Hz
- 640x480@66.6Hz
- 640x480@72Hz
- 640x480@75Hz
- 640x480@85Hz
- 720x400@70Hz
- 720x400@84Hz
- 720x400@85Hz
- 800x600@56Hz
- 800x600@60Hz
- 800x600@70Hz
- 800x600@72Hz

- 800x600@75Hz
- 800x600@85Hz
- 800x600@90Hz
- 800x600@100Hz
- 832x624@75.1Hz
- 1024x768@60Hz
- 1024x768@70Hz
- 1024x768@72Hz
- 1024x768@85Hz
- 1024x768@75Hz
- 1024x768@90Hz
- 1024x768@100Hz
- 1152x864@60Hz
- 1152x864@70Hz
- 1152x864@75Hz
- 1152x864@85Hz
- 1152x870@75.1Hz
- 1280x720@60Hz
- 1280x800@60Hz
- 1280x960@60Hz
- 1280x960@85Hz
- 1280x1024@60Hz
- 1280x1024@75Hz
- 1280x1024@85Hz
- 1360x768@60Hz
- 1366x768@60Hz
- 1368x768@60Hz
- 1400x1050@60Hz
- 1440x900@60Hz
- 1600x900 @60Hz
- 1600x1200@60Hz
- 1680x1050@60Hz
- 1920x1080@50Hz
- 1920x1080@60Hz
- 1920x1200@60Hz (Requires Reduced Blanking Time)

  For 1920x1200@60Hz, you must use a digital CIM and set the CIM's preferred resolution to 1920x1200@60Hz.

KX III Supported Local Port DVI Resolutions

Following are the resolutions supported when connecting to a DVI monitor from the Local port.

- 1920x1080@60Hz
- 1280x720@60Hz
- 1024x768@60Hz (default)
- 1024x768@75Hz
- 1280x1024@60Hz
- 1280x1024@75Hz
- 1600x1200@60Hz
- 800x480@60Hz
- 1280x768@60Hz
- 1366x768@60Hz
- 1360x768@60Hz
- 1680x1050@60Hz
- 1440x900@60Hz

Target Server Video Resolution - Supported Connection Distances and Refresh Rates

The maximum supported distance is a function of many factors including the type/quality of the Cat5 cable, server type and manufacturer, video driver and monitor, environmental conditions, and user expectations.

The following table summarizes the maximum target server distance for various video resolutions and refresh rates:

Target server video resolution	Maximum distance
1024x768@60Hz (and below)	150' (45 m)
1280x1024@60Hz	100' (30 m)
1280×720@60Hz	75' (22 m)
1600x1200@60Hz	50' (15 m)
1920x1080@60Hz	50' (15 m)

See: Supported Target Server Video Resolutions (on page 379) for the video resolutions supported by the KX III.

Note: Due to the multiplicity of server manufacturers and types, OS versions, video drivers, and so on, as well as the subjective nature of video quality, performance cannot be guaranteed across all distances in all environments.

Supported Computer Interface Module (CIMs) Specifications

Digital CIMs support Display Data Channels (DDC) and Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (E-EDID). However, they do not support HDCP (high bandwidth digital copy protection) or embedded audio.

Note: Both plugs must be plugged in for the HDMI and DVI CIMs.

CIM model	Description	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight
D2CIM-DVUSB	Dual USB CIM for: • OS virtual media • Smartcard/CAC • Audio • Absolute Mouse Synchronization 	• 3.5" x 1.7" x 0.8" • 90 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.15lb • 0.07kg
D2CIM-DVUSB-MDP	Dual mini USB CIM for: • OS virtual media • Smartcard/CAC • Audio • Absolute Mouse Synchronization 	• 4.1" x 1.7" x 0.8" • 105 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.1lb • 0.052kg

CIM model	Description	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight
D2CIM-VUSB	USB CIM for: • OS virtual media • Absolute Mouse Synchronization 	• 3.5" x 1.7" x 0.8" • 90 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.11lb • 0.052kg
D2CIM-VUSB-USBC	USB CIM for: • USB-C ports on Macs and PCs • USB keyboard, mouse, and virtual media • DisplayPort video • No Audio or Smartcard 	• 4.1" x 1.7" x 0.7" • 105 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.11lb • 0.05kg
D2CIM-DVUSB-DP	Digital CIM that provides digital-to-analog conversion and support for: • OS virtual media • Smartcard/CAC • Audio • Absolute and Relative Mouse Synchronization 	• 4.1" x 1.7" x 0.8" • 105 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.19lb • 0.85kg

CIM model	Description	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight
D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI	Digital CIM that provides digital-to-analog conversion and support for: • OS virtual media • Smartcard/CAC • Audio • Absolute and Relative Mouse Synchronization 	• 4.1" x 1.7" x 0.7" • 105 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.2lb • 0.09kg
D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI	Digital CIM that provides digital-to-analog conversion and support for: • OS virtual media • Smartcard/CAC • Audio • Absolute and Relative Mouse Synchronization 	• 4.1" x 1.7" x 0.8" • 105 x 42 x 19mm	• 0.25lb • 0.115kg
DCIM-PS2	CIM for PS2 	• 3" x 1.3" x 0.6" • 76 x 33 x 15mm	• 0.15lb • 0.07kg

CIM model	Description	Dimensions (WxDxH)	Weight
DCIM-USBG2	CIM for USB and Sun USB 	• 3" x 1.3" x 0.6" • 76 x 33 x 15mm	• 0.11lb • 0.05kg

Supported Digital Video CIMs for Mac

Use a digital video CIM to connect to the following Mac® ports:

Mac port	CIM
USB-C	D2CIM-VUSB-USBC
DVI	D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI
HDMI	D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI
DisplayPort or Thunderbolt	D2CIM-DVUSB-DP

If the Mac's HDMI or DisplayPort video has a mini connector, a passive adapter cable may be required to connect to the full sized HDMI and DisplayPort plugs on the digital CIMs.

Alternatively, use the Mac VGA adapter with the D2CIM-VUSB or D2CIM-DVUSB. Note that this may be less reliable and the video quality may suffer.

For information on established modes supported by the KX III2.5.0 (and later) for Mac, see: Digital CIM Established and Standard Modes (on page 386).

Digital CIM Timing Modes

Following are the default timing modes that are used when the KX III communicates with a video source via a digital CIM.

The timing mode that is used is dependent on the native resolution of the video source.

- 1024x768@60Hz
- 1024x768@70Hz
- 1152x864@60Hz
- 1280x720@60Hz
- 1280x800@60HZ
- 1280x960@60Hz

- 1280x1024@60Hz (default resolution applied to digital CIMs)
- 1360x768@60Hz
- 1400x1050@60Hz
- 1440x900@60Hz
- 1600x900@60Hz
- 1600x1200@60Hz
- 1680x1050@60Hz
- 1920x1080@50Hz
- 1920x1080@60Hz
- 1920x1200@60Hz

See: Configuring CIM Ports (on page 183) for more information.

Digital CIM Established and Standard Modes

The following additional established and standard resolutions and timing modes are supported by the KX III.

Digital CIM Established Modes

- 720x400@70Hz IBM, VGA
- 640x480@60Hz IBM, VGA
- 640x480@67Hz Apple Mac® II
- 640x480@72Hz VESA
- 640x480@75Hz VESA
- 800x600@56Hz VESA
- 800x600@60Hz VESA
- 800x600@72Hz VESA
- 800x600@75Hz VESA
- 832x624@75Hz Apple Mac II
- 1024x768@60Hz VESA
- 1024x768@70Hz VESA
- 1024x768@75Hz VESA
- 1280x1024@75Hz VESA
- 1152x870@75Hz Apple Mac II

Digital CIM Standard Modes

- 1152x864@75Hz VESA
- 1280x960@60Hz VESA
- 1280x1024@60Hz VESA
- 1360x768@60Hz VESA
- 1400x1050@60Hz VESA
- 1440x900@60Hz VESA

- 1600x1200 @60Hz VESA
- 1680x1050@60Hz VESA
- 1920x1080@60Hz VESA

DVI Compatibility Mode

DVI Compatibility Mode may be required if you are using an HDMI CIM to connect to a Dell Optiplex target with an Intel video card, or a Mac® Mini with an HDMI video port.

Selecting this mode ensures a good video quality from the targets.

See: Configuring CIM Ports (on page 183) in online help.

Supported Remote Connections

Remote connection	Details
Network	10BASE-T, 100BASE-T, and 1000BASE-T (Gigabit) Ethernet
Protocols	TCP/IP, UDP, SNTP, HTTP, HTTPS, RADIUS, LDAP/LDAPS

Network Speed Settings

KX III network speed setting							
Network switch port setting		**Auto**	**1000/Full**	**100/Full**	**100/Half**	**10/Full**	**10/Half**
	Auto	Highest Available Speed	1000/Full	KX III: 100/Full Switch: 100/Half	100/Half	KX III: 10/Full Switch: 10/Half	10/Half
	1000/ Full	1000/Full	1000/Full	No Communication	No Communication	No Communication	No Communication
	100/ Full	KX III: 100/Half Switch: 100/Full	KX III: 100/Half Switch: 100/Full	100/Full	KX III: 100/Half Switch: 100/Full	No Communication	No Communication
	100/ Half	100/Half	100/Half	KX III: 100/Full Switch: 100/Half	100/Half	No Communication	No Communication
	10/ Full	KX III: 10/ Half Switch: 10/Full	No Communication	No Communication	No Communication	10/Full	KX III: 10/Half Switch: 10/Full
	10/ Half	10/Half	No Communication	No Communication	No Communication	KX III: 10/Full Switch: 10/Half	10/Half

Legend:

Does not function as expected

Supported

Functions; not recommended

NOT supported by Ethernet specification; product will communicate, but collisions will occur

Per Ethernet specification, these should be “no communication,” however, note that the KX III behavior deviates from expected behavior

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Note: For reliable network communication, configure the KX III and the LAN switch to the same LAN Interface Speed and Duplex. For example, configure the KX III and LAN Switch to Autodetect (recommended), or set both to a fixed speed/duplex such as 100MB/s/Full.

Dell Chassis Cable Lengths and Video Resolutions

In order to maintain video quality, it is recommended to use the following cable lengths and video resolutions when you are connecting to Dell® blade chassis from the KX III:

Video resolution	Cable length
1024x768@60Hz	50' (15.24 m)
1280x1024@60Hz	50' (15.24 m)
1600x1200@60Hz	30' (9.14 m)

Smart Card Minimum System Requirements

Local Port Requirements

The basic interoperability requirement for local port attachment to the KX III is:

- All devices (smart card reader or token) that are locally attached must be USB CCID-compliant.

Target Server Requirements

When using smart card readers, the basic requirements for interoperability at the target server are:

- The IFD (smart card reader) Handler must be a standard USB CCID device driver (comparable to the generic Microsoft® USB CCID driver).
- A digital CIM or D2CIM-DVUSB (Dual-VM CIM) is required and must be using firmware version 3A6E or later.
- Blade chassis server connections, where a CIM per blade is used, are supported.
- Blade chassis server connections, where a CIM per chassis is used, is only supported for IBM® BladeCenter® models H and E with auto-discovery enabled.

Remote Client Requirements

The basic requirements for interoperability at the remote client are:

- The IFD (smart card reader) Handler must be a PC/SC compliant device driver.
- The ICC (smart card) Resource Manager must be available and be PC/SC compliant.
- The JRE® Azul OpenJDK/JRE Java-8 with smart card API must be available for use by the client application.

Remote Linux Client Requirements

If you are using a Linux® client, the following requirements must be met to use smart card readers with the KX III device.

Note: User login to client, on smart card insertion, may take longer when 1 or more KVM sessions are actively in place to targets. As the login process to these targets is also under way.

- PC/SC Requirements

Operating system	Required PC/SC
RHEL 5	pcsc-lite-1.4.4-0.1.el5
SuSE 11	pcsc-lite-1.4.102-1.24
Fedora® Core 10	pcsc-lite-1.4.102.3.fc10.i386

- Create a Java® Library Link

  A soft link must be created to the libpcsclite.so after upgrading RHEL 4, RHEL 5 and FC 10. For example, ln –s /usr/lib/libpcsclite.so.1 /usr/lib/libpcsclite.so, assuming installing the package places the libraries in /usr/lib or /user/local/lib
- PC/SC Daemon

  When the pcsc daemon (resource manager in framework) is restarted, restart the browser

Supported Smart Card Readers

Type	Vendor	Model	Verified
USB	SCM Microsystems	SCR331	Verified on local and remote
USB	ActivIdentity®	ActivIdentity USB Reader v2.0	Verified on local and remote

Type	Vendor	Model	Verified
USB	SCM Microsystems	SCR331	Verified on local and remote
USB	ActivIdentity	ActivIdentity USB Reader v3.0	Verified on local and remote
USB	Gemalto®	GemPC USB-SW	Verified on local and remote
USB Keyboard/Card reader combo	Dell®	USB Smart Card Reader Keyboard	Verified on local and remote
USB Keyboard/Card reader combo	Cherry GmbH	G83-6744 SmartBoard	Verified on local and remote
USB reader for SIM-sized cards	Omnikey	6121	Verified on local and remote
Integrated (Dell Latitude D620)	O2Micro	OZ776	Remote only
PCMCIA	ActivIdentity	ActivIdentity PCMCIA Reader	Remote only
PCMCIA	SCM Microsystems	SCR243	Remote only

Note: SCM Microsystems SCR331 smart card readers must be using SCM Microsystems firmware v5.25.

Unsupported Smart Card Readers

The following card readers are not supported.

If a smart card reader does not appear in the supported smart card readers table or in the unsupported smart card readers table, it's function cannot be guaranteed.

Type	Vendor	Model	Notes
USB Keyboard/Card reader Combo	HP®	ED707A	No interrupt endpoint => not compatible with Microsoft® driver
USB Keyboard/Card reader Combo	SCM Microsystems	SCR338	Proprietary card reader implementation (not CCID-compliant)
USB Token	Aladdin®	eToken PRO™	Proprietary implementation

Audio Playback and Capture Recommendations and Requirements

Audio Level

- Set the target audio level to a mid-range setting.

  For example, on a Windows® client, set the audio to 50 or lower.

This setting must be configured through the playback or capture audio device, not from the client audio device control.

Recommendations for Audio Connections when PC Share Mode is Enabled

If you are using the audio feature while running PC Share mode, audio playback and capture are interrupted if an additional audio device is connected to the target.

For example, User A connects a playback device to Target1 and runs an audio playback application then User B connects a capture device to the same target. User A's playback session is interrupted and the audio application may need to be restarted.

The interruption occurs because the USB device needs to be re-enumerated with the new device configuration.

It may take some time for the target to install a driver for the new device.

Audio applications may stop playback completely, go to the next track, or just continue playing.

The exact behavior is dependent on how the audio application is designed to handle a disconnect/reconnect event.

Bandwidth Requirements

The table below details the audio playback and capture bandwidth requirements to transport audio.

Audio format	Network bandwidth requirement
44.1 KHz, 16bit stereo	176 KB/s

In practice, the bandwidth used when an audio device connects to a target is higher due to the keyboard and video data consumed when opening and using an audio application on the target.

A general recommendation is to have at least a 1.5MB connection before running audio/video.

- However, high video-content, full-color connections using high-target screen resolutions consume much more bandwidth and impact the quality of the audio considerably.
- Set Smoothing to High. This will improve the appearance of the target video by reducing displayed video noise
- Under Video settings, set the Noise Filter to its highest setting of 7 (highest value) so less bandwidth is used for target screen changes

Audio in a Mac Environment

Following are known issues in a Mac® environment.

- On Mac clients, only one playback device is listed on the Connect Audio panel. The device listed is the default and is displayed on the Connect Audio panel as Java Sound Audio Engine.
- Using audio on a Mac target through Skype® may cause the audio to be corrupted.

Number of Supported Audio/Virtual Media and Smartcard Connections

Following are the number of simultaneous Audio/Virtual Media and Smartcard connections that can be made from a client to a target:

- 2 Virtual Media devices
- 1 Virtual Media + 1 smart card reader
- 1 Virtual Media + 1 audio device (w. playback and capture interfaces)
- 1 smart card reader + 1 audio device (w. playback and capture interfaces)

Certified Modems

- USRobotics® 56K 5686E
- ZOOM® v90
- ZOOM v92
- USRobotics Sportster® 56K
- USRobotics Courier™ 56K

KX III Supported Keyboard Languages

The KX III provides keyboard support for the languages listed in the following table.

Note: You can use the keyboard for Chinese, Japanese, and Korean for display only; local language input is not supported at this time for the KX III Local Console functions. For more information about non-US keyboards, see Informational Notes (on page 398).

Note: It is strongly recommended that you use system-config-keyboard to change languages if you are working in a Linux environment.

Language	Regions	Keyboard layout
US English	United States of America and most of English-speaking countries: for example, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand.	US Keyboard layout
US English International	United States of America and most of English-speaking countries: for example, Netherlands	US Keyboard layout
UK English	United Kingdom	UK layout keyboard
Chinese Traditional	Hong Kong S. A. R., Republic of China (Taiwan)	Chinese Traditional
Chinese Simplified	Mainland of the People's Republic of China	Chinese Simplified
Korean	South Korea	Dubeolsik Hangul
Japanese	Japan	JIS Keyboard
French	France	French (AZERTY) layout keyboard.

Language	Regions	Keyboard layout
German	Germany and Austria	German keyboard (QWERTZ layout)
French	Belgium	Belgian
Norwegian	Norway	Norwegian
Danish	Denmark	Danish
Swedish	Sweden	Swedish
Hungarian	Hungary	Hungarian
Slovenian	Slovenia	Slovenian
Italian	Italy	Italian
Spanish	Spain and most Spanish speaking countries	Spanish
Portuguese	Portugal	Portuguese

Mac Mini BIOS Keystroke Commands

The following BIOS commands have been tested on Intel-based Mac® Mini target servers and Mac Lion® servers running Mac Snow Leopard®. The servers were attached to a KX III with D2CIM-DVUSB and D2CIM-VUSB CIMs. See below for the supported keys and any notes.

Keystroke	Description	Virtual Media CIM	Dual Virtual Media CIM	Mac Lion Server HDMI CIM
Press C during startup	Start up from a bootable CD or DVD, such as the Mac OS X Install disc	Yes	Yes	Yes
Press D during startup	Start up in Apple Hardware Test (AHT)	Yes May need BIOS Mac profile for the mouse to work	Yes May need BIOS Mac profile for mouse to work	Yes May need BIOS Mac profile for the mouse to work
Press Option- Command-P-R until you hear startup sound a second time.	Reset NVRAM		Yes	Yes
Press Option during startup	Start up in Startup Manager, where you can select a Mac OS X volume to start from	Yes	Yes	Yes
Press Eject, F12, or hold the mouse button	Ejects any removable media, such as an optical disc	Yes	Yes	

Keystroke	Description	Virtual Media CIM	Dual Virtual Media CIM	Mac Lion Server HDMI CIM
Press N during startup	Start up from a compatible network server (NetBoot)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Press T during startup	Start up in Target Disk mode			Yes
Press Shift during startup	Start up in Safe Boot mode and temporarily disable login items	Yes	Yes	Known issue with LION to boot to safe mode. "Safe Mode" in red does not appear for Lion
Press Command-V during startup	Start up in Verbose mode.admin	Yes	Yes	Yes
Press Command-S during startup	Start up in Single-User mode	Yes	Yes	Yes
Press Option-N during startup	Start from a NetBoot server using the default boot image	Yes	Yes	Yes
Press Command-R during startup	Start from Lion Recovery1	N/A	N/A	Yes

Using a Windows Keyboard to Access Mac Targets

A Windows® keyboard can be used to access a Mac® connected to a KX III. Windows keys are then used to emulate the special Mac keys. This is the same as connecting a Windows keyboard directly to the Mac.

TCP and UDP Ports Used

► *Listening TCP Ports:*

* 80: http access (configurable)

* 443: https access (configurable)

* 5000: CC-SG and KXUS access (configurable)

* 22: SSH access (if enabled, configurable)

* 68: DHCP access (if DHCP is enabled)

► *Listening UDP Ports:*

* 162: SNMP access (if SNMP Agent is enabled)

* 5001: CC_SG event notification (if under CC-SG management)

► *TCP Ports Outgoing:*

* 389: LDAP authentication (if LDAP is enabled, configurable)

* 636: LDAPS/StartTLS (if LDAPS/StartTLS is enabled, configurable)

* 25: SMTP (email) (if enabled)

* 445: SMB (Windows File System) access (Remote ISO image access).

► *UDP Ports Outgoing:*

* 514: Syslog (if enabled, configurable)

* 5001: CC_SG event notification (if under CC-SG management, configurable)

* 1812: RADIUS authentication (if enabled, configurable)

* 1813: RADIUS authentication (if enabled, configurable)

Software

Supported Operating Systems, Browsers and Java Versions

► *Java:*

Azul's open JDK/JRE version 8 and above is supported at the time of this release.

Future Java versions should work correctly assuming no incompatible changes are made by the Java developers. For any issues, please contact Technical Support.

- For best results, we recommend that Java Plug-in Caching is not enabled.
- For greater security and fewer Java and browser warning messages, Raritan recommends customers upload a SSL certificate to each KX III switch.
- Customers need to affirmatively click through all security warnings for the Raritan Java applets to load. See www.raritan.com/java for more information.

Note: See Java Requirements for Azul's open JDK/JRE support.

► *Browsers:*

Supported browsers, see the Release Notes for latest supported versions:

- Microsoft Edge
- Firefox
- Chrome
- Safari

For more details on compatible browsers for your OS, see the table below.

The Active KVM Client (AKC), the native Windows Client, requires Microsoft Edge, WebView2 and Microsoft .NET Framework versions 4.5 & above, and is supported on Windows desktops.

Note: These support statements do not apply to the KX III when used with CC-SG. Check the CC-SG Release Notes and Compatibility Matrix.

Operating Systems	Browsers	Java
Windows 11	Windows Edge Chrome Firefox	Azul's OpenJDK/JRE Java 8 or later for VKCs Java 8 or later for VKCs
openSUSE® 15	Firefox	
Fedora® 42 and 43	Firefox	
Red Hat 7.5	Firefox	
Mac 15.7.2, 26.0 and 26.1	Safari Chrome Firefox	

JRE Requirements and Browser Considerations for Mac

Java Runtime Environment Requirements for Mac

Install Azul's OpenJDK/JRE Java on PCs and Macs® when using the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) to access target devices via KX III.

This ensures in order to provide high performance, KVM-over-IP video processing when remotely accessing target devices/PCs/Macs.

The latest version of JRE for Mac can be downloaded from the Azul's OpenJDK/JRE support website.

Browser Considerations for Mac

Java may be disabled by default in certain browsers. Enable Java and accept all security warnings in order to use KX III.

Certain versions of Safari® block Java for security reasons. Use Firefox® instead in this case.

Additionally, you may be required to navigate through a number of messages. Select 'Do Not Block' if these messages are displayed.

Multi-Language Keyboard JRE Requirement

In order for multi-language keyboards to work in the KX III and Virtual KVM Client (VKC), install the multi-language version of JRE™.

Events Captured in the Audit Log and Syslog

Following is a list and description of the events that are captured by the KX III audit log and syslog:

- Access Login - A user has logged in to the KX III
- Access Logout - A user has logged out of the KX III
- Active USB Profile - The USB profile is active
- CIM Connected - A CIM was connected
- CIM Disconnected - A CIM was disconnected
- Connection Lost - The connection to the target was lost
- Disconnected User - A user was disconnected from a port
- Duplicate CIM Serial - A CIM has same serial number with other CIM.
- End CC Control - CC-SG management ended
- Login Failed - User login failed
- Password Changed - Password change occurred
- Port Connect - Port was connected
- Port Disconnect - Port was disconnected
- Port Status Change - Change in the port status
- Scan Started - A target scan was started
- Scan Stopped - A target scan was stopped
- Session Timeout - A session timeout occurred
- USB Profile Set Modify Failed - Failed to change USB Profile Set.
- USB Profile Set Modified - USB Profile Set was modified.
- USB Net Present - A broadband modem is plugged in.
- USB Net Absent - A broadband modem is unplugged.
- VM Image Connected - A VM image was connected
- VM Image Disconnected - A VM image was disconnected
- 802.1X Authentication Failed, CA Certificate uploaded for 802.1X authentication, Client Certificate uploaded for 802.1X authentication, Client Key uploaded for 802.1X authentication

BSMI Certification

設備名稱：KVM-over-IP 數位切換器 Equipment name　型號（型式）：DKX3系列(系列型號參見次頁) Type designation (Type)

單元Unit	限用物質及其化學符號 Restricted substances and its chemical symbols					
	鉛Lead (Pb)	汞Mercury (Hg)	鎘Cadmium (Cd)	六價鉻 Hexavalent chromium (Cr^{+6})	多溴聯苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
電路板	—	○	○	○	○	○
電源供應器	—	○	○	○	○	○
機殼	○	○	○	○	○	○
面板	○	○	○	○	○	○
其他配件	○	○	○	○	○	○

備考1. 〝超出0.1 wt %〞及〝超出0.01 wt %〞係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值。

Note 1：“Exceeding 0.1 wt %” and “exceeding 0.01 wt %” indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition.

備考2. 〝○〞係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。

Note 2：“○” indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence.

備考3. 〝—〞係指該項限用物質為排除項目。

Note 3：The “—” indicates that the restricted substance corresponds to the exemption.

系列型號:

DKX3-108	DKX3-116	DKX3-132
DKX3-216	DKX3-232	DKX3-416
DKX3-432	DKX3-464	DKX3-808
DKX3-832	DKX3-864	

Informational Notes

Overview

This section includes important notes on KX III usage. Future updates will be documented and available online through the Help link in the KX III Remote Console interface.

Note: Some topics in this section reference other multiple Raritan appliances because various appliances are impacted by the information.

Java Runtime Environment (JRE) Notes

Java Not Loading Properly on Mac

If you are using a Mac® and see the following message when connecting to a device from the KX III Port Access Table, Java™ is not loaded properly:

"Error while getting the list of open targets, please try again in a few seconds".

If this occurs, check your Java installation from this website: https://www.azul.com/downloads/?package=jdk#zulu

If your Java applet is inactive, it can be enabled from this page. If it is not installed correctly, a message lets you know and you can then reinstall Java.

AKC Download Server Certification Validation IPv6 Support Notes

If you are connecting to a KX III standalone device and support for AKC download server certificate validation is enabled, the valid IPv6 format to generate the certificate is either:

- `CN =[fd07:02fa:6cff:2500:020d:5dff:fe00:01c0]` when there is a leading 0
  or
- `CN =[fd07:02fa:6cff:2500:020d:5dff:0000:01c0]` when there is no zero compression

Dual Stack Login Performance Issues

If you are using the KX III in a dual stack configuration, it is important you configured the domain system (DNS) correctly in the KX III in order to avoid delays when logging in.

See: Tips for Adding a Web Browser Interface (on page 205) for information on configuring your DNS in KX III.

CIM Notes

Windows 3-Button Mouse on Linux Targets

When using a 3-button mouse on a Windows® client connecting to a Linux® target, the left mouse button may get mapped to the center button of the Windows client 3-button mouse.

Target Video Picture Not Centered (Mouse Out of Synch)

At certain resolutions when using an HDMI or DVI CIM with the KX III:

- The video display may not be centered properly - black rectangles can be seen at the edges of the screen
- The mouse on the target may appear to be slightly out of synch

If either or both of these occur, you may be able to correct this by adjusting the display scaling options from the target computer's video controller software.

For example, if your target computer uses the Catalyst Control Center video controller, adjust the Underscan/Overscan setting as needed.

Powerstrip is not detected

When the PowerCIM-PDU is disconnected physically from the KX3, the PDU is still listed in the PowerStrip Device drop-down list with a "Powerstrip is not detected, please check!" message that does not disappear.

► *To solve:*

In the port configuration page for the port, click Reset To Default.

Virtual Media Notes

Cannot Connect to Drives from Linux Clients

If you cannot connect to a virtual media drive on a target server when you connect from a client running Linux® Fedora™ 18 with Azul OpenJDK/JRE Java-8, disable SELinux in Fedora 18 on the client to resolve the problem.

Virtual Media via VKC and AKC in a Windows Environment

Following is a list of virtual media types users can access via VKC and AKC when running in a Windows environment.

Client	Administrator and Standard User
AKC and VKC	Access to: • Removable drives • CD/DVD drives • ISO images • Remote ISO images

Virtual Media Not Refreshed After Files Added

After a virtual media drive has been mounted, if you add a file(s) to that drive, those files may not be immediately visible on the target server. Disconnect and then reconnect the virtual media connection.

Virtual Media Linux Drive Listed Twice

For KX III, users who are logged in to Linux™ clients as root users, the drives are listed twice in the Local Drive drop-down.

For example, you will see eg /dev/sdc and eg /dev/sdc1 where the first drive is the boot sector and the second drive is the first partition on the disk.

Disconnecting Mac and Linux Virtual Media USB Drives

In a Linux® or Mac® environment:

- For Linux users, if there is /dev/sdb and /dev/sdb1, the client only uses /dev/sdb1 and advertise it as removable disk
- /dev/sdb is not available for the user.
- For Linux users, if there is /dev/sdb but no /dev/sdb1, /dev/sdb is used as a removable device
- For Mac users, /dev/disk1 and /dev/disk1s1 is used

Target BIOS Boot Time with Virtual Media

The BIOS for certain targets may take longer to boot if media is mounted virtually at the target.

► *To shorten the boot time:*

1. Close the Virtual KVM Client to completely release the virtual media drives.
2. Restart the target.

Virtual Media Connection Failures Using High Speed for Virtual Media Connections

Under certain circumstances it may be necessary to select the "Use Full Speed for Virtual Media CIM" when a target has problems with "High Speed USB" connections or when the target is experiencing USB protocol errors caused by signal degradation due to additional connectors and cables (for example, a connection to a blade server via a dongle).

USB Port and Profile Notes

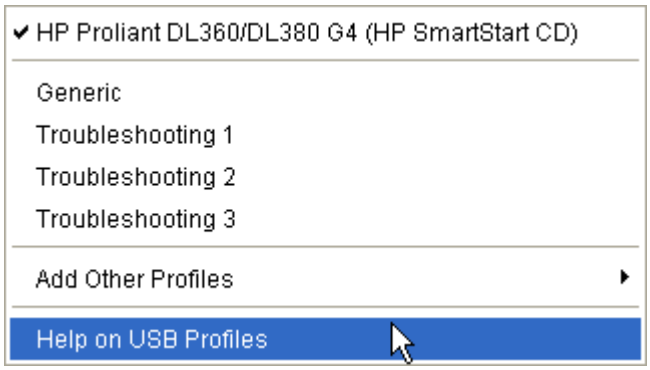
VM-CIMs and DL360 USB Ports

HP® DL360 servers have one USB port on the back of the device and another on the front of the device. With the DL360, both ports cannot be used at the same time. Therefore, a dual VM-CIM cannot be used on DL360 servers.

However, as a workaround, a USB2 hub can be attached to the USB port on the back of the device and a dual VM-CIM can be attached to the hub.

Help Choosing USB Profiles

When you are connected to a KVM target server via the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), you can view information about USB profiles via the Help on USB Profiles command on the USB Profile menu.



USB profile help appears in the USB Profile Help window. For detailed information about specific USB profiles, see Available USB Profiles.

A standard selection of USB configuration profiles are provided for a wide range of operating system and BIOS level server implementations. These are intended to provide an optimal match between remote USB device and target server configurations.

The 'Generic' profile meets the needs of most commonly deployed target server configurations.

Additional profiles are made available to meet the specific needs of other commonly deployed server configurations (for example, Linux®, Mac OS X®).

There are also a number of profiles (designated by platform name and BIOS revision) that have been tailored to enhance the virtual media function compatibility with the target server, for example, when operating at the BIOS level.

'Other Profiles' provides access to other profiles available on the system. Profiles selected from this list will be added to the USB Profile Menu. This includes a set of 'trouble-shooting' profiles intended to help identify configuration limitations.

The USB Profile Menu selections are configurable via accessing the target settings in the KVM Port Access and Configuration page

Should none of the standard USB profiles provided meet your target server requirements, Technical Support can work with you to arrive at a solution tailored for that target.

1. Check the most recent release notes to see if a solution is already available for your configuration.
2. If not, please provide the following information when contacting Technical Support:
   a. Target server information, manufacturer, model, BIOS, manufacturer, and version.
   b. The intended use (e.g. redirecting an image to reload a server's operating system from CD).

Changing a USB Profile when Using a Smart Card Reader

There may be certain circumstances under which you will need to change the USB profile for a target server. For example, you may need to change the connection speed to "Use Full Speed for Virtual Media CIM" when the target has problems with the "High Speed USB" connection speed.

When a profile is changed, you may receive a New Hardware Detected message and be required to log in to the target with administrative privileges to reinstall the USB driver. This is only likely to occur the first few times the target sees the new settings for the USB device. Afterward, the target will select the driver correctly.

Video Mode and Resolution Notes

Video Image Appears Dark when Using a Mac

If you are using a Mac® with an HDMI video port and the video seems too dark, enable DVI Compatibility Mode on the CIM to help resolve the issue.

See: Configuring CIM Ports (on page 183)

Video Shrinks after Adjusting Target Clock

On HP® Proliant® DL380p G8 target servers, certain resolutions cause the target video to shrink. This is caused when the server's clock attempts to auto-adjust and detects the wrong active line length.

Depending on the resolution the target is set to, this occurs when connecting to the HP target from the KX III Remote Console or Local Port, or both the Remote Console and Local Port. This issue was detected at the following resolutions:

Target resolution	Issue seen on Local Port	Issue seen from Remote Console
1440x900@60Hz	Yes	Yes
1400x1050@60Hz	No	Yes
1152x864@60Hz	No	Yes

Black Stripe/Bar(s) Displayed on the Local Port

Certain servers and video resolutions may display on the local port with small black bars at the edge of the screen.

If this occurs:

1. Try a different resolution, or
2. If using a digital CIM, then change the Display Native Resolution on the Port Configuration page to another resolution, or
3. If using the HDMI CIM, use the DVI Compatibility Mode.

Contact Raritan Technical Support for additional assistance.

Sun Composite Synch Video

Sun™ composite synch video is not supported.

SUSE/VESA Video Modes

The SuSE X.org configuration tool SaX2 generates video modes using modeline entries in the X.org configuration file. These video modes do not correspond exactly with VESA video mode timing (even when a VESA monitor is selected). The KX III, on the other hand, relies on exact VESA mode timing for proper synchronization. This disparity can result in black borders, missing sections of the picture, and noise.

► *To configure the SUSE video display:*

1. The generated configuration file /etc/X11/xorg.conf includes a Monitor section with an option named UseModes. For example,
   UseModes "Modes[0]"
2. Either comment out this line (using #) or delete it completely.
3. Restart the X server.

With this change, the internal video mode timing from the X server is used and corresponds exactly with the VESA video mode timing, resulting in the proper video display on the KX III.

Keyboard Notes

French Keyboard

Caret Symbol (Linux Clients Only)

The Virtual KVM Client (VKC) do not process the key combination of Alt Gr + 9 as the caret symbol (^) when using French keyboards with Linux® clients.

► *To obtain the caret symbol:*

From a French keyboard, press the ^ key (to the right of the P key), then immediately press the space bar.

Alternatively, create a macro consisting of the following commands:

1. Press Right Alt
2. Press 9.
3. Release 9.
4. Release Right Alt.

Note: These procedures do not apply to the circumflex accent (above vowels). In all cases, the ^ key (to the right of the P key) works on French keyboards to create the circumflex accent when used in combination with another character.

Numeric Keypad

From the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), the numeric keypad symbols display as follows when using a French keyboard:

Numeric keypad symbol	Displays as
/	;
.	;

Tilde Symbol

From the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), the key combination of Alt Gr + 2 does not produce the tilde (~) symbol when using a French keyboard.

► *To obtain the tilde symbol:*

Create a macro consisting of the following commands:

- Press right Alt
- Press 2
- Release 2
- Release right Alt

Keyboard Language Preference (Fedora Linux Clients)

Because the JAVA™ JRE™ on Linux® has problems generating the correct KeyEvents for foreign-language keyboards configured using System Preferences, it is recommended that you configure foreign keyboards using the methods described in the following table.

Language	Configuration method
US Intl	Default
UK	System Settings (Control Center)
French	Keyboard Indicator

Language	Configuration method
US Intl	Default
German	Keyboard Indicator
Hungarian	System Settings (Control Center)
Spanish	System Settings (Control Center)
Swiss-German	System Settings (Control Center)
Norwegian	Keyboard Indicator
Swedish	Keyboard Indicator
Danish	Keyboard Indicator
Japanese	System Settings (Control Center)
Korean	System Settings (Control Center)
Slovenian	System Settings (Control Center)
Italian	System Settings (Control Center)
Portuguese	System Settings (Control Center)

Note: The Keyboard Indicator should be used on Linux systems using Gnome as a desktop environment.

There are several methods that can be used to set the keyboard language preference on Fedora® Linux clients. The following method must be used in order for the keys to be mapped correctly from the Virtual KVM Client (VKC).

► *To set the keyboard language using System Settings:*

1. From the toolbar, choose System > Preferences > Keyboard.
2. Open the Layouts tab.
3. Add or select the appropriate language.
4. Click Close.

► *To set the keyboard language using the Keyboard Indicator:*

1. Right-click the Task Bar and choose Add to Panel.
2. In the Add to Panel dialog, right-click the Keyboard Indicator and from the menu choose Open Keyboard Preferences.
3. In the Keyboard Preferences dialog, click the Layouts tab.
4. Add and remove languages as necessary.

Macros Not Saving on Linux Targets

If you receive the following error message when you create and then save a macro on a target server running Linux® Fedora™ 18 with Java™ 1.7.0 (update 45 and later), disable SELinux in Fedora 18 on the target server to resolve the problem.

```
"An error occurred attempting to write the new keyboard macros. Macro
was not added"
```

Mac Keyboard Keys Not Supported for Remote Access

When a Mac® is used as the client, the following keys on the Mac® keyboard are not captured by the Java™ Runtime Environment (JRE™):

- F9
- F10
- F11
- F14
- F15
- Volume Up
- Volume Down
- Mute
- Eject

As a result, the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) are unable to process these keys from a Mac client's keyboard.

Mouse Notes

Mouse Pointer Synchronization (Fedora)

When connected in dual mouse mode to a target device running Fedora® 7, if the target and local mouse pointers lose synchronization, changing the mouse mode from or to Intelligent or Standard may improve synchronization.

Single mouse mode may also provide for better control.

► *To resynchronize the mouse cursors:*

- Use the Synchronize Mouse option from the Virtual KVM Client (VKC).

Single Mouse Mode when Connecting to a Target Under CC-SG Control

When using Firefox® to connect to a KX III target under CC-SG control using DCIM-PS2 or DCIM-USBG2, if you change to Single Mouse Mode in the Virtual KVM Client (VKC), the VKC window will no longer be the focus window and the mouse will not respond.

If this occurs, left click on the mouse or press Alt+Tab to return the focus to the VKC window.

Mouse Sync Issues in Mac OS

In Mac OS, if mouse sync is an issue at some resolutions, use USB profile "General" and Absolute mouse mode.

Audio

Audio Playback and Capture Issues

Features that May Interrupt an Audio Connection

If you use any of the following features while connected to an audio device, your audio connection may be interrupted. These features are not recommended if you are connected to an audio device:

- Video Auto-Sense
- Extensive use of the local port
- Adding users

Issues when Using a Capture Device and Playback Device Simultaneously on a Target

On some targets, the simultaneous connection of capture devices and playback devices may not work due to the USB hub controller and how it manages the USB ports. Consider selecting an audio format that requires less bandwidth.

If this does not resolve the issue, connect the D2CIM-DVUSB CIM's keyboard and mouse connector to a different port on the target. If this does not solve the problem, connect the device to a USB hub and connect the hub to the target.

Audio in a Linux Environment

The following are known issues when using the audio feature in a Linux® environment.

- Linux® users, use the default audio device for playback. Sound may not come through if a non-default sound card is selected.
- SuSE 11 clients require Javas_1_6_0-sun-alsa (ALSA support for java-1_6_0-sun) to be installed via YaST.
- For Logitech® headsets with a built in a mic, only the Mono Capture option is available.
- In order to display the device, if you are running SUSE 11 and an ALSA driver, log out of KX III, then log back in.
- Note: If you connect and disconnect the audio device a number of times, the device may be listed several times vs. just once as it should.

Audio in a Windows Environment

On Windows® 64-bit clients, only one playback device is listed on the Connect Audio panel when accessing the device through the Virtual KVM Client (VKC).

The audio device is the default device, and is listed on the Connect Audio panel as Java Sound Audio Engine.

Smart Card Notes

Smart Card Connections to Fedora Servers

If you are using a smart card to connect to a Linux® Fedora® server via Virtual KVM Client (VKC) upgrade the pcsc-lite library to 1.4.102-3 or above.

CC-SG Notes

Virtual KVM Client Version Not Known from CC-SG Proxy Mode

When the Virtual KVM Client (VKC) is launched from CommandCenter Secure Gateway (CC-SG) in proxy mode, the VKC version is unknown.

In the About Raritan Virtual KVM Client dialog, the version is displayed as “Version Unknown”.

Moving Between Ports on a Device

If you move between ports on the same Raritan device and resume management within one minute, CC-SG may display an error message.

If you resume management, the display will be updated.

Browser Notes

Resolving Issues with Firefox Freezing when Using Fedora

If you are accessing Firefox® and are using a Fedora® server, Firefox may freeze when it is opening.

To resolve this issue, install the libnpjp2.so Java™ plug-in on the server.

Frequently Asked Questions

General FAQs

Question	Answer
What is Dominion KX III?	Dominion KX III is a third-generation digital KVM (keyboard, video, mouse) switch that enables one, two, four or eight IT administrators to access and control 8, 16, 32 or 64 servers over the network with BIOS-level functionality. Dominion KX III is completely hardware- and OS-independent; users can troubleshoot and reconfigure servers even when servers are down. At the rack, Dominion KX III provides the same functionality, convenience, and space and cost savings as traditional analog KVM switches. However, Dominion KX III also integrates the industry’s highest performing KVM-over-IP technology, allowing multiple administrators to access server KVM consoles from any networked workstation as well as from the iPhone® and iPad®.

Question	Answer
How is KX III different from KX II ?	The KX III is the next generation version of the KX II. Featuring a modern hardware design with increased computing power and storage, the KX III provides KVM-over-IP access for IT administration, as well as high performance IP access for broadcast applications. KX III includes virtually all KX II features with the following advancements: The KX III's new video processing engine supports a broad range of applications from traditional computer applications to the most dynamic broadcast applications requiring 30 frames-per-second 1920x1080 video, 24 bit color, digital audio, dual monitors and DVI, HDMI, DisplayPort and VGA video. With the industry's first DVI-based local port, the KX III's common user interface provides new levels of productivity and performance for at-the-rack administration and server access. All KX III models feature a tiering port to connect multiple Dominion KX III switches together and access the attached servers. Up to 1024 servers can be accessed via a consolidated port list. KX III supports all Dominion and Paragon II CIMs supported by KX II.
How does Dominion KX III differ from remote control software?	When using Dominion KX III remotely, the interface, at first glance, may seem similar to remote control software such as pcAnywhere™, Windows® Terminal Services/ Remote Desktop, VNC, etc. However, because Dominion KX III is not a software but a hardware solution, it's much more powerful: Hardware- and OS-independent – Dominion KX III can be used to manage servers running many popular OSs, including Intel®, Sun®, PowerPC running Windows, Linux®, Solaris™, etc. State-independent/Agentless – Dominion KX IIKX IIII does not require the managed server OS to be up and running, nor does it require any special software to be installed on the managed server. Out-of-band – Even if the managed server's own network connection is unavailable, it can still be managed through Dominion KX III. BIOS-level access – Even if the server is hung at boot up, requires booting to safe mode, or requires system BIOS parameters to be altered, Dominion KX III still works flawlessly to enable these configurations to be made.
Can the Dominion KX III be rack mounted?	Yes. The Dominion KX III ships standard with 19" rack mount brackets. It can also be reverse rack mounted so the server ports face forward.
How large is the Dominion KX III?	Dominion KX III is only 1U high (except the KX3-864 and KX3-464, which are 2U), fits in a standard 19" rack mount and is only 11.4" (29 cm) deep. The Dominion KX3-832 and KX3-864 are 13.8" (36 cm) deep.

Remote Access

Question	Answer
How many users can remotely access servers on each Dominion KX III?	Dominion KX III models offer remote connections for up to eight users per user channel to simultaneously access and control a unique target server. For one-channel appliances like the DKX3-116, up to eight remote users can access and control a single target server. For two-channel appliances, like the DKX3-216, up to eight users can access and control the server on channel one and up to another eight users on channel two. For four-channel appliances, up to eight users per channel, for a total of 32 (8 x 4) users, can access and control four servers. Likewise, for the eight-channel appliances, up to eight users can access a single server, up to an overall maximum of 32 users across the eight channels.
Can I remotely access servers from my iPhone or iPad?	Yes. Users can access servers connected to the KX III using their iPhone or iPad. Mobile access is provided through Mobile Access Client, which requires the use of CommandCenter Secure Gateway (CC-SG).
Can two people look at the same server at the same time?	Yes. Actually, up to eight people can access and control any single server at the same time.
Can two people access the same server, one remotely and one from the local port?	Yes. The local port is completely independent of the remote "ports." The local port can access the same server using the PC-Share feature.
In order to access Dominion KX III from a client, what hardware, software or network configuration is required?	Because Dominion KX III is completely Web-accessible, it doesn't require customers to install proprietary software on clients used for access. Dominion KX III can be accessed through major Web browsers, including: Edge® and Firefox®. Dominion KX III can be accessed on Windows®, Linux® and Mac® desktops, via Raritan's Windows Client, and the Java™-based Virtual KVM Client™. Dominion KX III administrators can also perform remote management (set passwords and security, rename servers, change IP address, etc.) using a convenient browser-based interface.

Question	Answer
What is the file size of the applet that's used to access Dominion KX III? How long does it take to retrieve?	The Virtual KVM Client (VKC) applet used to access Dominion KX III is approximately 500KB in size. The following chart describes the time required to retrieve Dominion KX III's applet at different network speeds:

100Mbps	Theoretical 100Mbit network speed	.05 seconds
60Mbps	Likely practical 100Mbit network speed	.08 seconds
10Mbps	Theoretical 10Mbit network speed	.4 seconds
6Mbps	Likely practical 10Mbit network speed	.8 seconds

Question	Answer
Do you have a Windows KVM Client?	Yes. We have a native .NET Windows Client called the Raritan Active KVM Client (AKC). See Active KVM Client (AKC) (on page 61)
Do you have a non-Windows KVM Client?	Yes. The Virtual KVM Client (VKC) allows non-Windows users to connect to target servers in the data center. See Virtual KVM Client (VKC and VKCs) Help (on page 27)
Do your KVM Clients have multi-language support?	Yes. The Dominion KX III's remote HTML User Interface and the KVM Clients support the Japanese, Simplified Chinese and Traditional Chinese languages. This is available stand-alone as well as through CC-SG.
Do your KVM Clients support dual LCD monitors?	Yes. For customers wishing to enhance their productivity by using multiple LCD monitors on their desktops, the Dominion KX III can launch KVM sessions to multiple monitors, either in full screen or standard modes.
Do you support servers with dual video cards?	Yes, dual video cards are supported with an extended desktop configuration available to the remote user.
How do I access servers connected to Dominion KX III if the network ever becomes unavailable?	You can access servers at the rack or via modem. Dominion KX III offers a dedicated modem port for attaching an external modem.

Universal Virtual Media

Question	Answer
Which Dominion KX III models support virtual media?	All Dominion KX III models support virtual media. It is available stand-alone and through CommandCenter® Secure Gateway, Raritan's centralized management appliance.
Which types of virtual media does the Dominion KX III support?	Dominion KX III supports the following types of media: internal and USB-connected CD/DVD drives, USB mass storage devices, PC hard drives and ISO images.

Question	Answer
What is required for virtual media?	A Dominion KX III virtual media CIM is required. There are two VGA-based CIMs: a D2CIM-VUSB or D2CIM-DVUSB. The D2CIM-VUSB has a single USB connector and is for customers who will use virtual media at the OS level. The D2CIM-DVUSB has dual USB connectors and should be purchased by customers who wish to utilize virtual media at the BIOS level. The D2CIM-DVUSB is also required for smart card authentication, tiering/cascading and digital audio. Both support virtual media sessions to target servers supporting the USB 2.0 interface. Available in economical 32 and 64 quantity CIM packages, these CIMs support Absolute Mouse Synchronization™ as well as remote firmware updates. Our CIMs have traditionally supported analog VGA video. Three new dual virtual media CIMs support digital video formats, including DVI, HDMI and DisplayPort. These are the D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI and D2CIM-DVUSB-DP.
Is virtual media secure?	Yes. Virtual media sessions are secured using 256-bit AES or 128-bit AES encryption.
Does virtual media really support audio?	Yes. Audio playback and recording to a server connected to the Dominion KX III is supported. You can listen to sounds and audio playing on a remote server in the data center using the speakers connected to your desktop PC or laptop. You can also record on the remote server using a microphone connected to your PC or laptop. A digital CIM or D2CIM-DVUSB dual virtual media CIM is required.
What is a USB profile?	Certain servers require a specifically configured USB interface for USB-based services such as virtual media. The USB profile tailors the KX III's USB interface to the server to accommodate these server-specific characteristics.
Why would I use a USB profile?	USB profiles are most often required at the BIOS level where there may not be full support for the USB specification when accessing virtual media drives. However, profiles are sometimes used at the OS level, for example, for mouse synchronization for Mac and Linux servers.
How is a USB profile used?	Individual ports or groups of ports can be configured by the administrator to use a specific USB profile in the KX III's port configuration page. A USB profile can also be selected in the KX III Client when required. See the user guide for more information.
Do I always need to set a USB profile when I use virtual media?	No. In many cases, the default USB profile is sufficient when using virtual media at the OS level or operating at the BIOS level without accessing virtual media.
What profiles are available? Where can I find more information?	Consult the user guide for the available profiles and for more information.

Bandwidth and KVM-over-IP Performance

Question	Answer
How is bandwidth used in KVM-over-IP systems?	Dominion KX III offers totally new video processing that provides flexible, high performance video, efficient use of bandwidth and anytime/anywhere access via LAN, WAN or Internet. The Dominion KX III digitizes, compresses and encrypts the keyboard, video and mouse signals from the target server and transmits IP packets over the IP network to the remote client to create the remote session to the user. The KX III provides an at-the-rack experience based on its industry-leading video processing algorithms. Screen changes, i.e., video accounts for the majority of the bandwidth used – and keyboard and mouse activity are significantly less. It is important to note that bandwidth is only used when the user is active. The amount of bandwidth used is based on the amount of change to the server's video display screen. If there are no changes to the video – the user is not interacting with the server – there is generally little to no bandwidth used. If the user moves the mouse or types a character, then there is a small amount of bandwidth used. If the display is running a complex screen saver or playing a video, then there can be a larger amount of bandwidth used.
How does bandwidth affect KVM-over-IP performance?	In general, there is a trade-off between bandwidth and performance. The more bandwidth available, the better performance can be. In limited bandwidth environments, performance can degrade. The Dominion KX III has been optimized to provide strong performance in a wide variety of environments.
What factors affect bandwidth?	There are many factors that determine how much bandwidth will be used. The primary factor, noted above, is the amount of change in the target server's video display. This is dependent on the user's task and actions. Other factors include the server's video resolution, networking speed and characteristics, the KVM Client Connection Properties, client PC resources and video card noise.
How much bandwidth does KX III use for common tasks?	Bandwidth primarily depends on the user's task and actions. The more the server's video screen changes, the more bandwidth is utilized.

Question	Answer
How do I optimize performance and bandwidth?	KX III provides a variety of settings in our remote clients for the user to optimize bandwidth and performance. The default settings will provide an at-the-rack level of performance in standard LAN/WAN environments with economical use of bandwidth. Optimize For. Use this setting to configure the video engine for standard IT/ computer applications or for video/broadcast applications. Compression. Move the slider to the left for the highest possible video quality and to the right for the least amount of bandwidth. Noise Filter. In most cases, the default setting will work best, however you can move to the left for more responsive video and to the right for lower bandwidth. Other tips to decrease bandwidth include: • Use a solid desktop background instead of a complex image • Disable screensavers • Use a lower video resolution on the target server • Uncheck the "Show window contents while dragging" option in Windows • Use simple images, themes and desktops (e.g., Windows Classic)
I want to connect over the Internet. What type of performance should I expect?	It depends on the bandwidth and latency of the Internet connection between your remote client and the KX III. With a cable modem or high speed DSL connection, your performance can be very similar to a LAN/WAN connection. For lower speed links, use the suggestions above to improve performance.
I have a high bandwidth environment. How can I optimize performance?	The default settings will work well. You can move the Connection Properties settings to the left for increased video performance.
What is the maximum remote (over IP) video resolution supported?	The Dominion KX III is the first and only KVM-over-IP switch to support full high definition (HD) remote video resolution – 1920x1080 at frame rates up to 30 frames per second with digital audio. In addition, popular widescreen formats are supported, including 1600x1200, 1680x1050 and 1440x900, so remote users can work with today’s higher resolution monitors.
How much bandwidth is used for audio?	It depends on the type of audio format used, but to listen to CD quality audio, approximately 1.5 Mbps is used.
What about servers with DVI ports?	Servers with DVI ports that support DVI-A (analog) and DVI-I (integrated analog and digital) can use Raritan’s ADVI-VGA inexpensive, passive adapter to convert the server’s DVI port to a VGA plug that can be connected to a KX III CIM’s VGA plug. Servers with DVI ports that support DVI-I or DVI-D (digital) can use the new D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI CIM.

IPv6 Networking

Question	Answer
What is IPv6?	IPv6 is the acronym for Internet Protocol Version 6. IPv6 is the "next generation" IP protocol which will replace the current IP Version 4 (IPv4) protocol. IPv6 addresses a number of problems in IPv4, such as the limited number of IPv4 addresses. It also improves IPv4 in areas such as routing and network auto-configuration. IPv6 is expected to gradually replace IPv4, with the two coexisting for a number of years. IPv6 treats one of the largest headaches of an IP network from the administrator's point of view – configuring and maintaining an IP network.
Why does KX III support IPv6 networking?	U.S. government agencies and the Department of Defense are now mandated to purchase IPv6-compatible products. In addition, many enterprises and foreign countries, such as China, will be transitioning to IPv6 over the next several years.
What is "dual stack" and why is it required?	Dual stack is the ability to simultaneously support IPv4 and IPv6 protocols. Given the gradual transition from IPv4 to IPv6, dual stack is a fundamental requirement for IPv6 support.
How do I enable IPv6 on the KX III?	Use the "Network Settings" page, available from the "Device Settings" tab. Enable IPv6 addressing and choose manual or auto-configuration. Consult the user guide for more information.
What if I have an external server with an IPv6 address that I want to use with my KX III?	The KX III can access external servers via their IPv6 addresses, for example, an SNMP manager, syslog server or LDAP server. Using the KX III's dual-stack architecture, these external servers can be accessed via: (1) an IPv4 address, (2) IPv6 address or (3) hostname. So, the KX III supports the mixed IPv4/IPv6 environment many customers will have.
What if my network doesn't support IPv6?	The KX III's default networking is set at the factory for IPv4 only. When you are ready to use IPv6, then follow the above instructions to enable IPv4/IPv6 dual-stack operation.
Where can I get more information on IPv6?	See www.ipv6.org for general information on IPv6. The KX III user guide describes the KX III's support for IPv6.

Servers

Question	Answer
Does KX III depend on a Windows server to operate?	Absolutely not. Because users depend on the KVM infrastructure to always be available in any scenario whatsoever (as they will likely need to use the KVM infrastructure to fix problems), KX III is designed to be completely independent from any external server.
What should I do to prepare a server for connection to KX III?	Set the mouse parameter options to provide users with the best mouse synchronization and turn off screensavers and any power management features that affect screen display.

Question	Answer
What about mouse synchronization?	In the past, KVM-over-IP mouse synchronization was a frustrating experience. The KX III's Absolute Mouse Synchronization provides for a tightly synchronized mouse without requiring server mouse setting changes on Windows and Apple® Mac servers. For other servers, the Intelligent Mouse mode or the speedy, single mouse mode can be used to avoid changing the server mouse settings.
What comes in the KX III box?	The following is included: (1) KX III appliance, (2) Quick Setup Guide, (3) standard 19" rack mount brackets, (5) localized AC line cord and (6) and other documentation.

Blade Servers

Question	Answer
Can I connect blade servers to the Dominion KX III?	Yes. Dominion KX III supports popular blade server models from the leading blade server manufacturers: HP®, IBM®, Dell® and Cisco®.
Which blade servers are supported?	The following models are supported: Dell PowerEdge® 1855, 1955 and M1000e; HP BladeSystem c3000 and c7000; IBM BladeCenter® H, E and S; and Cisco UCS B-Series.
Which CIM should I use?	It depends on the type of KVM ports on the specific make and model of the blade server you are using. The following CIMs are supported: DCIM-PS2, DCIM-USBG2, D2CIM-VUSB and D2CIM-DVUSB.
Which types of access and control are available?	The Dominion KX III provides automated and secure KVM access: (1) at the rack, (2) remotely over IP, (3) via CommandCenter and (4) by modem.
Do I have to use hotkeys to switch between blades?	Some blade servers require you to use hotkeys to switch between blades. With the Dominion KX III, you don't have to use these hotkeys. Just click on the name of the blade server, and the Dominion KX III will automatically switch to that blade without the explicit use of the hotkey.
Can I access the blade server's management module?	Yes. You can define the URL of the management module and access it from the Dominion KX III or from our CommandCenter Secure Gateway. If configured, one-click access is available.
How many blade servers can I connect to a Dominion KX III?	For performance and reliability reasons, you can connect up to eight blade chassis to a Dominion KX III, regardless of model. Raritan recommends connecting up to two times the number of remote connections supported by the device. For example, with a KX3-216 with two remote channels, we recommend connecting up to four blade server chassis. You can, of course, connect individual servers to the remaining server ports.
I'm an enterprise customer using CommandCenter Secure Gateway. Can I access blade servers via CommandCenter Secure Gateway?	Yes. Once blade servers are configured on the Dominion KX III, the CommandCenter Secure Gateway user can access them via KVM connections. In addition, the blade servers are organized by chassis as well as CommandCenter Secure Gateway custom views.

Question	Answer
What if I also want in-band or embedded KVM access?	In-band and embedded access to blade servers can be configured within CommandCenter Secure Gateway.
I'm running VMware® on some of my blade servers. Is this supported?	Yes. With CommandCenter Secure Gateway, you can display and access virtual machines running on blade servers.
Is virtual media supported?	This depends on the blade server. HP blades can support virtual media. The IBM BladeCenter (except for BladeCenter T) supports virtual media if configured appropriately. A virtual media CIM – D2CIM-VUSB or D2CIM-DVUSB – must be used.
Is Absolute Mouse Synchronization supported?	Servers with internal KVM switches inside the blade chassis typically do not support absolute mouse technology. For HP blade and some Dell blade servers, a CIM can be connected to each blade, so Absolute Mouse Synchronization is supported.
Is blade access secure?	Yes. Blade access uses all of the standard Dominion KX III security features such as 128-bit or 256-bit encryption. In addition, there are blade-specific security features such as per blade access permissions and hotkey-blocking that eliminates unauthorized access.
Does the Dominion KSX II or the KX III-101 support blade servers?	At this time, these products do not support blade servers.

Installation

Question	Answer
Besides the appliance itself, what do I need to order to install Dominion KX III?	Each server that connects to Dominion KX III requires a Dominion or Paragon computer interface module (CIM), an adapter that connects directly to the keyboard, video and mouse ports of the server.
Which kind of Cat5 cabling should be used in my installation?	Dominion KX III can use any standard UTP (unshielded twisted pair) cabling, whether Cat5, Cat5e or Cat6. Often in our manuals and marketing literature, Raritan will simply say "Cat5" cabling for short. In actuality, any brand UTP cable will suffice for Dominion KX III.
Which types of servers and PCs can be connected to Dominion KX III?	Dominion KX III is completely vendor independent. Any server with standards-compliant keyboard, video and mouse ports can be connected. In addition, servers with serial ports can be controlled using the DSAM.
How do I connect servers to Dominion KX III?	Servers that connect to the Dominion KX III require a Dominion CIM, which connects directly to the keyboard, video and mouse ports of the server. Then, connect each CIM to Dominion KX III using standard UTP (unshielded twisted pair) cable such as Cat5, Cat5e or Cat6.

Question	Answer
How far can my servers be from Dominion KX III?	In general, servers can be up to 150 feet (45 m) away from Dominion KX III, depending on the type of server. (See Target Server Video Resolution - Supported Connection Distances and Refresh Rates (on page 381)) For the D2CIM-VUSB CIMs that supports virtual media and Absolute Mouse Synchronization, a 100-foot (30 m) range is recommended.
Some operating systems lock up when I disconnect a keyboard or mouse during operation. What prevents servers connected to Dominion KX III from locking up when I switch away from them?	Each Dominion computer interface module (DCIM) dongle acts as a virtual keyboard and mouse to the server to which it is connected. This technology is called KME (keyboard/mouse emulation). Raritan's KME technology is data center grade, battle-tested and far more reliable than that found in lower-end KVM switches: it incorporates more than 15 years of experience and has been deployed to millions of servers worldwide.
Are there any agents that must be installed on servers connected to Dominion KX III?	Servers connected to Dominion KX III do not require any software agents to be installed because Dominion KX III connects directly via hardware to the servers' keyboard, video and mouse ports.
How many servers can be connected to each Dominion KX III appliance?	Dominion KX III models range from 8, 16 or 32 server ports in a 1U chassis, to 64 server ports in a 2U chassis. This is the industry's highest digital KVM switch port density.
What happens if I disconnect a server from Dominion KX III and reconnect it to another Dominion KX III appliance, or connect it to a different port on the same Dominion KX III appliance?	Dominion KX III will automatically update the server port names when servers are moved from port to port. Furthermore, this automatic update does not just affect the local access port, but propagates to all remote clients and the optional CommandCenter Secure Gateway management appliance.
How do I connect a serially controlled (RS-232) device, such as a Cisco router/switch to Dominion KX III?	Connecting a KX III and a Dominion Serial Access Module (DSAM) provides serial access for the KX III. The DSAM is a 2- or 4 port serial module that derives power from the KX III.

Local Port - KX III

Question	Answer
Can I access my servers directly from the rack?	Yes. At the rack, Dominion KX III functions just like a traditional KVM switch – allowing control of up to 64 servers using a single keyboard, monitor and mouse. You can switch between servers by the browser based user interface or via a hotkey.
Can I consolidate the local ports of multiple KX IIIs?	Yes. You can connect the local ports of multiple KX III switches to another KX III using the "tiering" feature of the KX III. You can then access the servers connected to your KX III appliances from a single point in the data center via a consolidated port list.

Question	Answer
When I am using the local port, do I prevent other users from accessing servers remotely?	No. The Dominion KX III local port has a completely independent access path to the servers. This means a user can access servers locally at the rack – without compromising the number of users that access the rack remotely at the same time.
Can I use a USB keyboard or mouse at the local port?	Yes. The Dominion KX III has USB keyboard and mouse ports on the local port. Dominion KX III switches do not have PS/2 local ports. Customers with PS/2 keyboards and mice should utilize a PS/2 to USB adapter.
Is there an onscreen display (OSD) for local, at-the-rack access?	Yes, but Dominion KX III's at-the-rack access goes way beyond conventional OSDs. Featuring the industry's first browser-based interface for at-the-rack access, Dominion KX III's local port uses the same interface for local and remote access. Moreover, most administrative functions are available at the rack.
How do I select between servers while using the local port?	The local port displays the connected servers using the same user interface as the remote client. Users connect to a server with a simple click of the mouse or via a hotkey.
How do I ensure that only authorized users can access servers from the local port?	Users attempting to use the local port must pass the same level of authentication as those accessing remotely. This means that: If the Dominion KX III is configured to interact with an external RADIUS, LDAP or Active Directory® server, users attempting to access the local port will authenticate against the same server. If the external authentication servers are unavailable, Dominion KX III fails over to its own internal authentication database. Dominion KX III has its own stand-alone authentication, enabling instant, out-of-the-box installation.

Extended Local Port

Question	Answer
What is the extended local port?	The Dominion KX2-808, KX2-832 and KX2-864 featured an extended local port. The corresponding Dominion KX III models do not have an extended local port. Instead all KX III models have a tiering port. To extend the KX III's digital local port, you can use the Raritan Cat5 Reach DVI product for local and remote access up to 500 meters. See Connecting a KX III and Cat5 Reach DVI - Provide Extended Local Port Functionality (on page 360)

Dual Power Supplies

Question	Answer
Does KX III have a dual power option?	Yes. All KX III models come equipped with dual AC inputs and power supplies with automatic failover. Should one of the power inputs or power supplies fail, then the KX III will automatically switch to the other.
Does the power supply used by KX III automatically detect voltage settings?	Yes. KX III's power supply can be used in AC voltage ranges from 100–240 volts, at 50–60 Hz.
If a power supply or input fails, will I be notified?	The KX III front panel LED will notify the user of a power failure. An entry will also be sent to the audit log and displayed on the KX remote client user interface. If configured by the administrator, then SNMP or syslog events will be generated.

Intelligent Power Distribution Unit (PDU) Control

Question	Answer
What type of remote power control capabilities does Dominion KX III offer?	Raritan's intelligent PDUs can be connected to the Dominion KX III to provide power control of target servers and other equipment. For servers, after a simple one-time configuration step, just click on the server name to power on, off or to recycle a hung server.
What type of power strips does Dominion KX III support?	Raritan's Dominion PX™ and Remote Power Control (RPC) power strips. These come in many outlet, connector and amp variations. Note that you should not connect the PM series of power strips to the Dominion KX III as these power strips do not provide outlet-level switching.
How many PDUs can be connected to a Dominion KX III?	Up to eight PDUs can be connected to a Dominion KX III appliance.
How do I connect the PDU to the Dominion KX III?	The D2CIM-PWR is used to connect the power strip to the Dominion KX III. The D2CIM-PWR must be purchased separately; it does not come with the PDU.
Does Dominion KX III support servers with multiple power supplies?	Yes. Dominion KX III can be easily configured to support servers with multiple power supplies connected to multiple power strips. Four power supplies can be connected per target server.
Does the Dominion KX III display statistics and measurements from the PDU?	Yes. PDU-level power statistics, including power, current and voltage, are retrieved from the PDU and displayed to the user.
Does remote power control require any special configuration of attached servers?	Some servers ship with default BIOS settings such that the server does not automatically restart after losing and regaining power. For these servers, see the server's documentation to change this setting.

Question	Answer
What happens when I recycle power to a server?	Note that this is the physical equivalent of unplugging the server from the AC power line, and reinserting the plug.

Ethernet and IP Networking

Question	Answer
What is the speed of Dominion KX III's Ethernet interfaces?	Dominion KX III supports gigabit as well as 10/100 Ethernet. KX III supports two 10/100/1000 speed Ethernet interfaces, with configurable speed and duplex settings (either auto detected or manually set).
Can I access Dominion KX III over a wireless connection?	Yes. Dominion KX III not only uses standard Ethernet, but also very conservative bandwidth with very high quality video. Thus, if a wireless client has network connectivity to a Dominion KX III, servers can be configured and managed at the BIOS level wirelessly.
Does the Dominion KX III offer dual gigabit Ethernet ports to provide redundant failover or load balancing?	Yes. Dominion KX III features dual gigabit Ethernet ports to provide redundant failover capabilities. Should the primary Ethernet port (or the switch/router to which it is connected) fail, Dominion KX III will failover to the secondary network port with the same IP address – ensuring that server operations are not disrupted. Note that automatic failover must be enabled by the administrator.
Can I use Dominion KX III with a VPN?	Yes. Dominion KX III uses standard Internet Protocol (IP) technologies from Layer 1 through Layer 4. Traffic can be easily tunneled through standard VPNs.
Can I use KX III with a proxy server?	Yes. KX III can be used with a SOCKS proxy server, assuming the remote client PC is configured appropriately. Contact the user documentation or online help for more information.
How many TCP ports must be open on my firewall in order to enable network access to Dominion KX III?	Two ports are required: TCP port 5000 to discover other Dominion appliances and for communication between Raritan appliances and CC-SG; and, of course, port 443 for HTTPS communication.
Are these ports configurable?	Yes. Dominion KX III's TCP ports are configurable by the administrator.
Can Dominion KX III be used with Citrix®?	Dominion KX III may work with remote access products like Citrix if configured appropriately, but Raritan cannot guarantee it will work with acceptable performance. Customers should realize that products like Citrix utilize video redirection technologies similar in concept to digital KVM switches so that two KVM-over-IP technologies are being used simultaneously.
Can the Dominion KX III use DHCP?	DHCP addressing can be used; however, Raritan recommends fixed addressing since the Dominion KX III is an infrastructure appliance and can be accessed and administered more effectively with a fixed IP address.

Question	Answer
I’m having problems connecting to the Dominion KX III over my IP network. What could be the problem?	The Dominion KX III relies on your LAN/WAN network. Some possible problems include: • Ethernet auto-negotiation. On some networks, 10/100 auto-negotiation does not work properly, and the Dominion KX III appliance must be set to 100 Mb/full duplex or the appropriate choice for its network. • Duplicate IP address. If the IP address of the Dominion KX III is the same as another appliance, network connectivity may be inconsistent. • Port 5000 conflicts. If another appliance is using port 5000, the Dominion KX III default port must be changed (or the other appliance must be changed). • When changing the IP address of a Dominion KX III, or swapping in a new Dominion KX III, sufficient time must be allowed for its IP and Mac® addresses to be known throughout the Layer 2 and Layer 3 networks.

Local Port Consolidation, Tiering and Cascading

Question	Answer
How do I physically connect multiple Dominion KX III appliances together into one solution?	To physically connect multiple KX III appliances together for consolidated local access, you can connect the Tiering ports of multiple "tiered" (or "cascaded") KX III switches to a "base" KX III using the Tiering port of the KX III. You can then access the servers connected to your KX III appliances from a single point in the data center via a consolidated port list. The Tiering port must be used to connect the tiered KX III switch to the base switch. Access via the consolidated port list is available in the data center or even from a remote PC. All servers connected to the tiered KX IIIs can be accessed via a hierarchical port list or via search (with wildcards). Two levels of tiering are supported; up to 1024 appliances can be accessed in a tiered configuration. Remote power control is also supported. Virtual media, smart card and blade server access via tiered access will be supported in a future release. Of course these features are available when accessed via a standard remote connection. While remote IP server access via the consolidated port list is available as a convenience, remote accessing a tiered server from CommandCenter or via the KX III the server is connected to, is recommended for optimal performance.

Question	Answer
Do I have to physically connect Dominion KX III appliances together?	Multiple Dominion KX III appliances do not need to be physically connected together. Instead, each Dominion KX III appliance connects to the network, and they automatically work together as a single solution if deployed with Raritan's CommandCenter Secure Gateway (CC-SG) management appliance. CC-SG acts as a single access point for remote access and management. CC-SG offers a significant set of convenient tools, such as consolidated configuration, consolidated firmware update and a single authentication and authorization database. Customers using CC-SG for centralized remote access can make good use of the KX III's tiering (cascading) feature to consolidate the local ports of multiple KX III switches and locally access up to 1024 servers from a single console when in the data center.
Is CC-SG required?	For customers wanting stand-alone usage (without a central management system), multiple Dominion KX III appliances still interoperate and scale together via the IP network. Multiple Dominion KX III switches can be accessed from the KX III Web-based user interface.
Can I connect an existing analog KVM switch to Dominion KX III?	Yes. Analog KVM switches can be connected to one of Dominion KX III's server ports. Simply use a USB computer interface module (CIM), and attach it to the user ports of the existing analog KVM switch. Analog KVM switches supporting hotkey-based switching on their local ports can be tiered to a Dominion KX III switch and switched via a consolidated port list, both remotely and in the data center. Please note that analog KVM switches vary in their specifications and Raritan cannot guarantee the interoperability of any particular third-party analog KVM switch. Contact Raritan technical support for further information.

Computer Interface Modules (CIMs)

Question	Answer
What type of video is supported by your CIMs?	Our CIMs have traditionally supported analog VGA video. Three new CIMs support digital video formats, including DVI, HDMI and DisplayPort. These are the D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI and D2CIM-DVUSB-DP.
Can I use computer interface modules (CIMs) from Paragon, Raritan's analog matrix KVM switch, with Dominion KX III?	Yes. Certain Paragon computer interface modules (CIMs) may work with Dominion KX IIKX IIII. (Please check the Raritan Dominion KX III Release Notes on the website for the latest list of certified CIMs.) However, because Paragon CIMs cost more than Dominion KX III CIMs (as they incorporate technology for video transmission of up to 1,000 feet [304 m]), it is not generally advisable to purchase Paragon CIMs for use with Dominion KX III. Also note that when connected to Dominion KX III, Paragon CIMs transmit video at a distance of up to 150 feet (46 m), the same as Dominion KX III CIMs – not at 1,000 feet (304 m), as they do when connected to Paragon.

Question	Answer
Does Dominion KX III support Paragon Dual CIMs?	Yes. The Dominion KX III supports Paragon II Dual CIMs (P2CIM-APS2DUAL and P2CIM-AUSBDUAL), which can connect servers in the data center to two different Dominion KX III switches. If one KX III switch is not available, the server can be accessed through the second KX III switch, providing redundant access and doubling the level of remote KVM access. Please note these are Paragon CIMs, so they do not support the KX III advanced features such as virtual media, absolute mouse, audio, etc.

Security

Question	Answer
Is the KX III FIPS 140-3 Certified?	The KX III uses an embedded FIPS 140-3 validated cryptographic module running on a Linux platform per FIPS 140-3 implementation guidelines. This cryptographic module is used for encryption of KVM session traffic consisting of video, keyboard, mouse, virtual media and smart card data.
What kind of encryption does KX III use?	KX III uses industry-standard (and extremely secure) 256-bit AES, 128-bit AES or 128-bit encryption, both in its SSL communications as well as its own data stream. Literally no data is transmitted between remote clients and KX III that is not completely secured by encryption.
Does KX III support AES encryption as recommended by the U.S. government's NIST and FIPS standards?	Yes. The KX III utilizes the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) for added security. 256-bit and 128-bit AES is available. AES is a U.S. government-approved cryptographic algorithm that is recommended by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in the FIPS Standard 197.
Does KX III allow encryption of video data? Or does it only encrypt keyboard and mouse data?	Unlike competing solutions, which only encrypt keyboard and mouse data, KX III does not compromise security – it allows encryption of keyboard, mouse, video and virtual media data.
How does KX III integrate with external authentication servers such as Active Directory, RADIUS or LDAP?	Through a very simple configuration, KX III can be set to forward all authentication requests to an external server such as LDAP, Active Directory or RADIUS. For each authenticated user, KX III receives from the authentication server the user group to which that user belongs. KX III then determines the user's access permissions depending on the user group to which he or she belongs.
How are usernames and passwords stored?	Should KX III's internal authentication capabilities be used, all sensitive information, such as usernames and passwords, is stored in an encrypted format. Literally no one, including Raritan technical support or product engineering departments, can retrieve those usernames and passwords.

Question	Answer
Does KX III support strong passwords?	Yes. The KX III has administrator-configurable, strong password checking to ensure that user-created passwords meet corporate and/or government standards and are resistant to brute force hacking.
Can I upload my own digital certificate to the KX III?	Yes. Customers can upload self-signed or certificate authority-provided digital certificates to the KX III for enhanced authentication and secure communication.
Does the KX III support a configurable security banner?	Yes. For government, military and other security-conscious customers requiring a security message before user login, the KX III can display a user-configurable banner message and optionally require acceptance.
My security policy does not allow the use of standard TCP port numbers. Can I change them?	Yes. For customers wishing to avoid the standard TCP/IP port numbers to increase security, the KX III allows the administrator to configure alternate port numbers.

Smart Cards and CAC Authentication

Question	Answer
Does KX III support smart card and CAC authentication?	Yes. Smart cards and DoD common access cards (CAC) authentication to target servers is supported.
What is CAC?	Mandated by Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 (HSPD-12), CAC is a type of smart card created by the U.S. government and used by U.S. military and government staff. The CAC card is a multitechnology, multipurpose card; the goal is to have a single identification card. For more information, see the FIPS 201 standards.
Which KX III models support smart cards/ CAC?	All KX III models are supported. The KX III-101 models do not currently support smart cards and CAC.
Do enterprise and SMB customers use smart cards, too?	Yes. However, the most aggressive deployment of smart cards is in the U.S. federal government.
Which CIMs support smart card/CAC?	The D2CIM-DVUSB, D2CIM-DVUSB-DVI, D2CIM-DVUSB-HDMI, D2CIM-DVUSB-DP and D2CIM-DVUSB-MDP are the required CIMs.
Which smart card readers are supported?	The required reader standards are USB CCID and PC/SC. Consult the user documentation for a list of certified readers and more information.
Can smart card/CAC authentication work on the local port and via CommandCenter?	Yes. Smart card/CAC authentication works on both the local port and via CommandCenter. For the local port, connect a compatible smart card reader to the USB port of the KX III.

Manageability

Question	Answer
Can KX III be remotely managed and configured via Web browser?	Yes. KX III can be completely configured remotely via Web browser. Note that this does require that the workstation have an appropriate Java Runtime Environment (JRE) version installed. Besides the initial setting of KX III's IP address, everything about the solution can be completely set up over the network. (In fact, using a crossover Ethernet cable and KX III's default IP address, you can even configure the initial settings via Web browser.)
Can I back up and restore KX III's configuration?	Yes. KX III's appliance and user configurations can be completely backed up for later restoration in the event of a catastrophe. KX III's backup and restore functionality can be used remotely over the network, or through your Web browser.
What auditing or logging does KX III offer?	For complete accountability, KX III logs all major user events with a date and time stamp. For instance, reported events include (but are not limited to): user login, user logout, user access of a particular server, unsuccessful login, configuration changes, etc.
Can KX III integrate with syslog?	Yes. In addition to KX III's own internal logging capabilities, KX III can send all logged events to a centralized syslog server.
Can KX III integrate with SNMP?	Yes. In addition to KX III's own internal logging capabilities, KX III can send SNMP traps to SNMP management systems. SNMP v2 and v3 are supported.
Can an administrator log-off a user?	Yes, administrators can view which users are logged into which ports and can log-off a user from a specific port or from the appliance if required.
Can KX III's internal clock be synchronized with a timeserver?	Yes. KX III supports the industry-standard NTP protocol for synchronization with either a corporate timeserver, or with any public timeserver (assuming that outbound NTP requests are allowed through the corporate firewall).

Documentation and Support

Question	Answer
Is online help available?	Yes. Online help is available from the KX III user interface, and at raritan.com with the documentation. Online help includes KX III administration and end user information on using the Remote Console, Virtual KVM Client (VKC) Active KVM Client (AKC) and Local Console, as well KX III specifications, informational notes, using KX III with Paragon II, connecting KX III to the Cat5 Reach DVI, connecting KX III to the T1700-LED, and so on.
Where do I find documentation on the Dominion KX III?	The documentation is available at raritan.com. The documentation is listed by firmware release.

Question	Answer
What documentation is available?	A Quick Setup Guide, online help, a PDF version of the help in the form of an Administrators Guide and a Users Guide, as well as Release Notes and other information are available.
What CIM should I use for a particular server?	Consult the CIM Guide available with the KX III documentation. Note that DVI, HDMI and DisplayPort video standards are supported with the digital video CIMs.
How long is the hardware warranty for the KX III?	The Dominion KX III comes with a standard two-year warranty, which can be extended to 5 years of warranty coverage.

Miscellaneous

Question	Answer
What is Dominion KX III's default IP address?	192.168.0.192
What is Dominion KX III's default username and password?	The Dominion KX III's default username and password are admin/ raritan. However, for the highest level of security, the Dominion KX III forces the administrator to change the Dominion KX III default administrative username and password when the appliance is first booted up. Username is not case sensitive.
I changed and subsequently forgot Dominion KX III's administrative password; can you retrieve it for me?	Dominion KX III contains a hardware reset button that can be used to factory reset the appliance, which will reset the administrative password on the appliance to the default password.
How do I migrate from the Dominion KX II to Dominion KX III?	In general, KX II customers can continue to use their existing switches for many years. As their data centers expand, customers can purchase and use the new KX III models. Raritan's centralized management appliance, CommandCenter Secure Gateway (CC-SG) Release 6.0 supports KX II and KX III switches seamlessly.
Will my existing KX II CIMs work with Dominion KX III switches?	Yes. Existing KX II CIMs will work with the Dominion KX III switch. In addition, select Paragon CIMs will work with the KX III. This provides an easy migration to KX III for Paragon II customers who wish to switch to KVM over IP. However, you may want to consider the D2CIM-VUSB and D2CIM-DVUSB CIMs that support virtual media, audio and Absolute Mouse Synchronization. Additionally, digital video CIMs supporting DVI, HDMI, and Display Port are also available.

Appendix A Third Party Licenses

Licenses - Ccid

OpenCT, a middleware framework for smart card terminals.

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The 0.6-0.7 releases of this software was developed by Graeme McKerrell whilst in the employment of Newport Networks Ltd.

As well as enhancing the existing code the following new modules were developed.

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tinyxml

Yves Berquin

As of release 0.6 the tinyxml library is included (unchanged) as part of the distribution.

tinyxml (v2.5.1)

http://www.sourceforge.net/projects/tinyxml

Original file by Yves Berquin.

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Derived from addr2line.c in the GNU binutils package by Ulrich.Lauther@mchp.siemens.de

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* curve25519-donna: Curve25519 elliptic curve, public key function

* http://code.google.com/p/curve25519-donna/

* Adam Langley <agl@imperialviolet.org>

* Derived from public domain C code by Daniel J. Bernstein <djb@cr.yp.to>

* More information about curve25519 can be found here

* http://cr.yp.to/ecdh.html

* djb's sample implementation of curve25519 is written in a special assembly language called qhasm and uses the floating point registers.

* This is, almost, a clean room reimplementation from the curve25519 paper. It uses many of the tricks described therein. Only the crecip function is taken from the sample implementation.

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@(#)queue.h 8.5 (Berkeley) 8/20/94

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stdio.c by Mark Gates <mgates@nlanr.net> and Ajay Tirumalla <tirumala@ncsa.uiuc.edu>

input and output numbers, converting with kilo, mega, giga

=====

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This package may include either wpa_supplicant, hostapd, or both. See README file respective subdirectories (wpa_supplicant/README or hostapd/README) for more details.

Source code files were moved around in v0.6.x releases and compared to earlier releases, the programs are now built by first going to a subdirectory (wpa_supplicant or hostapd) and creating build configuration (.config) and running 'make' there (for Linux/BSD/cygwin builds).

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